The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill



Development Plan

Transportation Impact Analysis Update

December 2017

The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill



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Prepared by

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This is the ninth update of the initial Transportation Impact Analysis submitted in July 2001 for the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill Development Plan. The updates are being submitted to the Town in accordance with the requirements of the Town of Chapel Hill's Office/Institutional-4 (OI-4) Zoning District regulations. The purpose of this updated analysis is to provide an assessment of the transportation implications of the Development Plan and revise mitigation measures, if needed based on the updated analysis, to address impacts. Transportation elements addressed include automobile traffic, transit, parking, bicycle and pedestrian traffic, and associated air quality issues.

Some new data has now been collected for this update to identify trends and refine recommendations where necessary. New projections of future mode splits (i.e., how commuters may be traveling to Campus in 2022) are included in this update based on results of the commuter survey completed in spring 2017.

The Development Plan projects will add approximately 7.9 million gross square feet (GSF) of new development to Campus, including parking decks and infrastructure. The net increase in new occupied floor area for the Development Plan is approximately 5.6 million square feet, or an estimated 49 percent increase over pre-2001 occupied floor area. The growth projections used to estimate employee and student growth have been extended through 2022. Employee growth is anticipated to be 69 percent (9,871 additional employees) and student growth is anticipated to be 24 percent (5,903 additional students) over the life of the Development Plan.

The increase in Main Campus employee and student parking accompanying the Development Plan is significantly less than current ratios. Therefore, an increase in the use of alternative modes is an essential component of the Development Plan.

The Development Plan will permanently displace 4,061 existing surface spaces, and add 5,640 new spaces to Main Campus. The net parking impact of the proposed Development Plan remains at an increase of 1,579 spaces. Of these, 1,455 are for patients/visitors, 348 are for employees/commuting students, 6 for other users (e.g., service), and there is a net loss of 287 for resident students.

When the growth in employees and students is taken into account, the following Main Campus parking "shortfalls" are projected (approximate numbers) to occur with implementation of the Development Plan (shortfall is defined as the difference between the amount of Main Campus parking that would be required if parking continued to be provided at pre-Development Plan rates, and the amount that actually will be provided):

- 4,572 employee spaces
- 423 commuting student spaces
- 451 resident student spaces
- 2,100 visitors

The amount of traffic that will be generated by the Development Plan is a function of the amount of parking that will be provided, with the improved alternative modes described in the report serving the other employees and students. An integral element of the adopted Main Campus Master Plan is to minimize the increase in Main Campus parking as Campus

grows by promoting and increasing the use of alternative forms of transportation. The parking and transportation initiatives that are inherent in the Development Plan are consistent with the transportation strategy for the Master Plan.

The net increase in parking will generate 11,487 daily vehicular trips. This can be contrasted to the amount of traffic that would be generated by a typical hypothetical development of similar size where no, or very limited, trip reduction strategies apply. Using trip rates from the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) Trip Generation Manual (9th Edition) yields an estimated 34,821 vehicular trips on a typical day. Therefore, the trips associated with the Development Plan are significantly lower compared to a typical development.

An increased proportion of commuters will use alternative means of traveling to Campus. The following alternatives will be improved and/or promoted as part of the University's trip reduction program:

- Chapel Hill Transit (CHT)
- Regional transit
- Park-and-ride
- Ridesharing
- Teleworking
- Cycling
- Walking

Potential future actions include identifying more park-and-ride spaces in the US 15-501 N corridor as needed to serve the Main Campus, continued improvements to CHT, and improvements to regional transit.

Park-and-ride continues to be a popular choice for employees and students, although counts are down as compared to previous years. The Friday Center lot continues to fill, and as in the past, most likely accommodates commuters from the US 15-501 north corridor, which has no park-and-ride options, in addition to commuters from the east. The decrease in park-and-ride as compared to previous years can likely be explained by the introduction of fees for park-and-ride spaces in fall 2013. The currently-estimated net park-and-ride need for the Development Plan (1,338 spaces), has been met with construction of the 871-space Friday Center lot, the 443-space Jones Ferry Road lot, the 278-space Hedrick lot, and the 550-space Chatham lot.

It is important to note that the University has a full-time Transportation Demand Management (TDM) manager. The role of this person is to promote and assist employees in learning about and using alternative modes, as well as managing the Commuter Alternative Program (CAP) which is an incentive program designed to encourage University and Hospital employees and commuter students to use alternative transportation modes.

If it is assumed that the trip reduction measures that are implicit in the Development Plan and needed to address the reduced parking are applied only to new commuters (in reality they will apply to all commuters), then it is projected that new commuters would travel by the following means:

Drive alone: 117 (1%)
 Chapel Hill Transit: 5,186 (43%)
 Regional transit: 2,317 (19%)

• Ridesharing: 1,226 (passengers and drivers, 11%)

Bicycle: 588 (5%)
Walk: 381 (3%)
Park-and-ride: 1,672 (14%)
Other: 577 (5%)

Total (adjusted): 12,065 (100%)

The following should be noted:

- The new ratios hypothetically assume that only new commuters would be subjected to the limited parking and trip reduction strategies. In reality, all parking is pooled and there will be no distinction between new and existing commuters. The aggregate mode split for the entire future employee and commuter student populations is shown in Table 3-2.
- The use of alternative modes includes the proportion of commuters who would use those modes based on current mode split (e.g., if the number of employees increases by 31%, then use of CHT by employees can be expected to increase by 31% without expanded trip reduction strategies).

In addition to addressing the commuting needs of employees and students, these strategies will also help reduce traffic congestion on Main Campus and reduce exhaust emissions.

An analysis of roadway intersections on or near Main Campus that may be affected by the Development Plan was also undertaken for existing conditions, and year 2024 with and without the Development Plan (No-Build and Build conditions respectively), per the *Transportation Impact Analysis Guidelines*.

The updated traffic analysis has resulted in changes in the projections for intersection levels of service in comparison to the 2015 update. Most intersections in the study area are operating at acceptable LOS and most will be expected to continue to operate at acceptable LOS in the No-Build (2024) scenario and in the Build (2024) scenario.

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

This is the ninth update of the initial Transportation Impact Analysis submitted in July 2001 for the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill Development Plan. The updates are being submitted to the Town in accordance with the requirements of the Town of Chapel Hill's Office/Institutional-4 (OI-4) Zoning District regulations. The purpose of this updated analysis is to provide an assessment of the transportation implications of the Development Plan and revise mitigation measures, if needed based on the updated analysis, to address impacts. Transportation elements addressed include automobile traffic, transit, parking, bicycle and pedestrian traffic, and associated air quality issues.

The report is divided into three sections. The first discusses population growth and associated increases in Main Campus parking demand, and details the impact of the plan and population growth on Main Campus parking. This section provides an estimate of the shortfall in Main Campus parking as a result of employee growth, enrollment expansion, and Development Plan construction. This section also describes modifications to the Development Plan, including the elimination of projects and the addition of new projects. These modifications were approved by the Town in June and August 2003, March 2004, and October 2006. In addition, actual parking changes that have occurred as a result of Development Plan projects are shown.

The next section discusses trip generation and trip reduction strategies. As required by the *Transportation Impact Analysis Guidelines*, vehicular trip generation was first calculated assuming the Development Plan was a hypothetical, suburban development where no or very limited trip reduction strategies applied. The impacts of the proposed trip reduction strategies that are integral to the Development Plan are then calculated for comparison purposes. This section also describes the various strategies that are proposed to address the limited employee and student parking increases in the Development Plan. Two crucial components necessary for updating this section are the University's Commuter Survey (undertaken in spring 2017) and the Transportation Management Plan (undertaken in fall 2017).

The final section provides analyses for key intersections in the Development Plan area, and discusses mitigation options where they are warranted.

Extensive data were collected for the first four updates to provide a baseline set of data for monitoring purposes, and to allow conclusions and recommendations to be made. Some new data have now been collected for the ninth update to identify trends and refine recommendations where necessary.

2.0 DEVELOPMENT PLAN

Figure 2-1 and Table 2-1 show and detail University projects planned for construction between 2001 and 2022. The list only includes projects involving new square footage (rehabilitations that add no additional square footage are not included). Changes to the project list were approved by the Town in June and August 2003 (Development Plan Modification No.1), in March 2004 (Development Plan Modification No.2), and in October 2006 (Development Plan Modification No.3).

Development Plan projects (including the modifications) will add approximately 8.0 million gross square feet of new development to the campus, a 58 percent increase over the campus' existing 13.7 million square feet. Some of the new area is required to address current space deficits (i.e., will not result in an increase in employees or students). During this same period, existing buildings totaling approximately 235,000 gross square feet will be demolished. Parking decks account for about 1.95 million square feet of the Plan. Infrastructure projects make up about 300,000 square feet. Therefore, the net increase in new occupiable floor area for the Development Plan is approximately 5.6 million square feet, or an estimated 49 percent increase over the pre-Development Plan occupiable floor area. Projects in the Plan can be separated into the categories listed below. The chart also indicates changes in square footage since the December 2015 update and includes projects approved as part of Modification No.3.

		Change from
Classification	Square Footage	2015 Update
Academic	1,818,486	-
Cultural	140,629	-
Housing	826,015	-97,148
Infrastructure	312,382	-
Office	460,200	-
Parking	1,950,700	-
Research	800,923	-
Student Life	339,699	-
Athletics	375,079	+117,920
UNC Health Care	1,035,619	+74,269
Total	8,059,732	+95,041

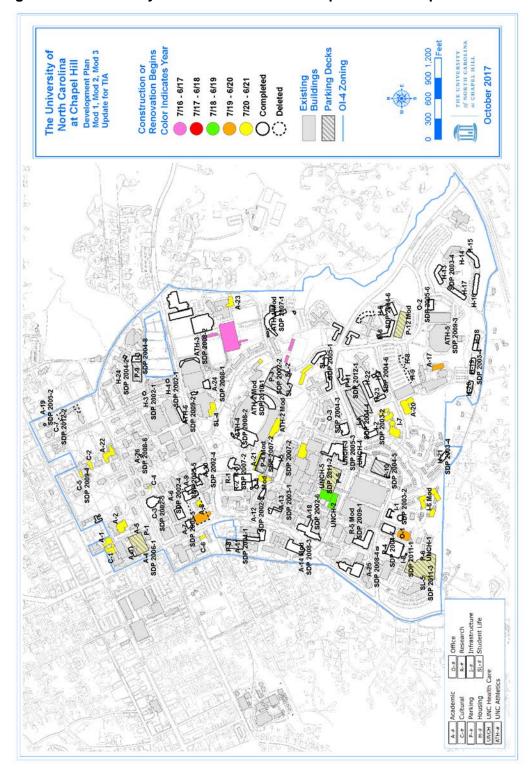


Figure 2-1: University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill Development Plan

Table 2-1: University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill Development Plan

D. T.F.	Duilding Tons		Anticipated Construction	
Building	Building Type	Footage	Start Date	Completion
A-1	Academic	31,800	07/20	07/22
A-2	Academic	73,100	07/20	07/22
A-3	Academic	25,600	03/05	02/07
A-4	Academic	20,000	03/05	02/07
A-5	Academic	55,200	07/20	07/22
A-6	Academic	90,000	07/03	06/05
A-7	Academic	41,000	02/06	08/08
A-8	Academic	154,500	07/19	07/21
A-9	Academic	396,700	07/20	07/22
A-10	Academic	112,500	07/03	06/05
A-11	Academic	82,000	03/04	02/06
A-12	Academic	69,500	11/01	10/03
A-13	Academic	10,200	08/02	07/04
A-14 Mod	Academic	259,990	06/08	05/12
A-15	Deleted			
A-16	Deleted			
A-17	Academic	53,200	07/19	07/21
A-18	Academic	936	08/04	03/04
A-19	Academic	1,600	03/05	03/06
A-20 *	Academic	125,000	07/20	07/22
A-21	Academic	80,000	07/20	07/22
A-22	Academic	75,000	07/20	07/22
A-23 *	Academic	50,000	07/20	07/22
A-24	Academic	5,580	06/08	02/10
A-25	Academic	3,308	10/08	01/10
A-26	Academic	1,772	01/09	02/10
	Total Academic	1,818,486		
C-1	Cultural	36,000	07/20	07/22
C-2	Cultural	26,400	07/20	07/22
C-3	Cultural	37,325	12/01	01/03
C-4	Cultural	3,000	07/20	07/22
	Cultural	22,904	07/20	07/22
C-6	Cultural	15,000	07/20	07/22
<u> </u>	Total Cultural	140,629	01120	UITEE
	Total Outtural	140,029		
11.4		D.L.C.I		
H-1	Housing	Deleted		
H-2	Housing			
H-3		Deleted	05/00	07/00
H-4	Housing	6,656	05/02	07/03
	Housing	6,656 6,656	05/02	07/03
H-5	Housing Housing	6,656 6,656 68,400	05/02 01/04	07/03 08/05
H-5 H-6	Housing Housing Housing	6,656 6,656 68,400 60,000	05/02 01/04 01/04	07/03 08/05 08/05
H-5 H-6 H-7	Housing Housing Housing Housing	6,656 6,656 68,400 60,000 74,800	05/02 01/04	07/03 08/05
H-5 H-6 H-7 H-8	Housing Housing Housing Housing Housing	6,656 6,656 68,400 60,000 74,800 Deleted	05/02 01/04 01/04	07/03 08/05 08/05
H-5 H-6 H-7 H-8 H-9	Housing Housing Housing Housing Housing Housing Housing Housing	6,656 6,656 68,400 60,000 74,800 Deleted	05/02 01/04 01/04	07/03 08/05 08/05
H-5 H-6 H-7 H-8 H-9 H-10	Housing Housing Housing Housing Housing Housing Housing Housing Housing	6,656 6,656 68,400 60,000 74,800 Deleted Deleted	05/02 01/04 01/04	07/03 08/05 08/05
H-5 H-6 H-7 H-8 H-9 H-10 H-11	Housing	6,656 6,656 68,400 60,000 74,800 Deleted Deleted Deleted	05/02 01/04 01/04	07/03 08/05 08/05
H-5 H-6 H-7 H-8 H-9 H-10 H-11 H-12	Housing	6,656 6,656 68,400 60,000 74,800 Deleted Deleted Deleted Deleted Deleted	05/02 01/04 01/04 01/04	07/03 08/05 08/05 08/05
H-5 H-6 H-7 H-8 H-9 H-10 H-11 H-12 H-13	Housing	6,656 6,656 68,400 60,000 74,800 Deleted Deleted Deleted Deleted Deleted Deleted Deleted Deleted	05/02 01/04 01/04 01/04 01/04	07/03 08/05 08/05 08/05
H-5 H-6 H-7 H-8 H-9 H-10 H-11 H-12 H-13 H-14	Housing	6,656 6,656 68,400 60,000 74,800 Deleted Deleted Deleted Deleted Deleted Deleted 60,500 60,500	05/02 01/04 01/04 01/04 01/04	07/03 08/05 08/05 08/05 08/04
H-5 H-6 H-7 H-8 H-9 H-10 H-11 H-12 H-13 H-14 H-15	Housing	6,656 6,656 68,400 60,000 74,800 Deleted Deleted Deleted Deleted Deleted Deleted Deleted Deleted	05/02 01/04 01/04 01/04 01/04	07/03 08/05 08/05 08/05 08/05
H-5 H-6 H-7 H-8 H-9 H-10 H-11 H-12 H-13 H-14 H-15 H-16	Housing	6,656 6,656 68,400 60,000 74,800 Deleted Deleted Deleted Deleted Deleted 60,500 60,500 58,200 59,400	05/02 01/04 01/04 01/04 01/04 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03	07/03 08/05 08/05 08/05 08/05 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04
H-5 H-6 H-7 H-8 H-9 H-10 H-11 H-12 H-13 H-14 H-15	Housing	6,656 6,656 68,400 60,000 74,800 Deleted Deleted Deleted Deleted 60,500 60,500 58,200 59,400	05/02 01/04 01/04 01/04 01/04	07/03 08/05 08/05 08/05 08/05
H-5 H-6 H-7 H-8 H-9 H-10 H-11 H-12 H-13 H-14 H-15 H-16	Housing	6,656 6,656 68,400 60,000 74,800 Deleted Deleted Deleted Deleted Deleted 60,500 60,500 58,200 59,400	05/02 01/04 01/04 01/04 01/04 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03	07/03 08/05 08/05 08/05 08/05 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04
H-5 H-6 H-7 H-8 H-9 H-10 H-11 H-12 H-13 H-14 H-15 H-16 H-17	Housing	6,656 6,656 68,400 60,000 74,800 Deleted Deleted Deleted Deleted 60,500 60,500 58,200 59,400	05/02 01/04 01/04 01/04 01/04 01/04 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03	07/03 08/05 08/05 08/05 08/05 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04
H-5 H-6 H-7 H-8 H-9 H-10 H-11 H-12 H-13 H-14 H-15 H-16 H-17 H-18	Housing	6,656 6,656 68,400 60,000 74,800 Deleted Deleted Deleted Deleted Deleted 60,500 60,500 58,200 59,400 44,400	05/02 01/04 01/04 01/04 01/04 01/04 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03	07/03 08/05 08/05 08/05 08/05 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04
H-5 H-6 H-7 H-8 H-9 H-10 H-11 H-12 H-13 H-14 H-15 H-16 H-17 H-18 H-19	Housing	6,656 6,656 68,400 60,000 74,800 Deleted Deleted Deleted Deleted Deleted 50,500 60,500 58,200 59,400 44,400	05/02 01/04 01/04 01/04 01/04 01/04 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03	07/03 08/05 08/05 08/05 08/05 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04
H-5 H-6 H-7 H-8 H-9 H-10 H-11 H-12 H-13 H-14 H-15 H-16 H-17 H-18 H-19 H-20 H-21	Housing	6,656 6,656 68,400 60,000 74,800 Deleted Deleted Deleted Deleted Deleted 50,500 60,500 58,200 59,400 44,400 44,400 37,600	05/02 01/04 01/04 01/04 01/04 01/04 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03	07/03 08/05 08/05 08/05 08/05 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04
H-5 H-6 H-7 H-8 H-9 H-10 H-11 H-12 H-13 H-14 H-15 H-16 H-17 H-18 H-19 H-20 H-21	Housing	6,656 6,656 68,400 60,000 74,800 Deleted Deleted Deleted Deleted Deleted 60,500 60,500 58,200 59,400 44,400 44,400 37,600 30,050	05/02 01/04 01/04 01/04 01/04 01/04 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03	07/03 08/05 08/05 08/05 08/05 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04
H-5 H-6 H-7 H-8 H-9 H-10 H-11 H-12 H-13 H-14 H-15 H-16 H-17 H-18 H-19 H-20 H-21 H-22	Housing	6,656 6,656 68,400 60,000 74,800 Deleted Deleted Deleted Deleted Deleted 50,500 60,500 58,200 59,400 44,400 44,400 37,600 30,050 79,601	05/02 01/04 01/04 01/04 01/04 01/04 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03	07/03 08/05 08/05 08/05 08/05 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04
H-5 H-6 H-7 H-8 H-9 H-10 H-11 H-12 H-13 H-14 H-15 H-16 H-17 H-18 H-19 H-20 H-21 H-22 H-23 H-24	Housing	6,656 6,656 68,400 60,000 74,800 Deleted Deleted Deleted Deleted 60,500 60,500 58,200 59,400 44,400 44,400 37,600 30,050 79,601 79,600 7,800	05/02 01/04 01/04 01/04 01/04 01/04 01/04 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03	07/03 08/05 08/05 08/05 08/05 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/05 08/05 08/05
H-5 H-6 H-7 H-8 H-9 H-10 H-11 H-12 H-13 H-14 H-15 H-16 H-17 H-18 H-19 H-20 H-21 H-22 H-23 H-24 SH PHIII	Housing	6,656 6,656 68,400 60,000 74,800 Deleted Deleted Deleted Deleted Deleted 60,500 60,500 58,200 59,400 44,400 44,400 37,600 30,050 79,601 79,600	05/02 01/04 01/04 01/04 01/04 01/04 01/04 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03 08/03	07/03 08/05 08/05 08/05 08/05 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/04 08/05 08/05

		Cross Square	Anticipated Construction	Anticipated Construction
Building	Building Type	Footage	Start Date	Completion
I-1	Infrastructure	20,000	07/03	12/04
I-2	Infrastructure	115,600	08/03	07/05
I-3	Infrastructure	21,600	03/04	03/06
I-4	Infrastructure	6,382	06/04	12/05
I-5 Mod	Infrastructure	100,800	01/08	07/10
I-6	Infrastructure	48,000	07/20	07/22
I-7	Infrastructure	N/A	07/20	07/22
	Total Infrastructure	312,382		
0-1	Office	133,200	07/19	07/21
O-2	Office	30,000	11/02	05/06
O-3	Office	105,000	07/04	03/06
0-4	Office	180,000	07/20	07/22
O-5	Office	12,000	01/20	01/22
	Total Office	460,200		
P-1	Parking	115,500	07/20	07/22
P-2	Parking	Deleted		
P-3	Parking	252,600	05/02	10/04
		225,000	03/07	08/10
P-5	Parking	255,500	07/20	07/22
P-6	Parking	134,400	01/20	01/22
P-7	Parking	Deleted	00/00	07/00
P-8 P-9	Parking	42,000 191,500	03/03	07/06 03/06
	Parking	,	03/03	
P-10 P-11	Parking	350,000	04/04 09/12	12/05 06/14
P-11	Parking Parking	288,000 96,200	07/20	07/22
F-12	Total Parking	1,950,700	07720	01122
*This renre	esents relocation of planned		to snaces beneath the hi	<u>l</u> uildinas
R-1	Research	109,000	07/07	03/12
R-2	Research	49,000	07/07	03/12
R-3	Research	74,400	07/07	03/12
R-4	Research	225,000	08/02	12/04
	Research	523	09/11	12/11
R-5	Research	343,000	06/09	01/14
	Total Research	800,923		
SL-1	Student Life	54,400	06/02	07/04
SL-2	Student Life	126,900	06/02	07/04
SL-3	Student Life	126,000	06/04	08/05
SL-4	Student Life	28,000	07/20	07/22
MM	Student Life	4,399	06/05	03/06
	Total Student Life	339,699		
	UNC Health Care	196,280	07/20	07/22
	UNC Health Care	343,180	07/18	07/20
	UNC Health Care	291,890	03/05	02/08
	UNC Health Care	130,000	03/06	07/07
	UNC Health Care	(53,546)	12/11	06/12
		1,066	01/12	03/12
UNCH	UNC Health Care Total UNC Health Care	126,749 1,035,619	07/20	07/22
	Total ONO Health Cale	1,000,019		
ATH-1	Athletics	41,181	05/07	01/08
ATH-2	Athletics	170,189	07/20	12/22
ATH-2	Athletics	15,059	05/08	02/10
ATH-4	Athletics	19,194	01/08	08/09
ATH-4 MM		1,000	06/10	08/10
ATH-5	Athletics	6,467	03/10	01/11
ATH-6	Athletics	4,069	01/10	10/10
		123,000	05/16	08/18
ATH	Athletics	123,000		
	Athletics Athletics	10,000	05/16	08/18
ATH			05/16 05/17	08/18 05/19
ATH ATH	Athletics Athletics Athletics	10,000		
ATH ATH ATH	Athletics Athletics	10,000 (13,417)	05/17	05/19

2.1 POPULATION GROWTH

Anticipated growth in employees and student enrollment during the course of the Development Plan is shown in Table 2-2 and Table 2-3 below. These growth projections build on those in the previous TIA update by projecting growth out to 2022 instead of 2015 as included in previous updates. These projections reflect the most recent data available, and the University no longer projects enrollment more than two years in to the future. The tables show an anticipated increase in employees of 69 percent and student growth of 18 percent overall from 2000 to 2022. The 2022 growth projections were developed to identify a build year for the traffic analysis and may not necessarily reflect a construction schedule for Development Plan projects.

Parking impacts for each of these groups are discussed in the following section.

Table 2-2: Anticipated Employee Growth (2000-2022)

	2000	2022	2000- 2022	Growth Rate
Number of Employees	14,303	24,174	9,871	69%
On Main Campus	13,016	21,219	8,203	63%
Off Main Campus	1,287	2,955	1,668	130%

Notes:

- 1. Permit data were used to estimate the percentage of year 2000 employees who worked (and parked) off-campus, which was approximately 9 percent. It is assumed that the same percentage of employees will work off-campus in 2022.
- 2. The University no longer estimates population more than two years into the future, therefore the 2022 estimates are unchanged from the 2015 TIA Update.

Table 2-3: Anticipated Student Growth (2000-2022)

	2000	2022	2000- 2022	Growth Rate
Number of Students	24,872	30,775	5,903	24%
Resident Students	7,244	9,285	2,041	28%
Commuting Students	17,628	21,490	3,862	22%

Notes:

- 1. The year 2000 breakout of resident and commuting students was based on the existing number of beds. For year 2022 the breakout was adjusted to account for a forecast increase in resident students of 2,041.
- 2. All students not accommodated by residence halls or family housing are assumed to be commuting students.
- 3. In the original Development Plan and subsequent updates, the 2000 Number of Students was erroneously listed as 25,872 instead of 24,872. This also affected the 2000 Commuting Students (18,628 instead of 17,628) and the forecast growth rates. This table shows the corrected data. The data for resident students are unaffected.
- 4. The University no longer estimates population more than two years into the future, therefore the 2022 estimates are unchanged from the 2015 TIA Update.

2.2 PARKING IMPACTS

2.2.1 Existing Parking

The total number of parking spaces owned by the University in the 2000/2001 academic year was 17,620, of which approximately 14,200 were on Main Campus (excluding motorcycle parking). Of these, approximately 5,450 were in four parking decks on South Campus. Main Campus parking facilities are shown in Figure 2-2. In 2001, and currently, there is not enough parking on Main Campus for all employees wanting to park there. In 2001 there were approximately 8,000 spaces for approximately 13,000 Main Campus employees, or 0.61 spaces per Main Campus employee (because of the oversell ratio which accounts for some people not being on Main Campus on any particular day because of vacation, illness, etc., the number of parking permits issued is higher, 0.77 per employee in 2001).

The rate for students is much lower (less than 10 percent for both resident students and commuting students). Freshmen are not eligible for a parking permit.

2.2.2 Displaced Parking

The Development Plan will permanently displace 4,061 existing surface spaces (excluded from this number are temporary losses due to construction staging and 428 student family spaces which are added back with the construction of new student family units). These anticipated losses are shown by location and user in Table 2-4 and Figure 2-3. It should be cautioned that these are estimates only, and that several factors could affect the actual losses:

- Included are spaces lost to future parking deck construction. The final size and configuration of the deck will determine how many surface spaces, if any, could be retained.
- It has been assumed that some service and disability spaces, as well as some permit spaces at some sites, may be retained. The actual number will depend on the configuration of future buildings, landscaping, etc.

2.2.3 Additional Main Campus Parking

The Development Plan will permanently add 5,640 new spaces to Main Campus (this includes a net increase of 25 spaces for student family housing and 32 employee spaces that have yet to be assigned to a location). Of the remaining 5,583 spaces, 5,425 are being provided in nine new structures (either free-standing decks or on the lower level of buildings) and one expansion (the Craige Deck), and 158 are surface spaces added back where building projects have already been completed. In July of 2013, the Craige Parking Deck Expansion project began. This vertical expansion provided four additional levels and 990 spaces by the project's completion in August of 2015. These Development Plan spaces are shown in Table 2-4 and Figure 2-3. The breakdown of new deck spaces is shown in Table 2-5. As with the losses, these are estimates only.



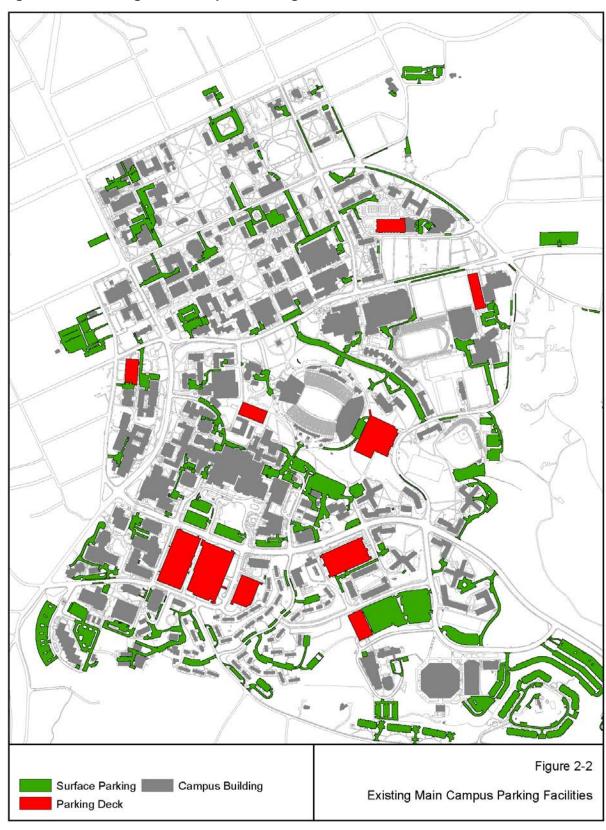


Table 2-4: Parking Impacts of Development Plan

			Nu	mber of Sp	aces ^{1,2}			
Lot / Project Name	Parking Zone	Employee	Commuting Student	Resident Student	Student in Family Housing	Visitor	Other	Net Change
ACC (new structure)						198		198
Bell Tower (new structure)	BG	124						124
Bowles	S11	-471	-157					-628
Cameron/Swain (Arts Common Deck - new structure)	ND1/NG1	-154				270		116
Cobb/Joyner (new structure and surface parking)		126	-33			-6	-8	79
Craige Surface	CD	-212		-37				-249
Craige Deck Expansion	CD	990						990
Dental School	S6	-53						-53
Glaxo / Housing Support / MFM / MRI	S6	-46						-46
Gravely (NC H&C) (new structure)	CG	-135				730		595
Hanes						-48	16	-32
Hinton James	М			-250				-250
ITS		-29				-2	24	-7
Jackson Deck (new structure)		606	100		-54			652
Kenan/McColl Visitor Parking						-40		-40
McCauley Street (Global Education Deck - new structure)	W	-20						-20
Neurosciences	CG	-158				50		-108
North Medical Drive							-26	-26
Porthole	N2	-40						-40
Rams Head (new structure)	S5	-16				303		287
Stadium Drive	S4							0
Sitterson	NG2	-135						-135
South Chiller	S6	-129						-129
Student Family Housing	MR/MR2				79			79
Tennis Court Deck (new structure)		231						231
Wilson Library	N8	-41						-41
Subtotal		438	-90	-287	25	1,455	6	1,547
Unassigned spaces 3		32						32
Total								1,579

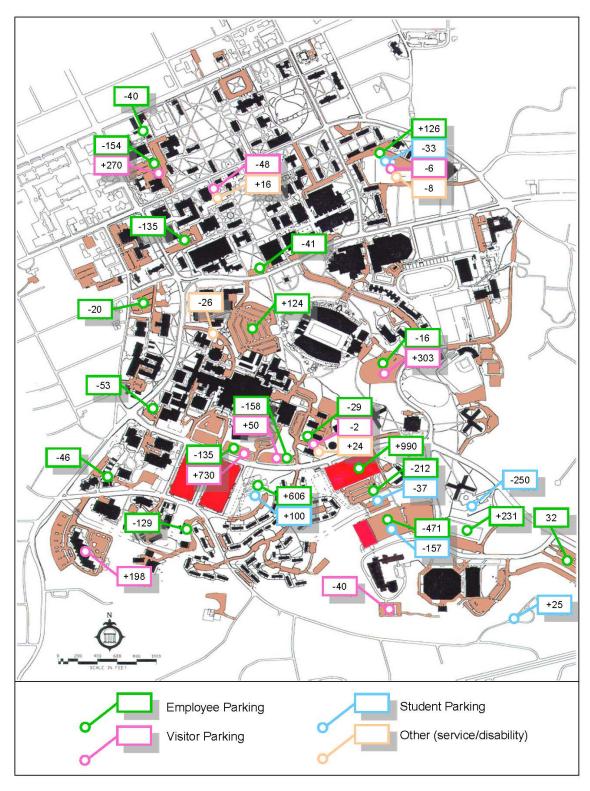
Notes:

- 1. Numbers are subject to change, depending on the final footprint of each project.
- 2. These numbers represent net changes only. For example, the Rams Head structure has 700 spaces, but 413 were displaced as a result of its construction. The net impact, which is shown in this table, is 287 spaces.
- 3. Spaces not assigned to a specific location on the campus and whose location(s) will be determined in future development plan modification reques
 The total net change in parking is 32 spaces less than the approved 1,579 space increase, but the traffic assessment accounts for the entire
 1,579 space net increase.

Table 2-5: Summary of New Parking Decks in Development Plan

Facility	Spaces
ACC	350
Bell Tower	710
Cameron (Arts Common)	330
Cobb/Joyner	450
Craige Expansion	990
Jackson Circle	800
McCauley (Global Education Center)	134
NC H&C (Gravely)	730
Rams Head	700
Tennis Court	231
Total	5,425





Unassigned Spaces

The 32 unassigned spaces mentioned in the previous section indicate the difference between the approved net increase of 1,579 parking spaces and the current number of 1,547. In the February 2006 Update, there were 331 unassigned spaces. In Modification No.3, those 331 spaces were assigned to the new Tennis Court deck and to an expansion of the Craige Deck, leaving no spaces unassigned. The current figure of 32 unassigned spaces reflects the actual parking changes from Development Plan projects that have occurred since the 2006 Update. This is consistent with the 2015 update.

The traffic assessment element of this report must account for the entire approved 1,579 space increase in Development Plan traffic, so the 32 unassigned spaces were added to bring the total to 1,579. For this report, these spaces have been assigned to the former Manning Deck site but it is recognized that this deck will not be constructed during the Development Plan period. The actual locations for these spaces will be included in future Development Plan modification requests.

2.2.4 Actual Parking Space Impacts of Development Plan Projects

Table 2-6 shows the actual parking space impacts of Development Plan projects in 2001/2 through 2015/16, plus the planned impacts in 2016/17, and how these compare to the projected changes shown in previous updates. The major differences are due to changes in project schedules, with the timing of the parking impacts changing accordingly. It is important to note that where projected losses exceed actual ones, the losses still will occur, just not as early as was projected in the previous plan update.

Table 2-6: Actual Parking Impacts of Development Plan Projects (2001/2 – 2016/17)

	2001/2		2001/2 2002/3		2003/4		2004/5		2005/6		2006/7		2007/8		2008/9		2009/10	
User Group	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected
Employee	0	0	-258	-200	-116	-307	-712	-512	198	-232	680	-34	-675	1,605	-40	-40	0	0
Commuting Student	0	0	-90	-298	0	0	57	57	0	-57	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Resident Student	0	0	0	0	0	-56	-287	-11	0	-278	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Student in Family Housing	0	0	0	0	0	-428	436	456	-411	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
University Visitor	0	-48	-97	-154	-48	-68	392	392	0	-80	0	250	0	0	-60	-60	0	0
Hospitals Visitor	0	0	0	-152	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	50	50
Other	0	-20	-49	-30	0	0	22	6	0	23	33	27	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	-68	-494	-834	-164	-859	-92	388	-213	-624	813	243	-675	1,605	-100	-100	50	50

	201	10/11	201	11/12	201	2/13	201	3/14	201	4/15	201	5/16	201	16/17
User Group	Actual	Projected	Planned	Projected										
Employee	746	746	0	0	0	0	-400	-400	1,390	1,390	0	0	0	0
Commuting Student	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Resident Student	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Student in Family Housing	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
University Visitor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hospitals Visitor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	746	746	0	0	0	0	-400	-400	1,390	1,390	0	0	0	0

Notes:

- Parking changes do not include impacts of non-Development Plan projects.
- These are net changes, reflecting permanent and temporary space changes.
 Projected numbers for 2001/2 and 2002/3 are those that were in the 2002 and 2004 updates.

Projected numbers for 2003/4, 2004/5 and 2005/6 are those that were in the 2004 update. Projected numbers for 2006/7 and 2007/8 are those that were in the 2006 update.

Projected numbers for 2007/8, 2008/9 and 2009/10 are those that were in the 2009 update.

Projected numbers for 2007/8, 2008/9 and 2009/10 are those that were in the 2009 u Projected numbers for 2010/11 are those that were in the 2011 update.

2.2.5 Future Parking Demand

Table 2-7 summarizes the demand for Main Campus parking spaces by user group based on current demand, projected employee growth rates, and parking impacts of the Development Plan. The findings of this table are summarized in this section.

Table 2-7: 2022 Main Campus Parking Impact Summary (Commuter and Patient/Visitor only)

		Stu	ıdent	
А.	Employee ¹	Resident	Commuter	Total
Existing ratio of Main Campus spaces to population ²	0.61	0.08	0.09	
Future Population Increases (2001 - 2022)	8,203	2,041	3,862	
Future New Main Campus Parking Demand ³	5,042	164	333	5,539
Net Parking Provided in Development Plan ⁴	470	(287)	(90)	93
(Shortage)/Surplus ⁵	(4,572)	(451)	(423)	(5,446)
compared to (Shortage)/Surplus in 2006 Update 8	(2,250)	(505)	(205)	(2,960)

	Patient	/Visitor	
В.	Hospitals	University	Total
Existing Demand ⁶	1,755	920	2,675
Future Growth (2001-2022) ⁷	1.37	0.49	-
Future New Demand	2,403	448	2,850
Net Parking Provided in Development Plan	978	477	1,455
Existing Empty Spaces ⁹	250	0	250
(Shortage)/Surplus	(1,175)	29	(1,145)
compared to (Shortage)/Surplus in 2006 Update	(44)	54	10

¹Employees working on Main Campus Only. Parking permits for "prime remote" locations were used to estimate the number of employees working off-campus (9 percent). It is assumed that these employees get parking spaces.

²Assumes that parking is satisfied according to existing (2001/2002) ratio of spaces to population.

³Calculated by multiplying future increase by existing ratio of spaces to population.

⁴ See Table 2-4. Excludes the changes in student family housing and "other" spaces. Employee figure includes the "unassigned" spaces.

⁵ It is assumed that no additional (net) student parking will be provided on Main Campus. Any unsatisfied demand must be accommodated by use of alternative modes, park-and-ride, or storage lots.

⁶ Existing occupied spaces. Based on Year 2000 data. Corrected figures. The original Development Plan and subsequent updates had incorrectly allocated some spaces to University visitors rather than Hospital patients/visitors.

⁷Hospitals patient/visitor growth based on 2010 projections. University visitor growth assumed to equal growth in occupiable square footage (approximately 49 percent).

⁸ In the original Development plan and subsequent updates, the employee population increase was listed as the full growth number (5,034) instead of the Main Campus growth (4,581). This also affected the "shortage/surplus" line. This table shows the corrected data in the "compared to (Shortage)/Surplus in 2006 update" line. The current forecast is unaffected.

⁹ An estimated 250 patient/visitor spaces were empty in the Dogwood Deck in 2000. These are not included in the existing demand figure. The empty spaces were erroneously omitted from previous updates.

Employees

University and Hospitals employment on Main Campus is projected to increase by 8,203 employees by 2022, over the twenty-two year timeframe of the Development Plan. If parking were provided at the 2001 ratio of 0.61 Main Campus spaces per employee, approximately 5,042 more spaces would be needed on Main Campus to support the Development Plan. Of the net increase of 1,579 spaces, 470 are allocated to employees. Therefore, by 2022, there would be a net shortage of approximately 4,572 Main Campus parking spaces for employees.

Resident Students

Resident student enrollment is projected to increase by 2,041 students over the twenty two-year period. If Main Campus parking for resident students were provided at the 2001 ratio of 0.08 Main Campus spaces per resident student, approximately 164 new spaces would be needed to support the increased resident enrollment. Increased parking for resident students is not provided for in the Development Plan, which actually decreases the amount of resident student parking on Main Campus. The total "shortfall" is approximately 451 spaces. These vehicles have been accommodated in the expanded RR lot.

Of the 2,041 increase in resident students, 92 will be in family housing. The Odum Village housing has been replaced with new housing on Baity Hill and along the north side of Mason Farm Road. The new housing has an additional 25 parking spaces.

Commuting Students

Commuter student enrollment is projected to increase by 3,862 students in the same timeframe. Using the same methodology as described for employees and resident students, Table 2-7 indicates an increased demand for Main Campus parking by commuting students of approximately 333 spaces. The net change in parking spaces for commuting students as a result of the Development Plan projects is a decrease of 90 spaces. Therefore, the "shortfall" is approximately 423 spaces.

Patients/Visitors

To forecast the parking demand for Hospitals and University patients and visitors, the 2001 demand (assumed to be the number of spaces occupied by patients/visitors) was projected to grow by the anticipated growth rate in number of patients and visitors for the Hospitals (137 percent) and by the growth rate in occupiable square footage (excludes parking decks) for University visitors (approximately 49 percent).

<u>Hospitals Patients/Visitors</u>. New patient/visitor demand is projected to be 2,403 spaces. At the start of the Development Plan, approximately 250 spaces were empty in the Dogwood Deck, and the Development Plan provides a further increase of 978 patient/visitor spaces, resulting in a projected shortfall of about 1,175 patient/visitor spaces.

<u>University Visitors</u>. Assuming a 49 percent increase in University visitors, there would be an increase in visitor demand for Main Campus spaces of 448 spaces. The Development Plan provides a net increase of 477 visitor spaces. Therefore, there is a projected surplus of about 29 spaces for University visitors.

2.2.6 Year-By-Year Impact

Table 2-8 builds on the information above, to show the impact of the Development Plan on parking spaces, Main Campus growth, and parking needs for each year (2001-2022). The first section of the table shows parking space impacts by year and user, based on Development Plan projects; the second section shows projected new demand by year and user, based on projected growth; and the last section of the table shows the net parking impact (spaces gained/lost minus projected new demand) by year and user.

The year-by-year numbers for spaces gained and lost (and therefore the net impacts) in Table 2-8 are different from earlier updates as a result of changes in project schedules and actual impacts from projects built so far.

The total parking "shortfall" for the 22-year plan is approximately 7,546 spaces. However, this includes about 451 spaces for resident students, whose demand will be accommodated in storage parking lots and will therefore not need to be accommodated by TDM strategies. This leaves a shortfall of about 7,095 spaces for which alternatives will need to be provided, as described in the next section.

Table 2-8: Main Campus Parking Space Analysis by Year and User

Control Cont	Column C	ر/Lost	Ш						2000				ŀ										
1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	/lost						H	H	H	H	-	4	H	Ц				H				
1	1	/Lost					680	-675	-40								0	0	0	-135	-208	470	- The numbers for section one of the table were derived
Mathematical Color Mathema	1	/Lost				0	100	0	0	0							0	0	0	0	-157	06-	calculating the spaces gained or lost, by user group, a leach project in the University's Development Plan. The
1	### 1	/Lost					0	0	0	0							0	0	0	0	0	-287	year is the parking permit year or when the effect will
Mathematical Columbia Math	Columbia	/Lost			L		0	0	0	0							0	0	0	0	0	25	actually take place. A negative number means there
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Gained/Lost			L		0	0	09-	0							0	0	0	0	290	47.7	number reflects a net gain of parking. The last cell in
Mathematical Control	Mathematical Columbia Math	Spaces Gained/Lost					0	0	0	20							0	0	0	┡	080	978	this section shows that there is an overall net gain of
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1						33	0	0	0							0	0	0	0	0	9	1,579 parking spaces over the course of the Development Plan.
14.5 14.5	1					-2	813	-675	.100				Ш	1,39			0	0	0	H	1,005	1,579	
mai o 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	Projected New Demand																					
Subjective services and services are serviced as a service services and services are serviced as a service service service service services are serviced as a service	Continent Color	Employee					I																
Company No.	Continue c	wees	L	L	L		197	294	424		L		L		L	587	587	587	587	587	587	8.203	For each subcategory under "Projected New Demand
Subjective of the control of the con	Consistent 378 319 319 319 311		<u> </u>	L	<u> </u>	L					L												Row 1 shows the change in population by user group each year of the Development Plan. Row 2 is the
Part	Condent Stock State <		L		L		121	181	261	115					L	361	361	361	361	361	361	5.042	existing ratio at which a particular user group currently
Company Comp	Continent Cont																						is assigned parking spaces on Main Campus (e.g., in
Supplication (a) 582 314 114 114 11 114 114 114 114 114 114	Substitution of S.S. 314 1144 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 11	Commuting Student																					2000 there was 0.61 space for each employee, 0.09 space for each commuting student, etc.). Row 3 sho
0.00 1.00 <th< td=""><td> Particular Colorado Colorad</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-162</td><td>3</td><td>108</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>190</td><td>190</td><td>190</td><td>190</td><td>190</td><td>3,862</td><td>the future parking demand that can be expected</td></th<>	Particular Colorado Colorad						-162	3	108								190	190	190	190	190	3,862	the future parking demand that can be expected
Mathematical Signature Sig	Multiply Service Servi																						annually for each user group, assuming the existing parking ratios.
buttlenery 1.00	National Continue						-14	0	6	13						16	16	16	16	16	16	333	
by the control of the	reconsisting the control of the cont	Resident Student																					A negative number means the population for a particulinear ordining expected to decrease in that year and
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Mainton Main	Mathemeny Size Si		3																				decrease. This only occurs with commuting students
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Silvarii	State 1.10						33.7	396									559	559	559	559	559	9,100	parking spaces.
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Interpretation Inte	33 28 31 38 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0						114	0	6								-16	-16	-16	-16	-173	423	the spaces gained or lost for each user group on an annual basis. For example, in Year 2002/03, there was
mile plantifylation 21 118 69 871 21 </td <td> 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>48</td> <td>-33</td> <td>-28</td> <td>-13</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>451</td> <td>a net loss of 258 spaces for employees and an</td>	18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18						48	-33	-28	-13							0	0	0	0	0	451	a net loss of 258 spaces for employees and an
Insignation	150 150 110 120 150		_				.21	-21	-81							-21	-21	-21	-21	-21	269	29	estimated new demand of 519 spaces. Therefore, the
lear (annual limpact)* 356 -1.148 -115 -126 -116 -110 -110 -110 -110 -110 -110 -11	071 -579 -272 467 -280 -481 -470 -481 -470 -482 -480 -480 -480 -481 -470 -480 -		L		L	Ĺ	-160	-160		Ľ					Ľ	-160	-160	-160	-160	-312	920	-2,136	shortage of 777 spaces. In the last line, resident
New (ammulative impact)* 386 4.150 2.116 3.120 4.024 1.12 1.021 2.12 2.12 4.12 1.12 1.12 2.12 2.12 2.	.071 -379 -272 457 -280 -386 -446 -579 -569 -569 -569 -569 -569 -569 -569 -446 -7,546 -7,546 .886 -4,466 -4,560 -4,560 -4,560 -4,560 -4,560 -4,560 -4,560 -4,560 -7,646 -7,540 .037 -5,51 -5,029 -5,69 -5,69 -5,69 -5,69 -5,69 -5,69 -7,747 -7,993 -7,546 .037 -5,039 -6,029 -6,688 -7,447 -7,993 -7,546 -7,646 .038 -6,69 -6,039 -5,69 -6,69				L		33	0	0	0	0	0				0	0	0	0	0	0	9	student spaces were removed from the annual totals
Seene (cumulative impact) 356 4.150 3.2116 3.180 4.201 2.2116 3.180 4.460 4.401 4.121 3.180 4.401 4.101 3.180 4.401 4.101 3.180 4.401 4.101 3.180 4.101 3.180 4.101 3.180 4.101 3.180 4.101 3.180 4.101 3.180 4.101 3.180 4.101 3.180 4.101 3.180 4.101 3.10	886 4,466 4,181 4,561 4,029 4,629 4,029 4,029 4,029 7,147 7,199 7,546 7,31 289 4,816 4,109 4,911 4,012 4,029 4,029 7,147 7,199 7,546 7,31 289 4,816 4,109 4,916 4,109 4,619 4,629 4,629 4,46 4,109			_				-	_		H		_	_	_	-559	-559	-559	_	-846	446	-7,546	because this parking will be prowded in storage lots a will not need to be accommodated by park-and-ride as
In Impact less rea. students 355 4.1.30 -599 -776 -110 524 1.1.037 -551 -259 464 280 225 646 1.1.09 559 -559 -559 -559 -559 -559 -559 -569 -559 -569 -56		\dashv				-3,291															,546		other TDM strategies.
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Transportation Impact Analysis – December 2017

3.0 TRIP GENERATION AND REDUCTION STRATEGIES

This section updates trip generation and the proposed trip reduction strategies and their estimated impacts. As required by the *Transportation Impact Analysis Guidelines*, vehicular trip generation was first calculated assuming the Development Plan was a hypothetical, suburban development where no or very limited trip reduction strategies applied. The impacts of the proposed trip reduction strategies that are integral to the Development Plan are then calculated for comparison purposes.

