

TOWN OF CHAPEL HILL

Town Hall 405 Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard Chapel Hill, NC 27514

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Presentation, 5. Council Questions with Staff Response

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 1/22/2020
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 Town Council
 received and filed

FY 2019 Financial Update and Audit Results.

Staff: Department:

Amy Oland, Director Business Management

Overview: The Town's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the period ended June 30, 2019 is available on the 'Towns website https://www.townofchapelhill.org/town-hall/departments-services/business-management/financial-statements and has been distributed to third-party entities (bond rating agencies, banks, government institutions) who request this updated data annually from the Town. The CAFR is a record of the Town's financial performance for that fiscal year and a snapshot of the Town's fiscal condition as of June 30, 2019. The information in the Town's CAFR provides important indicators of the Town's financial health that are used by a variety of outside stakeholders, including investors, bond rating agencies, state and federal agencies.



Recommendation(s):

That the Council receive this report on the Town's CAFR for FY 2019 and financial update presentation.

FY 2018-19 CAFR

When independent auditors review the Town's financials, they issue of the following opinions to summarize their findings: unqualified, qualified, adverse, or going concern. As in previous years, the Town has received an unqualified or "clean" opinion from the independent auditors attesting to the fact that the Town's financial statements fairly represent the Town's financial condition in all material respects. In addition, no reportable conditions or material weaknesses in the Town's internal controls or use of federal and state grants were reported in the Single Audit Section for the period.

The CAFR Document

The CAFR has four major sections, each with a specific purpose as described below:

1. Introduction Section: This section contains the transmittal letter from the Manager and the Finance Officer, the Government Finance Officers Association Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting, Organizational Chart and a list of the members of the governing

body.

2. Financial Section

- a. Auditor's opinion on the Town's Financial Statements
- b. Manager's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A): Includes a discussion of the structure of the Town's Financial Statements, highlights and analysis of the various Town funds
- c. Government Wide-Statements: These statements aggregate the activities, assets and liabilities of all funds and show enterprise-wide financial position and results
- d. Fund Financial Statements: Individual financial statements for all of the Town's major funds. The major funds are the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Ordinance Fund, Transit Fund, Parking Facilities Fund, Housing Operating Fund and Stormwater Management Fund.
- e. Notes to the Financial Statements: Additional information essential to the full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements
- f. Required Supplementary Information: Includes required information regarding the Town's progress in funding its obligations to provide separation allowance for law enforcement officers and other post-employment benefits (OPEB)
- g. Combining Statements: Facilitate comparison and present information at the individual fund level demonstrating how they are combined to accumulate totals used in the fund financial statements.
- h. Budgetary Statements: The budgetary statements demonstrate compliance with the budget ordinance and are presented using the same format, language and classifications.
- i. Other Supplementary Information: Schedule of taxes receivable and the current tax levy.
- **3. Statistical Section:** Presents multi-year schedules that help to identify trends and provide indicators of the Town's overall financial health. These schedules include financial trends, revenue capacity, debt capacity, demographic, economic and operating information.
- **4. Single Audit Section:** This section contains the auditor's reports on internal controls and compliance for major federal and state grant programs and a schedule of expenditures for federal and state awards.

Results for FY 2019

Governmental Funds - This fund type uses the current financial resource management focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting (see CAFR page 42 for information on the basis of accounting for Town funds).

- General Fund Overall fund balance is up \$1,576,626 and undesignated fund balance is up \$8,704. Undesignated fund balance as of June 30, 2019 was 21.5% of expenditures, which is \$295,575 less than the 22% undesignated fund balance target. The reason fund balance is below the designated target is the result of new legislation that requires the Town to reserve any excess inspections revenues over expenditures. The total reserved for inspections is \$425,387. Fund balance has been relatively stable over the past seven years, averaging about 24%. The exception to this trend was FY 2017, where the reduction in fund balance was due to several one-time transactions, including the purchase of the American Legion Property, the establishment of the Affordable Housing Development Reserve and the creation of the irrevocable trust for the Town's OPEB liability.
- Debt Management Fund For the year, revenues and transfers into the Debt Fund exceeded expenditures by \$305,171, adding to the total fund balance, which finished the year at \$7,494,829. Due to the accounting for future debt obligations, the fund shows a negative unassigned fund balance, signifying that future debt obligations exceed currently available funds.
- Capital Project Ordinance Fund Capital Project expenditures exceeded revenues and proceeds from the issuance of debt by (\$6,066,113) for the year, decreasing the Capital Project fund balance. This decreased balance represents the spending down of bond proceeds issued in 2017

and 2018 on major streets and sidewalks and parks capital projects.

Enterprise Funds - This fund type uses the economic resource focus and the accrual basis of accounting (see CAFR page 42).

- Transit Fund Net assets in the Transit Fund were up about \$1.70 million for the year. This reflects depreciation charges and investment in capital assets (buses) offset by capital contributions from federal and state transit grants during the period. The fund finished the year with \$8.68 million in unrestricted net assets (36.6% of operating budget), up \$2.94 million from the prior year.
- Parking Fund The fund finished the year with expenditures exceeding revenues by (\$190,901).
 Given the Parking Fund's high fixed costs and volatile revenues, we will need to monitor the fund's ability to continue operations without a significant subsidy or restructuring over the next few years.
- Housing Fund Net assets increased for the year by \$31,995. The fund finished the year with unrestricted net assets of \$2,539,525, which is about 96% of the annual operating budget.
- Stormwater Fund Net assets increased by \$1,331,523. The fund finished the year with unrestricted net assets of \$2,557,181, an increase of \$1,029,637 from the prior year, which represents about 93% of the operating budget. This increase reflects an investment in capital improvements during the year.