The remainder of this section describes the various strategies that are proposed to address the limited employee and student parking increases in the Development Plan, and their impact on alternative modes. The air quality impacts of these strategies also are estimated

Updates to this section include assessing:

- The effects of Modifications No.1 No.3 changes to the Development Plan (which also have changed the year-by-year parking shortfalls and associated park-and-ride needs).
- The results of a Commuter Survey undertaken in spring 2017.
- Changes in current use of park-and-ride with the new park-and-ride fees introduced in fall 2013.
- New transit ridership, bicycle, and pedestrian counts.
- Refinements to the projections of future mode splits (i.e., how many commuters may be traveling to the campus in 2022), based on the results of the spring 2017 University Commuter Survey.
- Population and mode estimates to 2022, not 2015 as in previous updates.

3.1 ESTIMATED VEHICULAR TRIP REDUCTIONS

As required by the *Transportation Impact Analysis Guidelines*, an estimate of the impact of the proposed trip reduction strategies on the amount of vehicular trips that will be generated by the Development Plan has been made by comparing it with a similar, hypothetical development where no, or very limited, trip reduction strategies applied.

3.1.1 Trip Generation Based on the Institute of Transportation Engineers Trip Generation Manual

The amount of vehicular traffic that could be generated by the Development Plan if it were a typical suburban development was estimated using trip rates from the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) *Trip Generation Manual* (9th Edition). The ITE *Trip Generation Manual* is the standard document used by traffic engineers for estimating the amount of traffic that will be generated by a new development for projects across the U.S, including Chapel Hill.

Trips were estimated for the A.M. and P.M. peak hours, and for a typical weekday (24-hour period) using the following land use categories that are included in the ITE manual:

- University/College (ITE Land Use Code 550) for all academic-related buildings (buildings referred to as Academic, Cultural, Office and Student Life in the Development Plan).
- Research and Development (ITE Land Use Code 760) for all buildings referred to as Research in the Development Plan.
- Hospital (ITE Land Use Code 610) for all buildings referred to as UNC Healthcare in the Development Plan.
- Supermarket (ITE Land Use Code 850) for the convenience store in the Rams Head project (even though almost all customers walk to the store).
- Apartments (ITE Land Use Code 220) for the 398 family housing units and 1,000 beds.

These land uses, the basis for estimating vehicular trips, and the generated trips are shown in Table 3-1. The following should be noted:

- The increase in the number of students is used as the basis for estimating traffic generated by the University/College. (Estimating traffic by taking the difference in traffic generated by the existing enrollment and the future enrollment yields a very similar answer.)
- The store is assumed to be a typical suburban facility for the purpose of determining ITE traffic generation.
- The ITE housing category of apartments is used for all housing by assuming for trip generation purposes that (a) each non-family residential housing unit, which has four beds (for a total of 1,000), is roughly equivalent to two apartments (i.e., a total of 500), and (b) each of the 398 family housing units is equivalent to one apartment.

3.1.2 Reduced Parking

The ITE analysis provides an estimate of the vehicular trips that would be generated in a suburban setting without trip reduction measures. Obviously, the University has for many years been employing trip reduction strategies that would result in the Development Plan generating less traffic than the above analysis. These include limiting parking and supporting the Town's transit and park-and-ride systems. At the inception of the Development Plan, there were only approximately 0.61 spaces on Main Campus for every Main Campus University/Hospitals employee (or a ratio of Main Campus parking spaces to employees of 0.61). In addition, freshmen are not eligible for a permit.

An integral element of the adopted Main Campus Master Plan is to minimize the increase in Main Campus parking as the campus grows, by promoting and increasing the use of alternative forms of transportation. The parking and transportation initiatives that are inherent in the Development Plan are consistent with the transportation strategy for the Master Plan.

Table 3-1: ITE Trip Generation Rates

ITE Land Use					ITE MANUA	AL RATES*	
Code	U	SE	Gsf/Units	ADT	AM Enter	AM Exit	AM Total
550	University/Co	llege	5,903 students	12,059	823	232	1,055
760	Research & [Dev. Center	787,400 sf	5,569	649	133	782
610	Hospital		961,350 sf	9,567	484	284	767
850	Supermarket		10,000 sf	2,061	21	13	34
220	Apartments		898 dwelling units	5,565	89	355	444
			LAND USE TOTALS	34,821	2,065	1,017	3,082

ITE Land Use					ITE MANUA	AL RATES*	
Code	U	SE	Gsf/Units	ADT	PM Enter	PM Exit	PM Total
550	University/Col	lege	5,903 students	12,059	375	797	1,172
760	Research & D	ev. Center	787,400 sf	5,569	110	622	731
610	Hospital		961,350 sf	9,567	284	463	747
850	Supermarket		10,000 sf	2,061	72	69	142
220	Apartments		898 dwelling units	5,565	333	179	512
			LAND USE TOTALS	34,821	1,173	2,130	3,303

^{*}Trip Generation Manual, 9th Edition, Institute of Transportation Engineers.

The increase in Main Campus employee and student parking accompanying the Development Plan is significantly less than current ratios. Therefore, an increased proportion of employees and students will need to use alternative modes to commute to campus. The increased use of alternatives is commensurate with the reduced amount of parking.

The estimated parking "shortfalls" are described in Section 2.2.5.

It should be noted that trip reduction strategies apply to students and employees only. The needs of visitors, particularly hospital patients and visitors, will continue to be satisfied.

3.1.3 Vehicular Trip Reduction

The vehicular trips that would have been generated by the "shortfall" spaces (approximately 7,550 spaces, of which 7,100 would have been commuter spaces) represent the reduction in campus traffic compared to providing parking at 2001 ratios, while the employees and students that would have used these spaces represent the required increase in use of alternatives modes. As indicated earlier, the Development Plan results in a net increase of 1,579 spaces on Main Campus (an additional 411 employee/commuter student spaces and 1,455 visitor spaces, and a reduction of 287 resident student spaces). The net changes in parking will generate approximately 11,487 daily vehicular trips (calculated in Section 4.0), or approximately 33 percent of the amount determined using the ITE rates in Table 3-1 (34,821 daily trips).

It should also be noted that the reduced parking ratios and corresponding traffic reductions are not limited to new employees and students. Trip reduction strategies to achieve these reductions are now, and will continue to be, implemented across the entire campus population. For example, the use of alternative modes to compensate for the 7,095-space "shortfall" must entail enticing some current employees to switch from driving alone and parking on Main Campus to transit, ridesharing, or using park-and-ride.

3.2 TRIP REDUCTION STRATEGIES AND IMPACTS

As described earlier, on a typical day there will be a parking "shortfall" of approximately 7,100 commuter spaces on Main Campus. This shortfall must be addressed by alternative means or "trip reduction strategies".

This section describes the trip reduction strategies, and particularly planned improvements to alternative modes, that will be employed to accommodate the commuting needs of the Development Plan. The projected impacts and use of each alternative mode also are quantified.

3.2.1 Approach to Estimating Use of Alternatives Modes

The December 2017 TIA has been updated based on new population projections, more recent survey data, and counts to refine what modes the Development Plan commuters and the overall commuting population would use (often referred to as the "mode split"). As noted earlier, the trip reduction measures are aimed at the entire commuting population of the campus (existing and future), and not just the new commuters.

The results of the revised mode split analysis are summarized in Table 3-2. The analysis initially, hypothetically, assumes that the trip reduction measures that are implicit in the Development Plan and needed to address the reduced parking apply only to new commuters. In reality they will apply to all commuters since all parking is pooled and there will be no distinction between new and existing commuters. The final columns show the aggregate mode split for all campus commuters. The assumptions and explanations for the calculations are shown in the footnotes to the table.

This table has appeared in all previous updates, and has been adjusted based on the findings of the 2017 Commuter Survey and population projections to 2022. Table 3-3 shows a comparison of mode splits from the 2001, 2004, 2007, 2009, 2011, 2013, 2015, and 2017 surveys, as well as the projected 2022 mode split. The 2017 survey provides a snapshot of progress part way into the Development Plan, which was used to adjust the projected utilization of some of the modes.

Table 3-2: Estimated Mode Splits for New Main Campus Commuters

		New Em	New Employees ¹		Ž	New Commuting Students ¹	ing Student	s¹	Total N	Total New Commuters ¹	ırs¹	Total All C	Total All Commuters1
Number		8,203	503			3,862	293			12,065		21,219	21,490
	Existing (20	(2001) Ratios	Newf	New Ratios	Existing (20	Existing (2001) Ratios	√ New	New Ratios	.vanper,	9r ⁴		Ra	Ratios
	Ratio ²	Number ⁴	Ratio ³	Number ⁴	Ratio ²	Number ⁴	Ratio ³	Number ⁴	Existing Ratios	New Ratios	Ratio	Employees	Students
Drive alone ⁵	0.72	5,882	0.01	117	0.19	734	00.0	0	6,615	117	0.01	0.45	0.16
Drive carpool/vanpool ⁶	0.02	186	0.04	327	0.03	103	60.03	103	588	430	0.04	0.03	0.03
Rideshare (passengers only - carpool & van) ⁶	0.04	330	0.07	613	0.05	183	90'0	183	513	962	0.07	0.05	0.05
CHT ⁷	0.05	394	0.32	2,656	0.33	1,274	99.0	2,529	1,668	5,186	0.43	0.15	0.39
Regional Transit ⁸	0.01	121	0.26	2,121	0.01	46	90.0	196	167	2,317	0.19	0.11	0.05
Bicycle ⁹	0.03	792	0.04	305	60.0	333	20.0	283	969	288	0.05	0.03	0.08
Walk ⁹	0.02	150	0.02	150	0.12	481	90.0	231	169	381	0.03	0.02	0.11
Park-and-ride ¹⁰	0.07	541	0.19	1,576	0.12	463	0.02	96	1,005	1,672	0.14	0.11	0.10
Other ¹¹	0.04	336	0.04	336	90.0	241	90.0	241	222	222	0.05	0.04	90.0
TOTAL	1.00	8,203	1.00	8,203	1.00	3,858	1.00	3,862	12,061	12,065	1.00	1.00	1.00

sonly. In reality, new commuters will be treated no differently Ratios for new commuters hypothetically assume all additional diversion to alternatives is by new

than existing commuters. More existing commuters will also be required to switch to other modes of travel. Last two columns in table show final impact for all commuters Assuming strategies apply to new commuters only also distorts needs, e.g., almost all diversion must be for employees since (a) the proportional growth

in employees is much higher than students (31% versus 14%), and (b) students already use alternative modes more. Existing ratios are for pre-Development Plan and based on a November 2001 commuter survey.

New ratios are derived from numbers in next column (i.e., projected users of a particular mode calculated first), and have been adjusted based on 2017 Commuter Survey. Note that numbers are for <u>all</u> new commuters, and not just for number of commuters on a typical day (which is approximately 20% lower)

Numbers for New Ratios include (a) growth in use of alternatives modes based on current mode split, (b) increased use resulting from strategies (adjusted for 2017 Commuter Survey). Numbers should be divided to calculate users on a particular day by -Current (2001) main campus employment =

17,628 63% Employee growth in Development Plan = Current (2001) commuter students

Commuter student growth in Development Plan =

2001 Commuter Survey drive alone ratio for commuting students (0.33) used in previous updates exceeded permit allocation. Reduced to 0.25 and CHT increased from 0.20 to 0.28 based on 2004 Survey. The existing drive alone ratio was further reduced to 0.19 based on the 2011 Suney, and the CHT ratio was increased to 0.33.

New ratio for commuting students assumes zero parking added for them. In fact, Development Plan results in net loss of 90 spaces for commuting students. Current drive alone ratio includes permit parking and parking in private and Town lots.

186 Assume additional 2% of employees rideshare additional rideshare vehicles (or drivers) Increase in ridesharing rate assumed for employees only. Therefore total new employees who rideshare are sum of (a) using existing ratios = permit holders, used accordingly: passengers (using avg. vehicle occupancy). 3.0 141 employees. Applying avg. veh. occupancy, this is equivalent to Commuters survey indicates average vehicle occupancy for carpools and vanpools empl spaces is equivalent to 283 drivers and 141 438 and (b) additional Additional

passengers

330

drivers,

 (existing growth ratio for rideshare drivers) - (additional student rideshare drivers) - (additional rideshare vehicle drivers) 141 103 **71** 548 186 (Table 2-4)

- permits available for drive alone employees. 3,518 increase in local transit use for new ratio = 2,263 employees and 1,255 students. Employee transit users for new ratio equals users with existing ratio (394) plus 2,263 X 1.25 = 3,222 new persons. Similar calculation for students.

Therefore

Additional regional transit users (2,150) assumed to be employees (2,000) and commuting students (150). Employee users for new ratio equals users

No change in ratios is assumed in for walking and "other" for employees (worst-case assumption to ensure adequate transit and park-and-ride provided) with existing ratio (121) plus 2,000 additional daily riders (or 2,000 X 1.25 = 2,621 persons). Similar calculation for students.

Park-and-ride estimates based on what remains after other modes addressed (ie., for employees to total 8,203 and students to total 3,682), Bike usage did not change in 2017 survey; no change in target was assumed.

represent "natural" growth. 534 **804** users over and above the growth based on existing ratios, or 1,338 Total park-and-ride requirement is for

Population projections were updated in 2015 to extend to 2022 Other includes dropped off, motorcycle, etc.

Table 3-3: Existing and Target Mode Splits

Table C C. Ex	iotiiig a	u. <u>g</u>	or mour	, opiito					
		_		Empl	oyees		-		
	2001	2004	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	New
Mode	Ratio	Ratio	Ratio	Ratio	Ratio	Ratio	Ratio	Ratio	Projections
Drive alone	0.72	0.61	0.56	0.49	0.57	0.51	0.61	0.64	0.45
Carpool/vanpool	0.06	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.08
Bus	0.06	0.08	0.10	0.13	0.10	0.15	0.16	0.15	0.26
Bicycle	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.02	0.04	0.05	0.04	0.03
Walk	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.02	0.02
Park-and-ride	0.07	0.15	0.16	0.17	0.18	0.16	0.07	0.05	0.11
Other	0.04	0.06	0.07	0.07	0.05	0.07	0.05	0.04	0.04

		_	C	ommutin	g Studen	ts			
	2001	2004	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	New
Mode	Ratio	Ratio	Ratio	Ratio	Ratio	Ratio	Ratio	Ratio	Projections
Drive alone	0.33	0.19	0.18	0.17	0.14	0.16	0.18	0.25	0.16
Carpool/vanpool	0.08	0.07	0.08	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.03	0.02	0.08
Bus	0.21	0.34	0.35	0.39	0.42	0.37	0.51	0.39	0.41
Bicycle	0.09	0.05	0.06	0.11	0.10	0.08	0.13	0.13	0.08
Walk	0.12	0.14	0.14	0.12	0.11	0.15	0.05	0.09	0.11
Park-and-ride	0.12	0.16	0.10	0.14	0.15	0.12	0.06	0.06	0.10
Other	0.06	0.06	0.09	0.05	0.05	0.08	0.04	0.06	0.06

Notes

- 1. "Carpool/vanpool" includes drivers and passengers.
- 2. "Bus" includes Chapel Hill Transit and Regional Transit.
- 3. "Other" includes motorcycles, dropped off, work from home, etc.
- 4. Existing ratios are based on Tuesday data from the Commuter Survey

The following notes apply to updated Table 3-3:

- The use of alternative modes, in most cases, includes the proportion of commuters who would use those modes based on current mode split (e.g., if the number of employees increases by 31%, then use of CHT by employees can be expected to increase by 31% without expanded trip reduction strategies).
- The numbers represent all new commuters (employees and students). Using the
 parking oversell ratio (1.25 permits sold for every commuter space) as a guide to the
 number of commuters who are on campus on typical day, on a typical day
 approximately 20% of commuters do not come to the campus (i.e., 100 parking spaces
 can accommodate 125 commuters who drive and hold a permit).

Following are highlights and conclusions for the updated table:

- Drive alone continues to be well below 2001 levels for both employees and students.
 This can be explained by (a) a reduction in permit parking availability on Main Campus,
 (b) an increase in the employee and student populations in the same period, and (c)
 improvements to alternative modes of travel (specifically Chapel Hill Transit, fare free
 programs with GoTriangle and other regional transit providers, and park-and-ride).
- The survey reveals that the proportion of commuting students driving alone to campus (excluding park-and-ride) has dropped from 33% in 2001 to 18% in 2015, with an increase in 2017 to 25%, while the original projected target was 30% (only a small

decrease was anticipated since the amount of commuting student parking on campus, and the projected increase in students, are both relatively low). The amount of parking available for commuting students on Main Campus, as well as the number of commuting students, has not changed significantly since the beginning of the Development Plan to explain this drop. This suggests that the 33% derived from the 2001 survey was an over-estimate (supported by the small number of permits actually available to students in 2001, the limited amount of commuter student parking in 2001, and the 2004 commuter survey), and has been reduced to 0.19 for developing the new projections. Use of CHT was increased from 0.28 to 0.33 to balance the mode split.

- CHT ridership has increased dramatically since 2001 (refer to Section 3.2.3), for both students and employees. Employee use of transit (CHT and regional transit) has risen from approximately six percent to approximately 15 percent. This now exceeds the target of 13 percent. Since the 2013 Survey, student use has increased from 37 percent to 51 percent, and recently dropped back to 39%.
- The higher than expected shift of students to transit suggests a reduced demand for park-and-ride for these users. This is reflected in the table.
- Carpooling and vanpooling has remained relatively constant since 2001, even with reduced parking on Main Campus. Over time, this mode can be expected to become more popular as gasoline prices increase and more employees live outside of Chapel Hill.
- No increase is assumed in walking and "other" split for employees (worst-case
 assumption to ensure adequate transit and park-and-ride provided). For students, no
 increase in cycling and walking is assumed based on the fact that there are limited
 opportunities for additional student housing within close distance of the campus.
 Again, the purpose of these worst-case assumptions is to ensure that park-and-ride is
 not undersupplied.

Key changes in travel projections from this updated analysis include:

- With the inclusion of population projections out to 2022, the number of commuters has increased without a corresponding increase in the number of on-campus spaces available. This has led to an increased need for travel by alternative modes, particularly transit.
- The drive alone share for pre and post-Development Plan students is substantially reduced (for reasons explained above).
- The projected use of CHT and regional transit by employees has been changed to ratios of 0.15 and 0.11 respectively.
- Park-and-ride use by employees has been decreased from 0.14 in the 2011 Update to 0.11 to reflect a drop in demand for park-and-ride (possibly due to introduction of a parking fee for park-and-ride permits).
- The total park-and-ride need for the Development Plan has increased slightly from 1,277 to 1,338 spaces (see Note 10 in Table 3-2).

The remainder of this section provides more detail on the alternatives.

3.2.2 Overview of Transportation Strategies

The transportation strategies that are inherent in the Development Plan are consistent with the overall transportation strategy that guided the preparation of the 2001 Main Campus Master Plan. These, in turn, reflect the objectives and recommendations that were developed in 1997/98 by a Parking and Transit Task Force. A clear theme of the Task Force was that the University should promote alternative modes of transportation and other initiatives such as teleworking to reduce the impact of traffic and parking on the campus. Key objectives established by the Task Force included:

- To encourage a campus and Town environment that is supportive of pedestrians and other alternative modes of transportation.
- To offer affordable, flexible, and convenient transportation options that will serve the diverse lifestyles of the campus community.
- To reduce the demand for parking on Main Campus while maintaining an adequate supply for visitors.
- To develop an efficient, comprehensive transportation system to better serve the entire University community.

Key recommendations from the Task Force were to:

- Minimize traffic on Main Campus
- Create a pedestrian-oriented environment
- Minimize new parking
- Focus on alternatives:
 - transit
 - bicvcles
 - ridesharing
 - park-and-ride
 - off-campus vehicle storage
 - flexible work hours
 - teleworking

Many of the transportation strategies needed to support the Master Plan and Development Plan are not new to the University. A substantial number of employees and students now use alternative forms of transportation to travel to the campus. The University is a major financial supporter of Chapel Hill Transit (CHT). The Master Plan also allows for fixed guideway transit to ultimately serve the campus. The University has participated in the development of park-and ride lots, and, in conjunction with the Town, cycling is being promoted and improvements are being made (included in the Master Plan).

The University has a fulltime Transportation Demand Management (TDM) manager to assist in implementing the needed strategies. This person is responsible for the Commuter Alternatives Program (CAP), an incentive program designed to encourage

University and Hospital employees and commuter students to use alternative transportation modes. Employees and students registered for CAP receive:

- Access to one-day occasional parker permits (permanent employees; one per month)
- Access to emergency ride home program
- Vanpool subsidies
- Free annual membership for Zipcar, the University's car sharing program
- Eligibility for all contests and item give-away programs
- Entry in drawings for tickets and gift certificate giveaways
- Annual GoTriangle GoPass good for fare free transit on all GoTriangle transit routes (as of 2015, temporary employees paid by the University or Hospitals are eligible to receive a GoPass); alternatively, CAP members can choose a Chatham Transit Express Pass or use the GoPass on PART routes from Guilford and Alamance counties.
- CAP email updates through the Commuter News publication

The University also prepares, on a regular basis, a Transportation Management Plan (TMP). The purpose of this plan is to develop and establish policies, procedures, and operating programs designed to minimize the number of single occupancy vehicle (SOV) trips to and from campus, and the traffic generated by these SOV trips, by increasing the alternative forms of transportation available to University employees and students. An update to the TMP was undertaken in fall 2017.

The following key strategies and, where applicable, their projected impacts, are described below for:

- Chapel Hill Transit
- Regional transit
- Ridesharing
- Teleworking
- Cycling
- Walking
- Park-and-ride

UNC uses the Zipcar car sharing program to provide employees and students with an easy, effective form of transportation when they reach campus. Zipcar is a web-based program. Cars are reserved online and the Zipcar membership card affords entry to the vehicle during the reserved period. Once inside, the member finds the key to the vehicle and a fuel card. Zipcar picks up all fuel costs, insurance fees and 180 complimentary miles per day. These vehicles are used for both hourly and multi-day rentals. Currently, the hourly cost is \$7.50 Monday-Thursday and \$8.50 per hour Friday-Sunday. There is a \$10 annual fee. Zipcar offers both personal and departmental memberships. Many departments that have relatively low mileage on

their departmental vehicles find that Zipcar provides a cost-effective alternative to leasing or purchasing vehicles through the State system.

While not strictly a strategy, one disincentive for parking on Main Campus will be the inevitable increase in parking fees that will be necessary to cover the cost of building, and operating and maintaining new parking decks. These fee increases will discourage drive-alone commuting.

3.2.3 Chapel Hill Transit

In 2001 Chapel Hill Transit (CHT) carried less than 11,000 riders on a typical weekday. Ridership has significantly increased since CHT became entirely fare-free in early 2002. Table 3-4 shows the number of daily boardings (Board) and alightings (Exit) at Main Campus stops in 1998, 2001, 2003, 2005, 2006, 2008, 2009, 2011, 2013, 2015, and 2017. The number of daily passengers (fall) are more than 26,000, a slight decrease from prior years but a large increase over 2001 ridership.

A survey of University commuters undertaken in spring 2017 found that, among respondents, more commuters are using CHT, up from five percent of employees to nine percent, and from 33 to 35 percent for students (refer to the previous section for a revised estimate of 2001 CHT use by students). Survey respondents were allowed to leave some questions unanswered, which have influenced the reported percentages below. For example, 131 students indicated that they live in Chapel Hill or Carrboro out of 177 students that answered this question (74%), however a total of 328 student surveys were submitted, suggesting that 151 students did not answer this question. Percentages reported below are representative of those who responded and not necessarily representative of the entire campus population.

The 2017 commuter survey continues to show potential for increased CHT ridership among University employees and students. Travel statistics from the survey reveal that for University employees:

- 34 percent of respondents live in Chapel Hill/Carrboro, but only 15 percent of all commuting employees use the bus to get to work directly from home
- 36 percent live within five miles of work
- 66 percent drive alone to work everyday
- 46 percent who live less than two miles from campus drive alone at least one day a week

Similar statistics for commuting student respondents show:

- 74 percent of survey respondents live in Chapel Hill/Carrboro (ignores unanswered questions)
- 28 percent of students use the bus to get to campus directly from home
- 75 percent live less than five miles from campus

Geocoding of employee and student home addresses confirmed that there are still many employees, and to lesser degree, students residing within ¼ mile of a bus route still driving to campus, as indicated in Table 3-5. Figure 3-1 and Figure 3-2, respectively, show the location of residences and the population within a quarter mile of a bus route. The conclusion is that with continued improvements and marketing there is potential for many more employees, and to some degree students, to use CHT to travel to the campus.

Table 3-4: Chapel Hill Transit Daily Boardings and Alightings

Table 3-5: Potential Commuter Ridership for Chapel Hill Transit

		Residence W	/ithin 1/4 Mile o	of Rus Route	Residence Ou	ıtside 1/4 Mile
		residence v	and	n Bus Route,		oute, and
	Total	Within 0.5	Within 0.5 -	Within 2.0 -	Within 0.5 -	Within 2.0 -
	Population in		2.0 Mile	5.0 Mile	2.0 Mile	5.0 Mile
	Chapel	from Bell	Radius from	Radius from	Radius from	Radius from
	Hill/Carrboro ¹	Tower	Bell Tower	Bell Tower	Bell Tower	Bell Tower
	Tilli/Carrboro	101101	2011 101101	2011 101101	2011 101101	2011 101101
STUDENTS						
Population	3,954	101	2,219	1,511	82	509
1 opulation	0,304	101	2,210	1,011	02	303
Transit use based on 2017						
survey:						
- percent			46.15%	50.00%		
- number of students			1,071	756		
Drive alone based on 2017						
survey:						
- percent			5.49%	32.69%		
- number of students			127	494		
Potential New Transit Riders			0 since not			
based on Drive Alone (50%)2			eligible for			
			permit	247		
EMPLOYEES						
Population:						
- Hospitals	1,048	5	394	539	24	549
- University	4,904	38	1,973	1,941	271	1,970
Total	5,952	43	2,367	2,480	295	2,519
T '' 1 0047						
Transit use based on 2017						
survey:			07.540/	00.000/		
- percent			27.54%	23.08%		
- number of employees			664	572		
Drive alone based on 2017						
survey:						
- percent			36.23%	55.68%		
- number of employees			873	1,381		
Potential New Transit Riders						
based on Drive Alone (40%)2			349	552		

Notes:

- Population and residence data are for 2017. Address location based on geocoding in GIS. Chapel Hill/Carrboro
 population represents addresses within the two town limits.
- 2. Percent transit riders in 0.5 to 2 mile radius includes 0 to 1/2 mile in 2017 University commuter survey. Population in 0 to 0.5 mile are subtracted since these people are unlikely to use transit.

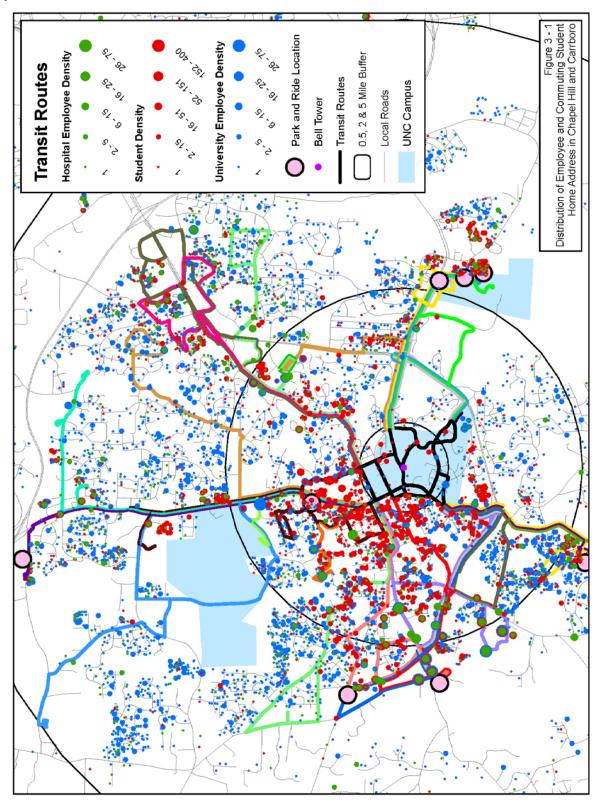
Potential new riders assumes drive alone commuters drive alone at least 50% of days.

New ridership assumes 50% of eligible drive-alone students and 40% of drive-alone employees are diverted to transit with fare free and service improvements.

Ridership would be higher if employee and student growth were considered (assuming similar proportion live in Chapel Hill/Carrboro).

3. Low student sample size and omitted responses in the 2017 commuter survey may negatively affect estimated transit ridership.

Figure 3-1: Distribution of Employee and Commuting Student Home Addresses in Chapel Hill and Carrboro



Transit Route within 0.5 - 2 Miles from Bell Tower Not within Quarter Mile of Transit Distribution of All Population within Quarter Mile Buffer within 2 - 5 Miles from Bell Tower within 0.5 Mile from Bell Tower Within Quarter Mile of Transit Chapel Hill Transit Routes 0.5 - 2 Miles from Bell Tower 2 - 5 Miles from Bell Tower Data Source Year: October 2017 University Employees Hospital Employees Carrboro-Chapel Hill Chapel Hill **UNC Bell Tower** Students

Figure 3-2: Distribution of All Population in Quarter Mile Buffer of CHT Bus Route

Chapel Hill Transit has installed global positioning systems on all vehicles, utilizing the Next Bus company's patented technology. Now riders can look on the internet or at signs installed at several bus stops, to see predicted bus arrival times in real time for the next few vehicles coming to their stop. Future improvements will be implemented as additional campus needs are identified, and in conjunction with the Towns of Chapel Hill and Carrboro. The University is committed to work with the towns in progressively moving forward with additional transit improvements such as extended hours and improved frequency. With the introduction of fare-free transit in 2002, the University has now increased its contribution to CHT to approximately \$7.7 million a year.

The University also continues to support Town of Chapel Hill initiatives to improve bus running times. This can include traffic signal priority (where equipment on the bus is used to electronically transmit a message to the signal as the bus approaches to give that direction the next green light), queue jump lanes at congested intersections, and busway lanes or treatments. Also, the University supports the purchase of state-of-the-art technology buses as the CHT fleet is replaced or expanded. New innovations include low floor vehicles and hybrid (electric-diesel) propulsion that allows buses to operate on quiet, pollution-free electric motors in areas where there are a lot of people.

As indicated above, CHT use by University commuters has already increased significantly. However, based on the 2017 commuter survey and geocoding of home addresses, Table 3-5 shows that, as of this most recent survey date, there are more employees and students who could use it. The greatest potential is with employees, as evidenced by the continuing trend of employees driving less and using transit and park and ride more.

3.2.4 Regional Transit

GoTriangle now operates 27 routes (including the RTP shuttles and the newly merged Robertson Scholars Express [RSX]) serving Chapel Hill, Durham, Raleigh, Hillsborough, Cary, Apex, Garner, Wake Forest, Knightdale, Wendell, Zebulon, Research Triangle Park (RTP), and RDU Airport. Saturday routes and shuttle services serve Chapel Hill, Durham, RTP, Raleigh, Cary, and RDU Airport. There is direct service to the campus from Durham, Raleigh (CRX), and Hillsborough (Route 420, operated by CHT). Most buses run every 30 minutes during the peak period in Chapel Hill, Durham, RTP, and Raleigh. Route 800 increased peak frequency in 2013 to roughly every 15 minutes. GoTriangle maintains online trip planners at gotriangle.org/ and through Google Transit at transit.google.com. Other improvements planned by GoTriangle include better timing of routes with local services and continued investigation of regional transit improvements to meet future regional needs.

In fall 2015 the University expanded regional transit opportunities for its commuters. The PX route, formerly operated by Chapel Hill Transit, is now operated by Chatham Transit Network (CTN). As with CHT, the University and Chatham County subsidize fares so commuters ride to UNC at no cost. Transit passes are also available to University employees, faculty, and students for CTN's CT Express route. The University entered into agreement with Piedmont Authority for Regional Transit (PART) to accept GoPasses for UNC commuters traveling from Guilford and Alamance counties to campus.

Counts provided by GoTriangle show that an estimated 250 commuters used GoTriangle in 2001. Over 2,500 University employees, faculty, and students held a GoPass in 2017.

3.2.5 Ridesharing

The 2017 commuter survey showed similar rates of ridesharing for both employees and students (see Table 3-3).

The University introduced a number of measures to encourage ridesharing (car/vanpooling), including preferential parking and emergency rides home or to park-and-ride lots. A major focus of the TDM manager is to increase ridesharing. Ridesharing is included as part of the Commuter Alternative Program (CAP) and so people who register to car or vanpool to work receive all of the incentives included in CAP. Vanpoolers get a reserved space and a \$20 subsidy toward the monthly cost of vanpooling. As of 2015, temporary employees paid by the University or Hospitals are also eligible for the \$20 monthly vanpool subsidy.

The CAP offers two ridesharing services, SharetheRideNC and Zimride, to allow potential vanpool participants a mechanism to match up with others wishing to commute from the same areas. SharetheRideNC is a free statewide website that was created to help form carpools and vanpools to improve air quality by reducing SOV trips. Zimride is a UNC funded ridesharing service that provides a private UNC-Chapel Hill ridesharing opportunity where students, staff, and faculty may find others within the UNC community to coordinate carpools and vanpools.

The projected ratio for 2017 has been maintained. Over time, this mode can be expected to become more popular as gasoline prices increase and more employees live outside of Chapel Hill. Therefore the projections from previous Updates have been retained, with additional 613 employees and 183 students on a typical day using this mode.

3.2.6 Teleworking

Title 25 of the North Carolina Administrative Code (25 NCAC 1c.0801-.0813) provides guidelines and requirements for State teleworking programs. It was adopted by the State Legislature effective April 1, 2001. The goal is to replace 20 percent of state employees' commuting miles with telework, without reducing hours worked or productivity. In addition to the environmental and traffic congestion benefits, an explicit objective of the program is to assist in recruiting and retaining employees. The state has appointed a full-time teleworking coordinator to manage the program and assist state agencies in establishing programs.

Some University employees already telework. The University supports teleworking as a trip and parking reduction strategy, and it is an element of its Transportation Demand Management (TDM) program. However, for the purpose of this study, no increase in teleworking is assumed.

3.2.7 Cycling

Bicycles are an important means of travel on and to the Main Campus. The climate, topography for parts of the campus and surrounding areas, and relatively short trips make cycling a viable travel option for many students and employees.

The 2017 Commuter Survey shows that cycling as the primary way to commute to campus has remained steady for employees (between 5 and 4 percent) and commuting students (13 percent) since 2015. Both levels are some of the highest observed during the lifetime of the commuter survey.

Bicycle (and pedestrian) counts were undertaken in November 2017 at the same locations and same day of the week as for previous TIAs. The locations are identified in Figure 3-3, and the counts summarized in Table 3-6. Counts were taken between 7:00 A.M. and 7:00 P.M. on a Tuesday, Wednesday or Thursday. The counts included cyclists crossing the street in the general area, or using the sidewalks.

A comparison of the 2001 and 2017 counts is included in the lower portion of Table 3-6. The counts run against the commuter survey results, with decreased counts in many locations, but some locations with significant increases.

There are a number of existing bicycle lanes (or wide outside lanes or shared lane markings) or paths on and around Main Campus, including:

- Cameron Avenue (Pittsboro Street to Merritt Mill Road)
- Pittsboro Street between Cameron Street and Manning Drive (one-way southbound)
- Country Club Road
- Raleigh Road (Bypass to Country Club Road)
- Martin Luther King Jr Boulevard
- South Columbia Street
- Skipper Bowles Drive
- Ridge Road

Chapel Hill, Carrboro, and the University strongly support cycling. Adopted plans for both towns include new bicycle facilities to be implemented as funding becomes available. The purpose is to ultimately develop a network of interconnected bike routes and paths, including improved access to the Main Campus and downtowns. The Town of Chapel Hill also has published a bicycle plan, based on the goal of promoting and encouraging bicycling as an alternative means of transportation to lessen traffic congestion, air pollution, and the demand for expanded parking and roadways. In 2014 UNC developed a Campus Bicycle Master Plan at the same time the Town of Chapel Hill was developing its Bicycle Master Plan. The University was subsequently awarded the Silver designation as a Bicycle Friendly University by the League of American Bicyclists for its work to improve bicycling on campus. In addition, the University launched its Tar Heel Bikes bikeshare program in fall 2017, with 100 bikes and 18 hubs across campus. The program has been extremely successful and opportunities for future growth of the program are being investigated.

As part of the Master Plan development, a bicycle plan advisory group consisting of representatives from the University and the towns was convened to discuss campus needs, and to identify potential bike routes. The group formulated the following Main Campus biking mission:

To design efficient bicycle transit routes which are safe for bicyclists and pedestrians; to develop adequate bicycle parking facilities, educational programs, and enforcement; to implement policies and incentives to support transportation by bicycle; and to develop architectural guidelines for buildings which include attention to showers and clothing storage for bicycle commuters.

The overall goal is to encourage more cycling, to improve safety for cyclists, and in particular, to cater to the inexperienced or uninitiated cyclist.

Figure 3-3: Bicycle and Pedestrian Count Locations

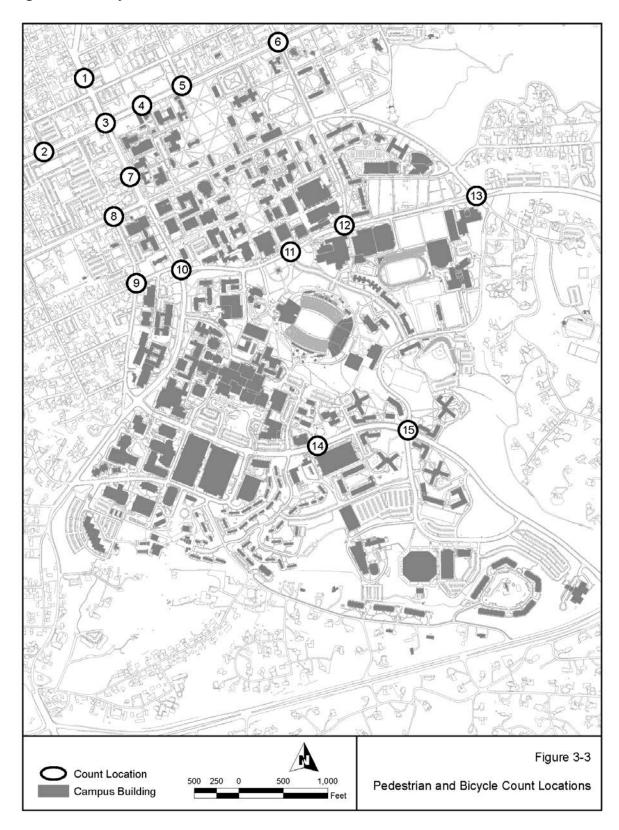


Table 3-6: Bicycle Counts

					2001				
Location		North-So	uth		East-Wes	t	North-	South/East	-West*
Location	AM Peak	PM Peak	Daily Total	AM Peak	PM Peak	Daily Total	AM Book	PM Peak	Daily Total
Columbia Street between Rosemary Street and Airport Road		25	318		ot applica			lot applicabl	
Franklin Street and Church Street	7	13	44	10	23	231	3	5	44
Franklin Street and North Columbia Street	40	20	358	16	20	360	11	6	80
Franklin Street at Coffee Shop	4	9	66	14	14	181	N	е	
Franklin Street and Henderson Street	7	11	117	7	11	96	3	2	22
Franklin Street and Hillsborough-Raleigh Street	9	9	119	6	8	80	5	5	43
7. Columbia Street at Fraternity Court	25	19	336	6	10	106	N	lot applicabl	е
Cameron Avenue and Pittsboro Street	2	5	32	69	53	872	9	4	62
McCauley Street and Pittsboro Street	18	10	134	30	22	239	9	20	148
10. McCauley Street/South Road and Columbia Street	19	23	272	26	20	251	8	17	179
11. South Road at Bell Tower/Stadium Drive	35	30	502	19	25	360	6	5	42
12. Raleigh Street and South Road	13	11	177	16	14	209	11	11	139
13. Country Club Road and South Road	4	5	56	6	9	67	8	7	102
14. Manning Drive at Craige Deck	9	9	91	6	4	45	2	8	24
15. Manning Drive and Ridge Road	25	28	293	5	9	63	3	4	37

	2003											
Location		North-So	uth		East-Wes	st	North-	South/East-	West*			
Location	AM	PM	Daily	AM	PM	Daily			Daily			
	Peak	Peak	Total	Peak	Peak	Total	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total			
1. Columbia Street between Rosemary Street and Airport Road	24	25	206	N	ot applica	ble	N	lot applicabl	е			
Franklin Street and Church Street	2	1	9	18	27	195	5	11	75			
Franklin Street and North Columbia Street	13	24	169	18	23	181	6	9	67			
Franklin Street at Coffee Shop	6	9	57	13	21	166	N	е				
5. Franklin Street and Henderson Street	8	5	45	9	8	60	5	5	37			
Franklin Street and Hillsborough-Raleigh Street	14	13	92	7	10	70	5	5	38			
7. Columbia Street at Fraternity Court	35	41	303	12	13	113	N	lot applicabl	e			
Cameron Avenue and Pittsboro Street	0	0	0	64	50	539	17	11	116			
McCauley Street and Pittsboro Street	19	15	54	4	11	83	14	9	80			
10. McCauley Street/South Road and Columbia Street	16	18	123	18	19	143	10	22	131			
11. South Road at Bell Tower/Stadium Drive	18	16	138	19	22	152	14	16	100			
12. Raleigh Street and South Road	10	12	61	29	15	130	12	13	104			
13. Country Club Road and South Road	3	9	42	6	7	40	26	5	83			
14. Manning Drive at Craige Deck	5	6	29	7	6	33	3	2	12			
15. Manning Drive and Ridge Road	14	17	102	4	11	58	2	3	19			

					2005				
Location		North-So	uth		East-Wes	t	North-	South/East	-West*
Location	AM	PM	Daily	AM	PM	Daily			Daily
	Peak	Peak	Total	Peak	Peak	Total	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total
1. Columbia Street between Rosemary Street and Airport Road	30	29	218	N	ot applica	ble	N	lot applicabl	е
Franklin Street and Church Street	1	5	16	19	32	196	11	14	82
Franklin Street and North Columbia Street	26	30	198	18	26	168	10	14	93
Franklin Street at Coffee Shop	5	12	58	12	21	134	N	е	
Franklin Street and Henderson Street	12	10	63	6	12	57	2	4	14
Franklin Street and Hillsborough-Raleigh Street	13	10	63	10	6	38	5	4	18
7. Columbia Street at Fraternity Court	37	43	296	7	5	29	N	lot applicabl	е
Cameron Avenue and Pittsboro Street	0	0	0	49	95	460	24	17	118
McCauley Street and Pittsboro Street	15	13	82	19	16	135	13	12	81
McCauley Street/South Road and Columbia Street	10	20	108	23	15	131	15	22	154
11. South Road at Bell Tower/Stadium Drive	0	2	2	14	10	86	1	0	1
12. Raleigh Street and South Road	18	15	114	9	15	65	10	11	62
13. Country Club Road and South Road	5	10	38	11	10	50	10	13	62
14. Manning Drive at Craige Deck	9	9	69	6	6	30	2	8	27
15. Manning Drive and Ridge Road	21	28	182	19	19	145	9	4	36

					2007				
Location		North-So	uth		East-Wes	st	North-	South/East	-West*
Location	AM	PM	Daily	AM	PM	Daily			Daily
	Peak	Peak	Total	Peak	Peak	Total	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total
1. Columbia Street between Rosemary Street and Airport Road	27	33	197	N	ot applica	ble	N	lot applicabl	е
Franklin Street and Church Street	4	9	51	21	26	181	11	13	85
Franklin Street and North Columbia Street	40	34	254	22	27	220	15	13	106
Franklin Street at Coffee Shop	10	15	96	0	11	45	N	е	
Franklin Street and Henderson Street	2	3	24	13	32	138	3	3	19
Franklin Street and Hillsborough-Raleigh Street	14	9	101	4	19	78	7	7	42
7. Columbia Street at Fraternity Court	27	32	214	1	1	5	N	lot applicabl	е
Cameron Avenue and Pittsboro Street	0	3	11	105	122	768	27	15	173
McCauley Street and Pittsboro Street	21	17	125	32	26	214	29	19	120
10. McCauley Street/South Road and Columbia Street	11	12	75	2	12	51	12	12	92
11. South Road at Bell Tower/Stadium Drive	65	70	605	27	25	301	46	72	562
12. Raleigh Street and South Road	3	27	33	24	5	166	21	25	116
13. Country Club Road and South Road	4	11	45	11	12	48	11	10	63
14. Manning Drive at Craige Deck	22	21	171	3	5	38	9	13	84
15. Manning Drive and Ridge Road	29	29	215	27	31	208	4	4	27

* Represents cyclists who turned the corner and did not cross the street.

Counts were taken in during the Fall of 2011 while the University was in session. The peaks summarized are the bicycle peak periods and do not necessarily coincide with vehicle peak hours.

Table 3-6: Bicycle Counts (cont.)

	2009											
Location		North-So	uth		East-Wes	st	North-	South/East	·West*			
Location	AM Peak	PM Peak	Daily Total	AM Peak	PM Peak	Daily Total	AM Peak	PM Peak	Daily Total			
1. Columbia Street between Rosemary Street and Airport Road	38	40	221	N	ot applica	ble	N	lot applicabl	е			
Franklin Street and Church Street	3	0	15	20	37	209	19	10	102			
Franklin Street and North Columbia Street	42	32	254	23	36	235	27	23	178			
Franklin Street at Coffee Shop	0	2	4	0	0	0	N	Not applicable				
Franklin Street and Henderson Street	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Franklin Street and Hillsborough-Raleigh Street	11	21	134	11	9	75	10	2	62			
7. Columbia Street at Fraternity Court	44	39	339	0	8	12	N	lot applicabl	е			
Cameron Avenue and Pittsboro Street	2	0	12	152	146	1,048	69	44	419			
McCauley Street and Pittsboro Street	79	46	368	10	15	77	47	23	269			
10. McCauley Street/South Road and Columbia Street	10	34	194	32	21	198	15	24	179			
11. South Road at Bell Tower/Stadium Drive	74	93	825	22	32	251	65	17	197			
12. Raleigh Street and South Road	4	0	9	17	19	136	29	33	270			
13. Country Club Road and South Road	6	12	43	9	6	59	7	19	83			
14. Manning Drive at Craige Deck	14	19	159	11	10	60	14	12	89			
15. Manning Drive and Ridge Road	31	22	181	23	25	219	1	0	26			

					2011				
Location		North-So	uth		East-Wes	st	North-	South/East-	·West*
Escation	AM	PM	Daily	AM	PM	Daily			Daily
	Peak	Peak	Total	Peak	Peak	Total	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total
1. Columbia Street between Rosemary Street and Airport Road	23	32	192	N	ot applica	ble	N	lot applicabl	е
Franklin Street and Church Street		**			**				
Franklin Street and North Columbia Street	48	43	236	21	26	210	14	27	150
Franklin Street at Coffee Shop	2	9	57	15	17	104	N	е	
Franklin Street and Henderson Street	7	24	141	15	23	147	3	11	55
Franklin Street and Hillsborough-Raleigh Street	12	14	93	1	16	70	6	13	53
7. Columbia Street at Fraternity Court	32	44	309	5	9	77	N	lot applicabl	е
Cameron Avenue and Pittsboro Street	0	1	2	151	95	851	10	8	111
McCauley Street and Pittsboro Street	19	13	134	49	41	251	26	28	189
10. McCauley Street/South Road and Columbia Street	22	26	195	31	22	189	16	14	121
11. South Road at Bell Tower/Stadium Drive	3	50	109	22	14	222	11	0	50
12. Raleigh Street and South Road	31	15	186	13	18	149	31	36	310
13. Country Club Road and South Road	0	5	17	4	6	34	7	5	36
14. Manning Drive at Craige Deck	26	16	137	4	5	20	5	5	43
15. Manning Drive and Ridge Road	26	31	222	36	24	225	0	1	8

					2013				
Location		North-So	uth		East-Wes	st	North-	South/East	·West*
Location	AM	PM	Daily	AM	PM	Daily			Daily
	Peak	Peak	Total	Peak	Peak	Total	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total
1. Columbia Street between Rosemary Street and Airport Road	29	26	186	N	ot applica	ble	N	lot applicabl	е
Franklin Street and Church Street	11	4	45	8	14	134	18	15	92
Franklin Street and North Columbia Street	39	23	186	13	15	129	16	12	129
Franklin Street at Coffee Shop	10	9	65	7	10	88	N	е	
Franklin Street and Henderson Street	4	10	49	7	13	64	3	3	24
Franklin Street and Hillsborough-Raleigh Street	12	10	91	7	9	56	5	6	42
7. Columbia Street at Fraternity Court	43	63	446	4	8	51	N	lot applicabl	е
Cameron Avenue and Pittsboro Street	7	7	70	130	28	492	27	90	418
McCauley Street and Pittsboro Street	10	6	89	36	38	285	39	29	256
10. McCauley Street/South Road and Columbia Street	13	34	161	34	19	267	36	23	263
11. South Road at Bell Tower/Stadium Drive	59	67	405	31	21	289	33	27	364
12. Raleigh Street and South Road	7	7	49	38	34	279	22	21	177
13. Country Club Road and South Road	4	7	27	5	7	34	7	3	30
14. Manning Drive at Craige Deck	23	17	126	10	3	37	2	3	25
15. Manning Drive and Ridge Road	32	25	221	38	30	256	3	9	39

					2015					
Location		North-So	uth		East-Wes	st	North-	South/East	-West*	
Location	AM	PM	Daily	AM	PM	Daily			Daily	
	Peak	Peak	Total	Peak	Peak	Total	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total	
1. Columbia Street between Rosemary Street and Airport Road	19	20	140	N	ot applica	ble	N	lot applicabl	le	
Franklin Street and Church Street	0	1	8	8	18	141	14	8	89	
Franklin Street and North Columbia Street	19	17	151	18	16	123	17	12	97	
Franklin Street at Coffee Shop	4	12	63	8	5	36	N	Not applicable		
Franklin Street and Henderson Street	12	8	73	5	9	56	3	2	18	
Franklin Street and Hillsborough-Raleigh Street	13	9	65	12	6	51	4	0	11	
7. Columbia Street at Fraternity Court	34	31	302	6	25	89	N	lot applicable	e	
Cameron Avenue and Pittsboro Street	0	1	3	111	72	589	25	5	91	
McCauley Street and Pittsboro Street	15	6	70	41	33	276	37	9	148	
10. McCauley Street/South Road and Columbia Street	39	39	299	18	22	168	12	15	101	
11. South Road at Bell Tower/Stadium Drive	53	1	265	28	37	253	25	36	298	
12. Raleigh Street and South Road	14	12	129	18	16	158	10	3	23	
13. Country Club Road and South Road	4	6	26	9	10	52	4	5	44	
14. Manning Drive at Craige Deck	18	13	123	9	5	45	4	1	14	
15. Manning Drive and Ridge Road	27	26	194	26	24	198	3	3	19	

Table 3-6: Bicycle Counts (cont.)

	2017											
Location		North-So	uth		East-Wes	st	North-	South/East-	·West*			
Location	AM Peak	PM Peak	Daily Total	AM Peak	PM Peak	Daily Total	AM Peak	PM Peak	Daily Total			
1. Columbia Street between Rosemary Street and Airport Road	15	32	174	N	ot applica	ble	N	lot applicabl	е			
Franklin Street and Church Street	2	1	5	2	5	15	2	9	21			
Franklin Street and North Columbia Street	54	26	181	21	54	288	22	18	174			
Franklin Street at Coffee Shop	7	15	63	20	20	88	N	е				
5. Franklin Street and Henderson Street	6	7	51	5	5	27	2	2	13			
Franklin Street and Hillsborough-Raleigh Street	13	5	65	4	8	32	2	7	35			
7. Columbia Street at Fraternity Court	5	3	15	29	37	226	N	lot applicabl	е			
Cameron Avenue and Pittsboro Street	1	2	8	135	84	605	20	12	107			
McCauley Street and Pittsboro Street	19	12	110	47	35	267	26	22	197			
10. McCauley Street/South Road and Columbia Street	10	14	81	25	32	190	10	13	78			
11. South Road at Bell Tower/Stadium Drive	50	53	461	28	30	257	59	63	500			
12. Raleigh Street and South Road	12	8	125	14	16	150	8	13	32			
13. Country Club Road and South Road	5	5	25	2	3	12	3	4	21			
14. Manning Drive at Craige Deck	9	5	37	1	3	13	1	2	7			
15. Manning Drive and Ridge Road	14	15	108	23	26	184	1	4	10			

				2001-201	17 Perce	nt Chan	ige		
Location		North-Sou	uth		East-Wes	t	North-	South/East	-West*
Location	AM	PM	Daily	AM	PM	Daily			Daily
	Peak	Peak	Total	Peak	Peak	Total	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total
1. Columbia Street between Rosemary Street and Airport Road	-52%	28%	-45%	N	ot applica	ble	N	lot applicab	le
Franklin Street and Church Street	-71%	-92%	-89%	-80%	-78%	-94%	-33%	80%	-52%
Franklin Street and North Columbia Street	35%	30%	-49%	31%	170%	-20%	100%	200%	118%
Franklin Street at Coffee Shop	75%	67%	-5%	43%	43%	-51%	N	le	
5. Franklin Street and Henderson Street	-14%	-36%	-56%	-29%	-55%	-72%	-33%	0%	-41%
Franklin Street and Hillsborough-Raleigh Street	44%	-44%	-45%	-33%	0%	-60%	-60%	40%	-19%
7. Columbia Street at Fraternity Court	-80%	-84%	-96%	383%	270%	113%	N	ot applicab	le
Cameron Avenue and Pittsboro Street	-50%	-60%	-75%	96%	58%	-31%	122%	200%	73%
McCauley Street and Pittsboro Street	6%	20%	-18%	57%	59%	12%	189%	10%	33%
10. McCauley Street/South Road and Columbia Street	-47%	-39%	-70%	-4%	60%	-24%	25%	-24%	-56%
11. South Road at Bell Tower/Stadium Drive	43%	77%	-8%	47%	20%	-29%	883%	1160%	1090%
12. Raleigh Street and South Road	-8%	-27%	-29%	-13%	14%	-28%	-27%	18%	-77%
13. Country Club Road and South Road	25%	0%	-55%	-67%	-67%	-82%	-63%	-43%	-79%
14. Manning Drive at Craige Deck	0%	-44%	-59%	-83%	-25%	-71%	-50%	-75%	-71%
15. Manning Drive and Ridge Road	-44%	-46%	-63%	360%	189%	192%	-67%	0%	-73%

^{*} Represents cyclists who turned the corner and did not cross the street.

** Location not counted in 2011 to due to construction.

Counts were taken in during the Fall while the University was in session. The peaks summarized are the bicycle peak periods and do not necessarily coincide with vehicle peak hours.

Table 3-7: Pedestrian Counts

					2001				
Location	ı	North-South	1		East-West		North-	South/East	-West*
Location			Daily			Daily			Daily
	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total
1. Columbia Street between Rosemary Street and Airport Road	95	78	1,139	N	lot applicabl	е	N	lot applicabl	е
Franklin Street and Church Street	50	96	647	90	158	2,313	9	10	108
Franklin Street and North Columbia Street	217	337	4,101	236	437	5,534	57	70	830
Franklin Street at Coffee Shop	247	439	4,422	272	280	4,468	N	е	
Franklin Street and Henderson Street	244	440	4,389	130	166	2,281	31	49	472
Franklin Street and Hillsborough-Raleigh Street	54	87	948	26	28	420	19	31	387
7. Columbia Street at Fraternity Court	131	311	2,914	403	454	4,126	N	lot applicabl	е
Cameron Avenue and Pittsboro Street	14	29	344	216	274	2,741	23	12	211
McCauley Street and Pittsboro Street	37	56	754	90	108	1,524	28	40	450
10. McCauley Street/South Road and Columbia Street	139	242	2,124	47	78	971	71	60	838
11. South Road at Bell Tower/Stadium Drive	784	708	10,064	187	200	2,701	73	50	496
12. Raleigh Street and South Road	334	331	4,197	121	105	1,448	75	41	646
13. Country Club Road and South Road	23	64	537	33	46	495	115	75	1,238
14. Manning Drive at Craige Deck	65	61	964	12	53	332	20	20	191
15. Manning Drive and Ridge Road	293	423	4,963	79	192	2,020	20	18	288

					2003				
Location		North-South	1		East-West		North-	South/East	-West*
Location			Daily			Daily			Daily
	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total
1. Columbia Street between Rosemary Street and Airport Road	115	141	1,083	N	lot applicabl	е	N	lot applicabl	е
Franklin Street and Church Street	26	50	313	178	277	2,069	18	51	275
Franklin Street and North Columbia Street	329	606	4,088	407	747	5,145	107	107	890
Franklin Street at Coffee Shop	336	638	3,818	472	849	5,891	N	lot applicabl	е
Franklin Street and Henderson Street	386	719	4,263	139	346	2,118	85	93	797
Franklin Street and Hillsborough-Raleigh Street	96	131	984	40	66	499	24	55	382
7. Columbia Street at Fraternity Court	343	503	3,369	731	590	4,907	N	lot applicabl	е
Cameron Avenue and Pittsboro Street	15	27	131	257	313	2,357	45	87	601
McCauley Street and Pittsboro Street	86	86	627	79	108	801	53	66	552
McCauley Street/South Road and Columbia Street	336	367	2,485	77	97	807	117	143	1,169
11. South Road at Bell Tower/Stadium Drive	1,550	1,872	17,216	220	264	2,417	728	386	4,573
12. Raleigh Street and South Road	157	288	1,761	284	281	2,373	51	68	548
13. Country Club Road and South Road	23	58	330	65	85	563	55	99	591
14. Manning Drive at Craige Deck	318	311	2,473	94	166	1,090	47	62	366
15. Manning Drive and Ridge Road	410	580	4,171	216	311	2,490	35	23	196

					2005				
Location	ı	North-South	1		East-West		North-	South/East	-West*
Location			Daily			Daily			Daily
	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total
1. Columbia Street between Rosemary Street and Airport Road	158	125	1,125	N	lot applicabl	е	N	lot applicabl	е
Franklin Street and Church Street	38	51	411	155	257	1,752	24	16	131
Franklin Street and North Columbia Street	353	724	4,389	431	769	5,317	128	248	1,226
Franklin Street at Coffee Shop	392	708	4,232	526	802	5,471	N	lot applicabl	е
Franklin Street and Henderson Street	398	718	3,868	98	211	1,089	48	93	485
Franklin Street and Hillsborough-Raleigh Street	81	114	866	32	75	359	28	5	95
7. Columbia Street at Fraternity Court	419	812	4,432	666	715	5,214	N	lot applicabl	е
Cameron Avenue and Pittsboro Street	5	15	61	316	327	2,445	47	86	519
McCauley Street and Pittsboro Street	70	107	763	97	115	897	40	50	286
10. McCauley Street/South Road and Columbia Street	276	347	2,173	83	151	1,001	177	267	2,030
11. South Road at Bell Tower/Stadium Drive	1,169	1,679	13,457	248	345	2,318	539	628	3,390
12. Raleigh Street and South Road	420	542	3,602	271	309	1,907	20	21	123
13. Country Club Road and South Road	30	88	316	56	78	447	89	137	873
14. Manning Drive at Craige Deck	327	317	2,696	32	83	469	29	78	396
15. Manning Drive and Ridge Road	407	519	4,094	300	333	2,783	126	47	433

					2007				
Location	1	North-South	1		East-West		North-	South/East	-West*
Location			Daily			Daily			Daily
	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total
1. Columbia Street between Rosemary Street and Airport Road	139	119	874	N	lot applicabl	е	N	lot applicab	le
Franklin Street and Church Street	48	125	754	132	279	2,073	22	39	188
Franklin Street and North Columbia Street	407	606	4,107	376	687	5,190	67	87	1,068
Franklin Street at Coffee Shop	291	716	3,876	202	243	1,832	N	lot applicab	e
Franklin Street and Henderson Street	372	721	3,919	82	229	1,407	145	140	1,232
Franklin Street and Hillsborough-Raleigh Street	128	191	1,089	22	61	413	26	21	235
7. Columbia Street at Fraternity Court	325	271	2,476	869	840	5,285	N	lot applicab	e
Cameron Avenue and Pittsboro Street	26	39	258	373	368	2,985	42	82	523
McCauley Street and Pittsboro Street	102	162	1,132	138	146	1,156	47	38	475
10. McCauley Street/South Road and Columbia Street	327	296	2,142	293	384	2,294	463	430	3,480
11. South Road at Bell Tower/Stadium Drive	1,586	1,765	15,913	303	531	3,869	778	667	3,670
12. Raleigh Street and South Road	340	331	2,622	425	386	3,549	46	51	533
13. Country Club Road and South Road	33	79	339	60	90	435	56	88	408
14. Manning Drive at Craige Deck	545	759	5,406	86	114	956	55	93	629
15. Manning Drive and Ridge Road	405	374	3,433	361	430	3,435	33	41	339

^{*} Represents pedestrians who remained on the sidewalk and turned the comer rather than cross the street.

Counts were taken in the Fall of 2011 while the University was in session. The peaks summarized are the pedestrian peak periods and do not necessarily coincide with vehicle peak hours.

Table 3-7: Pedestrian Counts (cont.)

					2009				-
Location	1	North-South	h		East-West		North-	South/East	-West*
Location			Daily			Daily			Daily
	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total
Columbia Street between Rosemary Street and Airport Road	141	145	1,057	N	lot applicabl	е	N	lot applicabl	e
Franklin Street and Church Street	67	99	714	135	332	2,235	11	11	122
Franklin Street and North Columbia Street	349	585	3,927	340	684	5,157	44	111	805
Franklin Street at Coffee Shop	315	567	3,392	260	618	3,703	N	lot applicabl	е
Franklin Street and Henderson Street	121	313	1,650	111	201	1,663	320	409	3,427
Franklin Street and Hillsborough-Raleigh Street	102	175	1,138	27	47	400	60	45	448
7. Columbia Street at Fraternity Court	678	562	5,014	16	17	112	N	lot applicabl	e
Cameron Avenue and Pittsboro Street	55	51	330	248	283	2,504	57	93	694
McCauley Street and Pittsboro Street	91	188	1,008	78	55	526	124	123	1,167
10. McCauley Street/South Road and Columbia Street	320	539	2,543	486	343	2,880	100	152	1,155
11. South Road at Bell Tower/Stadium Drive	1,774	1,981	17,097	432	436	3,809	106	109	1,251
12. Raleigh Street and South Road	249	281	2,470	389	408	3,578	0	5	139
13. Country Club Road and South Road	18	61	290	47	45	311	21	53	294
14. Manning Drive at Craige Deck	438	559	4,045	38	117	799	38	72	570
15. Manning Drive and Ridge Road	493	673	4,691	351	630	3,855	0	1	19

					2011				
Location		North-South	1		East-West		North-	South/East	-West*
Location			Daily			Daily			Daily
	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total
1. Columbia Street between Rosemary Street and Airport Road	100	158	977	N	lot applicabl	е	N	lot applicab	е
Franklin Street and Church Street		**			**			**	
Franklin Street and North Columbia Street	382	690	5,619	586	760	6,640	49	117	870
Franklin Street at Coffee Shop	397	578	3,951	247	559	3,649	N	lot Applicab	le
Franklin Street and Henderson Street	355	626	4,153	135	250	1,895	126	130	874
Franklin Street and Hillsborough-Raleigh Street	110	149	947	33	116	526	19	36	262
7. Columbia Street at Fraternity Court	259	470	3,451	919	705	5,930	N	lot applicab	е
Cameron Avenue and Pittsboro Street	49	84	592	418	376	3,003	20	32	273
McCauley Street and Pittsboro Street	78	140	953	176	229	1,612	54	50	428
10. McCauley Street/South Road and Columbia Street	387	603	2,884	239	303	1,856	85	61	592
11. South Road at Bell Tower/Stadium Drive	1,359	1,577	11,608	262	286	2,760	56	98	871
12. Raleigh Street and South Road	496	495	3,611	467	536	3,722	101	46	531
13. Country Club Road and South Road	16	36	205	22	26	218	22	39	251
14. Manning Drive at Craige Deck	438	507	4,068	61	95	670	69	89	637
15. Manning Drive and Ridge Road	539	772	4,106	362	518	3,257	9	13	76

					2013				
Location	1	North-South	1		East-West		North-	South/East	-West*
Location			Daily			Daily			Daily
	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total
1. Columbia Street between Rosemary Street and Airport Road	132	138	1,088	N	lot applicab	е	N	lot applicab	le
Franklin Street and Church Street	147	208	1,526	152	312	2,476	34	49	395
Franklin Street and North Columbia Street	451	622	5,026	413	577	5,785	296	519	3,454
Franklin Street at Coffee Shop	515	679	5,350	551	673	5,625	N	lot Applicab	le
Franklin Street and Henderson Street	268	552	3,517	81	162	1,329	68	162	921
Franklin Street and Hillsborough-Raleigh Street	137	139	1,171	67	73	632	38	80	425
7. Columbia Street at Fraternity Court	769	718	6,025	1,125	646	5,858	N	lot applicab	le
Cameron Avenue and Pittsboro Street	45	62	411	376	429	3,179	54	62	516
McCauley Street and Pittsboro Street	103	124	1,035	133	172	1,335	138	155	1,201
 McCauley Street/South Road and Columbia Street 	325	381	2,454	444	416	2,525	693	289	2,547
11. South Road at Bell Tower/Stadium Drive	721	746	7,001	226	283	2,324	520	470	4,940
12. Raleigh Street and South Road	409	494	4,004	651	714	5,995	15	63	451
13. Country Club Road and South Road	43	22	191	26	31	244	61	72	593
14. Manning Drive at Craige Deck	453	455	3,954	60	83	749	45	65	449
15. Manning Drive and Ridge Road	525	582	4,458	460	501	4,007	36	70	422

					2015				
Location	1	North-South	1		East-West		North-	South/East	-West*
Location			Daily			Daily			Daily
	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total
1. Columbia Street between Rosemary Street and Airport Road	108	130	1,019	N	lot applicabl	e	N	lot applicabl	e
Franklin Street and Church Street	15	37	265	206	395	2,899	98	34	543
Franklin Street and North Columbia Street	172	493	3,560	262	621	4,834	42	62	462
Franklin Street at Coffee Shop	271	468	4,033	141	233	2,063	N	lot Applicab	le
Franklin Street and Henderson Street	284	391	3,817	67	229	1,351	27	17	159
Franklin Street and Hillsborough-Raleigh Street	112	144	1,150	54	66	565	12	21	162
7. Columbia Street at Fraternity Court	274	331	3,916	592	374	4,568	N	lot applicabl	e
Cameron Avenue and Pittsboro Street	38	53	504	574	482	4,114	38	40	467
McCauley Street and Pittsboro Street	136	147	1,356	195	189	1,515	32	31	297
10. McCauley Street/South Road and Columbia Street	315	341	2,941	302	345	2,878	124	139	1,022
11. South Road at Bell Tower/Stadium Drive	374	5	3,258	351	379	4,262	420	327	3,552
12. Raleigh Street and South Road	260	376	3,234	448	385	4,477	96	30	332
13. Country Club Road and South Road	63	53	365	34	36	252	29	31	303
14. Manning Drive at Craige Deck	408	435	3,909	56	110	711	33	66	338
15. Manning Drive and Ridge Road	417	571	4,039	386	516	3,494	5	9	41

Table 3-7: Pedestrian Counts (cont.)

					2017				
Location		North-South	1		East-West		North-	South/East	-West*
Location			Daily			Daily			Daily
	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total
1. Columbia Street between Rosemary Street and Airport Road	110	136	967	N	lot applicabl	е	N	lot applicab	ie
Franklin Street and Church Street	102	159	925	45	52	475	12	54	95
Franklin Street and North Columbia Street	320	441	4,085	485	712	5,111	30	48	444
Franklin Street at Coffee Shop	315	374	2,709	620	833	6,177	N	lot applicab	ie
Franklin Street and Henderson Street	414	531	3,947	140	179	1,061	43	19	154
Franklin Street and Hillsborough-Raleigh Street	106	109	1,005	36	90	521	22	46	308
7. Columbia Street at Fraternity Court	828	987	7,237	583	532	4,196	N	lot applicab	e
Cameron Avenue and Pittsboro Street	59	113	648	682	665	5,156	63	66	480
McCauley Street and Pittsboro Street	104	159	1,100	194	226	1,523	27	45	131
10. McCauley Street/South Road and Columbia Street	263	304	1,976	278	382	2,178	85	125	811
11. South Road at Bell Tower/Stadium Drive	779	644	6,101	237	294	2,180	608	468	4,696
12. Raleigh Street and South Road	460	553	3,515	386	617	3,547	19	40	303
13. Country Club Road and South Road	15	36	202	26	25	178	42	33	264
14. Manning Drive at Craige Deck	336	388	3,002	22	40	228	12	18	118
15. Manning Drive and Ridge Road	838	402	4,327	524	492	3,867	23	15	118

				2001-201	7 Percent	Change			
Location	ı	North-South	1		East-West		North-	South/East	-West*
Location			Daily			Daily			Daily
	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total	AM Peak	PM Peak	Total
1. Columbia Street between Rosemary Street and Airport Road	16%	74%	-15%	N	lot applicabl	е	N	ot applicabl	е
Franklin Street and Church Street	104%	66%	43%	-50%	-67%	-79%	33%	440%	-12%
Franklin Street and North Columbia Street	47%	31%	0%	106%	63%	-8%	-47%	-31%	-47%
Franklin Street at Coffee Shop	28%	-15%	-39%	128%	198%	38%	N	ot applicabl	е
Franklin Street and Henderson Street	70%	21%	-10%	8%	8%	-53%	39%	-61%	-67%
Franklin Street and Hillsborough-Raleigh Street	96%	25%	6%	38%	221%	24%	16%	48%	-20%
7. Columbia Street at Fraternity Court	532%	217%	148%	45%	17%	2%	N	ot applicabl	е
Cameron Avenue and Pittsboro Street	321%	290%	88%	216%	143%	88%	174%	450%	127%
McCauley Street and Pittsboro Street	181%	184%	46%	116%	109%	0%	-4%	13%	-71%
10. McCauley Street/South Road and Columbia Street	89%	26%	-7%	491%	390%	124%	20%	108%	-3%
11. South Road at Bell Tower/Stadium Drive	-1%	-9%	-39%	27%	47%	-19%	733%	836%	847%
12. Raleigh Street and South Road	38%	67%	-16%	219%	488%	145%	-75%	-2%	-53%
13. Country Club Road and South Road	-35%	-44%	-62%	-21%	-46%	-64%	-63%	-56%	-79%
14. Manning Drive at Craige Deck	417%	536%	211%	83%	-25%	-31%	-40%	-10%	-38%
15. Manning Drive and Ridge Road	186%	-5%	-13%	563%	156%	91%	15%	-17%	-59%

* Represents pedestrians who remained on the sidewalk and turned the corner rather than cross the street.

** Location not counted in 2011 to due to construction.

Counts were taken in the Fall while the University was in session. The peaks summarized are the pedestrian peak periods and do not necessarily coincide with vehicle peak hours.

A number of improvements were identified and included in the Master Plan. While these do not provide a complete network of bicycle routes on Main Campus, they enhance connectivity and safety at a reasonable cost, and with minimal adverse impacts. Recommended improvements include education, encouragement and enforcement programs that do not involve roadway infrastructure changes. These recommendations are described in Chapter 5 of the Bicycle Master Plan. These improvements are in addition to a commitment to control traffic speeds on campus streets and to improve safety for cyclists and pedestrians, particularly through active construction areas. Specific improvements to encourage cycling include:

- Bicycle Ambassador Program to perform outreach.
- Marketing campaign to promote mutual respect between cyclists and motorists.
- Bicycle education classes through Campus Recreation.
- New student orientation that includes bicycle safety components.
- Improved bicycle registration and safety outreach.
- Employee training on multi-modal travel, including staff who operate UNC-owned vehicles on campus.
- Annual student bike ride event to support the Cyclicious event each fall.
- Pursuit of a Bike Share System in cooperation with the Town of Chapel Hill; the University launched the Tar Heel Bikes bikeshare program in fall 2017.

Other recommendations that emerged from the Master Plan address the importance of supporting facilities and policies, and include:

- Designing all new roads that are included in the Development Plan to safely accommodate cyclists.
- Development of a comprehensive bicycle resources webpage (https://move.unc.edu/bike/).
- Updates to the (digital) campus map to include bicycle facilities, amenities, and wayfinding.
- The planning and design of new buildings and facilities to include showers, along with storage for bicycles and cyclists' equipment.

Improvements on Main Campus and within the towns will be implemented over time. The University has been invited to appoint, and has appointed, an employee to serve on the Town of Chapel Hill's Transportation & Connectivity Board. The University is working in similar ways with the Town of Carrboro in its bike planning efforts. The University believes it is appropriate for the University and Towns to jointly undertake these investigations using data that will be collected by the University and Town, GIS data, and other information that may be relevant.

For the purpose of estimating transportation needs for the Development Plan, no increase in cycling is assumed.

3.2.8 Pedestrians

A priority objective of the Master Plan was to create a more pedestrian-friendly and accessible campus. Numerous pedestrian enhancements, including pedestrian bridges, are included in the plan. While the pedestrian environment will be improved, it is unlikely that this alone will divert a significant number of drive-alone commuters.

The 2017 Commuter Survey indicates increases in walking amongst employees (from 1 to 2 percent) and commuting students (from 5 to 9 percent). Mode share for walking has fluctuated in prior years, and it is generally correlated with transit usage (as one goes up the other goes down). Pedestrian counts were undertaken in November, 2017, at the same locations the same day of the week as for the previous TIAs. The locations are identified in Figure 3-3, and the counts summarized in Table 3-7. Counts were taken between 7:00 A.M. and 7:00 P.M. on a Tuesday, Wednesday or Thursday. The counts include pedestrians crossing the street in the general vicinity of the intersection, as well as those on the sidewalks. Identical surveys will be undertaken for subsequent updates of the TIA to monitor changes in pedestrian activity.

A comparison of the 2001, 2003, 2005, 2007, 2009, 2011, 2013, 2015, and 2017 counts is included in the lower portion of Table 3-7. This indicates that there has been shifts in pedestrian activity since 2001, with some locations seeing big increases and some locations seeing decreases in pedestrian activity.

3.2.9 Park-and-Ride

Park-and-ride continues to be one of the key and most successful strategies for reducing Main Campus parking needs. The intent of the University, in cooperation with the Town, is to offer commuters a well-planned and operated park-and-ride system providing a level of convenience approaching that of peripheral parking lots on Main Campus.

Starting in 2013, fees are now implemented for all UNC Park & Ride lot permits. The permit fee for employees is based on salary, and ranges from \$229 to \$394 per year. The permit fee for students is \$171.95 for the academic year or \$229 for the full year. Temporary permits are available for \$2 per day or \$6 per week. The introduction of park-and-ride fees has been associated with a drop in use, with employee use dropping from 16 percent in the 2013 commuter survey to 7 percent in 2015, and student use declining as well (12 percent in 2013 to 6 percent in 2015). Note the 2013 survey was conducted before the pricing changes. This drop in park-and-ride use is also reflected in the counts of park-and-ride lots (Table 3-8); note that 2015, and 2017 counts were taken after the pricing changes took effect.

Existing park-and-ride lots are identified in Figure 3-4 and summarized in Table 3-8. The Friday Center and Jones Ferry Road lots were opened in 2002, the Chatham Lot was opened in 2005, and the Pittsboro Lowes Lot was opened in 2011. These four additions to the park-and-ride system have increased the total park-and-ride count from 1,988 spaces in 2001 to 3,881 today. Five of the lots (the Friday Center lot, the NC 54 East lot, the Chatham County lot, the Franklin Street lot, and the Hedrick lot at the Friday Center) are exclusively for University users.

Table 3-8 also reports the usage of the lots in 2001, 2003, 2005, 2007, 2009, 2011, 2013, 2015, and 2017. The Friday Center lot continues to fill, and as in the past, most likely accommodates commuters from the US 15-501 North corridor, which has little park-and-ride, in addition to commuters from the east.

Park & Ride Lots served by: P Chapel Hill Transit Chatham Transit D GoTriangle P PART See reverse side for all Park & Ride lot details.

All of these Park & Rides have direct bus service to UNC.

Visit move.unc.edu/pr for an online map and driving directions. DURHAM free to park, no permit required) (3) (parking permit required)

Figure 3-4: Location of Park and Ride Lots

Source: UNC-Chapel Hill Park & Ride map

Table 3-8: Park-and-Ride Inventory and Utilization

Location	No. of Spaces					Utiliza	tion				
		Fall 2001	Fall 2002	Fall 2003	Fall 2005	Fall 2007	Fall 2009	Fall 2011	Fall 2013	Fall 2015	Fall 2017
NC 54 East	512	550	1,285	526	541	508	512	430	204	112	87
Friday Center	871		Incl. in NC 54 count	875	890	882	871	867	842	795	752
Southern Village	400	280	410	355	376	388	385	379	272	260	325
Jones Ferry Road	443		245	205	259	252	230	231	132	102	86
Carrboro Plaza	145	155	Incl. in Jones Ferry Rd. count	115	129	136	111	96	52	30	24
Eubanks Road	400	140	270	119	253	234	268	346	185	188	216
Estes Commuter Lot		220	Incl. in Eubanks Rd. count	138	318	-	-	-	-	-	-
Franklin Street	67	95	95	95	94	67	67	67	32	-	-
Hedrick Lot (Friday Ctr)	278	230	230	230	211	269	-	86	72	60	36
Chatham Lot	550	-	-	-	123	150	214	187	144	146	129
Bible Church Lot	-	-	-	-	-	79	-	-	-	-	-
MLK Jr Blvd Lot	40	-	-	-	-	39	40	40	39	41	40
Pittsboro Lowes	175	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	33	26	22
Totals	3,881	1,670	2,535	2,658	3,194	3,004	2,698	2,762	2,007	1,760	1,717

Notes:

- 1. Friday Center and Jones Ferry Road lots opened in 2002, Chatham lot opened fall 2005, Bible Church and MLK Jr Blvd lots opened in 2007.
- 2. Franklin Street lot is leased lot north of campus.
- 3. PH/Hedrick lot restricted to Hospitals employees.
- 4. Lot capacities are current, and some have changed over time.
- 5. 2003 survey conducted on Tuesday, November 11 between 9:30 and 11:30 A.M.
- 6. 2005 survey conducted on Tuesday, November 15 between 9:30 and 11:30 A.M.
- 7. 2007 survey conducted on Tuesday, November 13 between 9:30 and 11:30 A.M.
- 8. Estes Commuter Lot closed in 2007 for park-and-ride.
- 9. 2009 survey conducted on Tuesday, November 17 between 9:30 and 11:30 A.M.
- 10. In 2009, Bible Church Lot and Hedrick Lot no longer used for park and ride.
- 11. In 2011, Pittsboro Lowes Lot opened.
- 12. 2011 survey conducted on Tuesday, November 15 between 10:00 A.M. and 1:00 P.M.
- 13. 2013 survey conducted on Tuesday, November 19 between 10:00 A.M. and 1:00 P.M.
- 14. 2015 survey conducted on Tuesday, November 17 between 9:30 A.M. and 12:00 P.M.
- 15. 2017 survey conducted on Tuesday, November 15 between 10:00 A.M. and 1:00 P.M.

New commuters who are not projected to switch to the alternatives described earlier in this section will be accommodated in park-and-ride facilities. The resulting park-and-ride requirement is shown in Table 3-9. The parking "shortfall" at the completion of the Development Plan in 2022 to be addressed by increased park-and-ride has been increased from 1,227 to 1,338 spaces. To date the University, in conjunction with the Town, have added over 2,200 spaces, i.e., more than what is required to satisfy the needs of the Development Plan. Also, note that the increase in the "shortfall" that is to be satisfied by park-and-ride is primarily due to an increase in the population numbers by projecting population growth to 2022, not just 2015.

An analysis was undertaken to determine the amount of additional park-and-ride spaces required in each major approach corridor. This is shown in Table 3-9. Figure 3-5 and Figure 3-6 show the regional distribution of University/Hospitals employees (updated with 2015 addresses) and the proportion of employees by approach corridor for Main Campus. Table 3-10 also summarizes employee addresses by zip code (includes zip codes only in North Carolina that could be geocoded).

Table 3-9 shows that all corridors with the exception of US 15-501 North will have more than enough park-and-ride spaces at the completion of the Development Plan. The University and Town continue to study opportunities to address this need, which in turn will alleviate the current excessive demand for the Friday Center lot.

Table 3-9: Demand for Park-and-Ride by Corridor

	Current	ent	% of Total	Theoretical	Adjusted	Future		
	Number of	Actual	Commuters	Current	Current	Additional	Total	Spaces
Approach Direction	Spaces ²	Utilization	in Corridor ³	Demand ⁴	Demand ⁵	Demand ⁶	Demand	Needed ⁷
US 15-501 from N ¹	29	-	25.1%	432	414	22	470	403
NC 54 from E	1,661	928	39.7%	789	627	84	711	(026)
US 15-501 from S	1,125	924	11.7%	200	224	30	253	(872)
NC 54 from W	889	110	11.4%	961	197	26	223	(365)
I-40 from W/NC 86 from N	440	256	12.1%	207	271	36	308	(132)
Total Park-and-Ride Spaces	3,881	1,717	100.0%	1,717	1,733	231	1,964	(1,917)

Notes

Actual demand is considered to be much higher given the number of commuters in the corridor, but currently there is a only 67-space lot in the corridor. Commuters most likely using NC 54 and Friday Center lots.

Refer to Table 3-8 for lot capacities.
 Based on geocoding of 2017 UNC cor

Based on geocoding of 2017 UNC commuter addresses.

NC 54 from east includes Farrington Road from south.

Assumes demand is a function of the percentage of commuters in the corridor based on geocoding of employee home addresses. Determined by adjusting theoretical current demand for actual demand numbers while keeping total constant. For example, 4. 7.

it is known that some commuters in corridors where there is no park-and-ride park in facilities in adjacent corridors.

Future need accounts for increase in demand to date but subtracts 200 for non-University park-and-ride users (1,107 spaces): 1,338 Total projected need for additional park-and-ride over life of Development Plan (refer to Table 3-2) = ö.

231

Numbers assume recently-constructed lots and use of empty spaces in existing park-and-ride lots. ۲.

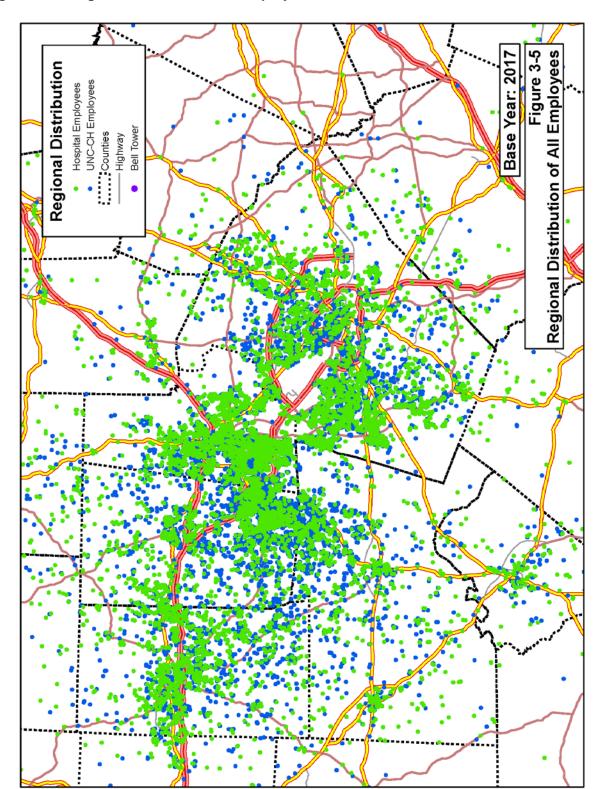


Figure 3-5: Regional Distribution of Employee Home Addresses

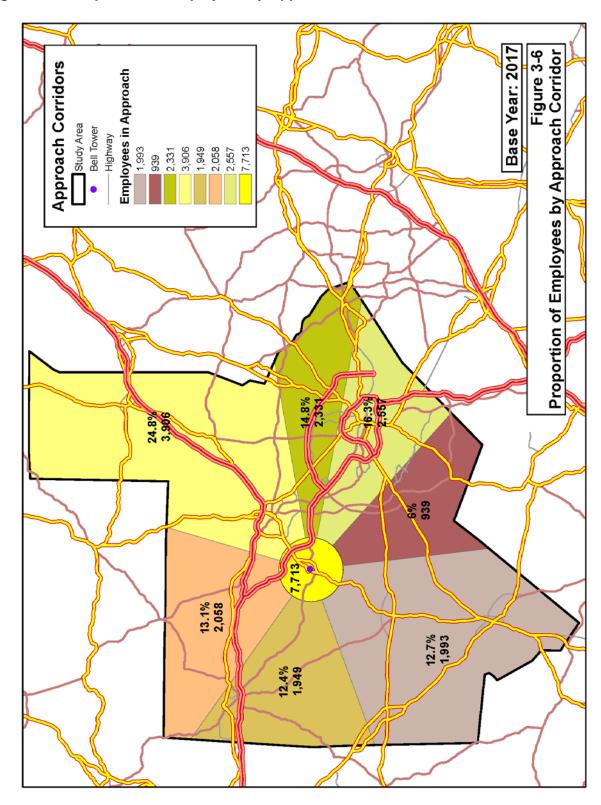


Figure 3-6: Proportion of Employees by Approach Corridor

Table 3-10: Summary of Employee Addresses by Zip Code

Zip Code	# Empl.	Zip Code	#Empl.	Zip Code	# Empl.	Zip Code	#Empl.	Zip Code	# Empl.	Zip Code	#Empl.	Zip Code	#Empl.
27516	3,224	27523	112	27601	22	27702	10	28512	6	27505	4	27263	3
27713	1,962	27614	109	27379	21	28311	10	27534	6	28083	4	28659	3
27514	1,860	27603	106	27571	20	27282	10	27804	6	27212	4	28704	3
27517	1,782	27609	98	27252	20	27537	10	28451	6	28215	4	28202	3
27510	1,438	27539	94	27407	19	28645	10	28031	6	28801	4	27896	3
27707	1,107	27518	93	28557	18	27012	9	27577	6	27557	4	28079	3
27312	937	27522	92	28374	18	28601	9	28590	6	28352	4	27542	3
27302	891	27599	91	27408	17	27208	9	27291	6	28075	4	28607	3
27278	845	27607	89	27562	17	27530	9	28173	6	27331	4	28560	3
27253	717	27529	82	27265	17	27834	9	28387	6	27310	4	27544	3
27703	671	27545	64	27596	16	28078	8	27358	6	27103	4	28394	3
27705	618	27332	62	27858	16	28804	8	28405	5	28328	4	27504	3
27519	606	27298	55	27401	16	28314	8	28390	5	28655	4	27248	3
27704	420	27207	55	27314	16	28806	8	28602	5	27213	4	27823	3
27502	352	27583	54	27403	16	27536	8	28270	5	24541	4	27624	3
27560	305	27574	52	27501	16	28805	8	27870	5	24540	4	27576	3
27215	292	27231	51	27717	15	27893	8	27343	5	27317	4	28334	3
27513	286	27541	50	27284	15	27709	8	27283	5	28372	3	27216	3
27712	278	27244	50	27405	15	28327	8	27313	5	27886	3		
27701	277	27572	48	28027	15	27203	8	27569	5	27512	3		
27613	228	27249	48	27549	15	27409	8	28580	5	28207	3		
27217	220	27573	45	27104	14	28570	7	28315	5	28787	3		
27617	216	27608	43	28516	14	28803	7	27357	5	28630	3		
27344	214	27377	42	27581	14	27715	7	28306	5	28144	3		
27349	197	27559	41	27106	13	28403	7	27101	5	27292	3		
27540	180	27520	41	27340	13	28412	7	28216	5	28056	3		
27612	179	27410	37	27205	13	28036	7	28117	5	27023	3		
27330	169	27515	37	27301	13	28227	7	28411	5	27889	3		
27258	166	27406	35	28081	12	27228	7	27376	5	27233	3		
27587	162	27565	34	28409	12	27214	7	27803	5	27627	3		
27616	159	27591	28	28326	12	27360	7	28715	4	27959	3		
27511	158	27503	28	28269	11	28348	6	27863	4	28562	3		
27610	151	27525	27	27355	11	27524	6	28226	4	27127	3		
27606	139	27527	26	28304	11	28210	6	28303	4	27909	3		
27243	133	27592	25	27509	11	27589	6	28211	4	27262	3		
27615	125	27597	24	27320	11	28025	6	28504	4	28472	3		
27526	124	27455	24	27546	11	28732	6	28697	4	28364	3		
27604	122	27605	23	27316	10	27107	6	28739	4	28358	3		

The following ZIP codes have 1 employee living in them:

01832, 02649, 06405, 06525, 08081, 10992, 11226, 11357, 11558, 11580, 12168, 12213, 12553, 14617, 14701, 14760, 15717, 16214, 17253, 17302, 19083, 19382, 19711, 21076, 21211, 22312, 22380, 22707, 22901, 23113, 23114, 23238, 23834, 23919, 23927, 24055, 24148, 24529, 24586, 24597, 24901, 25273, 25710, 25760, 26554, 27006, 27009, 27011, 27018, 27019, 27021, 27030, 27041, 27053, 27105, 27157, 27150, 27154, 27156, 27201, 27235, 27239, 27259, 27288, 27306, 27315, 27323, 27341, 27359, 27370, 27404, 27419, 27428, 27429, 27450, 27521, 27553, 27582, 27619, 27622, 27626, 27629, 27661, 27708, 27714, 27801, 27806, 27807, 27837, 27840, 27857, 27864, 27874, 27891, 27892, 27921, 27924, 27927, 27949, 27954, 27965, 28001, 28002, 28012, 28021, 28041, 28054, 28110, 28119, 28114, 28134, 28134, 28147, 28150, 28159, 28166, 28167, 28170, 28203, 28262, 28278, 28307, 28312, 28318, 28320, 28323, 28339, 28340, 28341, 28345, 28355, 28359, 28366, 28371, 28383, 28391, 28404, 28435, 28444, 28457, 28460, 28462, 28466, 28694, 28501, 28502, 28508, 28510, 28517, 28525, 28528, 28540, 28571, 28582, 28585, 28615, 28621, 28624, 28625, 28684, 28676, 28681, 28692, 28694, 28701, 28712, 28721, 28731, 28735, 28742, 28778, 28791, 29901, 29016, 29516, 29526, 29572, 29650, 29680, 29706, 30032, 30068, 30168, 30313, 30458, 30542, 31093, 31312, 31419, 32312, 32653, 32765, 32836, 33702, 33916, 34698, 34747, 37909, 39202, 39364, 43140, 44087, 45426, 46204, 48085, 49012, 49504, 55246, 52403, 53168, 57216, 59912, 60048, 60134, 60201, 60526, 60614, 61068, 65203, 72514, 76657, 78633, 78759, 80923, 84101, 86305, 89128, 90024, 90404, 94134, 94928, 95991

The following ZIP codes have 2 employees living in them:

27025, 27040, 27048, 27260, 27281, 27295, 27305, 27311, 27325, 27371, 27508, 27583, 27584, 27620, 27722, 27808, 27809, 27816, 27822, 27850, 27882, 27910, 27939, 27948, 28023, 28034, 28043, 28082, 28086, 28092, 28104, 28105, 28115, 28120, 28138, 28139, 28146, 28204, 28205, 28206, 28209, 28212, 28213, 28273, 28277, 28301, 28305, 28333, 28337, 28351, 28357, 28360, 28376, 28377, 28379, 28384, 28401, 28425, 28428, 28443, 28453, 28461, 28532, 28546, 28551, 28584, 28594, 28613, 28677, 28716, 28723, 28734, 28748, 28748, 28753, 28756, 28759, 28766, 28779, 33647

3.2.10 Transit Service

In addition to finding appropriate sites for more park-and-ride, the key to a successful park-and ride system is the ability to run an efficient and quick transit shuttle service to Main Campus. Travel times on the roads can be expected to worsen over time. This is an inconvenience to users, and therefore a disadvantage of park-and-ride as well as adding costs to park-and-ride transit service.