Trends and Analysis:

General Fund

- At the end of the fiscal year, fund balance fell below the 22% target, by 0.5%. New legislation was
 enacted beginning in FY 2019 that requires the Town to reserve any excess inspections revenues
 over expenditures. The total reserved for inspections is \$425,387. The FY 2019 revenue and
 expenditure budget for inspections was balanced, but the reserve is the result of excess permit
 revenues received and vacant inspector lapsed salaries.
- Personnel savings remain a major component of the annual budgetary savings. At any given time
 the Town has 60-70 vacant positions. The Town acknowledges the expected personnel savings
 from vacancies and, to a lesser extent, savings in other cost categories created by conservative
 budgeting practices, and appropriating fund balance to balance the initial budget. In most years,
 the savings from vacancies eliminates the need to use the appropriated fund balance, thereby
 keeping fund balance levels stable. While this strategy has worked well in the past, our margin of
 error is getting smaller as we increase the amount of budgeted lapsed salaries and fund balance
 appropriations to balance budgets.
- The Town's property tax base is growing slowly, averaging 2.6% annual growth over the last eight years, with almost 1% of growth from the revaluation in 2018. While there has been strong building permit activity in both residential and commercial areas during that time, with an \$8.26 billion tax base, the amount of growth needed to "move the needle" is huge. For instance, to raise the property tax base one percent would require the addition of two new University Place shopping centers.
- The slow growth in the property tax base is outpaced by the Town's operating costs, which have increased over 3% per year over the last eight years.
- The Town had a 2 cent tax increase in FY 2019 one cent for the General Fund and one cent for Transit to help offset increasing operating costs.
- The Town's investment in economic development projects also slows the realization of tax revenues from tax base growth. The tax impacts of developments in the Blue Hill District, Carraway Village, and Wegmans are delayed as we commit those tax revenues to public improvements and economic incentives that helped facilitate those projects.
- Sales and other economy driven taxes, including occupancy and utility franchise taxes, have helped us keep pace with costs as they have increased steadily since FY11. While forecasts show continued steady growth, we remain cautious due to the potential for unexpected changes in economic climate and/or changes in how the state distributes these revenues.

Transit Fund

• Over the last several years, as the Town has not been able to rely on the availability of federal and

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state grant funds for bus replacement, we have devised other means of replacing buses, including borrowing and using excess fund balance. This change in strategy adds a significant layer of cost that was not considered when the Chapel Hill Transit System was developed. Ensuring the long-term financial sustainability of the system, as the long-term prospect for federal bus replacement funds remains bleak, will be a continuing challenge.

Parking Fund

• Between FY 2011 - FY 2019, there were only two times that the Parking Fund has added to fund balance. Given the need for capital maintenance of parking structures, it is uncertain that the fund can survive in its current configuration. We will continue to monitor the results of the fund to determine if the fund will need a subsidy from the General Fund in the future.

Housing Fund

• The fund has a healthy level of unrestricted net assets that is offset, in part, by the ongoing need for capital improvements. Due to the age of the complexes, major capital improvements are needed on an annual basis, which will spend down the level of net assets over time. The Housing Fund is dependent on Federal Operating Assistance grants. The FY19 award was \$35,735 less than the previous year's award. The unpredictability of this allocation is a challenge for the sustainability of the Housing Fund as it is currently structured.

Stormwater Fund

• In FY 2018, the Stormwater Fund issued \$2.7 million in general obligation bonds to fund major stormwater improvement projects, including Elliott Road Storage Project. This project has just begun construction.

Summary

The Town's overall financial condition remains strong, but there are warning signs that sustaining this condition will require adjustments. The General Fund continues to see expenditures consistently outpacing its largest revenue source (property taxes). Our reliance on fund balance and lapsed salaries to balance our budget has grown to an unsustainable level, and we need to reexamine how we balance our budget during the next budget cycle. The Town's commitments to future projects (ex. Rogers Road) will need to be part of the reexamination.

Three of the Town's four enterprise funds are facing sustainability challenges due either to questions about the continuation of federal funding and/or major capital needs. The exception is the Stormwater Fund, which can regulate its cash flows by increasing the dedicated stormwater fee. The Parking and Housing funds have limits to their revenue-raising abilities, while the fare-free Transit System relies on its funding partner financial model and state and federal funding. We will continue to monitor these funds and work with stakeholders on strategies for long-term sustainability.



Attachments:

- Independent Auditor Report
- Auditor Presentation
- Draft Staff Presentation

The Agenda will reflect the text below and/or the motion text will be used during the meeting.

PRESENTER: Brandi Fesperman, Senior Accountant, Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P A

Amy Oland, Business Management Director

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RECOMMENDATION: That the Council receive this report on the Town's CAFR for FY 2019 and financial update presentation.