Options for improving bus running times that the University and Town can jointly consider include signal pre-emption, queue bypass lanes, and possibly busway lanes or treatments. These improvements are in addition to more frequent service, more express buses, longer hours, and improved security. Examples of potential busways are described under Chapel Hill Transit improvements.

3.3 SUMMARY OF TRIP DIVERSION

Table 3-2 provides an overview of the how commuters traveled pre-and post-Development Plan. If it is assumed that the trip reduction measures that are implicit in the Development Plan and needed to address the reduced parking are applied only to new commuters (in reality they will apply to all commuters), then it is projected that new commuters would travel by the following means:

Drive alone: 117 (1%)
 Chapel Hill Transit: 5,186 (43%)
 Regional transit: 2,317 (19%)

Ridesharing: 1,226 (passengers and drivers, 11%)

Bicycle: 588 (5%)
Walk: 381 (3%)
Park-and-ride: 1,672 (14%)
Other: 577 (5%)

Total (adjusted): 12,065 (100%)

The following pages provide a summary explanation of these calculations.

Summary Explanation of Permanent Park-and-Ride Requirement

This section summarizes the calculation of park-and-ride needs.

A. Parking Demand and Shortfall

Total new commuters (employees and students) from University growth projections:

8,203 employees + 3,862 commuting students = 12,065 total new commuters

The Development Plan provides a net addition of $\underline{438}$ parking spaces on Main Campus for commuters. On any particular day not all employees scheduled to work during permitted hours report to work, nor do all commuting students come to campus. This allows more permits than spaces to be sold. Based on current parking oversell ratio statistics (an average of 1.25 permits sold for every space), the 438 spaces can accommodate 438 X 1.25 = $\underline{548}$ of the new employees/commuting students (those driving alone and driving car/vanpools).

Therefore 11,517 of the new commuters must be accommodated by other means.

(It should be noted that in 2001, 77% of employees and 11% of commuting students got on-campus parking permits. Thus, 5,882 employees + 734 students = 6,616 total commuters should get permits if existing ratios continued to apply. Based on the current combined oversell ratio for parking spaces of 1.25, 6,616 commuters = 5,293 parking spaces would be needed.) Given that the plan provides a net increase of 438 spaces for commuters, the "shortfall" is approximately 4,855 spaces (this excludes the resident student "shortfall".)

B. Use of Alternative Modes

Based on current campus commuting trends and observations of other universities that have implemented aggressive trip reduction strategies, future use of the various alternative travel modes was estimated as follows (from Table 3-2).

Chapel Hill Transit

- a. Prior to the Development Plan, 5% of employees and 33% of commuting students were estimated to use CHT. If these rates continued to apply for the new population, 394 new employees and 1,274 new commuting students (for a total of 1,668) would use CHT.
- b. It is estimated improvements to CHT (fare free, increased service) will result in an <u>additional</u> 3,518 people switching from driving alone to CHT over the life of the Development Plan (NOTE: many of these are existing employees/students living in Chapel Hill/Carrboro and currently driving to campus, as ascertained by GIS analysis).
- c. Therefore a total of <u>5,186 additional people</u> (compared to pre Development Plan) will use CHT (or approximately 4,149 **daily** commuters given that a proportion of the population does come to campus on any particular day). Use will increase to 15% for employees and 39% for students.

Regional Transit

- a. In 2001, approximately almost 1.5% of employees and commuting students used GoTriangle regional transit. If these rates continued to apply for the new population, 167 new employees/commuting students would use regional transit.
- b. Based on service improvements and free GoPasses provided by UNC, it is estimated an additional 2,150 people will use regional transit.
- c. Therefore a total of <u>2,317 additional people</u> will use regional transit, (or approximately 1,854 **daily** commuters given that a proportion of the population does come to campus on any particular day).

Rideshare

- a. In 2001, approximately 4% of employees and commuting students were passengers in a rideshare vehicle. If these rates continued to apply for the new population, 513 new employees/commuting students would be passengers.
- b. Based on the University's plan to boost its TDM program, it is estimated an additional 283 people will switch to this mode.
- c. Therefore a total of <u>797 additional people</u> will become rideshare passengers (or approximately 638 daily commuters given that a proportion of the population does come to campus on any particular day). Total new rideshare commuters (drivers and passengers) will be 1,226 persons.

Other Modes

Use of other modes (excluding park-and-ride for now) has been increased in proportion to current use (i.e., no additional diversion beyond trend line growth has been assumed). Based on current ratios (derived from the 2009 survey), use of these other modes by new employees and commuting students is estimated to be:

Bicycle: 588 persons
Walk: 381 persons
Other (dropped off, motorcycle, etc.): 577 persons

Total: <u>1,546 additional people</u> (1,237 daily commuters)

C. Park-and-Ride Need

In summary, the above accounts for 9,845 commuters, i.e.,

CHT: 5,186 Regional transit: 2,317

Ridesharing: 796 (passengers only)

Other modes: 1,546

Therefore 11,517 - 9,845 = 1,672 commuters. Based on the 1.25 oversell ratio, this is equivalent to 1,338 commuters (i.e., spaces) on any one day. These people will be accommodated in park-and-ride.

3.4 INTERIM PARK-AND-RIDE NEEDS

Table 3-11 identifies park-and-ride need by year. It builds on Table 2-8 in Section 2.0 which shows the impact of the Development Plan on parking spaces, and Main Campus growth and parking needs for each year (including temporary needs). The total commuter parking "shortfall" for the Development Plan period is approximately 7,095 spaces (assuming current ratios of spaces to commuters). Based on this and the impact of other trip reduction strategies, Table 3-11 identifies the annual and ultimate park-and-ride needs, originally determined by ensuring the cumulative impact (the final row) remains in the positive range.

The table shows that the park-and-ride built spaces to date will meet the ultimate needs of the Development Plan, but will not meet the interim needs (the interim shortfalls are caused by temporary construction parking space losses and the fact that some of the decks in the Development Plan are not scheduled until towards the end of the Development Plan period). Developing and implementing parking management strategies that will make more efficient use of existing spaces on campus and in park-and-ride lots will minimize the interim need for short term park-and-ride spaces without having to construct new park-and-ride spaces to address short term needs.

Table 3-11: Preliminary Phasing of Trip Reduction Strategies

	2001/02 2002/03 2003/04 2004/05	002/03	2003/04	_	3005/06	006/07	02/08 20	08/09 20	09/10 201	0/11 201	1/12 201	2/13 201.	2005/06 2006/07 2007/08 2008/09 2009/10 2010/11 2011/12 2012/13 2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 2011/18 2018/19 2019/20 2020/21 2021/22 Total	/15 2015/	16 2016/	17 2017/	18 2018/1	9 2019/2	30 2020/2	1 2021/2.	Total	
	-355	-1,130	-299	-776	-110	524	-1,037	-551	-259	464	-280	-256	-646 1,7		659	-559	-559	-559 -55	-559 -84	-846 446		-7,095 rade demand increases at the existing fatto of park-and-ride use to University populations (i.e.
'Natural' Growth in Park-and-Ride Demand ²	22	38	28	49	52	33	-17	53	20	54	16	17	17	17	49	49	49	50	49	49 51		804 The natural growth is added to the parking
Total Parking Shortfall	-377	-1, 168	-657	-825	-162	491	-1,020	-604	-309	410	-296	-272	-663 1,0	1,092 -6	9- 809-	9- 809-	909-	909- 609-	-895	395		-7,900 shortfall to show the overall parking shortfall that
T		t	t						1	+	$\frac{1}{1}$	+		+	-							strategies.
	20	300	275	225	125	20	20	100	20	25	25	52	190	43	183	183	183	183 18	183	183 183	3 2,814	2,814
	T	T						_		L		L				L						<u>/</u>
		Ī									H	L		L		L						Refer to Table 3-2 (Trip Diversion Calculations)
												L				L						for an explanation of these numbers.
		15	15	10	20	09	20	70	20	09	45	37	200	1 09	137 1	137 13	137 13	137 13	137 13	137 136		1,720
	1	Ì	1							1	+	+	-	+	-	-						
	\dagger	10	10	20	20	10	10	12	4	9	0	0	0	e	9	2	8	9	9	9	141	141
Reduction in student walk, ride & park-and-ride 7	H		H	H	H	\parallel	\parallel	\parallel	\parallel	H		H	H			\parallel		\prod	\prod			
										H		H	H					L				
	96						-28	H		H	H	H		L	H	L						
	125						-125														_	0
				428									-	-428							٠	0
		İ	1								1	+	$\frac{1}{1}$									1
		1,306	278		220	242	-242				175										2,309	2,309 aggregate, exceeds the ultimate park-and-ride
								300	350										1(100	0	need. However, spaces are needed in the US
Net Impact for Year (negative no. is shortfall)	-107	463	-79	-142	583	853	-1,285	-119	175	505	-51	-210	-273	770 -2	-285 -2	-286 -21	-285	-286 -28	-285 -47	-472 816	/	15-501 N comdor, and additional temporary
	-107	356	222	125	710	4 574	000	400	244	270	200	202	, ,	4 000	2002		200	20	70	,	_	an an in papear of fair coards

Notes:

Mes: Negative number implies loss or shortfall, Shortfalls differ from previous updates because of chances to the Development Plan schedule.

 "Natural" growth in park-and-ride demand refers to proportional growth based on current use (unrelated to increased use resulting from proposed trip requestion that pages. This growth is propose (refer to Table 2.2) is p.0.

from proposed trip reduction strateges). This growth in spaces (refer to Table 3-2) is 804.

3. The reductions are not expected to come from new employees and strudents only since the strategies apply to everyone (existing and new).

impacts of an attacked refers to typical usy tite; large into account that operations are so to typical usy tite; large into account that operations are so to the actions to the action of the actions the actions the actions to the actions the action are so determine modes will contribute apply without the processed trip relations trategies (e.g., the proportion of commuters using CFT, blockes, etc., would contribe. The increased use of

the proposed trip reduction strategies (e.g., the proportion of commuters using CHT, bicycles, etc. waternatives would in fact be higher than indicated above (refer to Table 3-2 for total numbers).

able 3-z no calculations of increased use. ng estimates refers to reduction in Main Campus vehicles resulting from strategies (refer to Table 3-2). 8. Park and-ride built to date. Includes temporary park-and-ride to address interim shortfalls. Results in surplus in all future years. 1,306 in 02/03 is Friday Center and Jones Ferry lots, 278 in 03/04 is Hedrick lot, 550 in 05/06 is Chatham lot, 242 in 06/07 is Bible i

idoned in 07/08), 175 in 11/12 is Pittsbo

3.5 AIR QUALITY IMPACTS

Based on the diversion of driving commuters to other modes compared to ITE trip rates (as described in Section 3-1), an estimate was prepared of the corresponding reduction in emissions of NOx, VOC's, and CO. The emissions reductions were calculated as follows:

- The number of daily trips diverted to Chapel Hill Transit in 2017 is assumed to be 2,184.
- The number of daily trips diverted to regional transit or ridesharing in 2017 is assumed to be 1,861.

Updated assumptions and results are summarized in Table 3-12. A number of assumptions were made in preparing this estimate:

- No emissions benefits were assumed for a switch to park-and-ride, since most of the trip would still be made via automobile, and the first few miles of a car trip account for most of the pollution. However, emissions on Main Campus will be reduced.
- Since the diverted auto trips are assumed to be commuter trips, no off-peak emission reductions are considered, only A.M. and P.M. peak periods.
- An average trip length of 4 miles was assumed for all trips diverted to Chapel Hill Transit (CHT). Multiplying by 2,814 trips yields 11,256 vehicle-miles of travel (VMT) eliminated in each peak period.
- An average trip length of 14 miles was assumed for all trips diverted to regional transit or ridesharing. Multiplying by 1,816 trips yields a VMT reduction of 26,054 in each peak period.
- The two VMT totals obtained above were distributed among six functional classes of urban streets, five classes of rural roads, and freeway ramps. In the case of trips served by CHT, no travel was assumed to occur on rural facilities. A larger share of travel was assumed to occur on local, collector, and arterial streets. For regional (GoTriangle and ridesharing) trips, 20 percent of travel was assumed to occur on the corresponding classes of rural facilities.
- Durham and Orange County 2024 emission factors for NOx and CO from the DCHC MPO 2035 LRTP AQ Conformity Analysis Appendix F were used for analysis. Emission factors for VOC's were obtained from the CMAQ 2012 values for urban areas. Factors vary by the functional classification of the road being traveled (see above), and separate sets of factors were provided for A.M. and P.M. peak periods in the case of NOx and CO rates.
- A total of 250 workdays were assumed in calculating total annual emission reductions.

Using this methodology, the following emission reductions are estimated for 2017:

NOx: 18 kg/day (4,399 kg/year)

VOC: 32 kg/day (7,875 kg/year)

CO: 583 kg/day (147,769 kg/year)

The University has also moved forward with sustainability efforts for the campus. The 2013 Campus Sustainability Report details achievements and programs in a variety of areas, including transportation, to enhance campus sustainability. For example, the Report notes the benefits of the Commuter Alternative Program (CAP), the fare-free Chapel Hill Transit system, bicycling, walking, car-sharing, and ridesharing. Further participation in the CAP program and similar initiatives will help improve air quality.

Table 3-12: Estimated Air Quality Impacts

	EMIS	SION RED	EMISSION REDUCTIONS: NOx	NOx			EMISS	ION REDI	EMISSION REDUCTIONS: VOC	voc			EMIS	EMISSION REDUCTIONS: CO	UCTIONS:	CO	
	Functional Classification	2024 Emission Rate	VMT (Served by CHT)	VMT (Outside CHT)	NOx Emissions (Kg)	3	Functional Classification	2024 Emission Rate	VMT (Served by CHT)	VMT (Outside CHT)	VOC Emissions (Kg)	3	Functional Classification	2024 Emission Rate	VMT (Served by CHT)	VMT (Outside CHT)	CO Emissions (Kg)
		AM	5					AM	5					AM	V		
	Interstate	0.311	554	4,496	1.57		Interstate	0.401	554	4,496	2.03		Interstate	8.703	554	4,496	43.95
N	Freeway	0.238	2,440	4,854	1.74	N	Freeway	0.399	2,440	4,854	2.91	N	Freeway	8.190	2,440	4,854	59.73
Α٤	Other Princ Art	0.217	2,589	3,960	1.42	Α٤	Other Princ Art	0.433	2,589	3,960	2.84	Α٤	Other Princ Art	7.571	2,589	3,960	49.58
BI	Minor Arterial	0.209	2,814	4,586	1.55	BI	Minor Arterial	0.433	2,814	4,586	3.20	В	Minor Arterial	7.524	2,814	4,586	25.67
n	Collector	0.205	1,576	2,084	0.75	n	Collector	0.446	1,576	2,084	1.63	n	Collector	7.663	1,576	2,084	28.05
	Local	0.236	1,238	1,667	0.68		Local	0.443	1,238	1,667	1.29		Local	7.557	1,238	1,667	21.96
	Interstate	0.344		1,124	0.39		Interstate	0.397		1,124	0.45		Interstate	6.932		1,124	7.79
٦٧	Minor Arterial	0.245	-	066	0.24	٦٧	Minor Arterial	0.418	-	066	0.41	٦٧	Minor Arterial	7.865	-	066	7.79
ัสเ	Major Collector	0.235		1,146	0.27	ัสเ	Major Collector	0.426		1,146	0.49	ุษ	Major Collector	7.456	-	1,146	8.55
าย	Minor Collector	0.220	-	521	0.11	าย	Minor Collector	0.428	-	521	0.22	าย	Minor Collector	7.453	-	521	3.88
	Local	0.238	-	417	0.10		Local	0.428	-	417	0.18		Local	7.177	-	417	2.99
	Ramps	0.265	45	208	0.07		Ramps	0.412	45	208	0.10		Ramps	7.786	45	208	1.97
	AM TOTAL		11,256	26,054	8.89		AM TOTAL		11,256	26,054	15.75		AM TOTAL		11,256	26,054	291.92
		PM						PM						PM	V		
	Interstate	0.287	554	4,496	1.45		Interstate	0.401	554	4,496	2.03		Interstate	8.771	554	4,496	44.30
N	Freeway	0.228	2,440	4,854	1.66	N	Freeway	0.399	2,440	4,854	2.91	N	Freeway	8.190	2,440	4,854	59.73
ΑE	Other Princ Art	0.222	2,589	3,960	1.45	Αε	Other Princ Art	0.433	2,589	3,960	2.84	ΑE	Other Princ Art	7.564	2,589	3,960	49.54
BI	Minor Arterial	0.211	2,814	4,586	1.56	ıRı	Minor Arterial	0.433	2,814	4,586	3.20	ıЫ	Minor Arterial	7.473	2,814	4,586	55.30
1	Collector	0.203	1,576	2,084	0.74	1	Collector	0.446	1,576	2,084	1.63	n	Collector	7.663	1,576	2,084	28.05
	Local	0.237	1,238	1,667	0.69		Local	0.443	1,238	1,667	1.29		Local	7.618	1,238	1,667	22.14
	Interstate	0.332	•	1,124	0.37		Interstate	0.397	•	1,124	0.45		Interstate	6.605	•	1,124	7.42
٦٧	Minor Arterial	0.240	-	066	0.24	٦٧	Minor Arterial	0.418	-	066	0.41	٦٧	Minor Arterial	7.668	-	990	7.59
Яľ	Major Collector	0.232	-	1,146	0.27	ฆเ	Major Collector	0.426	-	1,146	0.49	אנ	Major Collector	7.194	-	1,146	8.25
Вſ	Minor Collector	0.219	-	521	0.11	ıЯ	Minor Collector	0.428	-	521	0.22	lЯ	Minor Collector	7.453	-	521	3.88
	Local	0.240	-	417	0.10		Local	0.428		417	0.18		Local	7.231		417	3.01
	Ramps	0.257	45	208	0.07		Ramps	0.412	45	208	0.10		Ramps	7.665	45	208	1.94
	PM TOTAL		11,256	26,054	8.71		PM TOTAL		11,256	26,054	15.75		PM TOTAL		11,256	26,054	291.15
TO	TOTAL DAILY NOx REDUCTION (kg)	DUCTION (kg	1		17.60	TOT	TOTAL DAILY VOC REDUCTION (kg)	UCTION (kg	(31.50	TOT.	TOTAL DAILY CO REDUCTION (kg)	UCTION (kg)			583.07
TO	TOTAL ANNUAL NOX REDUCTION (kg)	REDUCTION (kg)		4,399	TOT	TOTAL ANNUAL VOC REDUCTION (kg)	EDUCTION ((kg)		7,875	TOT,	TOTAL ANNUAL CO REDUCTION (kg)	EDUCTION (K	(6		145,769

4.0 INTERSECTION IMPACTS AND MITIGATION

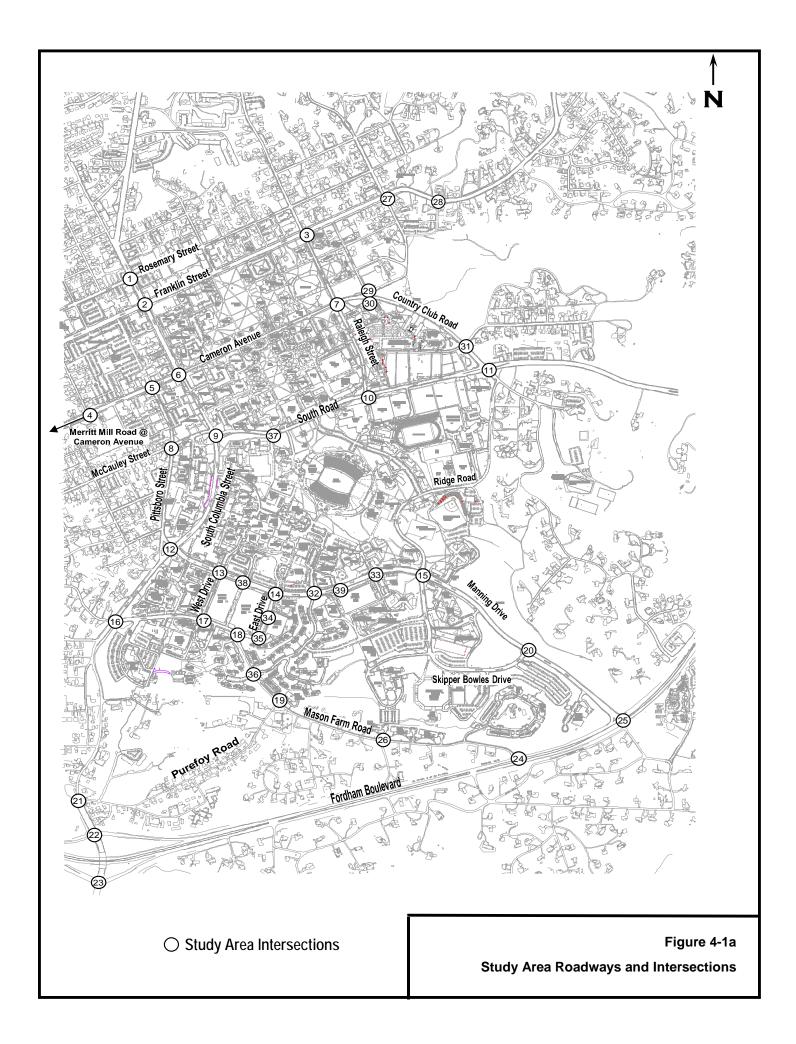
4.1 INTRODUCTION

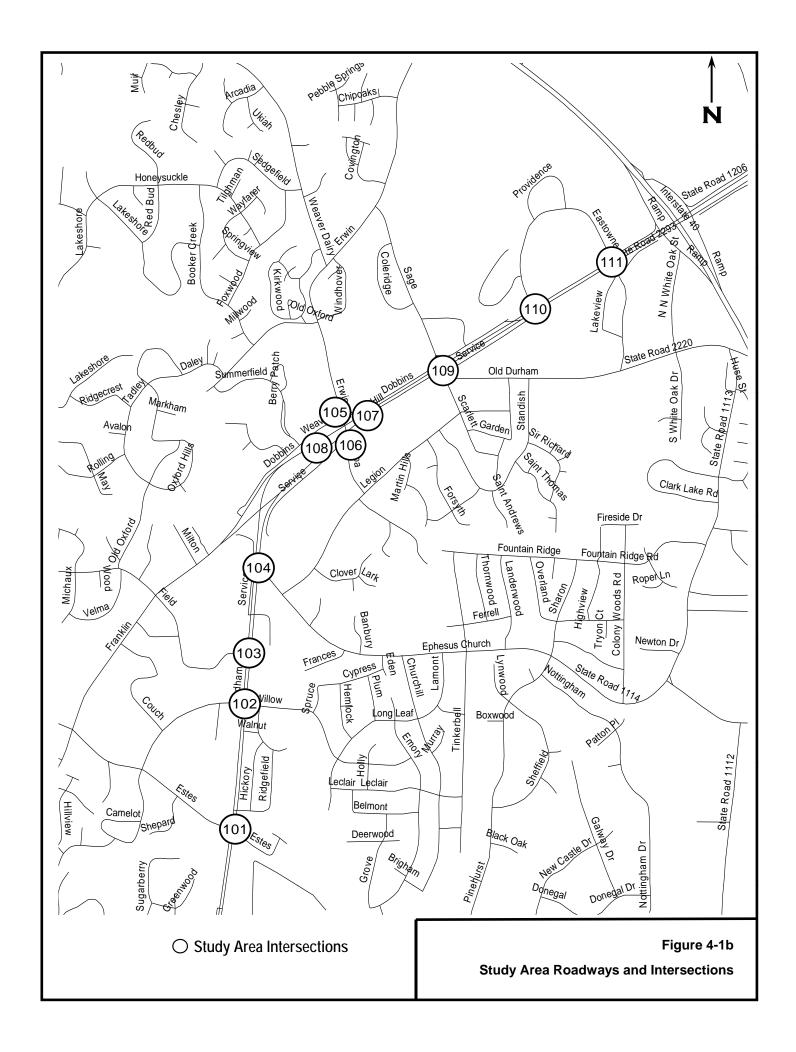
This section provides an updated analysis of roadway intersections on or near Main Campus that may be impacted by the Development Plan. Intersection level of service analysis was undertaken for existing conditions based on traffic counts collected in the Fall of 2017. Analysis of existing conditions and projections for 2024, with and without the Development Plan (Build and No-Build conditions, respectively), were developed per the *Town of Chapel Hill Guidelines for Transportation Impact Analysis* (adopted on June 11, 2001). The methodology and assumptions are described, including development of background traffic data, trip generation, trip distribution, trip assignment, and level of service analyses. The same techniques, model, and assumptions used in the December 2015 report have been applied.

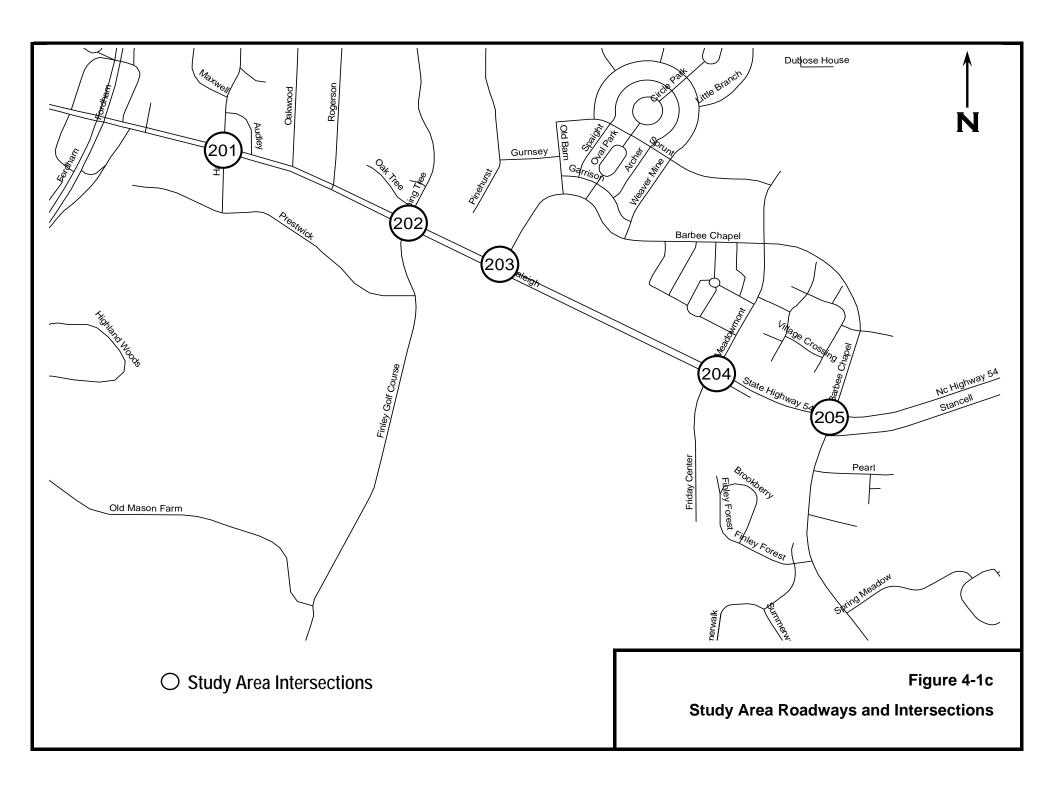
The basis for determining the impacts is the change in parking supply rather than the building projects contained in the Development Plan, in accordance with the *Transportation Impact Analysis Guidelines*. This is because, unlike a more typical project where the parking needs of the project are satisfied, increases in parking on Main Campus will be limited and will not correspond to growth in occupiable floor area (as discussed in Section 3.0). Furthermore, parking increases on Main Campus are not allocated to specific new buildings, but added to the overall supply for allocation to the entire campus population.

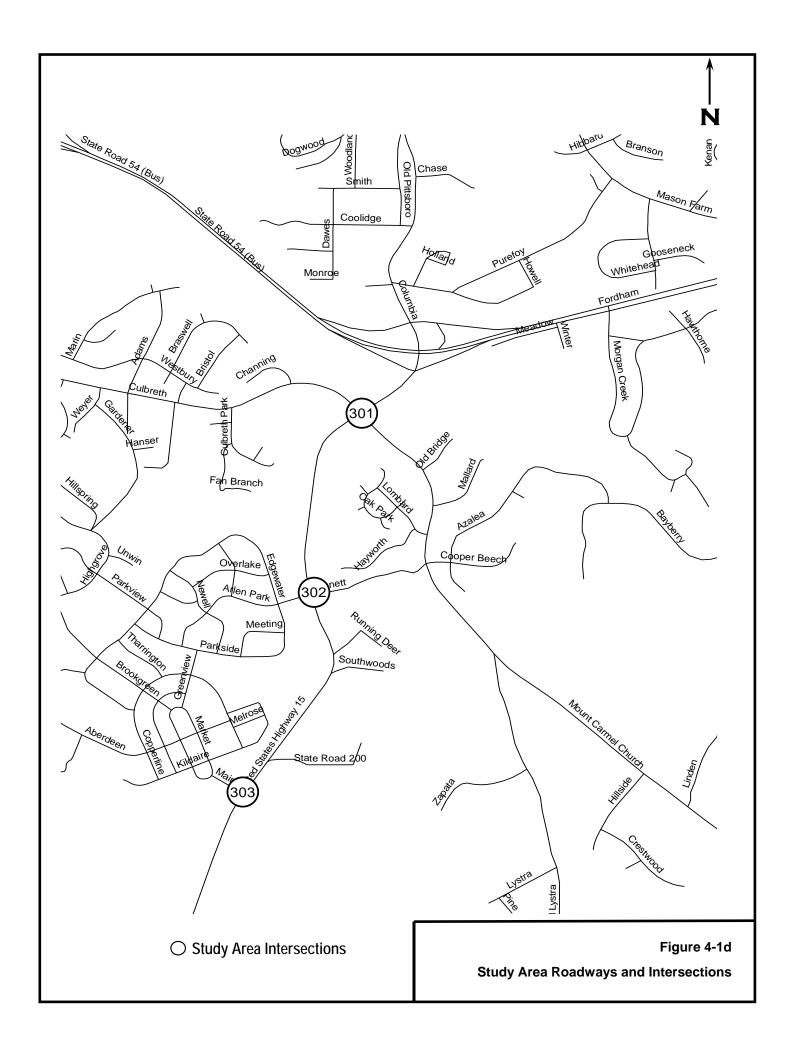
As described in Section 2.0, the approved Development Plan limits the University to a net increase of 1,579 spaces on Main Campus. This comprises 4,061 surface spaces eliminated by projects and 5,640 new spaces, of which 5,425 are in decks. As discussed in Section 2.0, a number of parking changes were proposed as part of Modification No. 3 to the Development Plan. The impact analysis takes into account the location of the losses and gains resulting from those modifications. Since the submission of Modification No. 3, five of the parking facilities identified in the Development Plan have opened for use (Cobb Deck, Jackson Circle Deck, Global Education Deck, Bell Tower Deck, and expansion of the Craige Deck).

The study area network of streets and intersections is displayed in Figure 4-1. In the February 2006 TIA Update, 47 intersections were identified for the analysis. After assessing intersections on NC 54 east of campus, NC 86 north of campus, and US 15-501 south of campus, the University and Town agreed that eight additional intersections satisfied the criteria for inclusion in the analyses for Modification No. 3 of the University Development Plan Traffic Impact Analysis, published in December 2006. All of those same intersections are included in the analysis of this update of the Development Plan and are listed in Section 4.3.









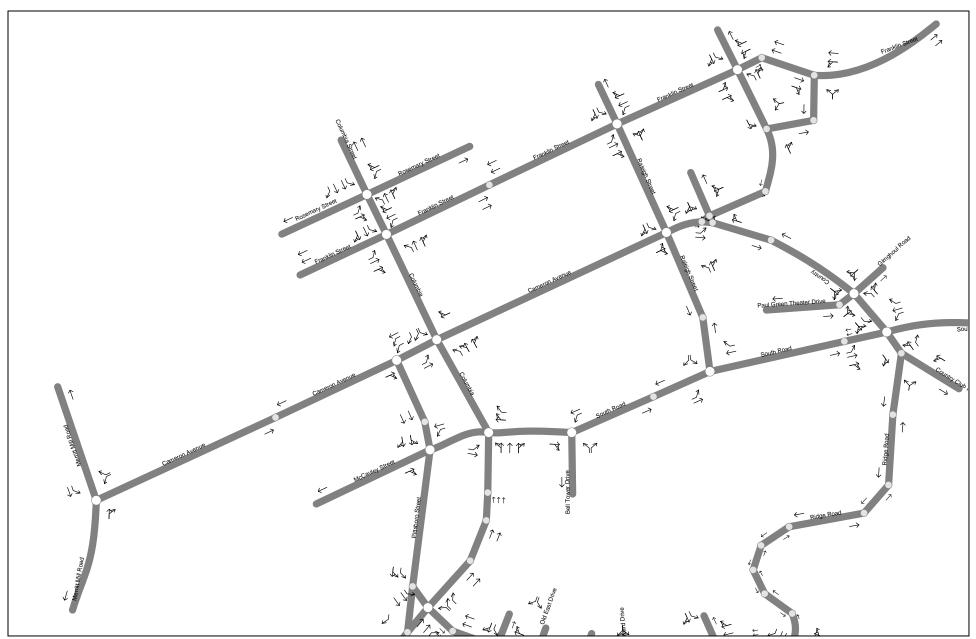


Figure 4-2a Study Area Intersections and Roadway Graphics



Figure 4-2b Study Area Intersections and Roadway Graphics

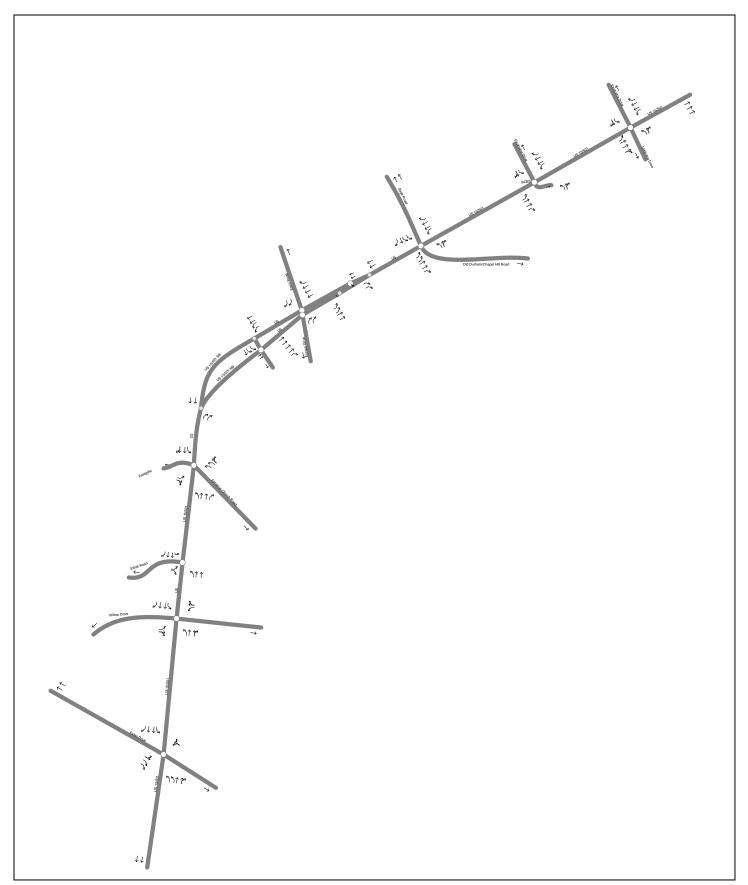


Figure 4-2c Study Area Intersections and Roadway Graphics

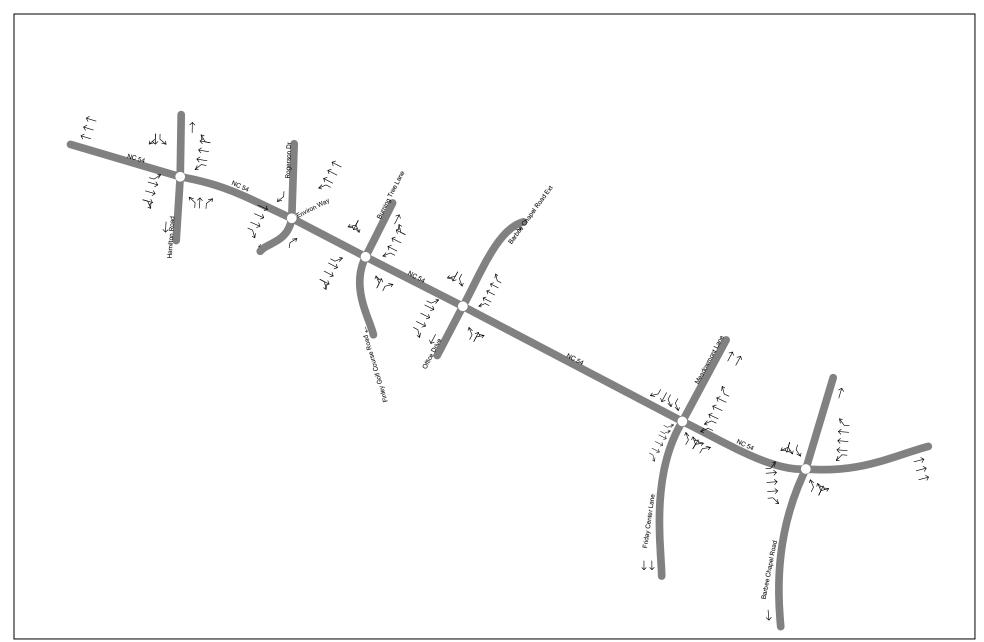


Figure 4-2d Study Area Intersections and Roadway Graphics

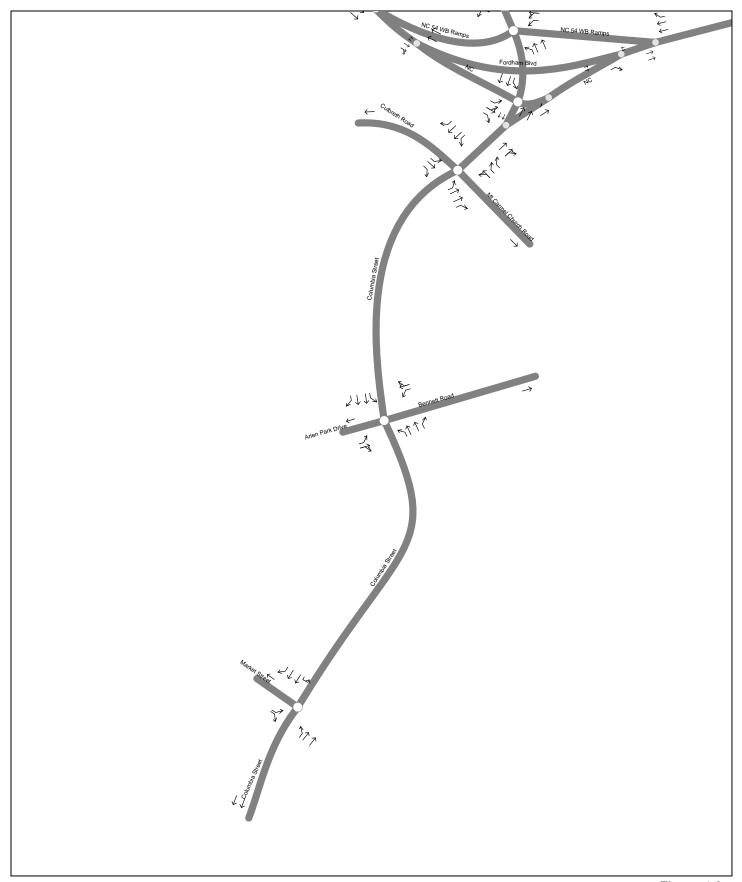


Figure 4-2e Study Area Intersections and Roadway Graphics

4.2 EXISTING CONDITIONS

4.2.1 Campus Access and Study Area

The study area network of streets and intersections is displayed in Figure 4-1. Roadway and intersection geometric data were collected by field investigations and reviewing traffic signal plans provided by the NCDOT and the Town of Chapel Hill. Figure 4-2 shows the study area and intersection geometrics used in the analysis.

4.2.2 Existing Roads

This section describes the existing streets within the vicinity of Campus. As shown in Figure 4-1, there are several routes into and out of Campus. In addition, there is good interconnectivity of streets within Campus. Regional access to Campus is provided primarily via NC 54 (Raleigh Road from the east and West Franklin Street from the west), US 15-501 (South Columbia Street and Fordham Boulevard from the south and East Franklin Street from the northeast), and NC Route 86 (North Columbia Street/Martin Luther King, Jr. Boulevard from the north).

The major corridors on Campus include South Columbia Street, Raleigh Street, Cameron Avenue (east and west of South Columbia Street), South Road, and Manning Drive. McCauley Street is an essential link from southbound Pittsboro Street to South Road leading east, and from South Road to southbound Pittsboro Street. Similarly, Battle Lane, Boundary Street, and Park Place provide an alternate route to Franklin Street from the east thereby reducing traffic volumes on sections of Raleigh Street.

Country Club Road and Ridge Road are important inter-connecting roads along the eastern edge of Campus. Several other roads including Stadium Drive, West Drive, East Drive and Skipper Bowles Drive are included in the intra-campus circulation network, all providing access to major parking facilities.

Several of these roads also serve as major routes for traffic passing through Campus (including traffic destined for the Central Business District of the Town). South Columbia Street, South Road, and Country Club Road are, by virtue of their location in the regional network, particularly convenient for through traffic.

The majority of the roads are two- and four-lane undivided roads. South Columbia Street is a four-lane roadway north of Cameron Avenue. Between Manning Drive and Cameron Avenue, South Columbia Street is the northbound component of a one-way road pair, which also includes southbound Pittsboro Street. This section of South Columbia Street comprises two to three lanes. Pittsboro Street is a two-lane road along its entire length.

Other multi-lane roadways include Manning Drive (four lanes) and Franklin Street (four lanes). Although South Road serves as a major campus road, it is only a two-lane facility through Campus.

Average Daily Traffic (ADT) counts were collected during the Fall of 2017 for Campus study area roadways. The count stations used were the same as those used in the 2015 TIA Update. Utilizing historical traffic data for the study area, historical growth rate estimates were determined for the study area roadways between the years of 1989 to 2017 (see Table 4-1). The 2017 daily volumes are also shown in Figure 4-3.

UNC Development Plan TIA Update 2017 Daily Traffic Volumes

Table 4-1: Historical Average Daily Traffic Volumes

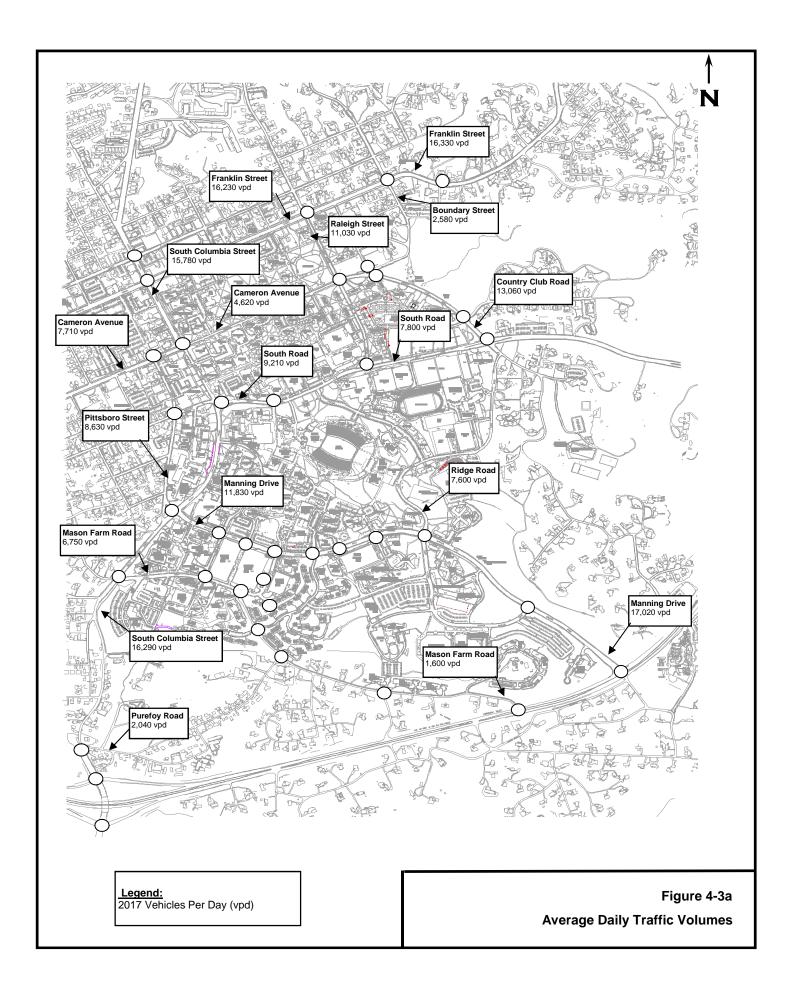
					Α	verage Dai	ly Traffic V	olumes (AD	T)					
Link#	Roadway	1989	2001	2003	2005	2006	2007	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	Annual Growth 1989 - 2017	Annual Growth 2001 - 2017
1	S. Columbia St. (south of Franklin St.)	15,300	20,720	19,060	17,530	-	17,530	15,410	14,380	14,660	16,330	15,780	0.1%	-1.5%
2	Raleigh St. (south of Franklin St.)	10,700	14,470	10,710	13,080	13,080	11,020	11,710	9,910	10,510	10,450	11,030	0.1%	-1.5%
3	Cameron Ave. (west of Pittsboro St.)	9,000	9,820	8,300	8,510	-	7,630	9,260	7,220	6,690	7,560	7,710	-0.5%	-1.3%
4	Cameron Ave. (east of S. Columbia St.)	6,100	9,070	8,330	6,430	6,430	5,270	5,540	5,910	4,680	4,880	4,620	-0.9%	-3.1%
5	Country Club Rd. (north of South Rd.)	11,500	13,470	14,080	12,200	12,200	12,990	11,960	11,260	10,730	12,530	13,060	0.5%	-0.2%
6	South Rd. (east of Columbia St.)	11,500	10,460	8,840	11,400	-	8,400	7,430	8,370	8,590	9,650	9,210	-0.7%	-0.7%
7	South Rd. (east of Raleigh St.)	8,300	9,840	10,000	12,890	12,890	7,500	7,510	7,730	7,940	7,740	7,800	-0.2%	-1.3%
8	Pittsboro St. (south of McCauley St.)	8,500	10,960	10,070	10,920	-	9,550	9,750	8,810	8,060	8,490	8,630	0.1%	-1.3%
9	Manning Dr. (east of Columbia St.)	10,900	14,100	13,220	12,480	12,480	11,070	11,060	10,020	10,710	11,300	11,830	0.3%	-1.0%
10	Ridge Rd. (north of Manning Dr.)	7,200	8,320	7,870	7,300	7,300	7,910	8,730	8,110	7,820	7,220	7,590	0.2%	-0.5%
11	S. Columbia St. (south of Mason Farm Rd.)	12,300	18,470	18,250	16,190	-	16,090	15,430	14,760	13,980	15,480	16,290	1.2%	-0.7%
12	Manning Dr. (east of Ridge Rd.)	11,100	17,260	14,680	17,880	17,880	15,680	16,150	14,660	15,730	15,880	17,020	1.9%	-0.1%
13	Franklin St. (west of Raleigh St.)	16,600	17,000	19,260	18,850	-	19,320	16,250	14,370	14,610	14,900	16,230	-0.1%	-0.3%
14	Franklin St. (east of Boundary St.)	22,800	ı	23,560	20,190	20,190	24,730	17,390	16,770	16,610	16,620	16,330	-1.0%	N/A
15	Boundary St. (south of Franklin St.)	-	1	3,230	2,320	2,320	2,140	2,230	2,400	2,230	2,010	2,580	N/A	N/A
16	Mason Farm Rd.(east of S. Columbia St.)	5,700	7,700	8,230	3,400	3,400	8,390	7,330	6,910	6,310	6,760	6,750	0.7%	-0.8%
17	Mason Farm Rd. (north of Fordham Blvd.)	-	1,360	770	1,830	-	1,820	1,770	1,730	1,720	1,550	1,600	N/A	1.1%
18	Purefoy Rd. (east of Columbia St.)*	-	970	970	1,130	-	1,360	1,450	2,070	1,710	1,750	2,040	N/A	6.9%
19	US 15-501 (west of Main St.)	-	-		-		17,840	17,080	16,770	19,990	20,800	22,590	N/A	N/A
20	US 15-501 (east of Culbreth Rd.)	-	30,480		30,000		30,310	30,570	28,390	31,870	35,430	38,240	N/A	1.6%
21	NC 54 (west of Hamilton Rd.)	-	45,400	ı	44,000	-	47,940	43,470	41,230	41,390	48,290	51,100	N/A	0.8%
22	NC 54 (east of East Barbee Chapel Hill Rd.)	-	1		-	-	32,100	37,390	36,320	39,970	44,170	46,880	N/A	N/A

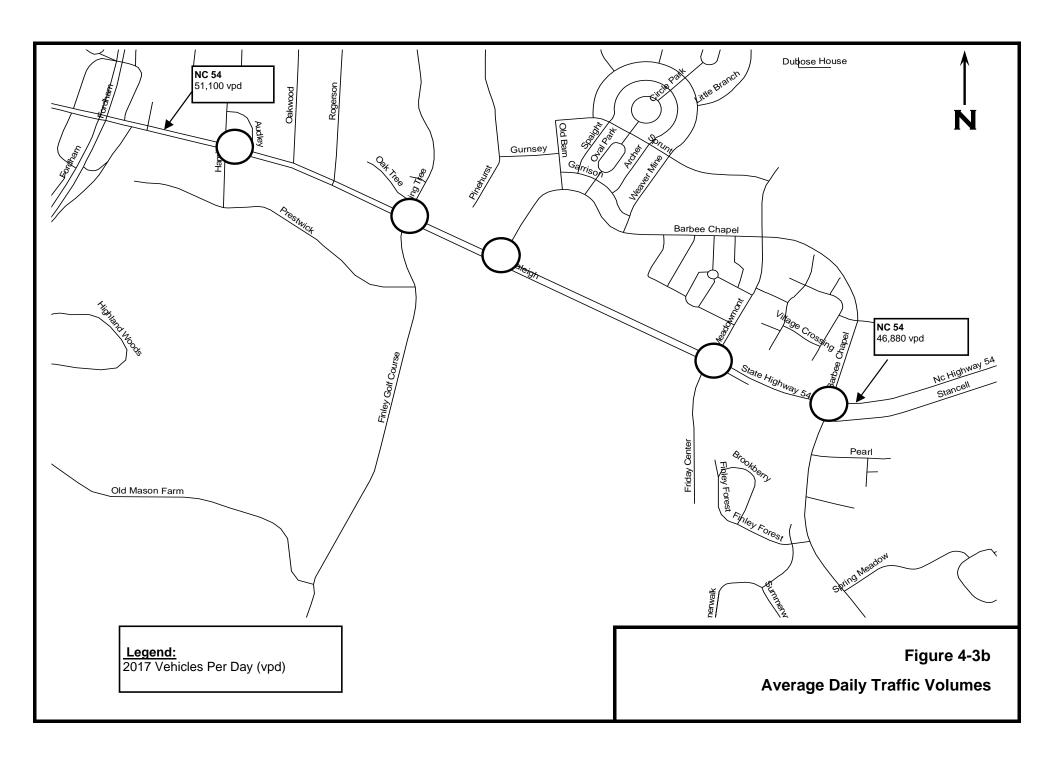
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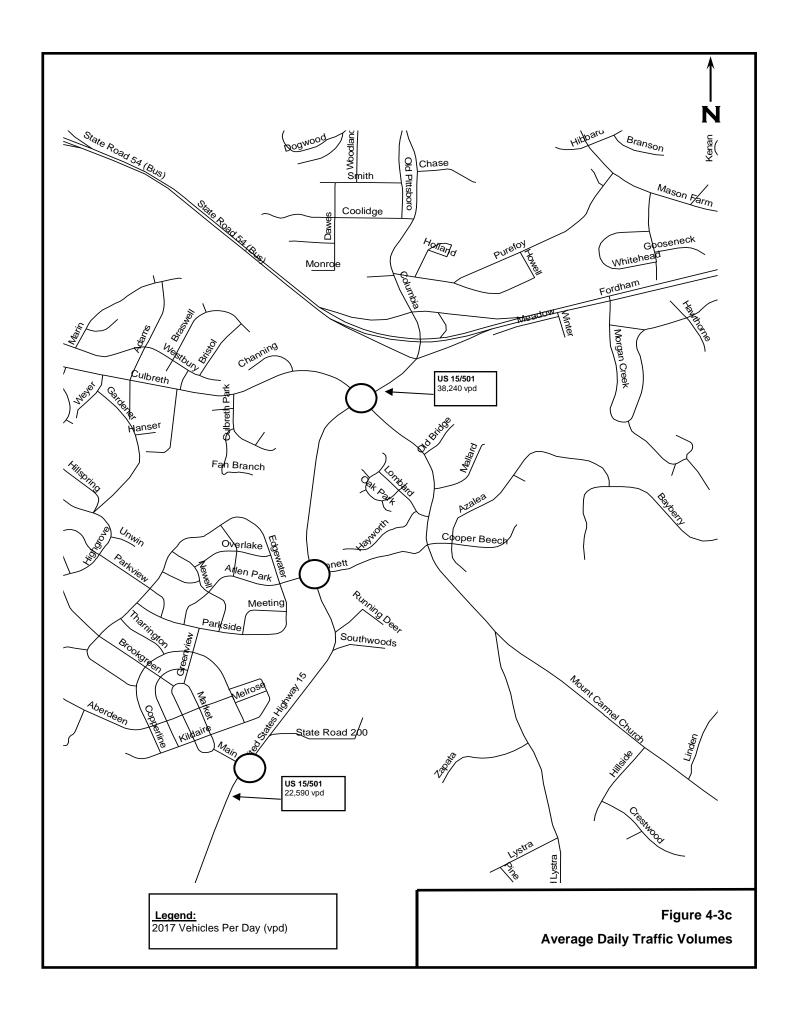
Recounted January 2008

^{1.} All volumes are typical weekday (24-hour). Existing volumes (2003) are based on fall 2003 collected counts.

^{2.} All yearly volumes 1990-1999 from NCDOT. For Links 16-18, year 2001 ADT estimated using calculated 2003 peak to daily ratio (K-factor). Year 1989 volumes taken from June 1990 Parking Decks Study for The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill.







4.3 EXISTING INTERSECTION LEVEL OF SERVICE ANALYSIS

Per the *Transportation Impact Analysis Guidelines*, the following intersections were identified for traffic impact and analyzed for the Existing, No-Build (year 2024 conditions without the development), and Build (with the Development Plan implemented) conditions. Since Modification No. 3, the number of intersections included in these analyses was expanded to the 59 intersections listed below:

- 1. South Columbia Street & Rosemary Street (signalized)
- 2. South Columbia Street & Franklin Street (signalized)
- 3. Franklin Street & Raleigh Street (signalized)
- 4. Merritt Mill Road & Cameron Avenue (signalized)
- 5. Cameron Avenue & Pittsboro Street (signalized)
- 6. Cameron Avenue & South Columbia Street (signalized)
- 7. Cameron Avenue & Raleigh Street (signalized)
- 8. Pittsboro Street & McCauley Street (signalized)
- 9. South Columbia Street & South Road (signalized)
- 10. Raleigh Street & South Road (signalized)
- 11. Country Club Road & South Road (signalized)
- 12. South Columbia Street & Manning Drive (signalized)
- 13. Manning Drive & West Dive (signalized)
- 14. Manning Drive & East Drive (signalized)
- 15. Ridge Road & Manning Drive (signalized)
- 16. Mason Farm Road & South Columbia Street (signalized)
- 17. Mason Farm Road & West Drive (signalized)
- 18. Mason Farm Road & New East Drive (signalized)
- 19. Mason Farm Road & Purefoy Road (unsignalized)
- 20. Manning Drive & Skipper Bowles Drive (unsignalized)
- 21. South Columbia Street & Purefoy Road (unsignalized)
- 22. South Columbia Street & Fordham Boulevard WB Ramps (signalized)
- 23. South Columbia Street & Fordham Boulevard EB Ramps (signalized)
- 24. Mason Farm Road & Fordham Boulevard (unsignalized)
- 25. Manning Drive & Fordham Boulevard (signalized)
- 26. Mason Farm Road & Oteys Road (unsignalized)
- 27. Franklin Street & Boundary Street (signalized)
- 28. Franklin Street & Park Place (unsignalized)
- 29. Boundary Street & Battle Lane (unsignalized)
- 30. Country Club Road & Battle Lane (unsignalized)
- 31. Paul Green Theater Drive & Country Club Road (signalized)
- 32. Manning Drive & Hibbard Drive (signalized)
- 33. Manning Drive & Craig Drive (signalized)
- 34. Dogwood Deck Entrance & New East Drive (unsignalized)
- 35. Dogwood Deck Exit & New East Drive (unsignalized)
- 36. Hibbard Drive & Mason Farm Road (unsignalized)
- 37. South Road & Bell Tower Drive (signalized)
- 38. Manning Drive & Old East Drive (signalized)
- 39. Manning Drive & Craige Deck (unsignalized)
- 101. US 15-501 & Estes Drive (signalized)
- 102. US 15-501 & Willow Drive (signalized)
- 103.US 15-501 & Elliott Road (signalized)
- 104. US 15-501 & Eastgate/Ephesus Church Road (signalized)

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105. US 15-501 & Erwin Road (signalized)
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- 106.US 15-501 & Europa Drive (signalized)
- 107.US 15-501 & Northbound U-turn (signalized)
- 108.US 15-501 & Southbound U-turn (signalized)
- 109. US 15-501 & Sage Road (signalized)
- 110.US 15-501 & Eastowne Drive/BCBS (signalized)
- 111.US 15-501 & Eastowne Drive/Lakeview Drive (signalized)
- 201. Raleigh Road (NC 54) & Hamilton Street (signalized)
- 202. Raleigh Road (NC 54) & Burning Tree Lane (signalized)
- 203. Raleigh Road (NC 54) & West Barbee Chapel Road (signalized)
- 204. Raleigh Road (NC 54) & Meadowmont Lane (signalized)
- 205. Raleigh Road (NC 54) & East Barbee Chapel Road (signalized)
- 301. US 15-501 & Culbreth Road (signalized)
- 302. US 15-501 & Bennett Road (signalized)
- 303. US 15-501 & Main Street (Southern Village) (signalized)
- 307. Country Club Road & Boundary Street (unsignalized)

Existing roadway geometry for all of the above intersections can be found in Figure 4-2.

4.3.1 Count Data

For the analyses included in this update, peak hour turning movement volume counts were collected for Campus study area intersections during the Fall of 2017 on typical weekdays (Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday) while the University was in session. A summary of the schedule used to obtain the turning movement data is provided in Table 4-2. The AM and PM peak hour turning movement volumes are summarized in Table 4-3 and displayed in Figure 4-4 and Figure 4-5, respectively.

Table 4-2: Weekday Peak Period Turning Movement Schedule

ID#	Intersection	Day of Week	Date
1	Columbia Street/Rosemary Street	Tuesday	10/3/17
2	Columbia Street/Franklin Street	Tuesday	10/3/17
3	Franklin Street/Raleigh Street	Tuesday	10/3/17
4	Merritt Mill Road/Cameron Avenue	Tuesday	10/3/17
5	Cameron Avenue/Pittsboro Street	Thursday	10/5/17
6	Cameron Avenue/Columbia Street	Wednesday	10/4/17
7	Cameron Avenue/Raleigh Street	Wednesday	10/4/17
8	Pittsboro Street/McCauley Street	Wednesday	10/4/17
9	Columbia Street/South Road	Wednesday	10/4/17
10	Raleigh Street/South Road	Wednesday	10/4/17
11	Country Club Road/South Road	Wednesday	10/4/17
12	Columbia Street/Manning Drive	Thursday	10/5/17
13	Manning Drive/West Drive	Thursday	10/5/17
14	Manning Drive/East Drive	Thursday	10/5/17
15	Ridge Road/Manning Drive	Thursday	10/5/17
16	Mason Farm Road/Columbia Street	Tuesday	10/3/17
17	Mason Farm Road/West Drive	Tuesday	10/3/17
18	Mason Farm Road/East Drive	Tuesday	10/3/17
19	Mason Farm Road/Purefoy Road	Tuesday	10/10/17
20	Manning Drive/Skipper Bowles Drive	Tuesday	10/10/17
21	Columbia Street/Purefoy Road	Wednesday	9/27/17
22	Columbia Street/Fordham Boulevard WB Ramps	Wednesday	9/27/17
23	Columbia Street/Fordham Boulevard EB Ramps	Wednesday	9/27/17
24	Mason Farm Road/Fordham Boulevard	Wednesday	9/27/17
25	Manning Drive/Fordham Boulevard	Thursday	9/28/17
26	Mason Farm Road/Oteys Road	Thursday	10/5/17
27	Franklin Street/Boundary Street	Wednesday	10/4/17
28	Franklin Street/Park Place	Wednesday	10/4/17
29	Battle Lane/Boundary Street	Thursday	10/5/17
30	Country Club Road/Battle Lane	Thursday	10/5/17
31	Country Club Road/Gimghoul Road	Wednesday	10/4/17
32	Manning Drive/Hibbard Drive	Tuesday	10/3/17
33	Manning Drive/Craige Drive	Tuesday	10/3/17
34	East Drive/Jackson Circle/Dogwood Deck Entrance	Tuesday	10/3/17
35	East Drive/Dogwood Deck Exit	Tuesday	10/3/17
36	Mason Farm Road/Hibbard Drive	Tuesday	10/3/17
37	South Road/Bell Tower Drive	Wednesday	10/4/17
38	Manning Drive/New East Drive	Thursday	10/5/17
39	Manning Drive/Craige Deck	Thursday	10/5/17
101	US 15-501/Estes Drive	Wednesday	10/4/17
102	US 15-501/Willow Drive	Tuesday	10/10/17
103	US 15-501/Elliot Road	Tuesday	10/10/17
104	US 15-501/Ephesus Church Road	Wednesday	10/4/17
105	US 15-501/Erwin Road	Thursday	10/5/17
106	US 15-501/Europa Drive	Thursday	10/5/17
107	US 15-501/Superstreet NB U-Turn	Thursday	10/5/17
108	US 15-501/Superstreet SB U-Turn	Thursday	10/5/17
109	US 15-501/Sage Road	Wednesday	10/4/17
110	US 15-501/Eastowne Drive/BCBS	Tuesday	10/10/17
111	US 15-501/Eastowne Drive/Lakeview Drive	Tuesday	10/10/17
201	NC 54/Hamilton Road	Tuesday	10/3/17
202	NC 54/Burning Tree Lane	Tuesday	10/3/17
203	NC 54/Barbee Chapel Road Ext	Thursday	9/28/17
204	NC 54/Meadowmont Lane	Tuesday	9/19/17
205	NC 54/Barbee Chapel Road (East)	Thursday	9/28/17
206	NC 54/US 15-501 NB Ramps	Tuesday	10/3/17
207	NC 54/US 15-501 SB Ramps	Tuesday	10/3/17
208	NC 54/Shopping Center/Rogerson Drive	Tuesday	10/3/17
301	US 15-501/Culbreth Road/Mt Carmel Church Road	Tuesday	9/26/17
302	US 15-501/Bennett Road/Arlen Park Drive	Tuesday	9/26/17
303	US 15-501/Market Street	Tuesday	9/26/17

Table 4-3: Year 2017 Turning Movement Volumes

AM Peak Hour

	eak Hour			1						1		1	ī	
ID#	Intersection	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBU	SBL	SBT	SBR
1	Columbia Street/Rosemary Street	118	173	22	11	116	57	33	325	33	0	114	546	152
2	Columbia Street/Franklin Street	61	286	47	86	316	71	36	278	81	0	46	506	42
3	Franklin Street/Raleigh Street	10	274	120	51	443	76	106	153	29	0	48	269	17
4	Merritt Mill Road/Cameron Avenue	0	0	0	62	0	32	0	169	439	0	116	92	0
5	Cameron Avenue/Pittsboro Street	0	118	172	615	131	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	Cameron Avenue/Columbia Street	16	91	0	0	113	38	82	339	43	0	70	0	527
7	Cameron Avenue/Raleigh Street	18	86	26	26	174	198	23	46	14	0	318	153	52
8	Pittsboro Street/McCauley Street	0	109	31	141	36	0	0	0	0	0	157	557	9
9	Columbia Street/South Road	15	224	0	0	145	93	53	359	210	0	0	0	0
10	Raleigh Street/South Road	44	200	0	0	323	34	0	0	0	0	36	0	121
11	Country Club Road/South Road	5	153	46	496	392	510	28	35	74	0	294	169	17
12	Columbia Street/Manning Drive	65	400	0	59	0	175	0	394	345	0	0	0	0
13	Manning Drive/West Drive	68	390	311	210	225	37	0	0	0	0	17	6	16
14	Manning Drive/East Drive	82	339	120	253	326	92	91	30	270	0	0	0	0
15	Ridge Road/Manning Drive	120	333	71	11	634	50	22	39	6	0	42	113	352
16	Mason Farm Road/Columbia Street	7	6	1	142	0	70	6	633	240	0	115	203	5
17	Mason Farm Road/West Drive	0	252	23	10	226	0	0	0	0	0	32	7	30
18	Mason Farm Road/East Drive	58	203	64	14	129	6	57	18	164	0	0	0	0
19	Mason Farm Road/Purefoy Road	196	0	13	0	0	0	13	77	0	0	0	16	15
20	Manning Drive/Skipper Bowles Drive	0	339	23	273	611	0	1	0	42	0	0	0	0
21	Columbia Street/Purefoy Road	0	0	0	24	0	4	0	967	353	0	13	392	0
22	Columbia Street/Fordham Boulevard (northern ramp)	0	0	0	515	0	63	243	1252	0	0	0	281	133
23	Columbia Street/Fordham Boulevard (southern ramp)	438	2	394	0	0	0	0	1040	0	0	56	763	0
24	Mason Farm Road/Fordham Boulevard	0	2251	0	0	1140	102	0	0	0	0	0	0	36
25	Manning Drive/Fordham Boulevard	212	2192	4	7	1174	784	18	7	27	0	225	3	32
26	Mason Farm Road/Oteys Road	1	25	11	5	67	1	14	0	0	0	1	0	1
27	Franklin Street/Boundary Street	6	314	8	55	538	70	5	25	26	0	74	18	6
28	Franklin Street/Park Place	0	408	1	65	676	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	0
29	Battle Lane/Boundary Street	0	0	0	78	47	2	0	122	73	0	0	45	59
30	Country Club Road/Battle Lane	4	319	0	0	370	118	0	0	0	0	123	0	0
307	Country Club Road & Boundary Street	0	323	0	0	370	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	106
31	Country Club Road/Gimghoul Road	5	1	17	11	1	6	85	520	12	0	5	433	28
32	Manning Drive/Hibbard Drive	45	534	16	10	597	38	17	10	51	0	26	4	39
33	Manning Drive/Craige Drive	41	435	20	157	789	36	4	4	14	0	17	3	9
34	East Drive/Jackson Circle/Dogwood Deck Entrance	0	0	0	0	0	3	19	381	2	0	78	102	210
35	East Drive/Dogwood Deck Exit	208	0	118	0	0	0	0	198	0	0	0	54	0
36	Mason Farm Road/Hibbard Drive	4	2	1	5	5	18	7	240	178	0	41	38	12
37	South Road/Bell Tower Drive	0	249	150	141	220	0	28	0	53	0	0	0	0
38	Manning Drive/Old East Drive	0	410	0	0	417	0	0	0	0	0	136	0	76
39	Manning Drive/Craige Deck	0	524	127	172	656	0	7	0	13	0	0	0	0
101	US 15-501/Estes Drive	66	2	258	1	9	14	353	1367	4	0	8	1245	68
102	US 15-501/Willow Drive	113	27	7	55	57	18	62	1374	11	0	16	1287	269
103	US 15-501/Elliot Road	37	0	107	0	0	0	118	1378	0	5	0	1476	116
	US 15-501/Ephesus Church Road	26	29	30	222	90	79	52	1161	210	0	61	1231	7
	US 15-501/Erwin Road	0	0	0	0	1890	277	0	0	0	0	0	0	436
	US 15-501/Europa Drive	0	1872	131	0	0	0	0	0	163	0	0	0	0
107	US 15-501/Superstreet NB U-Turn	0	0	0	0	1858	0	257	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	US 15-501/Superstreet SB U-Turn	0	1948	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	65	16	0
	US 15-501/Sage Road	308	1429	138	159	1624	152	145	99	20	0	277	145	131
	US 15-501/Eastowne Drive/BCBS	78	1519	8	28	1913	64	1	6	24	0	47	3	43
111	US 15-501/Eastowne Drive/Lakeview Drive	13	1533	3	63	1985	304	12	29	134	0	82	7	2
	NC 54/Hamilton Street	25	1662	143	76	2092	28	125	40	117	0	68	47	26
_	NC 54/Burning Tree Lane	29	1679	49	150	2206	21	36	3	139	0	41	12	45
	NC 54/Barbee Chapel Road Ext	152	1689	91	82	2224	31	14	1	2	0	7	4	103
	NC 54/Meadowmont Lane	174	1403	111	412	2255	118	66	3	43	0	65	18	131
_	NC 54/Barbee Chapel Road (East)	11	1329	173	21	2099	183	560	93	69	0	122	36	22
301	US 15-501/Culbreth Road/Mt Carmel Church Road	220	86	66	10	126	535	58	1306	3	0	281	754	128
302	US 15-501/Bennett Road/Arlen Park Drive	102	21	9	104	14	23	6	1234	86	0	30	709	91
_	US 15-501/Market Street	251	0	40	0	0	0	164	1092	0	23	0	456	321
555	55 TO 55 I/ Warner Street	201	J	70	J	U	J	107	1002	J	20	J	700	UZ 1

PM Peak Hour

2 C	Intersection Columbia Street/Rosemary Street	EBL 188	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBU	SBL	SBT	SBR
2 C	,				24	105	C.E.	40	640	66	0	70	17E	226
3 F			254	62	34	195	65	40	610	66	0	73	475	236
	Columbia Street/Franklin Street	111	375	84	120	450	88	82	535	125	0	77	418	95
	Franklin Street/Raleigh Street	42	439	215	47	542	170	111	304	25	0	94	317	19
	Merritt Mill Road/Cameron Avenue	0	0	0	366	0	122	0	108	182	0	68	287	0
	Cameron Avenue/Pittsboro Street	0	129	126	465	407	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cameron Avenue/Columbia Street	26	94	0	0	153	45	231	641	48	0	92	0	466
	Cameron Avenue/Raleigh Street	35	164	49	24	149	274	66	118	57	0	332	172	75
	Pittsboro Street/McCauley Street	0	92	18	200	219	0	0	0	0	0	227	428	36
	Columbia Street/South Road	67	246	0	0	276	216	125	612	171	0	0	0	0
	Raleigh Street/South Road	108	381	0	0	251	55	0	0	0	0	74	0	147
	Country Club Road/South Road	40	399	30	182	264	465	29	158	383	0	520	73	23
12 C	Columbia Street/Manning Drive	59	193	0	213	0	477	0	421	56	0	0	0	0
	Manning Drive/West Drive	25	202	26	29	629	17	0	0	0	0	9	5	28
14 N	Manning Drive/East Drive	32	227	43	73	432	52	168	25	461	0	0	0	0
15 R	Ridge Road/Manning Drive	218	752	69	19	209	77	101	161	56	0	68	76	113
16 N	Mason Farm Road/Columbia Street	1	2	2	391	0	117	7	338	88	0	55	530	6
17 N	Mason Farm Road/West Drive	0	132	16	7	421	0	0	0	0	0	20	3	34
18 N	Mason Farm Road/East Drive	26	252	150	107	203	3	32	0	27	0	0	0	0
19 N	Mason Farm Road/Purefoy Road	15	0	22	0	0	0	13	38	0	0	0	259	58
20 N	Manning Drive/Skipper Bowles Drive	0	773	11	84	237	0	18	0	243	0	0	0	0
21 C	Columbia Street/Purefoy Road	0	0	0	101	0	23	0	421	28	0	9	952	0
22 C	Columbia Street/Fordham Boulevard (northern ramp)	0	0	0	1190	0	45	309	407	0	0	0	741	287
23 C	Columbia Street/Fordham Boulevard (southern ramp)	136	2	306	0	0	0	0	557	0	0	87	1788	0
24 N	Mason Farm Road/Fordham Boulevard	0	1495	0	0	2166	37	0	0	0	0	0	0	231
25 N	Manning Drive/Fordham Boulevard	63	1483	4	9	1943	201	10	2	20	0	878	6	276
	Mason Farm Road/Oteys Road	4	115	183	3	39	2	4	1	0	0	3	2	3
	Franklin Street/Boundary Street	7	606	4	22	582	67	13	63	122	0	108	23	8
	Franklin Street/Park Place	0	829	2	24	677	0	1	0	60	0	0	0	0
	Battle Lane/Boundary Street	0	0	0	50	37	3	0	157	236	0	2	79	81
	Country Club Road/Battle Lane	15	412	0	0	406	142	0	0	0	0	129	0	0
	Country Club Road & Boundary Street	0	427	0	0	406	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	118
	Country Club Road/Gimghoul Road	41	0	87	11	0	11	17	625	12	0	9	528	8
	Manning Drive/Hibbard Drive	35	660	8	30	460	20	24	4	22	0	44	18	65
	Manning Drive/Craige Drive	28	898	4	19	349	25	31	1	174	0	35	0	15
	East Drive/Jackson Circle/Dogwood Deck Entrance	0	0	0	2	0	20	3	655	0	0	1	48	72
	East Drive/Dogwood Deck Exit	247	0	136	0	0	0	0	274	0	0	0	50	0
	Mason Farm Road/Hibbard Drive	4	3	6	158	0	11	0	49	19	0	7	262	1
	South Road/Bell Tower Drive	0	341	35	38	331	0	161	0	147	0	0	0	0
	Manning Drive/Old East Drive	0	212	0	0	594	0	0	0	0	0	86	0	93
	Manning Drive/Craige Deck	0	697	5	5	445	0	96	0	187	0	0	0	0
	JS 15-501/Estes Drive	95	10	296	7	15	12	454	1491	3	0	15	1341	104
	JS 15-501/Estes Drive JS 15-501/Willow Drive	274	112	296	27	34	23	34	1561	38	0	39	1313	223
-	JS 15-501/Willow Drive JS 15-501/Elliot Road	135	0	259	0	0	0	211	1627	0	7	0	1296	186
		90	88	68					1139			87	1125	12
	JS 15-501/Ephesus Church Road				325	128	55	147			0			
	JS 15-501/Erwin Road	0	0	0	0	1793	377	0	0	0	0	0	0	404
	JS 15-501/Europa Drive	0	2486	84	0	0	0	0	0	218	0	0	0	0
	JS 15-501/Superstreet NB U-Turn	0	0	0	0	1811	0	369	0	0	0	0	0	0
	JS 15-501/Superstreet SB U-Turn	0	2460	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	57	37	0
	JS 15-501/Sage Road	329	1691	198	50	1495	249	128	87	25	0	233	156	161
	JS 15-501/Eastowne Drive/BCBS	43	1938	5	31	1725	58	10	7	46	0	72	1	67
	JS 15-501/Eastowne Drive/Lakeview Drive	2	2022	4	70	1836	177	20	16	115	0	243	29	19
	NC 54/Hamilton Street	37	2006	42	107	2013	58	107	22	125	0	74	19	40
	NC 54/Burning Tree Lane	70	2110	36	146	2032	32	69	15	144	0	26	11	47
	NC 54/Barbee Chapel Road Ext	139	2062	42	9	1830	13	82	15	60	0	15	0	190
	NC 54/Meadowmont Lane	125	2013	89	102	1660	98	113	24	426	0	161	11	176
	NC 54/Barbee Chapel Road (East)	9	1840	713	110	1515	182	224	55	45	0	123	88	16
301 U	JS 15-501/Culbreth Road/Mt Carmel Church Road	120	62	66	13	82	311	56	812	17	0	576	1289	179
	JS 15-501/Bennett Road/Arlen Park Drive	113	14	6	75	22	1	5	782	107	0	23	1246	113
	JS 15-501/Market Street	325	0	117	0	0	0	117	563	0	8	0	1110	231

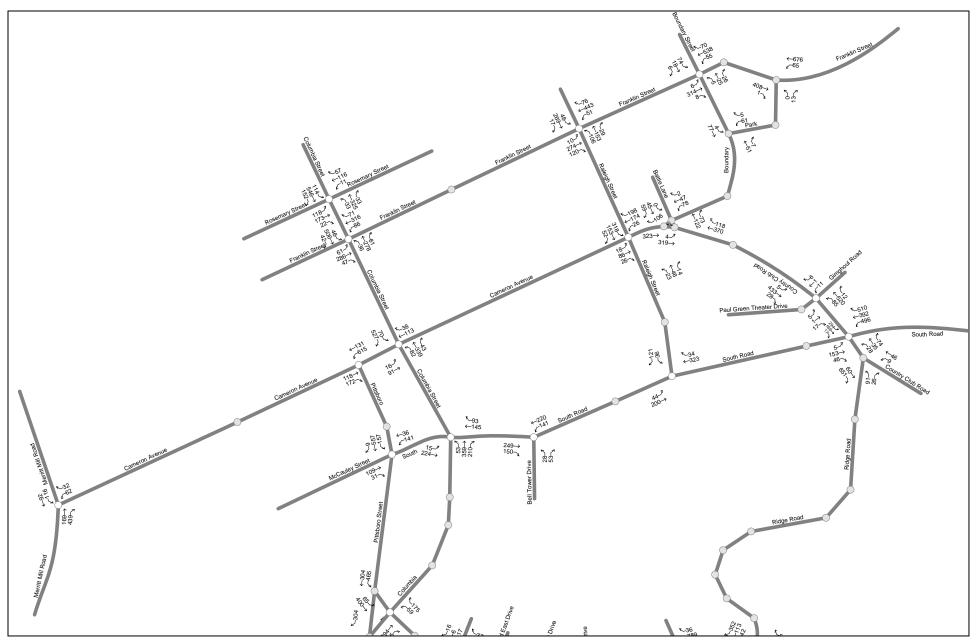


Figure 4-4a Year 2017 A.M. Peak Hour Turning Movement Volumes

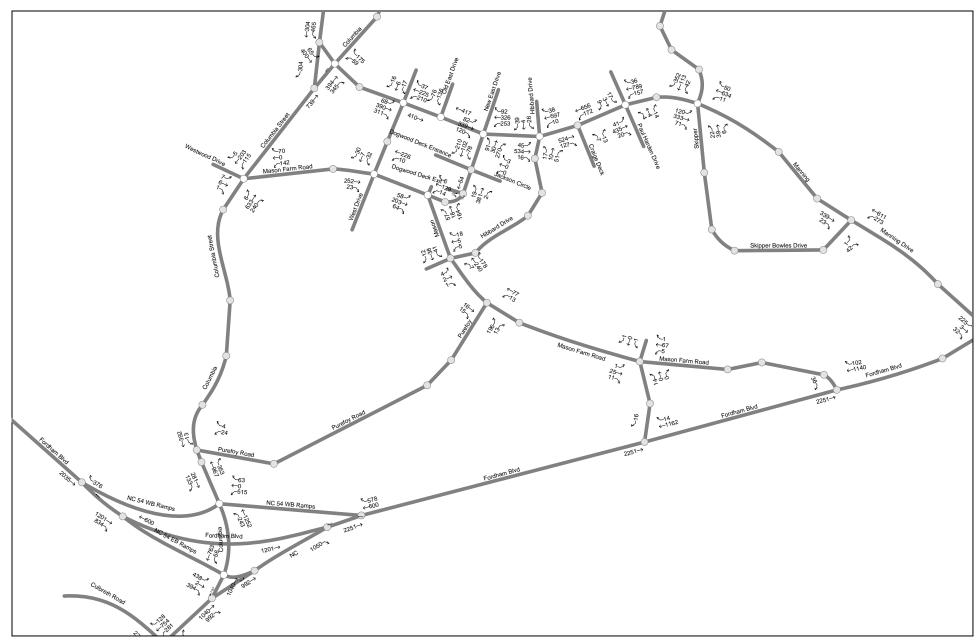


Figure 4-4b Year 2017 A.M. Peak Hour Turning Movement Volumes

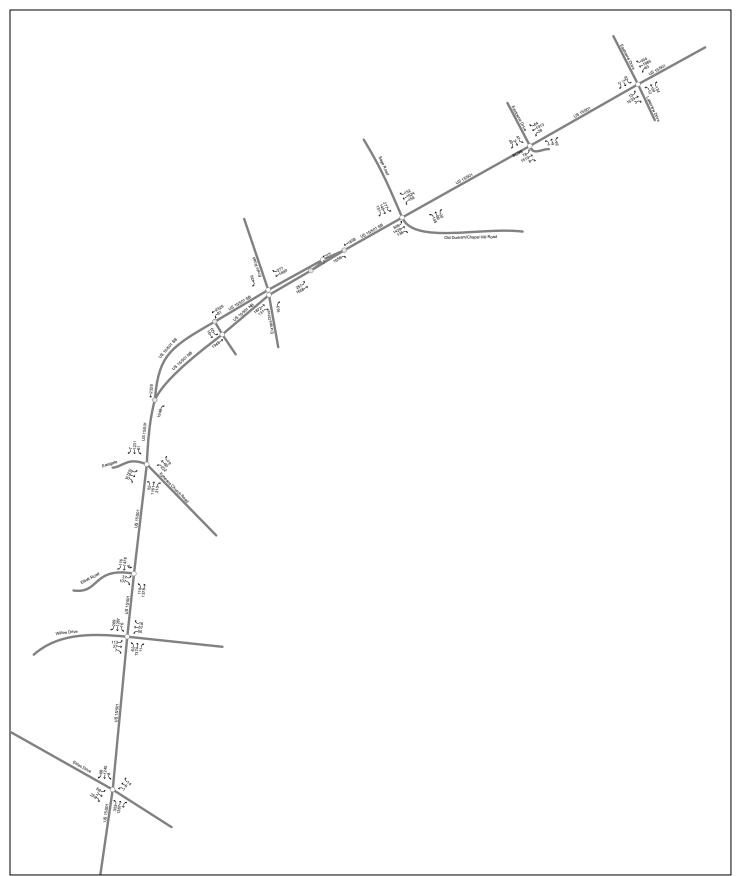


Figure 4-4c Year 2017 A.M. Peak Hour Turning Movement Volumes

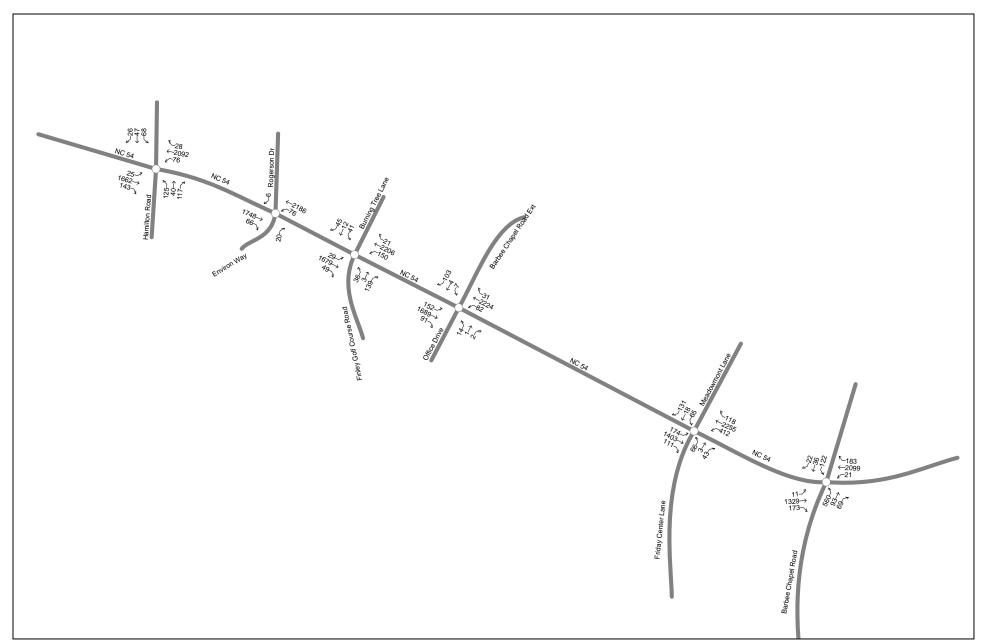


Figure 4-4d Year 2017 A.M. Peak Hour Turning Movement Volumes

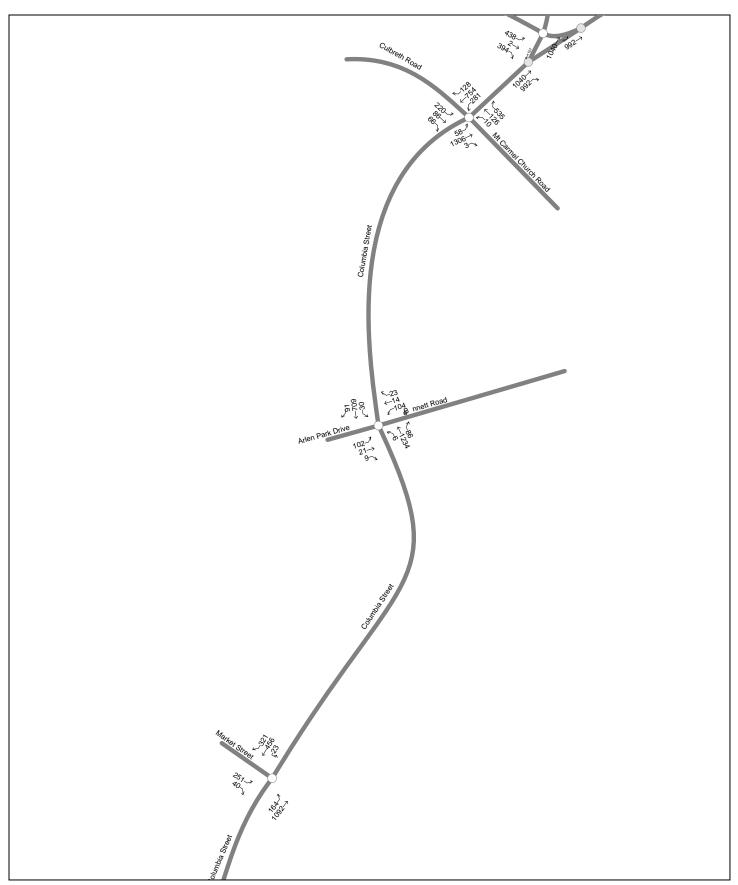


Figure 4-4e Year 2017 A.M. Peak Hour Turning Movement Volumes

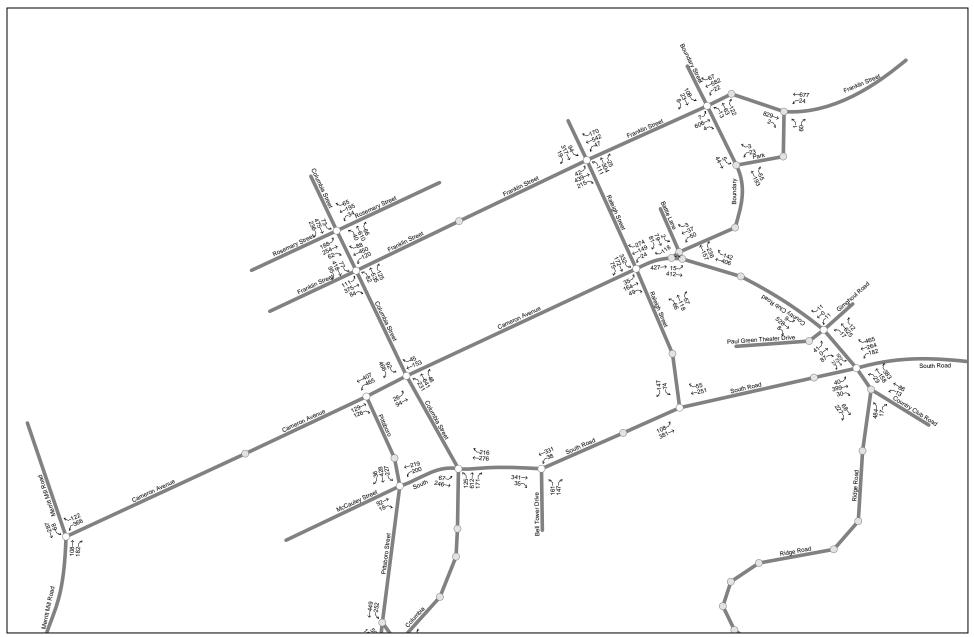


Figure 4-5a Year 2017 P.M. Peak Hour Turning Movement Volumes

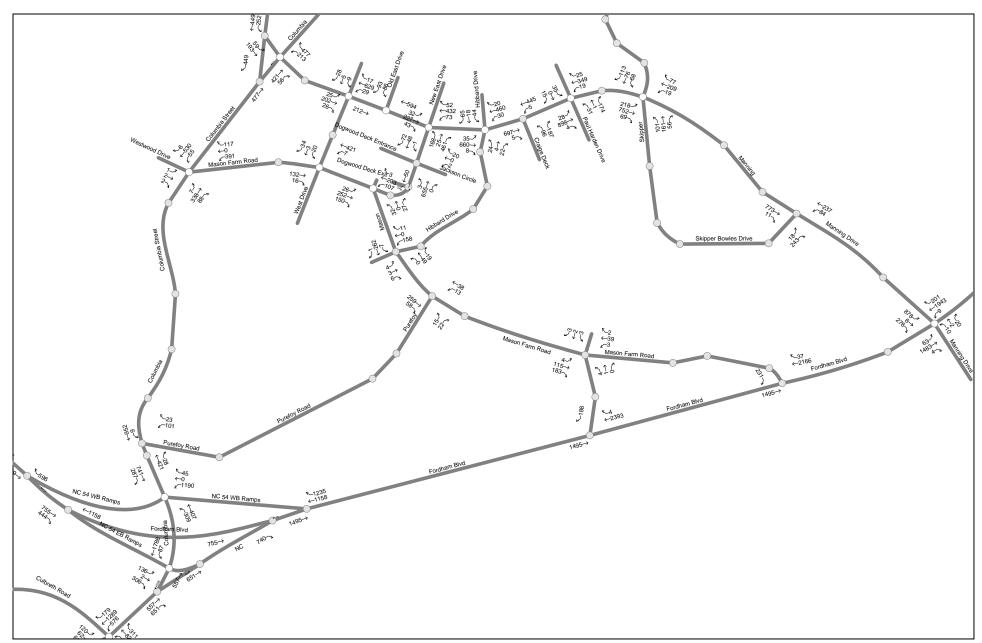


Figure 4-5b Year 2017 P.M. Peak Hour Turning Movement Volumes

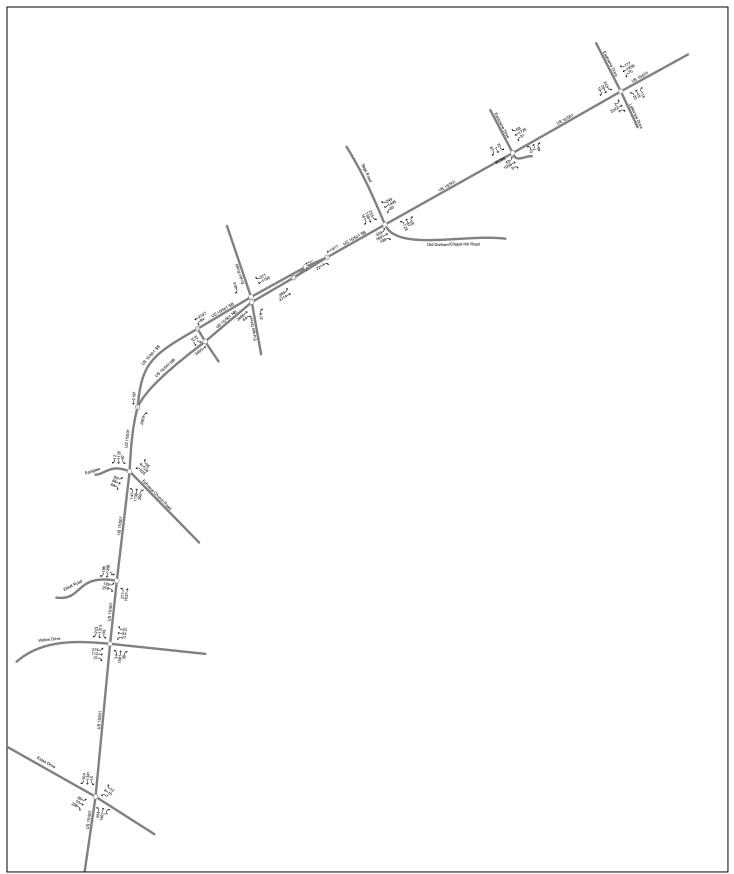


Figure 4-5c Year 2017 P.M. Peak Hour Turning Movement Volumes

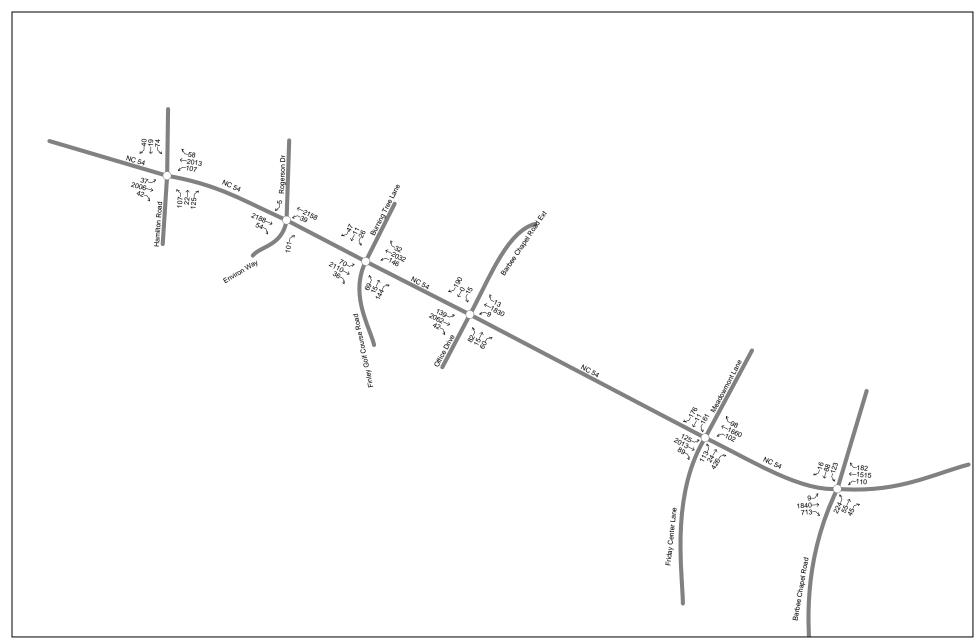


Figure 4-5d Year 2017 P.M. Peak Hour Turning Movement Volumes

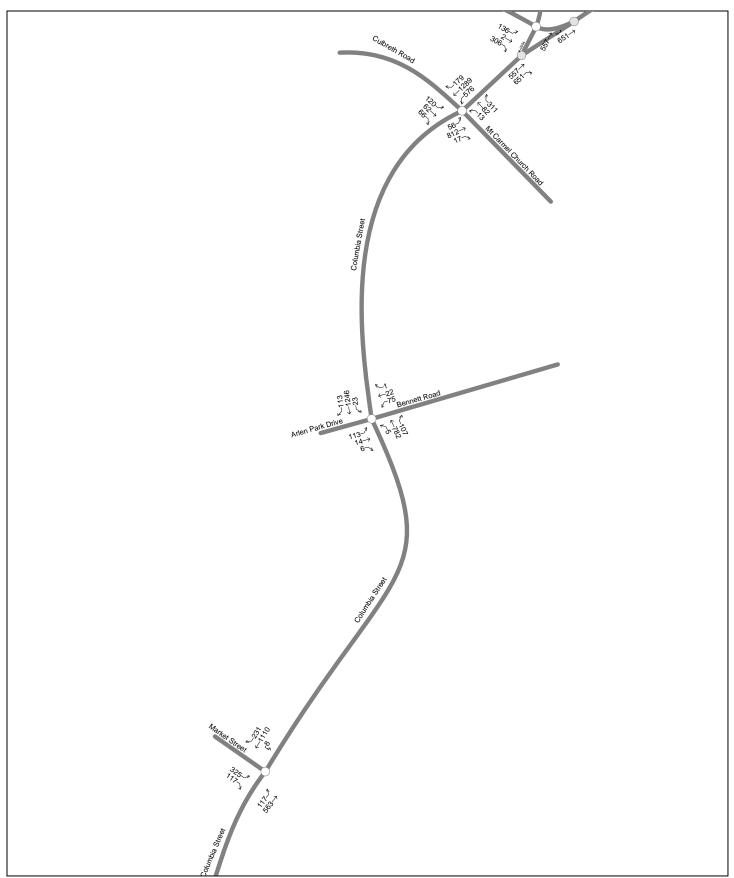


Figure 4-5e Year 2017 P.M. Peak Hour Turning Movement Volumes

4.3.2 Level of Service Criteria

Peak hour level of service (LOS) measures the adequacy of the intersection geometrics and traffic controls of a particular intersection or approach for the given turning movement volumes. Levels of service range from A through F, based on the average control delay experienced by vehicles traveling through the intersection during the peak hour. Control delay represents the portion of total delay attributed to traffic control devices (e.g., signals or stop signs). The engineering profession generally accepts level of service D as an acceptable operating condition for signalized intersections in urban areas and level of service C for rural areas.

At unsignalized intersections, a level of service E is generally considered acceptable only if the side street encounters delay. Nevertheless, side streets sometimes function at level of service F during peak traffic periods, because the traffic volumes often do not warrant a traffic signal to assist side street traffic. Table 4-4 below provides a general description of the various LOS categories and delay ranges.

	•		
Level of Service	Description	Signalized Intersection	Unsignalized Intersection
А	Little or no delay	<= 10 sec.	<= 10 sec.
В	Short traffic delay	10-20 sec.	10-15 sec.
С	Average traffic delay	20-35 sec.	15-25 sec.
D	Long traffic delay	35-55 sec.	25-35 sec.
Е	Very long traffic delay	55-80 sec.	35-50 sec.
F	Unacceptable delay	> 80 sec.	> 50 sec.

Table 4-4: Level of Service Descriptions for Intersections

4.3.3 Analysis Results

Capacity analysis for the existing roadway geometrics and traffic volumes were performed for both morning and afternoon peak hour periods using *Synchro Professional Version 9* and *Highway Capacity Software* (HCS+) software packages. A network outlining the study area was created in *Synchro* using existing geometric and timing/phasing data. Signalized intersections were grouped according to the Town of Chapel Hill's signal system zones, and timing splits were optimized within these zones using cycle length's based on signal timings provided by the Town. Lane widths, grades, pedestrian volumes, etc., were included in the analysis when available.

Table 4-5 summarizes the existing intersection levels of service. In Table 4-5, the overall intersection level of service and worst movement level of service are provided. The Appendix contains the output obtained from *Synchro*, which summarizes the peak period levels of service. Table 4-5 shows that the overall intersection level of service for the majority of Campus study area intersections is LOS D or better, while some minor street approaches are suffering longer delays (worse than LOS D). Delays and queues are typically experienced on the southbound approach of Manning Drive at the intersection with Fordham Boulevard during the AM and PM peak hours of traffic. While the overall level of service during the PM peak hour is indicated at LOS E, the southbound approach is operating at LOS F with queues that typically extend north toward Skipper Bowles Drive.

The following intersections were reported to be operating at LOS D or better in either the AM or PM peak hour in the 2015 TIA update but are reported to be operating at LOS E or worse in this update of the TIA: Columbia Street at Rosemary Street, Columbia Street at Franklin Street, Cameron Avenue at Columbia Street, and Manning Drive at Fordham Boulevard.

The degraded LOS can be attributed to increased peak hour traffic volumes, since the signal phasing was unchanged from the 2015 TIA with minor differences in split times.

As indicated in Table 4-5, a number of intersections operate at LOS D or better for the overall intersection operations, but report LOS E or F on some approaches at the same intersection. Many of the intersections along NC 54 and US 15-501 are examples. In these instances, the major street approaches are given priority over the minor side street approaches in order to coordinate the traffic flow along the major corridor.

As stated in the past updates of the Development Plan Impact Analysis reports, the US 15-501 Major Investment Study concluded that while some minor improvements could be made at intersections along this corridor, the magnitude of the delays being experienced requires a large-scale integrated, multimodal solution. It is anticipated that this corridor will undergo significant highway and transit improvements in the future. These improvements will help relieve congestion along this heavily traveled roadway. The section of US 15-501 at the intersection with Europa Drive and Erwin Road has been converted to a superstreet facility. All of the intersections in the superstreet section of US 15-501 are operating at LOS D or better in both the AM peak hour and the PM peak hour.

Some unsignalized intersections are experiencing long delays on their stop-controlled approaches. These intersections include Purefoy Road at Columbia Street, Mason Farm Road at Fordham Boulevard, and Battle Lane at Country Club Road. All are registering long delays on the side street approaches but still maintaining acceptable overall levels of service; however as previously required by the Town of Chapel Hill, traffic signal warrants analyses were performed for the unsignalized intersections of Skipper Bowles Drive at Manning Drive, Mason Farm Road at Purefoy Road, and Mason Farm Road at Oteys Road. Those analyses are described in further detail in section 4.8.

Table 4-5: Existing (2017) Intersection Levels of Service

			Existin	g (2017)
ID#	Intersection	Control	AM	PM
1	Columbia Street/Rosemary Street	Signalized	C (WB-D)	E (NB-F)
2	Columbia Street/Franklin Street	Signalized	C (SB-D)	E (EB-E)
3	Franklin Street/Raleigh Street	Signalized	B (NB-D)	B (NB-C)
-	Merritt Mill Road/Cameron Avenue	Signalized	B (WB-D)	C (WB-C)
5	Cameron Avenue/Pittsboro Street	Signalized	B (EB-C)	B (EB-E)
6	Cameron Avenue/Columbia Street	Signalized	D (WB-E)	E (EB-F)
7	Cameron Avenue/Raleigh Street	Signalized	C (NB-E)	D (NB-E)
-	Pittsboro Street/McCauley Street	Signalized	B (WB-C)	B (WB-C)
9	Columbia Street/South Road	Signalized	B (EB-C)	C (EB-D)
-	Raleigh Street/South Road	Signalized	A (SB-C)	A (SB-B)
	Country Club Road/South Road	Signalized	C (SB-D)	C (EB-D)
	Columbia Street/Manning Drive	Signalized	C (EB-E)	C (EB-E)
13	Manning Drive/West Drive	Signalized	A (SB-D)	A (SB-B)
	Manning Drive/East Drive	Signalized	B (NB-C)	C (NB-E)
-	Ridge Road/Manning Drive	Signalized	C (NB-D)	C (NB-D)
	Mason Farm Road/Columbia Street	Signalized	B (EB-D)	C (EB-D)
	Mason Farm Road/West Drive	Signalized	A (SB-C)	A (SB-C)
\vdash	Mason Farm Road/East Drive	Signalized	B (NB-B)	A (EB-A)
	Mason Farm Road/Purefoy Road	Unsignalized	A (EB-A)	A (SB-A)
-	Manning Drive/Skipper Bowles Drive	Unsignalized	A (NB-B)	A (NB-C)
	Columbia Street/Purefoy Road	Unsignalized	A (WB-E)	B (WB-F)
22	Columbia Street/Fordham Boulevard (northern ramp)	Signalized	C (WB-E)	D (WB-E)
23	Columbia Street/Fordham Boulevard (southern ramp)	Signalized	C (EB-E)	B (EB-E)
	Mason Farm Road/Fordham Boulevard	Unsignalized	A (SB-C)	C (SB-F)
25	Manning Drive/Fordham Boulevard	Signalized	C (SB-E)	E (SB-F)
	Mason Farm Road/Oteys Road	Unsignalized	A (NB-A)	A (EB-A)
27	Franklin Street/Boundary Street	Signalized	A (SB-C)	A (SB-C)
28	Franklin Street/Park Place	Unsignalized	A (NB-A)	A (NB-B)
29	Battle Lane/Boundary Street	Unsignalized	A (WB-A)	A (NB-B)
30	Country Club Road/Battle Lane	Unsignalized	A (SB-C)	A (SB-E)
307	Country Club Road & Boundary Street	Unsignalized	A (SB-B)	A (SB-B)
31	Country Club Road/Gimghoul Road	Signalized	A (WB-C)	A (EB-B)
32	Manning Drive/Hibbard Drive	Signalized	A (SB-D)	B (SB-E)
33	Manning Drive/Craige Drive	Signalized	A (SB-D)	B (SB-F)
34	East Drive/Jackson Circle/Dogwood Deck Entrance	Unsignalized	A (WB-B)	A (WB-B)
35	East Drive/Dogwood Deck Exit	Unsignalized	A (EB-B)	A (EB-B)
36	Mason Farm Road/Hibbard Drive	Unsignalized	A (EB-B)	A (WB-C)
37	South Road/Bell Tower Drive	Signalized	A (NB-C)	C (NB-C)
38	Manning Drive/Old East Drive	Signalized	B (SB-D)	A (SB-C)
39	Manning Drive/Craige Deck	Unsignalized	A (NB-C)	A (NB-D)
101	US 15-501/Estes Drive	Signalized	C (WB-D)	C (WB-E)
102	US 15-501/Willow Drive	Signalized	B (WB-E)	C (EB-E)
103	US 15-501/Elliot Road	Signalized	A (EB-E)	C (EB-E)
104	US 15-501/Ephesus Church Road	Signalized	C (WB-F)	D (EB-F)
105	US 15-501/Erwin Road	Signalized	A (WB-A)	A (WB-A)
106	US 15-501/Europa Drive	Signalized	A (NB-E)	A (NB-E)
107	US 15-501/Superstreet NB U-Turn	Signalized	C (NB-E)	C (NB-E)
108	US 15-501/Superstreet SB U-Turn	Signalized	A (SB-E)	B (SB-E)
109	US 15-501/Sage Road	Signalized	E (NB-F)	D (NB-F)
110	US 15-501/Eastowne Drive/BCBS	Signalized	C (SB-E)	B (SB-E)
111	US 15-501/Eastowne Drive/Lakeview Drive	Signalized	C (SB-F)	C (SB-F)
201	NC 54/Hamilton Street	Signalized	B (NB-E)	B (NB-E)
202	NC 54/Burning Tree Lane	Signalized	B (SB-E)	B (NB-E)
203	NC 54/Barbee Chapel Road Ext	Signalized	A (NB-E)	B (NB-F)
204	NC 54/Meadowmont Lane	Signalized	C (NB-D)	C (NB-D)
205	NC 54/Barbee Chapel Road (East)	Signalized	D (NB-F)	C (SB-F)
301	US 15-501/Culbreth Road/Mt Carmel Church Road	Signalized	C (EB-E)	C (EB-D)
302	US 15-501/Bennett Road/Arlen Park Drive	Signalized	B (EB-E)	B (EB-E)
303	US 15-501/Market Street	Signalized	B (EB-C)	B (EB-C)

Legend: X = Overall intersection level of service; (X) = worst movement level of service.

4.4 TRIP GENERATION

To determine the impact of the future development on Campus, parking was determined to be the best indicator of additional trips on the study area network. By 2024, the overall additional parking on campus will increase by approximately 1,579 spaces in comparison to the number of spaces present in 2001. In some areas of campus, parking will decrease, while in other areas parking will increase. The objective of the future analysis is to determine the impact of these changes on surrounding intersections. To accomplish this, the parking was converted into peak hour vehicle trips and then distributed to the study area network, as described below.

4.4.1 Parking Generation Rates

Parking generation rates (the number of vehicular trips generated per parking space) were applied to the parking sites which lost or gained spaces. These rates were developed for five types of users: employees, commuter students, resident students, hospital visitor/patients, and University visitors. The rates are shown in Table 4-6 and were developed using traffic counts undertaken at the entry and exit points of selected parking facilities during the fall of 2001, data from card readers at entrances to gated facilities, and visitor counts from various University and UNC Health Care parking areas.

Table 4-6: Trip Generation Rates (Vehicle Trips per Space)

Heer Tyme		Trip Rates (Trips per Space)												
User Type	Weekday	AM In	AM Out	PM In	PM Out									
Hospital Visitor	8.2	0.62	0.19	0.17	0.44									
University Visitor	7.6	0.41	0.13	0.71	0.59									
Employee	3.6	0.36	0.07	0.13	0.30									
Resident Student	7.2	0.22	0.17	0.25	0.28									
Commuter Student	3.6	0.33	0.05	0.27	0.34									

4.4.2 Campus Parking Areas and Distribution

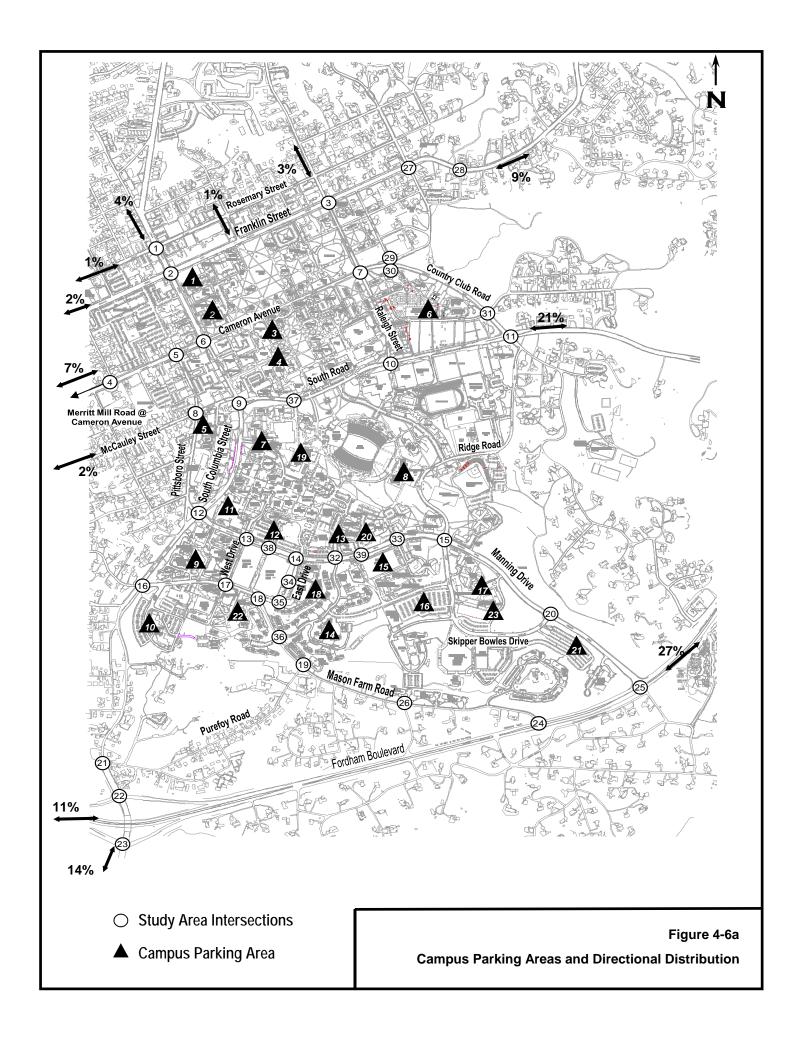
In total there are nearly 30 parking lots on Campus that will be affected by the Development Plan. These parking lots were divided into 24 geographical areas in the analysis. Within each area, the resulting net change in trips was distributed over the study area network, based on an overall regional distribution of traffic and an understanding of how traffic uses the intra-campus road network. The regional distribution of traffic was determined from employee and hospital patient home address data. Intra-campus traffic distribution was based on the existing AM and PM traffic counts (see Figure 4-4 and Figure 4-5).

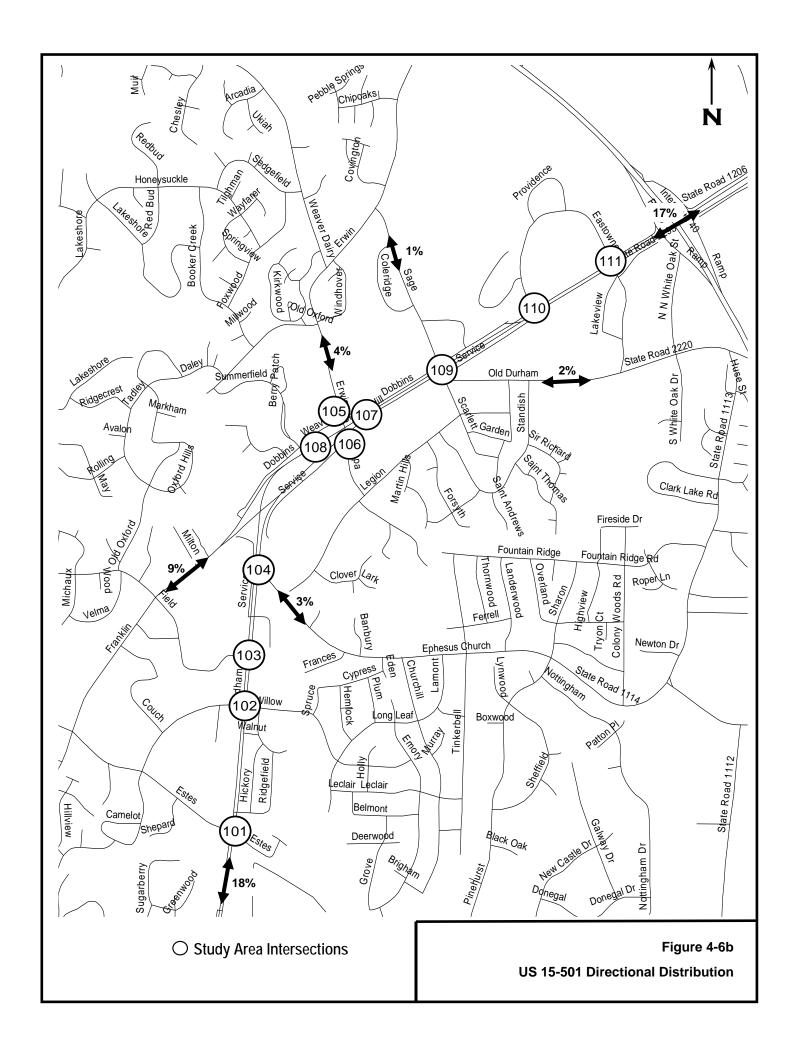
Table 4-7 summarizes the trip generation by campus parking area. The parking areas and overall directional distribution of traffic per area are shown in Figure 4-6.

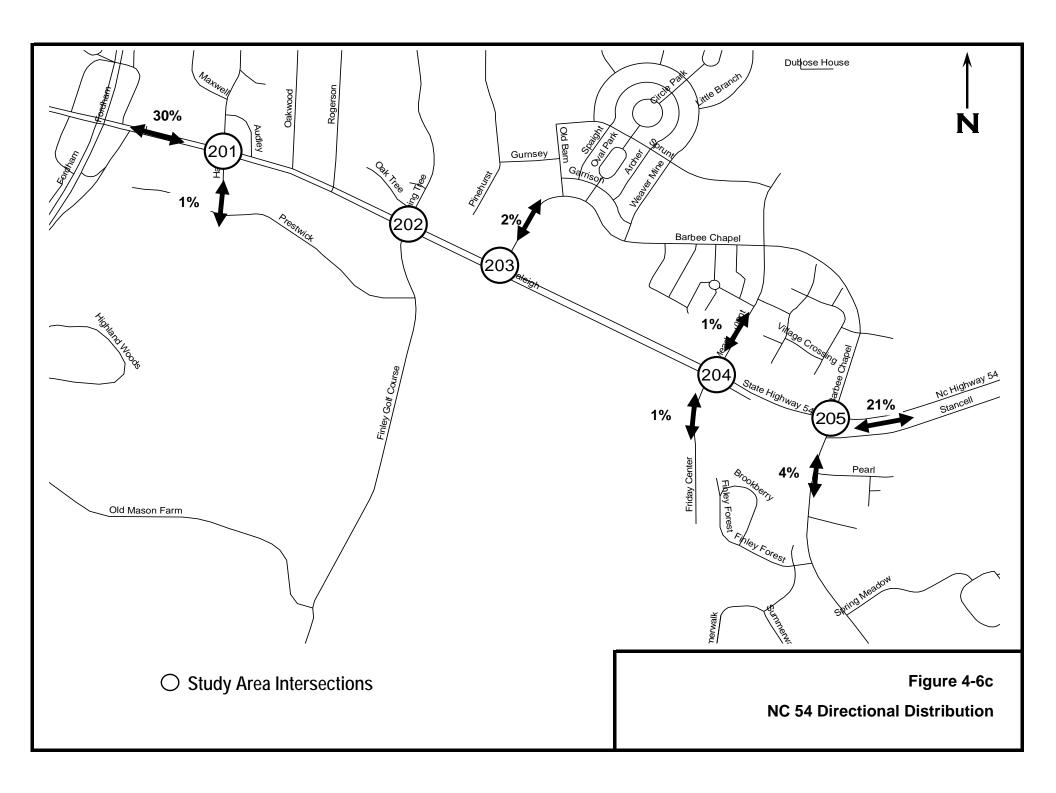
Table 4-7: Trip Generation by Campus Parking Area

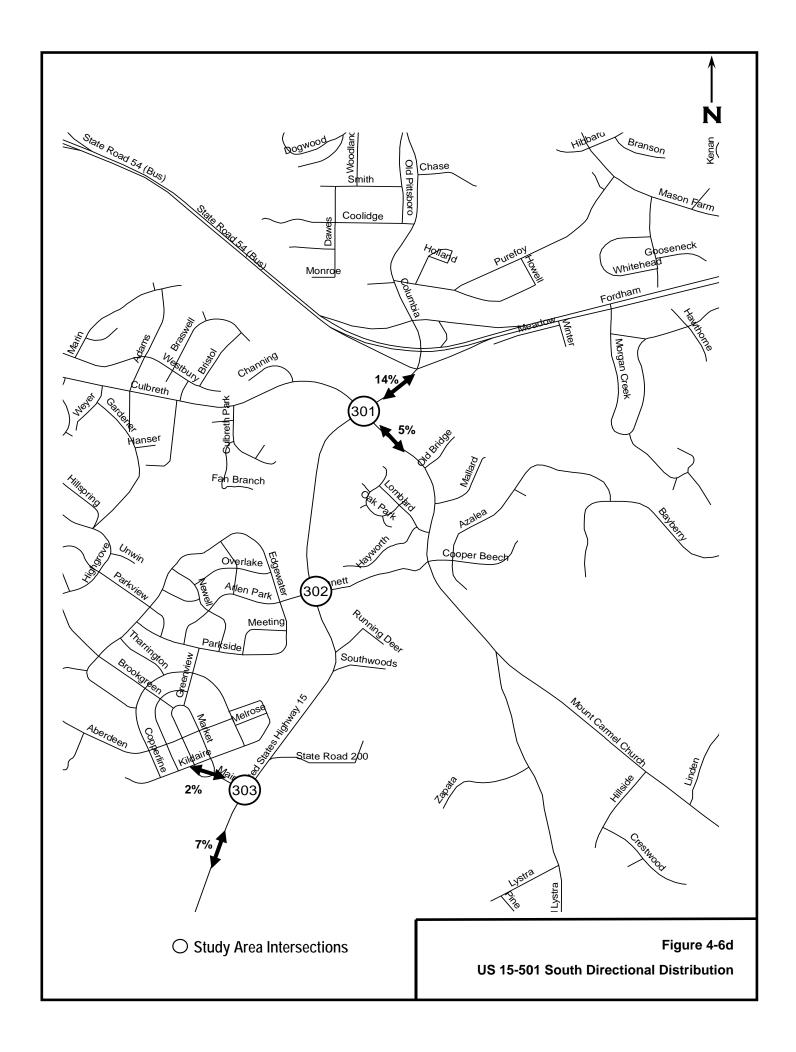
Campus Parking Areas*	Lot Name	Parking Zone	Parking Designation	Change in Parking Totals (spaces)	Change in AM in (trips)	Change in AM Out (trips)	Change in PM in (trips)	Change in PM Out (trips)	Change in Daily Trips (ADT)
1	Porthole	N2	Employee	-40	-15	-3	-5	-12	-144
			Area 1 Totals	-40	-15	-3	-5	-12	-144
2	Cameron Deck	ND1	Visitor	330	136	44	236	195	2500
2	Swain	NG1	Net Change	-214	-81	-19	-63	-82	-1009
•			Area 2 Totals	116	55	25	173	113	1491
3	literes		Visitor	-32	-13	4	-23	-19	-242
3	Hanes		Area 3 Totals	-32	-13	7 4	-23	-19	-242
4	Sitterson	NG2	Employee	-135	-49	-9	-18	-41	-486
4	Venable Deck	ND2	Employee	0 41	-15	٥ ۾	0 -5	0 (0
-	Wilson Library	NB	Employee Area 4 Totals	-176	-64	-12	-23	-12 -53	-148 -634
5	McCauley Street	W	Employee/Student	-20	-26	12	13	-9	409
			Area 5 Totals	-20	-26	12	13	-9	409
6	Conner/Cobb/Joyner	N4	Employee	126	46	18	25	44	454
6	Conner/Cobb/Joyner	N4	Visitor	-6	0	0	0	0	0
6	Conner/Cobb/Joyner	N4	Student	-33	-11	-2	-9	-11	-119
- 6	Conner/Cobb/Joyner	N4	Service	-8	3	1 47	1 47	2	29
			Area 6 Totals	79	38	17	17	35	364
7	North Medical Drive		Service	-26	-9	-2	-3	-8	-94
			Area 7 Totals	-26	-9	-2	-3	-8	-94
-	Dame Hand	oe.	Not Change	202	435	40	247	470	2200
8	Rams Head Ridge Road	85 81	Net Change Net Change	303 -16	125 -5	40 -2	217 -3	179 -5	2296 -79
			Area 8 Totals	287	120	38	214	174	2217
9	Glaxo/HousingSupport/MFM/MRI	86	Employee	-46	-17 -17	-3	-6	-14	-166
			Area 9 Totals	-46	-17	-3	-6	-14	-166
10	ACC		Visitor	198	122	37	33	87	1621
			Area 10 Totals	198	122	37	33	87	1621
- 44	Bantal Bahari	0.5	Feeters		40			45	404
11	Dental School	36	Employee Area 11 Totals	-53 -53	-19 -19	7 7	-7 -7	-16 -16	-191 -191
			7000 11 10000			-			
12	Gravely	CG	Net Change	595	401	127	105	280	5491
			Area 12 Totals	595	401	127	105	280	5491
13	Neurosciences	CG	Employee	-108	-39	-7	-14	-33	-389
			Area 13 Totals	-108	-39	-7	-14	-33	-389
14	Student Family Housing	MR/MR2	Student	79	18	14	19	22	568
			Area 14 Totals	79	18	14	19	22	568
15	Craige Surface/Deck	CD	Net Change	741	274	47	93	224	2536
			Area 15 Totals	741	274	47	93	224	2536
45	Seudon	644	Not Observe	***	***	-40	404	405	2252
16 16	Bowles Kenan/McColl Visitor Parking	811	Net Change Visitor	-628 -40	-223 -16	-5	-104 -29	-195 -24	-2262 -303
			Area 16 Totals	-668	-240	-46	-132	-219	-2565
17	Hinton James	М	Student Area 17 Totals	-250 -250	-56 -56	43 43	-61 -61	-70 -70	-1797 -1797
			rea ir iotais	-250	-30	43	-91	-70	-1121
18	Jackson Circle		Employee	606	220	42	80	183	2182
18	Jackson Circle		Student	100	33	5	27	34	360
18	Jackson Circle		Visitor	-54	-12	-9 27	-13	-15	-442 2400
			Area 18 Totals	652	241	37	93	201	2100
19	Bell Tower North Access	BG	Employee	124	45	9	16	37	447
			Area 19 Totals	124	45	9	16	37	447
	ITO .	62	Canica	74		-	3	7	0.5
20	ITS ITS	82 82	Service Visitor	-24 -2	9	0	0	0	86 0
20	ITS	82	Employee	-29	-11	-2	-4	-9	-104
			Area 20 Totals	-7	-2	0	-1	-2	-18
	I Inscripted Space	044	Employee	22	42	-		40	445
21	Unassigned Spaces	811	Employee Area 21 Totals	32 32	12	2	4	10	115
			74002110005		1/2		-		11/2
22	South Chiller	36	Employee	-129	-47	-9	-17	-39	-465
	·		Area 22 Totals	-129	-47	-9	-17	-39	-465
23	Tennis Deck	P12	Employee	231	84	16	30	70	832
		2	Area 23 Totals	231	84	16	30	70	832
				Parking	AM In (trips)	AM Out	PM in (trips)	PM Out	Dally Trips
				Totals (spaces)	- an (unpe)	(trips)	. m.ar (arps)	(trips)	(ADT)
			Campus-Wide Totals	1,579	883	249	518	781	11,487

*See Figure 4-8 for Campus Parking Areas Locations









4.5 TRAFFIC PROJECTIONS

Through the year 2013 Development Plan TIA Update, the traffic projections for No-Build and Build conditions were estimated for the year 2015; however, the build year was changed to 2022 for the 2015 update. The No-Build and Build analyses for the 2017 update have been completed for the year 2024, maintaining a seven-year horizon. The change is intended to capture the anticipated completion of the main campus development plan.

The future build year traffic analysis is presented for the following cases:

- Year 2024 No-Build scenario traffic projections, consisting of projected background traffic growth.
- Year 2024 Build scenario traffic projections, including background traffic growth and Development Plan traffic as described in Section 4.4.

4.5.1 No-Build Scenario

No-Build traffic was developed for 2024. No-Build year 2024 intersection Average Daily Traffic (ADT) and turning movement volumes were determined as described below.

No-Build Average Daily Traffic

Based on historical count data from NCDOT, projected annual growth rates determined from the regional travel demand model, and information from the Town, annual growth rates were applied to existing traffic to yield the future background traffic for year 2024. The annual growth rates and projected future ADTs for study area roads are listed in Table 4-9 and are displayed in Figure 4-9.

No-Build Turning Movement Volumes

Utilizing the annual growth rates from Table 4-9, the intersection turning movement counts listed in Table 4-8 and shown in Figure 4-4 and Figure 4-5 were adjusted to reflect future year 2024 conditions. Growth rates were applied to each approach of the intersections, ranging from no growth to three percent annually. These volumes were then used in the 2024 No-Build analysis.

Table 4-8: Future No-Build Year 2024 Turning Movement Volumes

AM Peak Hour

	eak Hour													
ID#	Intersection	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBU	SBL	SBT	SBR
1	Columbia Street/Rosemary Street	122	179	23	11	120	59	35	348	35	0	122	588	163
2	Columbia Street/Franklin Street	63	296	49	89	327	74	39	298	93	0	50	544	45
3	Franklin Street/Raleigh Street	10	284	125	53	460	79	112	158	30	0	50	279	18
4	Merritt Mill Road/Cameron Avenue	0	0	0	64	0	33	0	175	455	0	120	95	0
5	Cameron Avenue/Pittsboro Street	0	122	178	638	136	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	Cameron Avenue/Columbia Street	17	94	0	0	117	39	88	370	48	0	75	0	566
7	Cameron Avenue/Raleigh Street	19	90	27	27	183	207	24	48	14	0	330	158	54
8	Pittsboro Street/McCauley Street	0	113	32	146	37	0	0	0	0	0	169	597	10
9	Columbia Street/South Road	20	306	0	0	197	127	57	393	225	0	0	0	0
_				0				0	0	0	0			
10	Raleigh Street/South Road	46	207	_	0	334	35	_	_	_	_	37	0	125
11	Country Club Road/South Road	5	158	48	516	406	532	30	37	78	0	313	180	18
12	Columbia Street/Manning Drive	69	415	0	61	0	181	0	411	357	0	0	0	0
13	Manning Drive/West Drive	70	404	322	217	238	38	0	0	0	0	18	6	17
	Manning Drive/East Drive	85	351	124	262	340	95	94	31	280	0	0	0	0
15	Ridge Road/Manning Drive	124	345	74	11	659	62	23	40	6	0	47	117	365
16	Mason Farm Road/Columbia Street	7	6	1	147	0	74	6	658	249	0	119	210	5
17	Mason Farm Road/West Drive	0	261	24	10	234	0	0	0	0	0	33	7	31
18	Mason Farm Road/East Drive	60	210	66	14	134	6	59	19	170	0	0	0	0
19	Mason Farm Road/Purefoy Road	203	0	13	0	0	0	16	96	0	0	0	20	19
20	Manning Drive/Skipper Bowles Drive	0	354	24	283	645	0	1	0	43	0	0	0	0
21	Columbia Street/Purefoy Road	0	0	0	30	0	5	0	1003	366	0	13	406	0
22	Columbia Street/Fordham Boulevard (northern ramp)	0	0	0	553	0	68	252	1299	0	0	0	291	138
23	Columbia Street/Fordham Boulevard (southern ramp)	470	2	422	0	0	0	0	1079	0	0	58	791	0
24	Mason Farm Road/Fordham Boulevard	0	2419	0	0	1223	109	0	0	0	0	0	0	37
25	Manning Drive/Fordham Boulevard	233	2350	4	8	1259	848	19	7	28	0	235	3	34
26	Mason Farm Road/Oteys Road	1	26	11	5	69	1	14	0	0	0	1	0	1
27	Franklin Street/Boundary Street	6	325	8	57	558	72	5	26	27	0	77	19	6
28	Franklin Street/Park Place	0	422	1	69	701	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	0
29	Battle Lane/Boundary Street	0	0	0	82	50	2	0	126	76	0	0	47	61
	Country Club Road/Battle Lane	4	339	0	0	395	125	0	0	0	0	128	0	0
307	Country Club Road & Boundary Street	0	344	0	0	395	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	111
31	Country Club Road/Gimghoul Road	5	1	18	11	1	6	90	554	13	0	5	461	30
32	Manning Drive/Hibbard Drive	47	553	17	10	620	39	18	10	53	0	27	4	40
33	Manning Drive/Craige Drive	42	450	21	163	819	37	4	4	14	0	18	3	9
34	East Drive/Jackson Circle/Dogwood Deck Entrance	0	0	0	0	0	3	20	395	2	0	81	106	217
35	· ·	215	0	122	0	0	0	0	205	0	0	0	56	-
	East Drive/Dogwood Deck Exit		2		5	5	19	7				42		0
36	Mason Farm Road/Hibbard Drive	4		1					249	184	0		39	12
37	South Road/Bell Tower Drive	0	340	204	192	299	0	29	0	55	0	0	0	0
	Manning Drive/Old East Drive	0	425	0	0	434	0	0	0	0	0	141	0	82
	Manning Drive/Craige Deck	0	543	132	178	681	0	7	0	13	0	0	0	0
101	US 15-501/Estes Drive	71	2	277	1	10	15	378	1468	4	0	9	1342	73
102	US 15-501/Willow Drive	121	29	8	59	61	19	66	1475	12	0	17	1387	288
_	US 15-501/Elliot Road	40	0	115	0	0	0	127	1480	0	5	0	1590	124
	US 15-501/Ephesus Church Road	28	31	32	239	96	85	56	1247	225	0	65	1326	8
-	US 15-501/Erwin Road	0	0	0	0	2035	297	0	0	0	0	0	0	469
106	US 15-501/Europa Drive	0	2009	140	0	0	0	0	0	175	0	0	0	0
107	US 15-501/Superstreet NB U-Turn	0	0	0	0	2001	0	276	0	0	0	0	0	0
108	US 15-501/Superstreet SB U-Turn	0	2091	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	70	17	0
109	US 15-501/Sage Road	330	1534	148	170	1749	163	157	106	21	0	297	155	140
110	US 15-501/Eastowne Drive/BCBS	84	1631	9	30	2058	69	1	6	26	0	50	3	46
111	US 15-501/Eastowne Drive/Lakeview Drive	14	1646	3	68	2136	326	13	31	144	0	88	8	2
	NC 54/Hamilton Street	28	1885	162	86	2377	32	129	41	121	0	70	49	27
	NC 54/Burning Tree Lane	33	1905	56	170	2506	24	37	3	144	0	42	12	47
	NC 54/Barbee Chapel Road Ext	172	1916	103	93	2527	35	14	1	2	0	7	4	107
	NC 54/Meadowmont Lane	197	1592	126	467	2562	134	68	3	45	0	67	19	136
	NC 54/Barbee Chapel Road (East)	13	1615	210	25	2551	222	582	96	71	0	126	37	23
_	US 15-501/Culbreth Road/Mt Carmel Church Road	228	89	68	10	130	555	69	1557	4	0	334	897	152
	US 15-501/Bennett Road/Arlen Park Drive	106	22	9	108	14	24	7	1472	102	0	36	844	108
_	US 15-501/Market Street	261	0	41	0	0	0	202	1347	0	28	0	562	395
505	OU 10 00 I/IVIAI NEL OLI EEL	201	U	71	U	U	U	202	1041	U	20	U	JUZ	JJJ

PM Peak Hour

Columbia Street/Floaking Street	_	ak Hour											,		
2 Columbia Street/Frankin Street	#	Intersection	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBU	SBL	SBT	SBR
3 Franklin StreetRelaigh Street	1 (Columbia Street/Rosemary Street	195	263	64	35	202	67	43	655	71	0	78	510	253
A wherrit Mil Road/Cameron Avenue	2 (Columbia Street/Franklin Street	115	388	87	126	466	91	88	575	138	0	83	449	102
5 Cameron Avenue/Pittsboro Street	3 1	Franklin Street/Raleigh Street	43	456	225	49	561	176	116	315	26	0	97	328	20
Cameron Avenue/Columbia Street	4 I	Merritt Mill Road/Cameron Avenue	0	0	0	379	0	126	0	112	188	0	70	297	0
Total Cameron Avenue/Raleigh Street	5 (Cameron Avenue/Pittsboro Street	0	134	130	487	421	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	3 (Cameron Avenue/Columbia Street	27	97	0	0	161	48	248	692	51	0	99	0	503
Pitisboro Street/McCauley Street	_				51							0	346	178	78
9 Columbia Street/South Road	_	Ÿ										0	244	463	39
10 Raleigh Street/South Road	_	·										0	0	0	0
11 Country Club Road/South Road	_	Raleigh Street/South Road			0							0	77	0	152
12 Columbia Street/Manning Drive 65 201 0 221 2 496 0 437 58 13 Manning Drive/Peat Drive 26 211 27 30 654 18 0 0 0 0 0 14 Manning Drive/East Drive 33 237 45 76 447 54 174 26 477 15 Ridge Road/Manning Drive 226 781 71 20 216 89 105 167 58 16 Mason Farm Road/Columbia Street 1 2 2 405 0 122 7 350 91 17 Mason Farm Road/Columbia Street 1 2 2 405 0 122 7 350 91 17 Mason Farm Road/Columbia Street 1 2 2 2 405 0 122 7 350 91 18 Mason Farm Road/Peat Drive 0 137 17 7 436 0 0 0 0 0 18 Mason Farm Road/Purefoy Road 16 0 23 0 0 0 16 47 0 18 19 Mason Farm Road/Purefoy Road 16 0 23 0 0 0 16 47 0 12 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	_	0		_								0	554	78	24
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18 Mason Farm Road/East Drive	_											0	21	3	35
Mason Farm Road/Purefoy Road	_		_					_				0	0	0	0
Manning Drive/Skipper Bowles Drive	_											0	0	323	
Columbia Street/Purefoy Road	_	,													72
22 Columbia Street/Fordham Boulevard (northern ramp) 0	_	9 11		_								0	0	0	0
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30 Country Club Road/Battle Lane	8 1	Franklin Street/Park Place	0	859	2	26	701	0	1	0	64	0	0	0	0
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39 Manning Drive/Craige Deck 0 724 5 5 461 0 99 0 194	7 :	South Road/Bell Tower Drive	0	465	48	52	450	0	167	0	152	0	0	0	0
39 Manning Drive/Craige Deck 0 724 5 5 461 0 99 0 194	8 1	Manning Drive/Old East Drive	0	222	0	0	615	0	0	0	0	0	89	0	99
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106 US 15-501/Europa Drive 0 2677 90 0 0 0 0 234 107 US 15-501/Superstreet NB U-Turn 2 0 0 0 1946 0 396 0 0 108 US 15-501/Superstreet SB U-Turn 0 2647 0 1 1 0 </td <td></td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>434</td>												0	0	0	434
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203 NC 54/Barbee Chapel Road Ext 157 2343 48 10 2078 15 85 16 62	_											0	77	20	41
	_			_								0	27	11	49
204 INC 54/Moodowmont Lano	_			_								0	16	0	197
	\rightarrow	NC 54/Meadowmont Lane	142	2288	101	116	1885	111	117	25	441	0	167	11	182
	_	, ,		2238	866		1842		233	57	47	0	127	91	17
301 US 15-501/Culbreth Road/Mt Carmel Church Road 124 64 68 13 85 323 67 968 20)1 I	US 15-501/Culbreth Road/Mt Carmel Church Road	124	64	68	13	85	323	67	968	20	0	687	1536	213
302 US 15-501/Bennett Road/Arlen Park Drive 117 14 6 78 23 1 6 932 127)2	US 15-501/Bennett Road/Arlen Park Drive	117	14	6	78	23	1	6	932	127	0	27	1485	134
303 US 15-501/Market Street 337 0 121 0 0 0 144 695 0)3	US 15-501/Market Street	337	0	121	0	0	0	144	695	0	10	0	1368	285

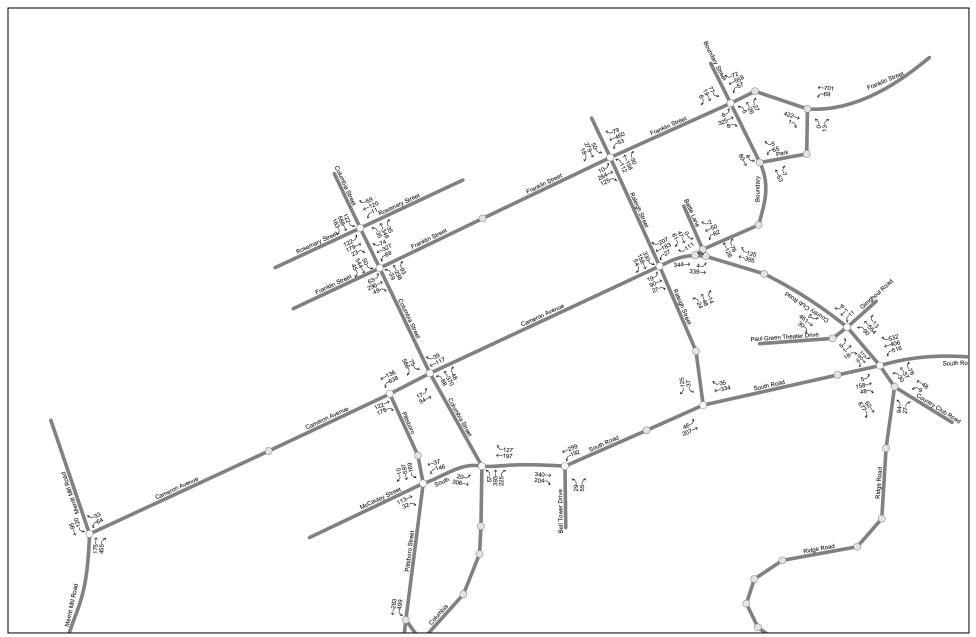


Figure 4-7a Future No-Build Year 2024 A.M. Peak Hour Turning Movement Volumes

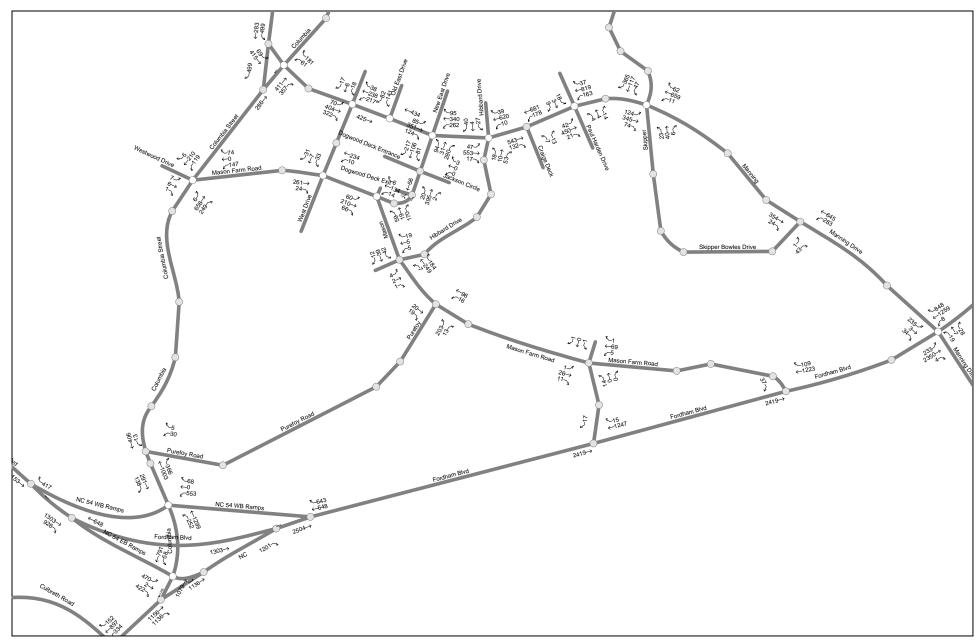


Figure 4-7b
Future No-Build Year 2024 A.M. Peak Hour Turning Movement Volumes

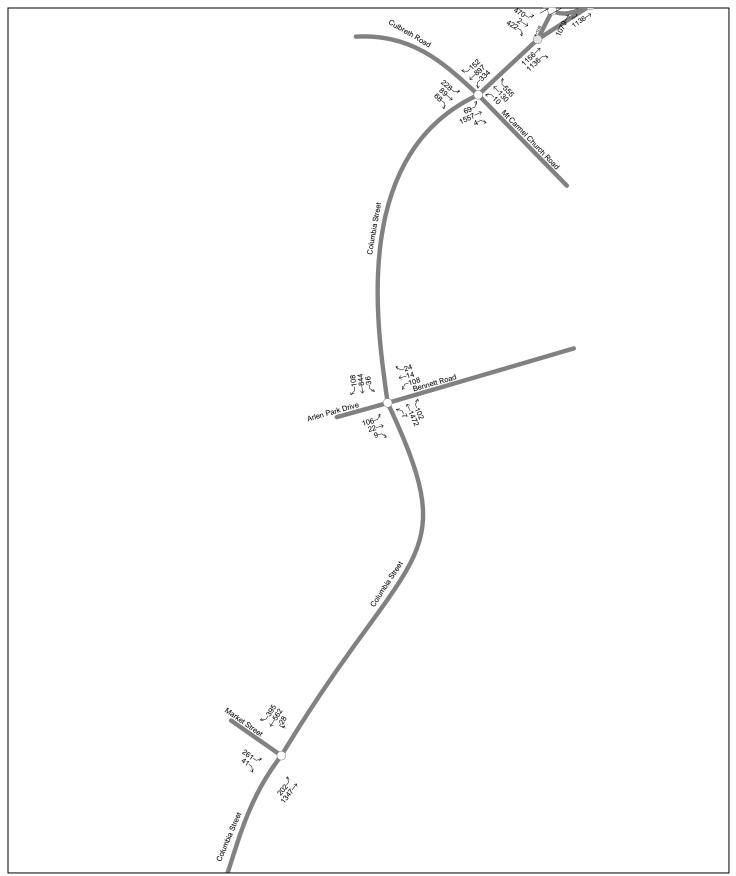


Figure 4-7c Future No-Build Year 2024 A.M. Peak Hour Turning Movement Volumes

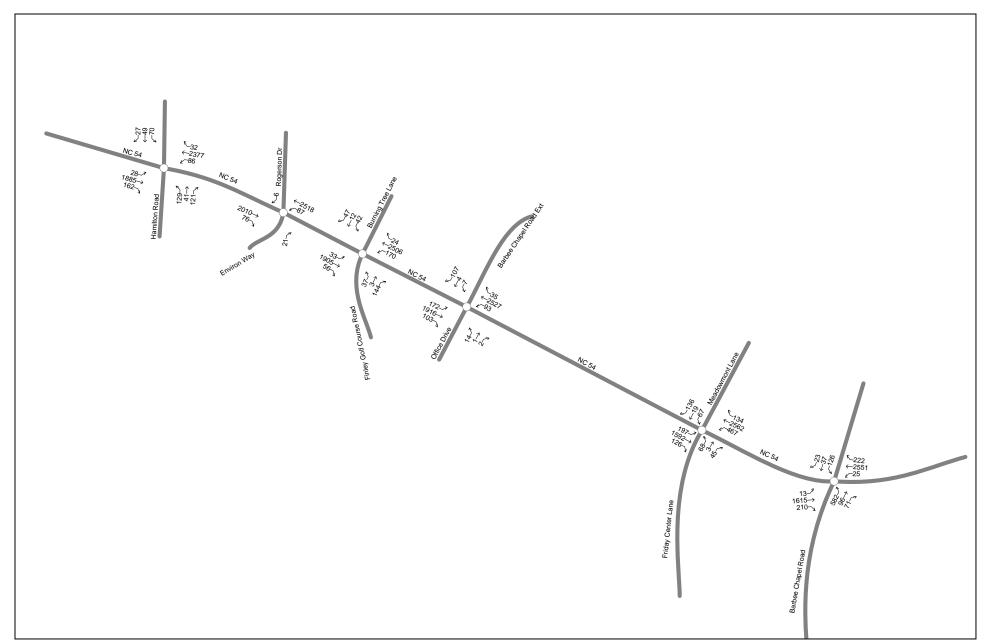


Figure 4-7d Future No-Build Year 2024 A.M. Peak Hour Turning Movement Volumes

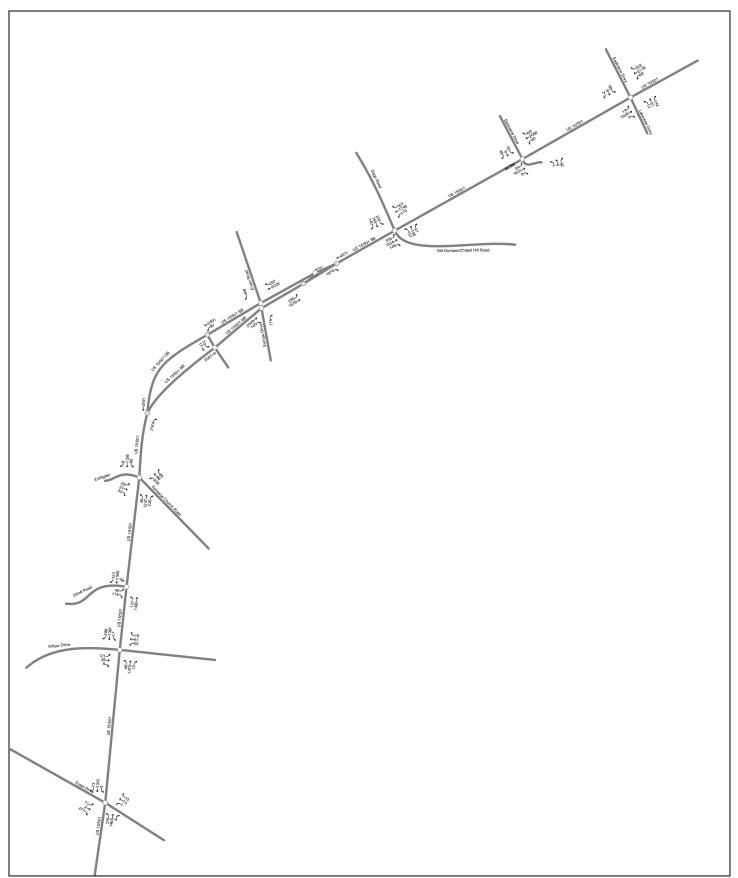


Figure 4-7e
Future No-Build Year 2024 A.M. Peak Hour Turning Movement Volumes

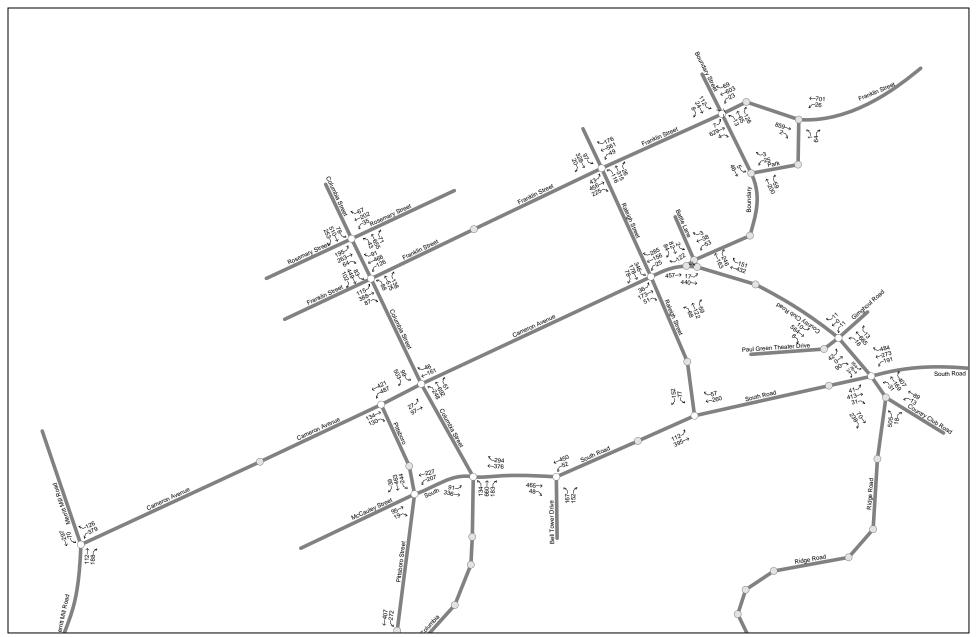


Figure 4-7a Future No-Build Year 2024 P.M. Peak Hour Turning Movement Volumes

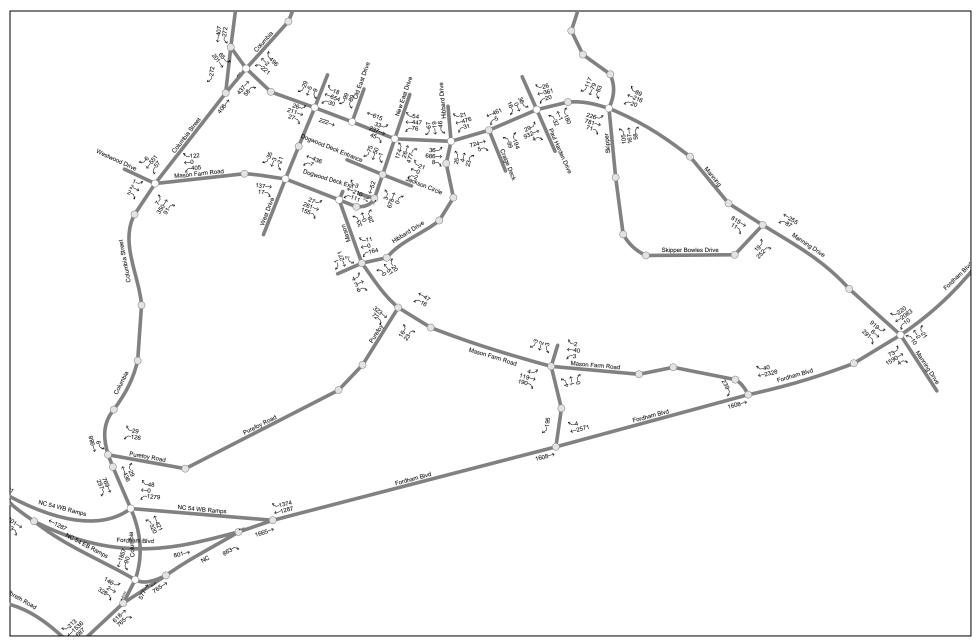


Figure 4-7b Future No-Build Year 2024 P.M. Peak Hour Turning Movement Volumes

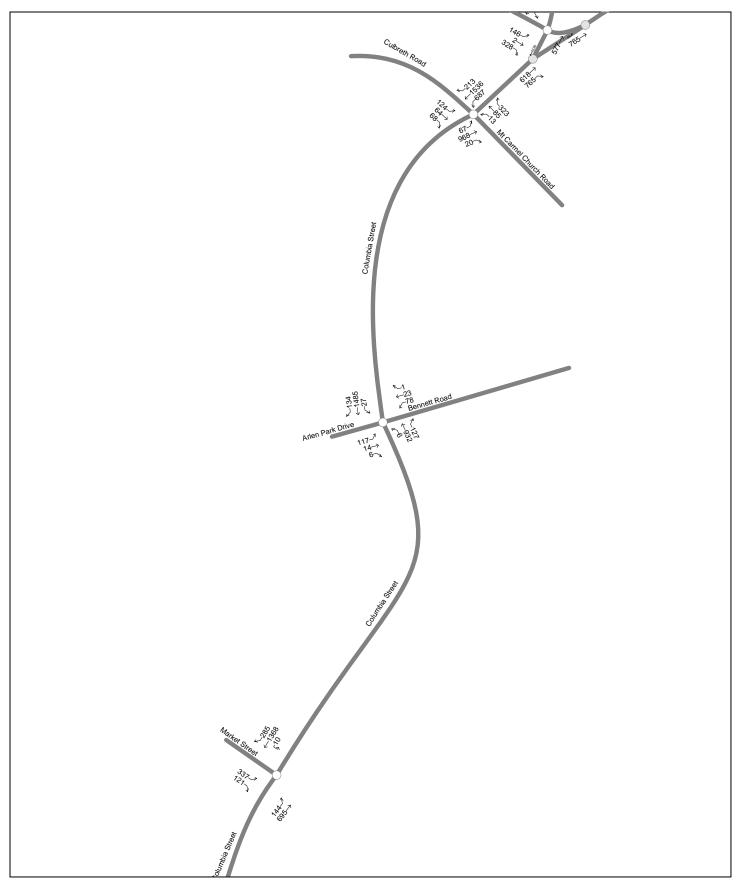


Figure 4-7c Future No-Build Year 2024 P.M. Peak Hour Turning Movement Volumes

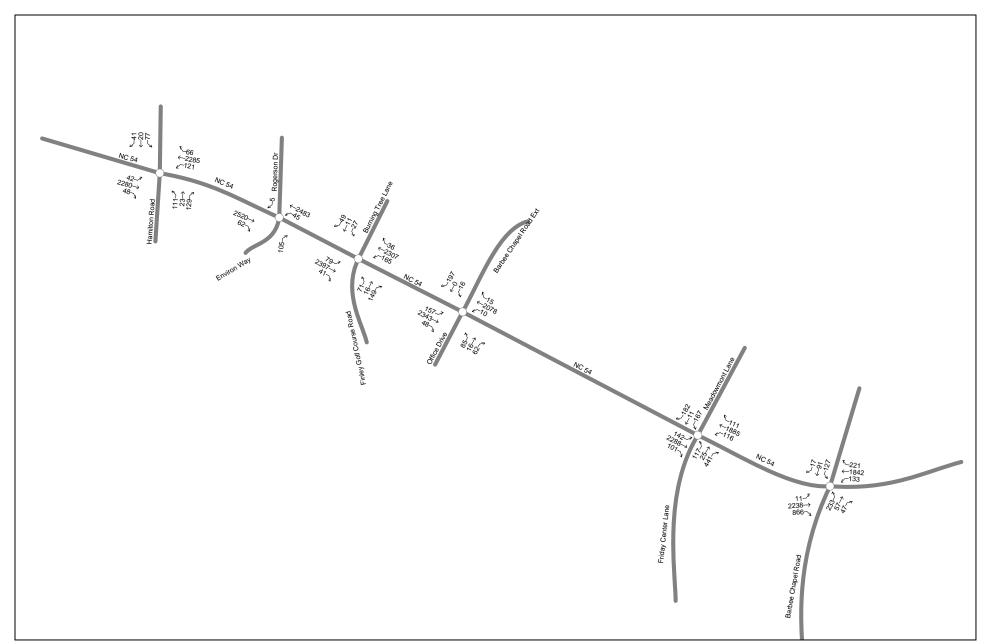


Figure 4-7d Future No-Build Year 2024 P.M. Peak Hour Turning Movement Volumes

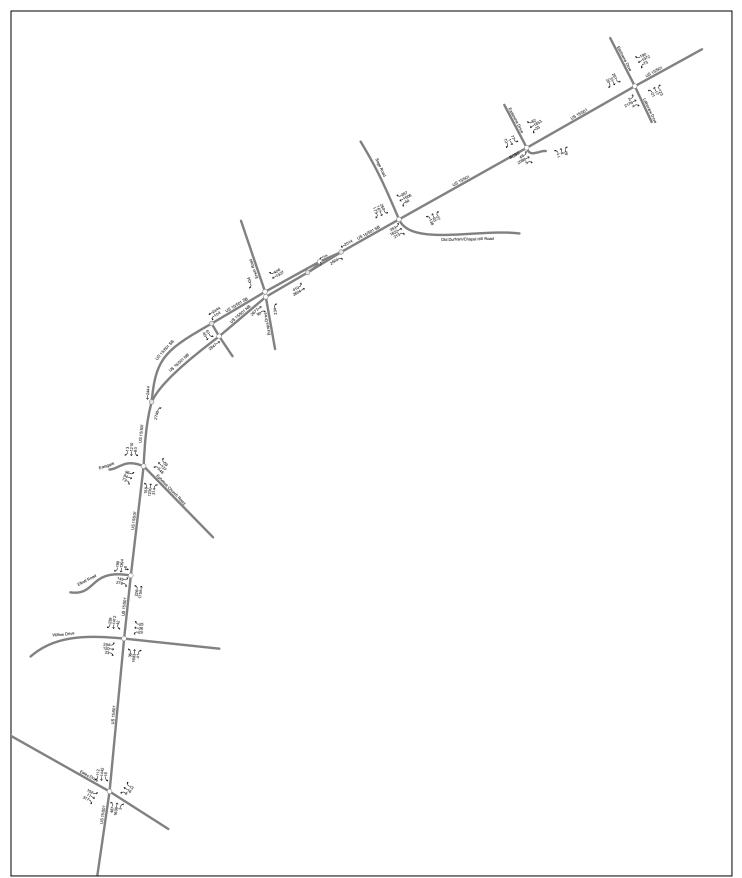


Figure 4-7e Future No-Build Year 2024 P.M. Peak Hour Turning Movement Volumes

4.5.2 Build Scenario

The development of the 2024 Build scenario turning movement volumes included the following steps:

- The 2024 No-Build volumes (Table 4-8) were used as a base, accounting for existing volumes and future annual growth.
- The future parking generated trips (as described in Section 4.4) were added to the 2024 No-Build volumes to yield 2024 Build volumes.

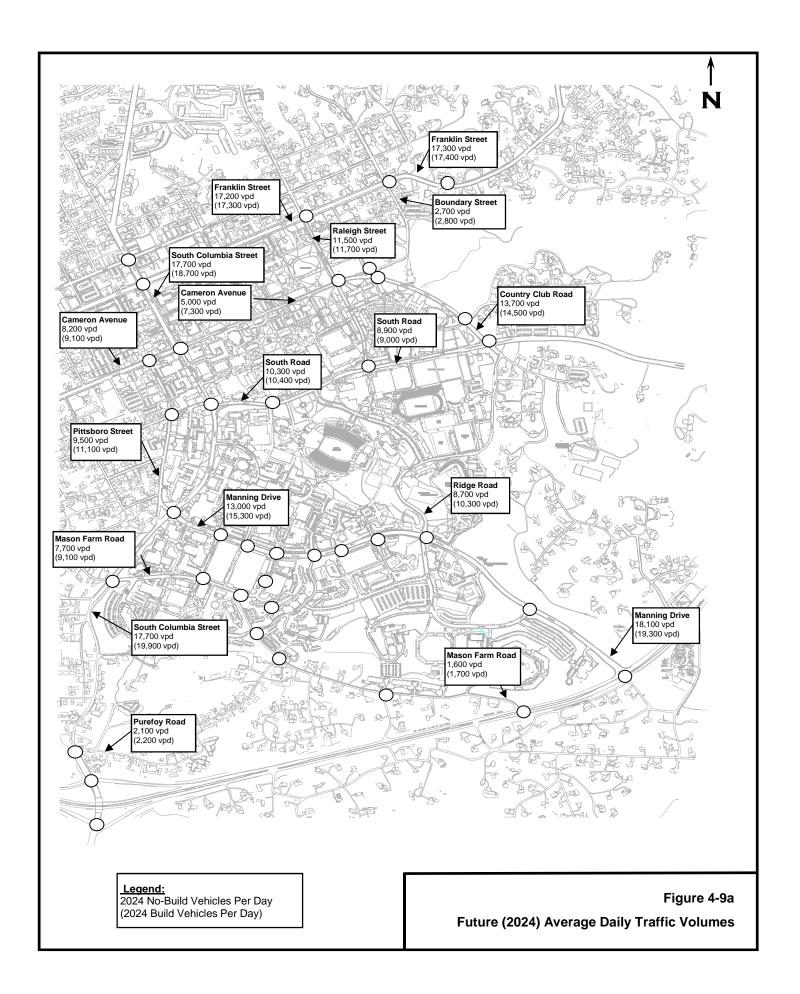
The Build scenario traffic volumes for the AM and PM peak hours are listed in Table 4-10 and illustrated in Figure 4-10 and Figure 4-11. The increase in traffic along the majority of campus roads will be minimal, though increases in individual turning movements at some intersections near proposed parking facilities may be significant. In some areas where parking is being eliminated, some turning movements will decrease compared to the No-Build scenario.

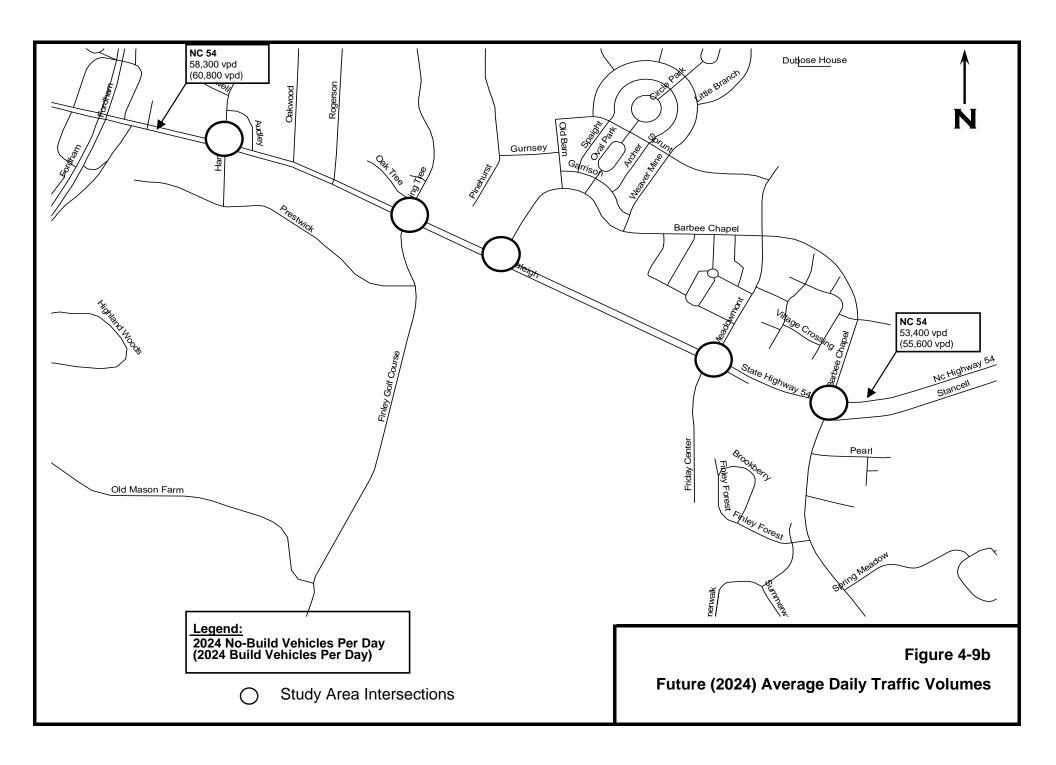
The largest increases in traffic volumes will be experienced on the major arteries serving Campus.

The annual growth rates and projected future ADTs for study area roads are listed in Table 4-9 and are displayed in Figure 4-9.

Table 4-9: Existing and Future (2024) Average Daily Traffic Volumes

Link#	Roadway	2001 ADT	2003 ADT	2005 ADT	2006 ADT	2007 ADT	2009 ADT	2011 ADT	2013 ADT	2015 ADT	2017 ADT	2017-2024 Annual Growth Rate	Projected 2024 No- Build ADT	Projected 2024 Build ADT	2001-2009 AGR
1	S. Columbia St. (south of Franklin St.)	20,720	19,060	17,530		17,530	15,410	14,380	14,663	16,329	15,783	1.7%	17,700	18,700	-3.6%
2	Raleigh St. (south of Franklin St.)	14,470	10,710	13,080	13,080	11,020	11,710	9,910	10,514	10,450	11,031	0.6%	11,500	11,700	-2.6%
3	Cameron Ave. (west of Pittsboro St.)	9,820	8,300	8,510	-	7,630	9,260	7,220	6,693	7,558	7,710	0.9%	8,200	9,100	-0.7%
4	Cameron Ave. (east of S. Columbia St.)	9,070	8,330	6,430	6,430	5,270	5,540	5,910	4,679	4,881	4,616	1.2%	5,000	7,300	-6.0%
5	Country Club Rd. (north of South Rd.)	13,470	14,080	12,200	12,200	12,990	11,960	11,260	10,726	12,534	13,060	0.7%	13,700	14,500	-1.5%
6	South Rd. (east of Columbia St.)	10,460	8,840	11,400		8,400	7,430	8,370	8,593	9,649	9,209	1.7%	10,300	10,400	-4.2%
7	South Rd. (east of Raleigh St.)	9,840	10,000	12,890	12,890	7,500	7,510	7,730	7,944	7,744	7,802	2.0%	8,900	9,000	-3.3%
8	Pittsboro St. (south of McCauley St.)	10,960	10,070	10,920	-	9,550	9,750	8,810	8,061	8,487	8,632	1.4%	9,500	11,100	-1.5%
9	Manning Dr. (east of Columbia St.)	14,100	13,220	12,480	12,480	11,070	11,060	10,020	10,713	11,298	11,828	1.4%	13,000	15,300	-3.0%
10	Ridge Rd. (north of Manning Dr.)	8,320	7,870	7,300	7,300	7,910	8,730	8,110	7,819	7,216	7,594	2.0%	8,700	10,300	0.6%
11	S. Columbia St. (south of Mason Farm Rd.)	18,470	18,250	16,190	-	16,090	15,430	14,760	13,982	15,480	16,285	1.3%	17,700	19,900	-2.2%
12	Manning Dr. (east of Ridge Rd.)	17,260	14,680	17,880	17,880	15,680	16,150	14,660	15,734	15,879	17,023	0.9%	18,100	19,300	-0.8%
13	Franklin St. (west of Raleigh St.)	17,000	19,260	18,850	-	19,320	16,250	14,370	14,605	14,895	16,228	0.9%	17,200	17,300	-0.6%
14	Franklin St. (east of Boundary St.)	-	23,560	20,190	20,190	24,730	17,390	16,770	16,614	16,620	16,327	0.9%	17,300	17,400	-4.9%
15	Boundary St. (south of Franklin St.)	-	3,230	2,320	2,320	2,140	2,230	2,400	2,225	2,008	2,581	0.6%	2,700	2,800	-6.0%
16	Mason Farm Rd.(east of S. Columbia St.)	7,700	8,230	3,400	3,400	8,390	7,330	6,910	6,314	6,755	6,746	2.0%	7,700	9,100	-0.6%
17	Mason Farm Rd. (north of Fordham Blvd.)	1,360	770	1,830	-	1,820	1,770	1,730	1,720	1,546	1,596	0.4%	1,600	1,700	3.3%
18	Purefoy Rd. (east of Columbia St.)*	970	970	1,130	-	1,360	1,450	2,070	1,705	1,747	2,044	0.4%	2,100	2,200	5.2%
19	US 15-501 (west of Main St.)	-	-	-	-	17,840	17,080	16,770	19,993	20,801	22,587	2.0%	25,800	26,400	-2.2%
20	US 15-501 (east of Culbreth Rd.)	30,480	-	30,000	-	30,310	30,570	28,390	31,867	35,429	38,238	2.0%	43,600	44,800	0.0%
21	NC 54 (west of Hamilton Rd.)	45,400	-	44,000	-	47,940	43,470	41,230	41,388	48,286	51,099	2.0%	58,300	60,800	-0.5%
22	NC 54 (east of East Barbee Chapel Hill Rd.)	-	-	-	-	32,100	37,390	36,320	39,967	44,174	46,875	2.0%	53,400	55,600	7.9%





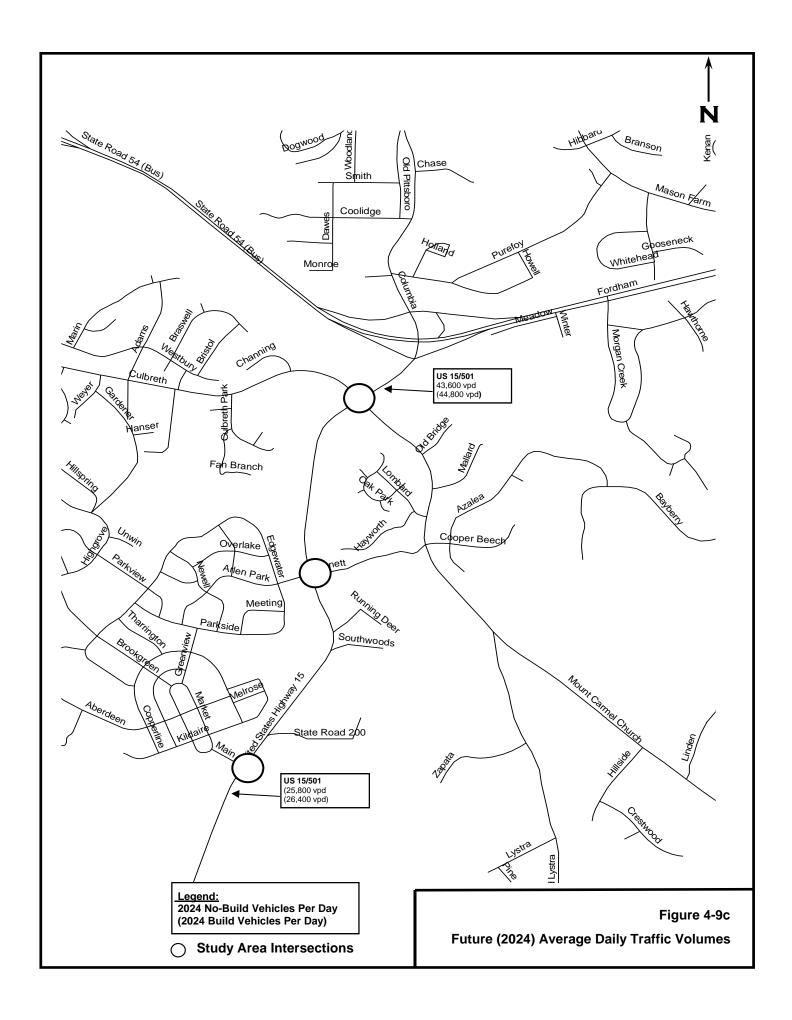


Table 4-10: Future Build Year 2024 Turning Movement Volumes

AM Peak Hour

	eak Hour		r ====				I		·					
ID#	Intersection	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBU	SBL	SBT	SBR
1	Columbia Street/Rosemary Street	122	179	28	11	120	59	36	359	35	0	122	619	163
2	Columbia Street/Franklin Street	63	296	61	89	327	74	44	310	93	0	50	580	45
3	Franklin Street/Raleigh Street	10	284	125	53	460	79	112	163	30	0	50	279	18
4	Merritt Mill Road/Cameron Avenue	0	0	0	72	0	38	0	175	478	0	137	95	0
5	Cameron Avenue/Pittsboro Street	0	133	207	755	149	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	Cameron Avenue/Columbia Street	17	105	0	0	200	42	98	384	107	0	86	0	603
7	Cameron Avenue/Raleigh Street	25	123	27	27	282	206	24	48	14	0	330	155	74
8	Pittsboro Street/McCauley Street	0	116	41	146	41	0	0	0	0	0	169	742	11
9	Columbia Street/South Road	23	306	0	0	197	127	61	473	225	0	0	0	0
10	Raleigh Street/South Road	46	207	0	0	334	35	0	0	0	0	37	0	122
11	Country Club Road/South Road	5	158	48	621	406	565	30	34	113	0	324	172	18
12	Columbia Street/Manning Drive	80	407	0	61	0	216	0	439	446	0	0	0	0
13	Manning Drive/West Drive	283	392	322	275	294	228	0	0	0	0	18	6	17
14	Manning Drive/East Drive	85	400	124	262	575	95	94	31	298	0	0	0	0
15	Ridge Road/Manning Drive	164	390	56	-145	770	62	20	32	-15	0	50	81	492
16	Mason Farm Road/Columbia Street	7	6	1	183	0	86	6	763	276	0	156	215	5
17	Mason Farm Road/West Drive	0	279	24	10	262	0	0	0	0	0	33	7	89
18	Mason Farm Road/East Drive	60	228	66	14	134	6	87	19	170	0	0	0	0
19	Mason Farm Road/Purefoy Road	203	0	13	0	0	0	16	124	0	0	0	20	10
20	Manning Drive/Skipper Bowles Drive	0	378	27	344	600	0	1	0	54	0	0	0	0
21	Columbia Street/Purefoy Road	0	0	0	21	0	5	0	1135	366	0	13	447	0
22	Columbia Street/Fordham Boulevard (northern ramp)	0	0	0	556	0	68	252	1431	0	0	0	308	153
23	Columbia Street/Fordham Boulevard (southern ramp)	518	2	422	0	0	0	0	1163	0	0	58	811	0
24	Mason Farm Road/Fordham Boulevard	0	2372	0	0	1250	109	0	0	0	0	0	0	37
25	Manning Drive/Fordham Boulevard	186	2350	4	8	1287	911	19	7	28	0	271	3	33
26	Mason Farm Road/Oteys Road	1	26	11	5	69	1	42	0	0	0	1	0	1
27	Franklin Street/Boundary Street	6	325	8	57	558	72	5	26	27	0	77	19	6
28	Franklin Street/Park Place	0	422	1	127	701	0	0	0	33	0	0	0	0
29	Battle Lane/Boundary Street	0	0	0	74	116	2	0	126	96	0	0	47	61
30	Country Club Road/Battle Lane	26	350	0	0	427	123	0	0	0	0	120	0	0
307	Country Club Road & Boundary Street	0	377	0	0	427	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	177
31	Country Club Road/Gimghoul Road	5	1	18	11	1	6	90	584	13	0	5	464	30
32	Manning Drive/Hibbard Drive	47	620	17	10	855	39	18	10	53	0	27	4	40
33	Manning Drive/Craige Drive	42	517	21	163	1054	37	4	4	14	0	18	3	9
34	East Drive/Jackson Circle/Dogwood Deck Entrance	0	0	0	0	0	3	20	413	2	0	81	106	217
35	East Drive/Dogwood Deck Exit	215	0	122	0	0	0	0	223	0	0	0	56	0
36	Mason Farm Road/Hibbard Drive	4	2	1	-4	5	19	35	249	184	0	42	39	12
37	South Road/Bell Tower Drive	0	340	204	192	299	0	29	0	55	0	0	0	0
38	Manning Drive/Old East Drive	0	413	0	0	669	0	0	0	0	0	202	0	151
39	Manning Drive/Craige Deck	0	610	132	178	916	0	7	0	13	0	0	0	0
101	US 15-501/Estes Drive	71	2	277	1	10	15	378	1504	4	0	9	1433	73
102	US 15-501/Willow Drive	121	29	8	59	61	19	66	1511	12	0	17	1478	288
103	US 15-501/Elliot Road	40	0	115	0	0	0	127	1516	0	5	0	1681	124
	US 15-501/Ephesus Church Road	28	33	32	252	96	85	56	1279	229	0	65	1404	8
	US 15-501/Erwin Road	0	0	0	0	2146	305	0	0	0	0	0.5	0	494
	US 15-501/Europa Drive	0	2059	140	0	0	0	0	0	175	0	0	0	0
107	US 15-501/Superstreet NB U-Turn	0	0	0	0	2112	0	276	0	0	0	0	0	0
	US 15-501/Superstreet SB U-Turn	0	2141	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	70	17	0
	US 15-501/Sage Road	332	1569	152	170	1843	163	168	106	21	0	297	155	146
	US 15-501/Eastowne Drive/BCBS	84	1666	9	30	2152	69	1	6	26	0	50	3	46
111	US 15-501/Eastowne Drive/Lakeview Drive	14	1681	3	68	2230	326	13	31	144	0	88	8	2
201	NC 54/Hamilton Street	28	1929	164	86	2510	32	134	41	121	0	70	49	27
	NC 54/Burning Tree Lane	33	1949	56	170	2639	24	37	3	144	0	42	12	47
202	NC 54/Barbee Chapel Road Ext	175	1949	103	93	2652	35	14	1	2	0	7	4	116
	NC 54/Meadowmont Lane	199	1629	128	467	2677	134	73	3	45	0	67	19	141
_											0			
	NC 54/Barbee Chapel Road (East)	13	1646	216	25	2648	222	600	96	71		126	37	23
301	US 15-501/Culbreth Road/Mt Carmel Church Road	228	89	68	10	130	575	69	1593	4	0	341	910	152
302	US 15-501/Bennett Road/Arlen Park Drive	106	22	9	108	14	24	7	1508	102	0	36	857	108
303	US 15-501/Market Street	269	0	41	0	0	0	202	1375	0	28	0	572	398

PM Peak Hour

ID#	eak nour Intersection	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBU	SBL	SBT	SBR
	Intersection													
1	Columbia Street/Rosemary Street	195	263	67	35	202	67	50	690	71	0	78	531	253
2	Columbia Street/Franklin Street	115	388	96	126	466	91	102	617	123	0	83	473	102
3	Franklin Street/Raleigh Street	43	456	225	49	561	176	116	333	26	0	97	328	20
4	Merritt Mill Road/Cameron Avenue	0	0	0	405	0	144	0	112	206	0	83	297	0
5	Cameron Avenue/Pittsboro Street	0	154	141	570	465	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	Cameron Avenue/Columbia Street	27	117	0	0	247	61	276	720	163	0	119	0	516
7	Cameron Avenue/Raleigh Street	53	279	51	25	253	286	68	122	59	0	346	179	90
8	Pittsboro Street/McCauley Street	0	101	22	207	236	0	0	0	0	0	244	552	44
9	Columbia Street/South Road	97	336	0	0	376	294	143	822	183	0	0	0	0
10	Raleigh Street/South Road	112	395	0	0	260	57	0	0	0	0	77	0	153
11	Country Club Road/South Road	41	413	31	231	273	542	31	175	507	0	602	80	24
12	Columbia Street/Manning Drive	113	203	0	221	8	596	0	490	82	0	0	0	0
13	Manning Drive/West Drive	82	239	27	99	772	69	0	0	0	0	9	5	29
14	Manning Drive/East Drive	33	397	45	76	544	54	174	26	518	0	0	0	0
15	Ridge Road/Manning Drive	314	891	74	20	272	92	112	182	58	0	84	87	151
16	Mason Farm Road/Columbia Street	1	2	2	485	0	148	7	401	99	0	67	573	6
17	Mason Farm Road/West Drive	0	178	17	7	444	0	0	0	0	0	21	3	104
18	Mason Farm Road/East Drive	27	302	155	111	210	3	41	0	28	0	0	0	0
19	Mason Farm Road/Purefoy Road	16	0	23	0	0	0	16	55	0	0	0	323	72
20	Manning Drive/Skipper Bowles Drive	0	925	12	109	311	0	22	0	304	0	0	0	0
21	Columbia Street/Purefoy Road	0	0	0	126	0	29	0	495	29	0	9	1090	0
22	Columbia Street/Fordham Boulevard (northern ramp)	0	0	0	1295	0	48	320	480	0	0	0	834	334
23	Columbia Street/Fordham Boulevard (southern ramp)	168	2	328	0	0	0	0	614	0	0	90	1938	0
24	Mason Farm Road/Fordham Boulevard	0	1619	0	0	2361	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	239
25	Manning Drive/Fordham Boulevard	84	1590	4	10	2091	287	10	2	21	0	1056	6	316
26	Mason Farm Road/Oteys Road	4	119	190	3	40	2	12	1	0	0	3	2	3
27	Franklin Street/Boundary Street	7	629	4	23	603	69	13	65	126	0	112	24	8
28	Franklin Street/Park Place	0	859	2	67	701	0	1	0	127	0	0	0	0
	Battle Lane/Boundary Street	0	0	0	55	77	3	0	163	309	0	2	82	84
30	Country Club Road/Battle Lane	75	488	0	0	491	156	0	0	0	0	137	0	0
307	Country Club Road & Boundary Street	0	563	0	0	491	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	161
31	Country Club Road/Gimghoul Road	42	0	90	11	0	11	18	729	13	0	10	614	8
32	Manning Drive/Hibbard Drive	36	887	8	31	573	21	25	4	23	0	46	19	67
33	Manning Drive/Craige Drive	29	1133	4	20	458	26	32	1	180	0	36	0	16
34	East Drive/Jackson Circle/Dogwood Deck Entrance	0	0	0	2	0	21	3	719	0	0	1	50	75
	East Drive/Dogwood Deck Exit	256	0	141	0	0	0	0	325	0	0	0	52	0
36	Mason Farm Road/Hibbard Drive	4	3	6	164	0	11	0	51	20	0	7	271	1
37	South Road/Bell Tower Drive	0	465	48	52	450	0	167	0	152	0	0	0	0
38	Manning Drive/Old East Drive	0	250	0	0	712	0	0	0	0	0	221	0	240
39	Manning Drive/Craige Deck	0	925	5	5	558	0	99	0	194	0	0	0	0
101	US 15-501/Estes Drive	102	11	317	8	16	13	487	1745	3	0	16	1517	112
102	US 15-501/Willow Drive	294	120	23	29	36	25	36	1820	41	0	42	1487	239
	US 15-501/Elliot Road	145	0	278	0	0	0	226	1891	0	8	0	1469	199
104	US 15-501/Ephesus Church Road	96	112	73	348	137	69	158	1347	334	0	93	1275	13
	US 15-501/Erwin Road	0	0	0	0	2013	436	0	0	0	0	0	0	454
106	US 15-501/Europa Drive	0	2855	90	0	0	0	0	0	234	0	0	0	0
107	US 15-501/Superstreet NB U-Turn	32	0	0	0	2032	0	396	0	0	0	0	0	0
	US 15-501/Superstreet SB U-Turn	0	2809	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	61	40	0
_	US 15-501/Sage Road	360	1948	228	54	1679	267	147	93	27	0	250	167	177
	US 15-501/Eastowne Drive/BCBS	46	2212	5	33	1926	62	11	8	49	0	77	1	72
111	US 15-501/Eastowne Drive/Lakeview Drive	2	2302	4	75	2045	190	21	17	123	0	261	31	20
201	NC 54/Hamilton Street	42	2423	53	121	2380	66	114	23	129	0	77	20	41
	NC 54/Burning Tree Lane	79	2540	41	165	2402	36	71	16	149	0	27	11	49
	NC 54/Barbee Chapel Road Ext	167	2476							62	0		0	
				48	10	2166	15	85	16			16		203
	NC 54/Meadowmont Lane	147	2411	106	116	1967	111	120	25	441	0	167	11	185
	NC 54/Barbee Chapel Road (East)	11	2341	886	133	1911	221	246	57	47	0	127	91	17
301	US 15-501/Culbreth Road/Mt Carmel Church Road	124	64	68	13	85	339	67	996	20	0	716	1588	213
302	US 15-501/Bennett Road/Arlen Park Drive	117	14	6	78	23	1	6	960	127	0	27	1537	134
303	US 15-501/Market Street	343	0	121	0	0	0	144	717	0	10	0	1408	297

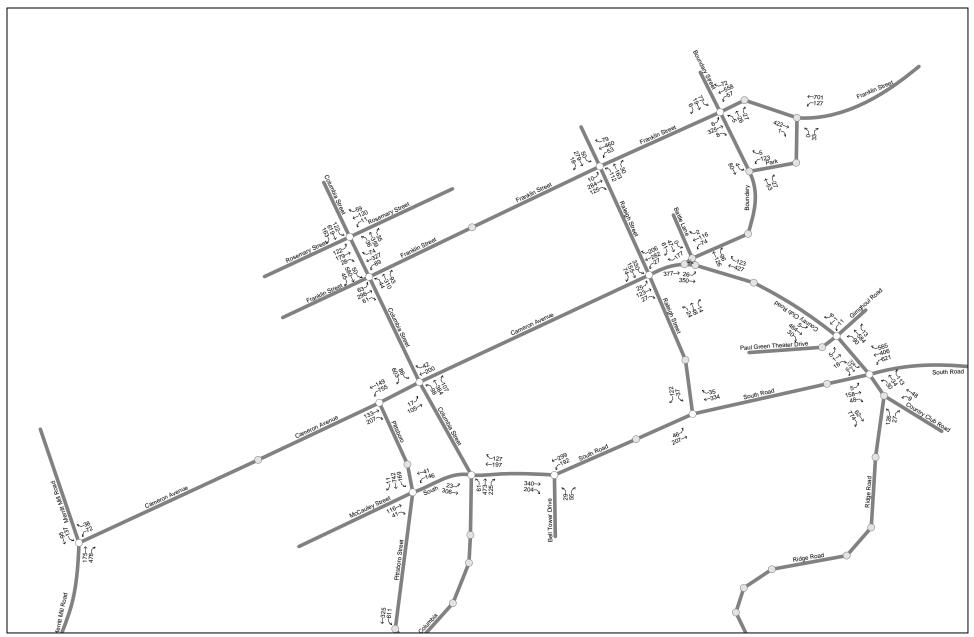


Figure 4-10a Future Build Year 2024 A.M. Peak Hour Turning Movement Volumes

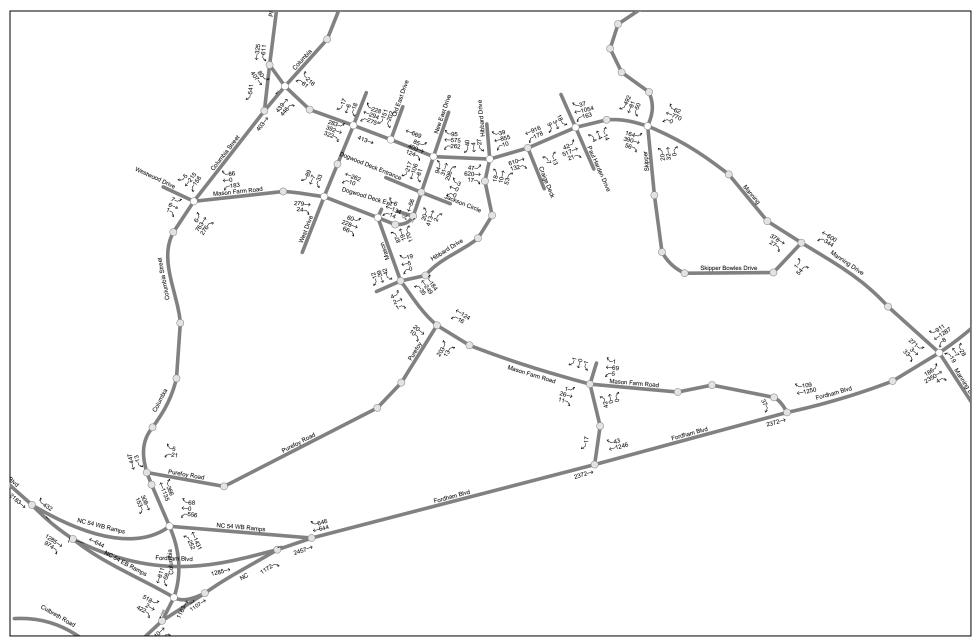


Figure 4-10b Future Build Year 2024 A.M. Peak Hour Turning Movement Volumes

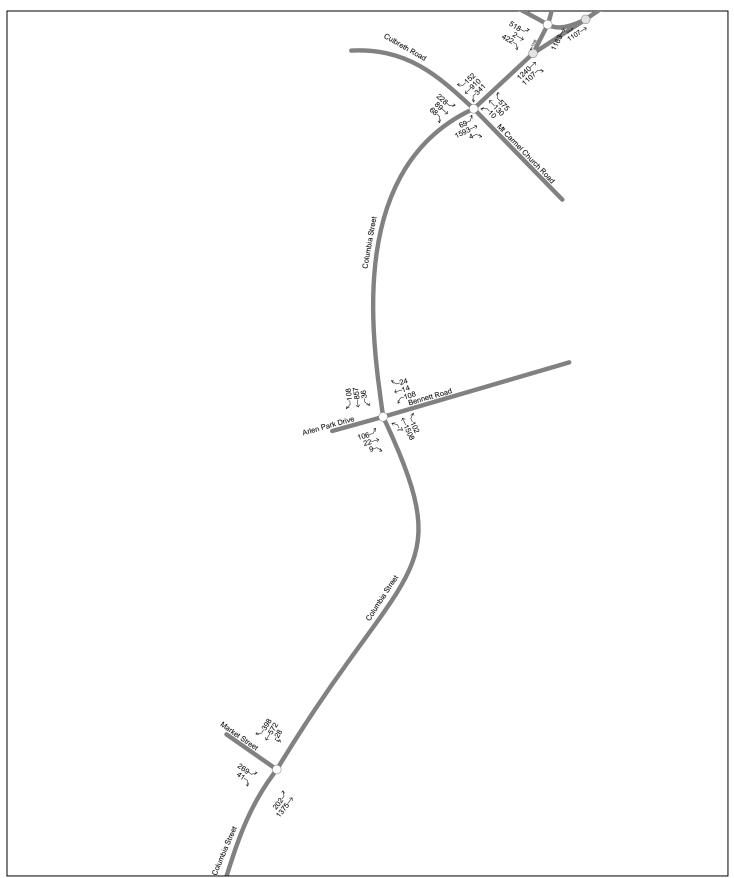


Figure 4-10c Future-Build Year 2024 A.M. Peak Hour Turning Movement Volumes

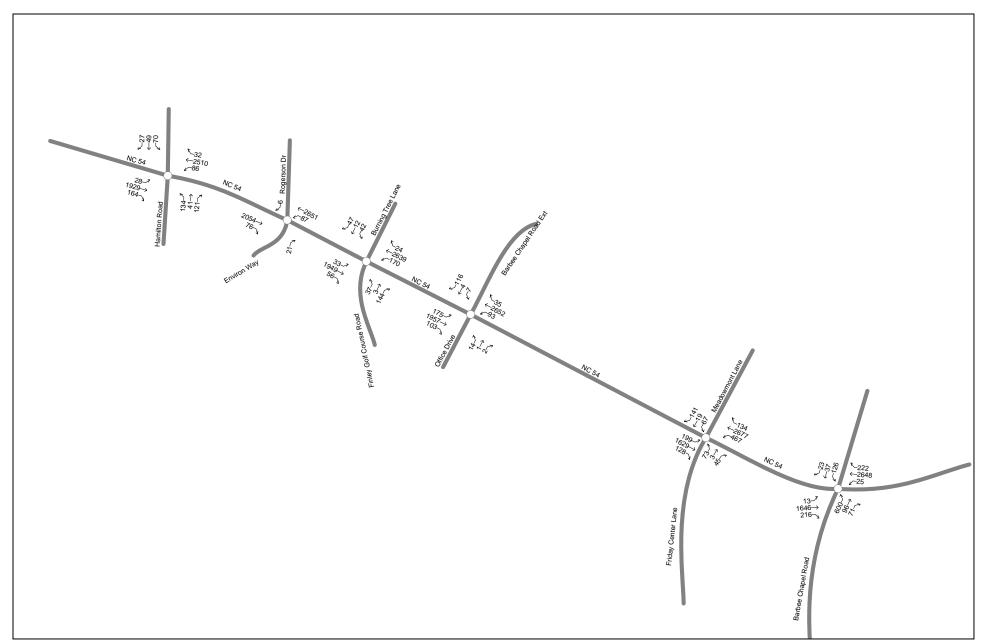


Figure 4-10d Future Build Year 2024 A.M. Peak Hour Turning Movement Volumes

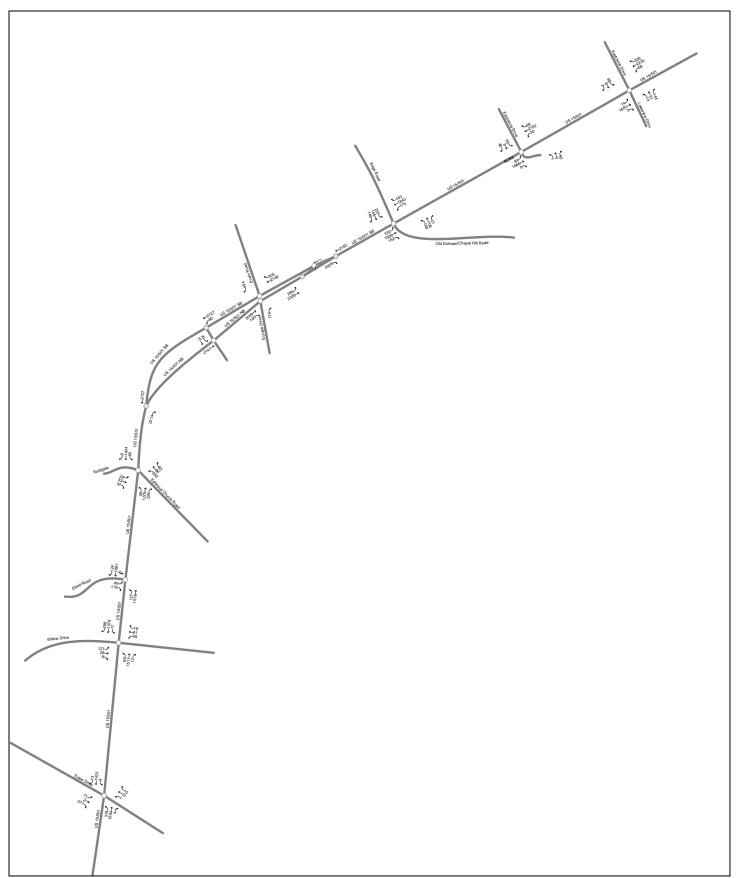


Figure 4-10e Future Build Year 2024 A.M. Peak Hour Turning Movement Volumes

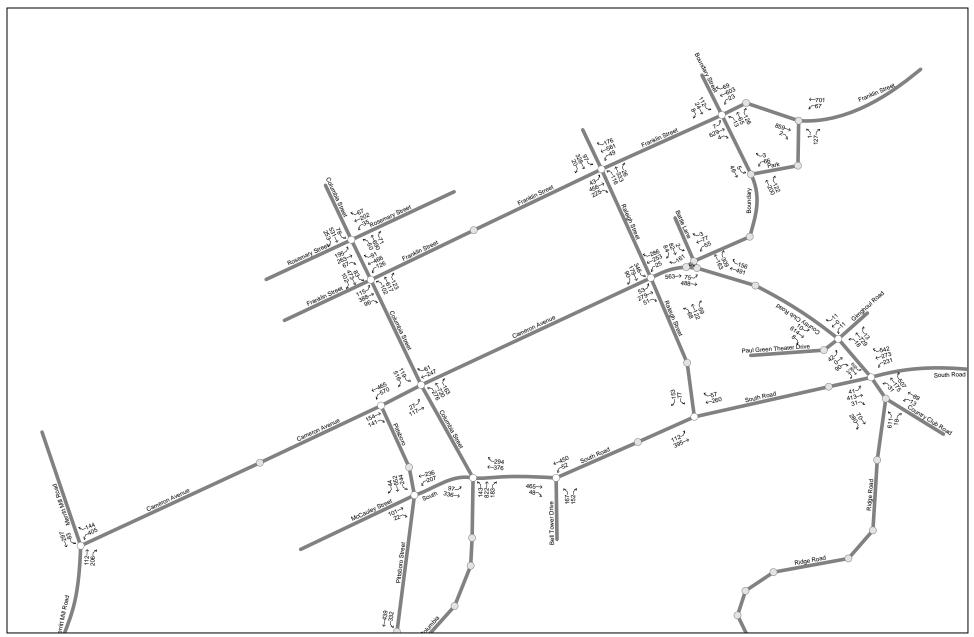


Figure 4-11a Future Build Year 2024 P.M. Peak Hour Turning Movement Volumes

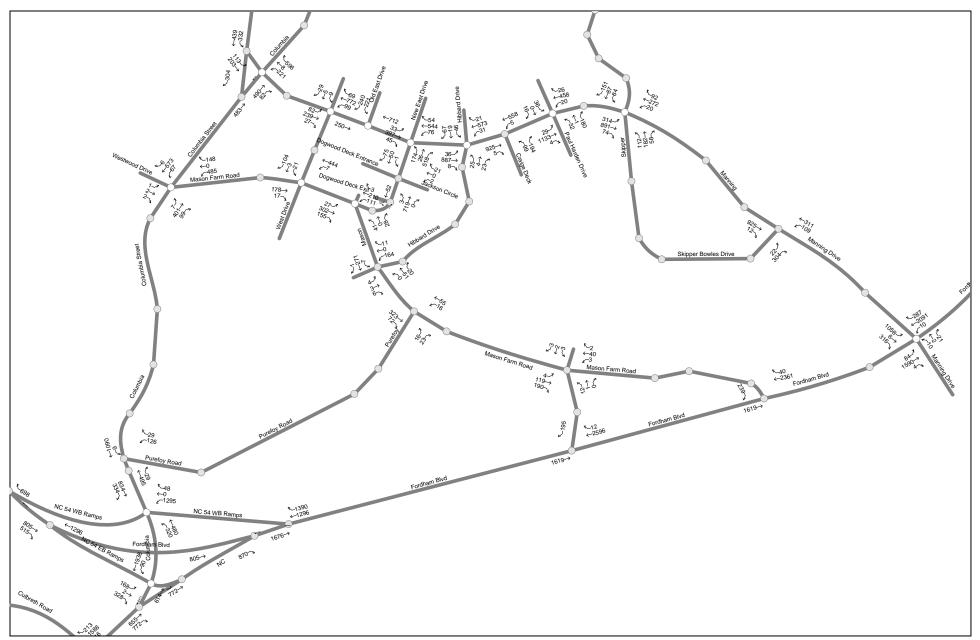


Figure 4-11b Future Build Year 2024 P.M. Peak Hour Turning Movement Volumes

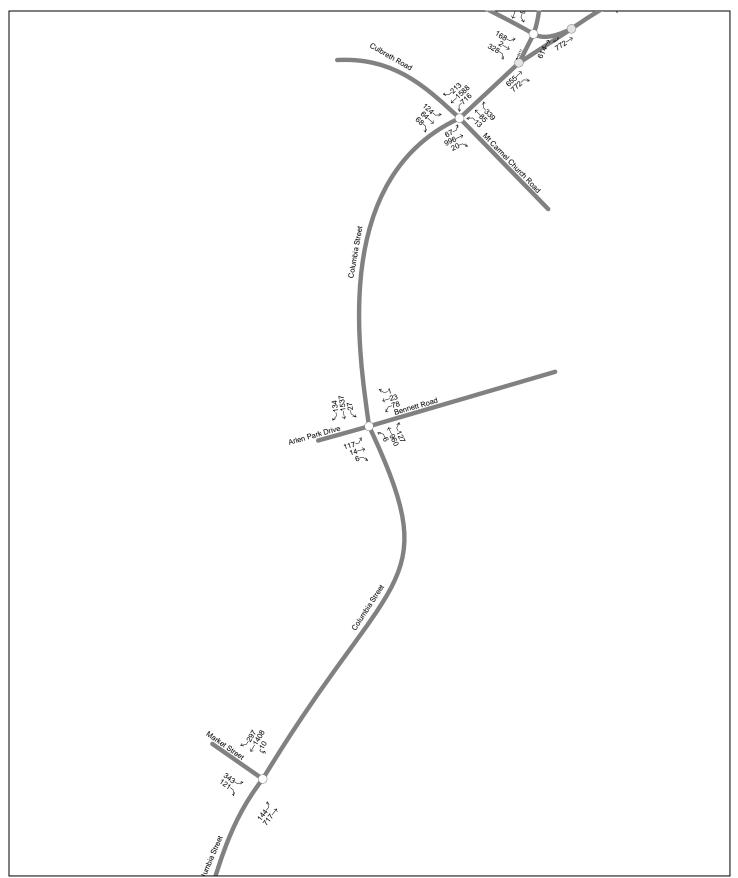


Figure 4-11c Future Build Year 2024 P.M. Peak Hour Turning Movement Volumes

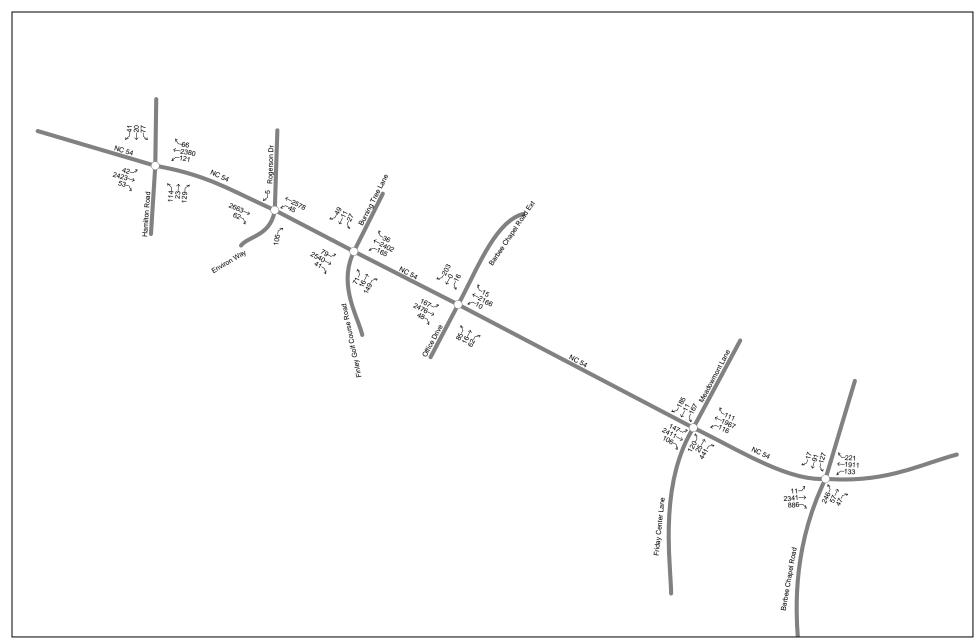


Figure 4-11d Future Build Year 2024 P.M. Peak Hour Turning Movement Volumes

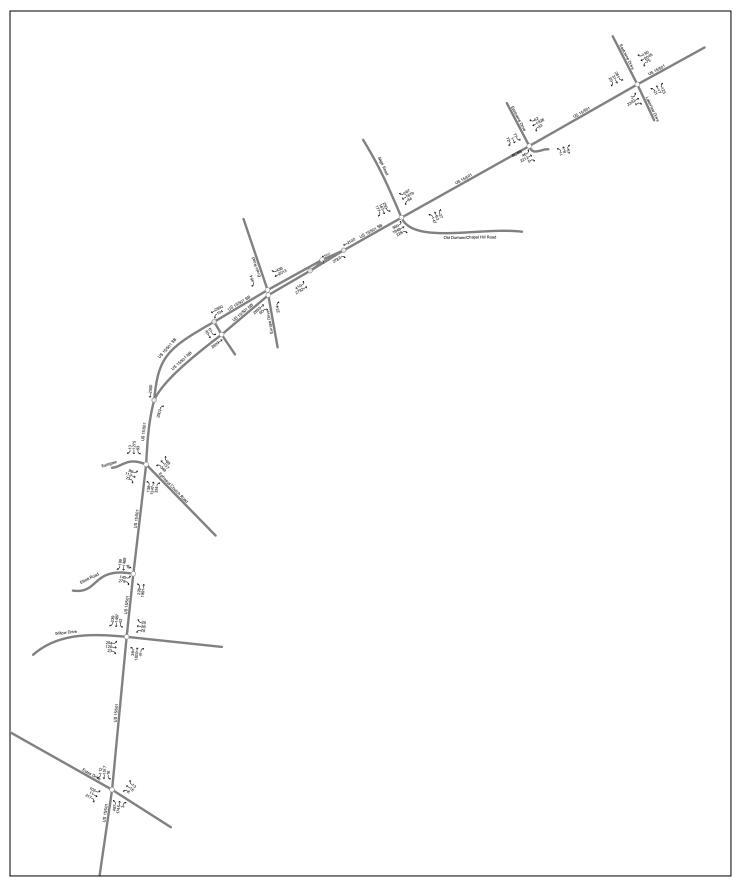


Figure 4-11e Future Build Year 2024 P.M. Peak Hour Turning Movement Volumes

4.6 FUTURE INTERSECTION LEVEL OF SERVICE ANALYSIS

AM and PM peak hour capacity analyses were performed for the No-Build (2024) and Build (2024) conditions. Per the *Transportation Impact Analysis Guidelines*, all intersections listed in Section 4-3 for which traffic data was available were analyzed for the AM and PM peak hours.

The traffic volumes computed for both scenarios were used to conduct an intersection capacity analysis in the same manner that the existing intersections were examined. The No-Build and Build cases utilized the existing geometrics shown in Figure 4-2. The LOS results are summarized in Table 4-11.

4.6.1 No-Build Analysis Results

As in the Existing Conditions analysis described in Section 4.3, the same intersections that were suffering poor levels of service in 2017 will continue to operate poor levels in 2024 even without any impacts from the Development Plan. Other intersections that were not operating at poor levels in the analysis of existing conditions will deteriorate to poor levels of service in the future as well with the addition of background traffic. In particular, the following intersections were determined to experience a substantial change in LOS (i.e. from acceptable LOS to unacceptable LOS) under No-Build (2024) conditions:

- The intersection of Columbia Street at Manning Drive is currently operating at LOS C during the PM peak hour but is projected to operate at LOS F during the PM peak hour in the No-Build (2024) scenario.
- The intersection of Columbia Street at Fordham Boulevard (northern ramp) is currently operating at LOS D during the PM peak hour but is projected to operate at LOS E during the PM peak hour in the No-Build (2024) scenario.
- The intersection of Manning Drive at Fordham Boulevard is currently operating at LOS E during the PM peak hour but is projected to operate at LOS F during the PM peak hour in the No-Build (2024) scenario.

4.6.2 Build Analysis Results

The following intersections were further degraded under Build (2024) conditions:

- The intersection of Cameron Avenue at Columbia Street is expected to operate at LOS E during the AM peak hour and at LOS F during the PM peak hour in the Build (2024) scenario.
- The intersection of Columbia Street at Purefoy Road is expected to operate at LOS E during the PM peak hour under the Build (2024) scenario.
- The intersection of NC 54 at Barbee Chapel Road (East) is expected to operate at LOS E during the AM peak hour under the Build (2024) scenario.

Table 4-11: Future No-Build and Build Year 2024 Intersection Levels of Service

		_	No-Buil	d (2024)	Build	(2024)	
ID#	Intersection	Control	AM	PM	AM	PM	
1	Columbia Street/Rosemary Street	Signalized	C (WB-D)	C (WB-E)	C (WB-D)	C (WB-E)	
2	Columbia Street/Franklin Street	Signalized	C (SB-D)	D (NB-E)	C (EB-D)	D (NB-E)	
3	Franklin Street/Raleigh Street	Signalized	C (NB-F)	C (NB-D)	C (NB-F)	C (NB-C)	
4	Merritt Mill Road/Cameron Avenue	Signalized	B (WB-D)	B (NB-C)	B (WB-D)	B (NB-C)	
5	Cameron Avenue/Pittsboro Street	Signalized	B (EB-D)	C (EB-E)	B (EB-D)	C (EB-E)	
6	Cameron Avenue/Columbia Street	Signalized	D (WB-E)	E (WB-F)	E (NB-F)	F (WB-F)	
7	Cameron Avenue/Raleigh Street	Signalized	C (NB-D)	D (NB-E)	C (NB-D)	D (NB-F)	
8	Pittsboro Street/McCauley Street	Signalized	B (WB-E)	D (WB-E)	B (WB-E)	D (WB-E)	
9	Columbia Street/South Road	Signalized	C (EB-D)	D (EB-E)	C (EB-D)	D (EB-E)	
10	Raleigh Street/South Road	Signalized	A (SB-C)	A (SB-D)	A (SB-C)	A (SB-C)	
11	Country Club Road/South Road	Signalized	C (SB-D)	C (SB-D)	C (SB-D)	D (SB-D)	
12	Columbia Street/Manning Drive	Signalized	C (EB-D)	F (WB-F)	C (EB-D)	F (WB-F)	
13	Manning Drive/West Drive	Signalized	A (SB-D)	A (SB-C)	A (SB-D)	A (SB-C)	
14	Manning Drive/East Drive	Signalized	B (NB-D)	C (NB-D)	B (NB-D)	C (NB-D)	
15	Ridge Road/Manning Drive	Signalized	C (NB-D)	C (NB-D)	C (NB-D)	C (NB-D)	
16	Mason Farm Road/Columbia Street	Signalized	B (EB-D)	C (WB-D)	C (EB-D)	C (WB-D)	
17	Mason Farm Road/West Drive	Signalized	A (SB-D)	A (SB-C)	A (SB-C)	A (SB-C)	
18	Mason Farm Road/East Drive	Signalized	C (NB-D)	A (NB-C)	C (NB-E)	A (NB-C)	
19	Mason Farm Road/Purefoy Road	Unsignalized	A (EB-A)	B (SB-B)	A (EB-A)	B (SB-B)	
20	Manning Drive/Skipper Bowles Drive	Unsignalized	A (NB-B)	A (NB-C)	A (NB-B)	A (NB-D)	
21	Columbia Street/Purefoy Road	Unsignalized	A (WB-E)	C (WB-F)	A (WB-F)	E (WB-F)	
22	Columbia Street/Fordham Boulevard (northern ramp)	Signalized	C (WB-E)	E (WB-E)	C (WB-E)	E (WB-E)	
23	Columbia Street/Fordham Boulevard (southern ramp)	Signalized	C (EB-D)	B (EB-E)	C (EB-D)	B (EB-E)	
24	Mason Farm Road/Fordham Boulevard	Unsignalized	A (SB-C)	C (SB-F)	A (SB-C)	D (SB-F)	
25 26	Manning Drive/Fordham Boulevard Mason Farm Road/Oteys Road	Signalized	D (SB-E)	F (WB-F)	D (SB-E)	F (WB-F)	
27	i	Unsignalized Signalized	A (NB-A)	A (EB-A)	A (NB-A)	A (EB-A)	
28	Franklin Street/Boundary Street Franklin Street/Park Place		A (SB-E) A (NB-A)	C (SB-F) A (NB-B)	A (SB-E) A (NB-B)	C (SB-F) A (NB-B)	
29	Battle Lane/Boundary Street	Unsignalized Unsignalized	A (WB-A)	B (NB-B)	A (WB-A)	B (NB-B)	
30	Country Club Road/Battle Lane	Unsignalized	A (SB-D)	A (SB-F)	A (SB-D)	C (SB-F)	
307	Country Club Road & Boundary Street	Unsignalized	A (SB-B)	A (SB-B)	A (SB-B)	A (SB-C)	
31	Country Club Road/Gimghoul Road	Signalized	A (WB-D)	A (EB-D)	A (WB-D)	A (EB-D)	
32	Manning Drive/Hibbard Drive	Signalized	A (SB-D)	A (SB-D)	A (SB-D)	A (SB-D)	
33	Manning Drive/Craige Drive	Signalized	A (SB-D)	B (SB-E)	A (SB-D)	B (SB-D)	
34	East Drive/Jackson Circle/Dogwood Deck Entrance	Unsignalized	A (WB-B)	A (WB-B)	A (WB-B)	A (WB-C)	
35	East Drive/Dogwood Deck Exit	Unsignalized	A (EB-B)	A (EB-B)	A (EB-B)	A (EB-B)	
36	Mason Farm Road/Hibbard Drive	Unsignalized	A (EB-B)	A (WB-C)	A (EB-C)	A (WB-C)	
37	South Road/Bell Tower Drive	Signalized	A (NB-D)	C (NB-D)	A (NB-D)	C (NB-D)	
38	Manning Drive/Old East Drive	Signalized	B (SB-D)	A (SB-D)	B (SB-D)	B (SB-D)	
39	Manning Drive/Craige Deck	Unsignalized	A (NB-D)	A (NB-E)	A (NB-D)	B (NB-F)	
101	US 15-501/Estes Drive	Signalized	C (WB-D)	C (WB-E)	C (WB-D)	D (WB-E)	
102	US 15-501/Willow Drive	Signalized	B (WB-E)	C (EB-E)	B (WB-E)	C (EB-F)	
103	US 15-501/Elliot Road	Signalized	A (EB-D)	B (EB-E)	A (EB-E)	B (EB-E)	
104	US 15-501/Ephesus Church Road	Signalized	C (WB-F)	D (EB-F)	C (WB-F)	D (EB-F)	
105	US 15-501/Erwin Road	Signalized	A (WB-A)	A (WB-A)	A (WB-A)	A (WB-A)	
106	US 15-501/Europa Drive	Signalized	A (NB-F)	A (NB-F)	A (NB-F)	A (NB-F)	
107	US 15-501/Superstreet NB U-Turn	Signalized	B (NB-E)	B (NB-E)	B (NB-E)	B (NB-E)	
108	US 15-501/Superstreet SB U-Turn	Signalized	A (SB-C)	B (SB-E)	A (SB-D)	C (SB-E)	
109	US 15-501/Sage Road	Signalized	E (NB-E)	D (NB-F)	E (WB-F)	D (NB-F)	
110	US 15-501/Eastowne Drive/BCBS	Signalized	B (SB-E)	B (SB-D)	B (SB-E)	B (SB-D)	
111	US 15-501/Eastowne Drive/Lakeview Drive	Signalized	C (SB-F)	D (SB-F)	C (SB-F)	D (SB-F)	
201	NC 54/Hamilton Street	Signalized	B (NB-E)	B (SB-E)	B (NB-E)	B (NB-E)	
202	NC 54/Burning Tree Lane	Signalized	A (SB-E)	B (NB-D)	A (SB-E)	B (NB-D)	
203	NC 54/Barbee Chapel Road Ext	Signalized	A (NB-E)	B (NB-F)	A (NB-E)	B (NB-F)	
204	NC 54/Meadowmont Lane	Signalized	C (NB-D)	C (NB-E)	C (NB-D)	C (NB-E)	
205	NC 54/Barbee Chapel Road (East)	Signalized	D (NB-F)	C (SB-F)	E (NB-F)	C (SB-F)	
301	US 15-501/Culbreth Road/Mt Carmel Church Road	Signalized	D (EB-E)	C (EB-E)	D (EB-E)	D (NB-E)	
302	US 15-501/Bennett Road/Arlen Park Drive	Signalized	B (EB-E)	B (EB-E)	B (EB-E)	B (EB-E)	
303	US 15-501/Market Street	Signalized	B (EB-D)	C (EB-E)	B (EB-D)	C (EB-E)	

Legend: X = Overall intersection level of service; (X) = worst movement level of service.

4.7 COMPARISON OF 2015 TIA UPDATE AND 2017 TIA UPDATE

Table 4-12 identifies those intersections where the existing year LOS has degraded compared to the existing year LOS from the 2015 Update during either the AM peak hour or the PM peak hour. Some minor changes in LOS are simply a result of the traffic assignment and simulation programs responding to a change anywhere in the network. Some of the other changes can be contributed to changes in the transportation network such as increases in volume.

Some of the LOS changes have occurred at unsignalized intersections where a poor LOS is expected on the stop-controlled approaches; however some degradation in LOS is apparent at signalized intersections as well. As noted in previous sections, most intersections are currently operating at LOS D or better and even though some intersections are reporting a worse LOS than in the 2015 Update, most are still reporting acceptable LOS D or better.

Table 4-12: Comparison of 2015 Update and 2017 Update Existing Levels of Service

ID#	Interception	Existing	g (2015)	Existing (2017)		
ID#	Intersection	AM	PM	AM	PM	
1	Columbia Street/Rosemary Street	C (WB-E)	C (WB-E)	C (WB-D)	E (NB-F)	
2	Columbia Street/Franklin Street	C (SB-D)	D (EB-D)	C (SB-D)	E (EB-E)	
4	Merritt Mill Road/Cameron Avenue	A (WB-C)	C (WB-D)	B (WB-D)	C (WB-C)	
6	Cameron Avenue/Columbia Street	C (WB-E)	D (WB-F)	D (WB-E)	E (EB-F)	
7	Cameron Avenue/Raleigh Street	C (NB-D)	C (NB-E)	C (NB-E)	D (NB-E)	
12	Columbia Street/Manning Drive	B (EB-C)	C (EB-D)	C (EB-E)	C (EB-E)	
14	Manning Drive/East Drive	A (NB-C)	C (NB-D)	B (NB-C)	C (NB-E)	
21	Columbia Street/Purefoy Road	A (WB-E)	A (WB-F)	A (WB-E)	B (WB-F)	
22	Columbia Street/Fordham Boulevard (northern ramp)	B (WB-D)	D (WB-D)	C (WB-E)	D (WB-E)	
23	Columbia Street/Fordham Boulevard (southern ramp)	B (EB-D)	B (EB-D)	C (EB-E)	B (EB-E)	
24	Mason Farm Road/Fordham Boulevard	A (SB-C)	A (SB-F)	A (SB-C)	C (SB-F)	
25	Manning Drive/Fordham Boulevard	C (SB-E)	D (SB-E)	C (SB-E)	E (SB-F)	
32	Manning Drive/Hibbard Drive	A (SB-D)	A (SB-D)	A (SB-D)	B (SB-E)	
101	US 15-501/Estes Drive	B (WB-D)	C (WB-E)	C (WB-D)	C (WB-E)	
102	US 15-501/Willow Drive	A (WB-D)	C (WB-E)	B (WB-E)	C (EB-E)	
103	US 15-501/Elliot Road	A (EB-C)	B (EB-E)	A (EB-E)	C (EB-E)	
107	US 15-501/Superstreet NB U-Turn	B (NB-D)	B (NB-E)	C (NB-E)	C (NB-E)	
110	US 15-501/Eastowne Drive/BCBS	A (SB-D)	B (SB-E)	C (SB-E)	B (SB-E)	
111	US 15-501/Eastowne Drive/Lakeview Drive	B (SB-F)	D (SB-F)	C (SB-F)	C (SB-F)	
202	NC 54/Burning Tree Lane	A (SB-D)	A (SB-D)	B (SB-E)	B (NB-E)	
204	NC 54/Meadowmont Lane	B (NB-D)	B (SB-D)	C (NB-D)	C (NB-D)	
301	US 15-501/Culbreth Road/Mt Carmel Church Road	D (WB-F)	B (EB-D)	C (EB-E)	C (EB-D)	
302	US 15-501/Bennett Road/Arlen Park Drive	A (EB-E)	A (EB-E)	B (EB-E)	B (EB-E)	

Legend: X = Overall intersection level of service; (X-XX) = worst movement level of service.

4.8 SIGNAL WARRANT ANALYSES

This section provides a signal warrant analysis of three intersections on or near Main Campus that are likely to be impacted by the Development Plan. Intersection level of service analyses were undertaken for these intersections for existing conditions, and year 2024 with and without the Development Plan (No-Build and Build conditions respectively), per the *Transportation Impact Analysis Guidelines*. The following three intersections are

now analyzed for potential signalization for the existing (2017) and future (2024) scenarios:

- 1. Mason Farm Road and Purefoy Road (unsignalized)
- 2. Mason Farm Road and Oteys Road (unsignalized)
- 3. Manning Drive and Skipper Bowles Drive (unsignalized)

The following two intersections were assessed for traffic signal warrants in prior updates and modifications to the Development Plan.

- 1. Mason Farm Road and West Drive A traffic signal with metal pole and mast arm supports was constructed in the Fall of 2015.
- 2. Mason Farm Road and East Drive A design for a new traffic signal with metal poles and mast arm supports has been constructed at this intersection.

Because the traffic signals at the intersections on Mason Farm at West Drive and at East Drive have been implemented, signal warrant analyses were not performed for those intersections for this update of the TIA.

4.8.1 Warrants for Traffic Signalization

The Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) 2009 Edition recommends the following warrants for installation of a traffic signal:

- 1. Warrant 1, Eight-Hour Vehicular Volume
- 2. Warrant 2, Four-Hour Vehicular Volume
- 3. Warrant 3, Peak Hour Vehicular Volume
- 4. Warrant 4. Pedestrian Volume
- 5. Warrant 5, School Crossing
- 6. Warrant 6, Coordinated Signal System
- 7. Warrant 7, Crash Experience
- 8. Warrant 8, Roadway Network
- 9. Warrant 9, Intersection Near a Grade Crossing

Satisfaction of one or more of the warrants does not in itself justify the installation of a traffic signal. Additional data and study may be necessary to determine the appropriate measure to address a congested or unsafe condition at an unsignalized intersection. As per the *Transportation Impact Analysis Guidelines*, Warrants 1, 2, 3 and 7 were tested for the intersections of Manning Drive at Skipper Bowles Drive, Mason Farm Road at Purefoy Road, and Mason Farm Road at Oteys Road.

As stated in the MUTCD regarding Warrant 1, the Eight-Hour Vehicular Volume Warrant is intended for application either at locations "where a large volume of intersection traffic is the principal reason to consider installing a traffic control signal" or locations "where the traffic volume on a major street is so heavy that traffic on a minor intersecting street suffers excessive delay or conflict in entering or crossing the major street."

For Warrant 2, "The Four-Hour Vehicular Volume signal warrant conditions are intended to be applied where the volume of intersecting traffic is the principal reason to consider installing a traffic control signal."

For Warrant 3, "The Peak Hour signal warrant is intended for use at a location where traffic conditions are such that for a minimum of 1 hour of an average day, the minor-street traffic suffers undue delay when entering or crossing the major street."

For Warrant 7, "The Crash Experience signal warrant conditions are intended for application where the severity and frequency of crashes are the principal reasons to consider installing a traffic control signal."

4.8.2 Existing Conditions Signal Warrant Analysis Results

Signal warrant analyses were performed for existing conditions at the subject intersections utilizing data collected and summarized in Section 4.3. A reduction of right-turning vehicles as recommended by the MUTCD was applied for the northbound right-turn at Manning Drive and Skipper Bowles Drive due to the exclusive right-turn lane at the intersection. The results of the existing warrant analysis are presented in Table 4-13.

For Warrant 7, the accident reports for the three subject intersections were obtained from NCDOT for a five-year period from August 1, 2012 through July 31, 2017.

	Intersection	Eight-Hour Volume Warrant Satisfied? (Warrant 1) Four-Hour Volume Warrant Satisfied? (Warrant 2)		Peak Hour Volume Warrant Satisfied? (Warrant 3)	Crash Experience Warrant Satisfied? (Warrant 7)
1.	Mason Farm Road at Purefoy Road	No	No	AM – No PM - No	No
2.	Mason Farm Road at Oteys Road	No	No	AM – No PM - No	No
3.	Manning Drive at	NO	No	AM – No	No

Table 4-13: Existing (2017) Conditions Signal Warrant Analysis

The intersections of Mason Farm Road at Purefoy Road, Mason Farm Road at Oteys Road do not meet the requirements for Warrants 1-3. Additionally, there were no crashes recorded at either location during the study period for consideration in Warrant 7.

PM - No

The intersection of Manning Drive and Skipper Bowles Drive does not meet the requirements for Warrants 1-3. The Warrant 7 - Crash Experience requirement was not met for signalization. The thirteen (13) crashes occurring at this intersection over the 5-year period could be attributed to the delays and queues that occur on the southbound approach of Manning Drive to Fordham Boulevard. Additionally, ten (12) or ninety-two percent (92%) of the crashes recorded at this location were property damage only crashes. Class C severity accounted for zero (0) of the total crashes and Class B severity accounted for one (1) or eight percent (8%) of the crashes. No fatal crashes or Class A severity crashes were recorded at this location during the study period.

Turn restrictions, placed at the intersection during the peak hours, have been suggested for the intersection of Manning Drive and Skipper Bowles Drive in past reports. However, turn restrictions should not impact special event traffic utilizing Skipper Bowles Drive, i.e.

Skipper Bowles Drive

concrete median. Any turn restrictions should be accomplished through signing or striping. The number of left-turning vehicles is low during the peak hours; therefore, restricting left-turns would not significantly impact motorists who could simply use the Ridge Road signalized intersection as an alternative route. No daily peak period turn restrictions have been implemented at this intersection.

4.8.3 Future Conditions Signal Warrant Analysis

Signal warrant analyses were performed for future conditions at the subject intersections utilizing the projected volumes summarized in Section 4.5. Under future conditions, Warrants 1, 2, 3 and 7 were tested for the intersections of Manning Drive at Skipper Bowles Drive, Mason Farm Road at Purefoy Road, and Mason Farm Road at Oteys Road.

The results of the analysis are summarized in Table 4-14. Again, the intersections of Mason Farm Road at Purefoy Road and Mason Farm Road at Oteys Road do not meet Warrants 1-3 for signalization given the projected future year volumes. A reduction of right-turning vehicles as recommended by the MUTCD was applied for the northbound right-turn at Manning Drive and Skipper Bowles Drive due to the exclusive right-turn lane at the intersection. The intersection does not meet any of the signal warrants with the right-turn reduction.

Table 4-14: Future (2022) Conditions Signal Warrant Analysis

	Intersection	Eight-Hour Volume Warrant Satisfied? (Warrant 1)	Four-Hour Volume Warrant Satisfied? (Warrant 2)	Peak Hour Volume Warrant Satisfied? (Warrant 3)
1.	Mason Farm Road at Purefoy Road	No	No	AM – No PM - No
2.	Mason Farm Road at Oteys Road	No	No	AM – No PM – No
3.	Manning Drive at Skipper Bowles Drive	No	No	AM – No PM - Yes

4.9 MITIGATION STRATEGIES

4.9.1 Planned Intersection Improvements

The intersection improvements previously suggested by the University and approved and/or stipulated by the Town are discussed below. Some have been implemented while some others have not. The improvements include geometric improvements and signal timing and phasing modifications at some intersections. Optimized timings are included in the Appendix.

South Columbia Street/South Road/McCauley Street

The radius of the northbound right-turn lane at this intersection has been reduced as recommended in earlier Development Plan Updates. A smaller island has been provided to provide refuge for pedestrians crossing South Columbia Street and South Road. The existing median island on South Road remained in place.

Following the submittal of the February 2006 Update, the Town requested that the eastbound approach of McCauley Street at the intersection with S. Columbia Street be upgraded to include an exclusive left-turn lane. The requested improvement has been

accomplished through pavement marking changes. The roadway was not widened and the eastbound and westbound approaches continue to operate on split phasing.

These improvements are complete. A new traffic signal controller and traffic signal controller cabinet were installed and the new signal is in operation.

South Road/Country Club Road

An analysis of this intersection with future traffic volumes identified the long-term need for improvements. The stipulations associated with Modification No.1 required the addition of the northbound right-turn lane (which could be accomplished without widening the road), and converting a southbound shared through-right lane to a shared left-though-right lane (again, no widening was required). These improvements have been implemented.

An additional improvement recommended for this area was the realignment of the junction of Ridge Road and Country Club Road to give priority to Ridge Road since this is the major movement. This is particularly important since the construction of the Rams Head deck, and can be achieved by eliminating a small number of parking spaces on the west side of the intersection. The northwest corner of this intersection was altered by removing the curb extension, but the intersection remains with stop control on the approach of Ridge Road.

Cameron Avenue/Raleigh Street

Signal phasing improvements were desirable at this intersection to improve the level of service in the PM peak hour (permitted/protected phasing for the left turns). This improvement has been completed. New traffic signal heads, controller, controller cabinet, and audible, countdown pedestrian signals were installed.

Country Club Road/Battle Lane/Boundary Street

The stipulations associated with Modification No.1 of the University Development Plan required a study of this intersection to identify feasible improvements to traffic safety and operations. Signalization and a roundabout were among the measures studied, but it was agreed to upgrade the Country Club Road/Gimghoul Road intersection instead. Bollards and chains were strategically provided at the intersection of Country Club Road, Battle Lane, and Boundary Street to control pedestrians in and around this intersection.

The recently collected peak period traffic data collected for this intersection indicates that the traffic traveling eastbound and westbound on Country Club Road is slightly higher than what was recorded in the 2015 TIA update, but the turning volumes to and from Country Club Road and Battle Lane are very similar in the AM Peak Hour. The PM peak hour turning volumes and through-moving traffic on Country Club Road are very similar to what was recorded in 2015.

The LOS results indicate that the intersections are operating at acceptable levels now but the intersection of Country Club Road at Battle Lane is projected to degrade to LOS E during the PM peak period in year 2024. The southbound, stop-controlled approach to this intersection would be projected to operate at LOS F in year 2024 as is typical at most unsignalized intersections.

The improvements that have been implemented at this intersection as a result of the study that was performed during Modification No. 1 (marked crosswalks, improved pavement markings, and bollards with chains) have reportedly been successful treatments. At this

time, the University is not recommending any further study or the implementation of additional improvements at this intersection but will continue to monitor this intersection and to coordinate with the Town of Chapel Hill on how to address concerns that may be presented at this intersection.

Country Club Road/Gimghoul Road/Paul Green Theater Drive

The stipulations associated with Modification No.1 required a new traffic signal to be implemented at this intersection. This improvement is complete. A new traffic signal with decorative poles and mast arms was installed. The poles and mast arms were colored dark green and the signal heads were colored black. In addition, stamped asphalt crosswalks were installed to simulate a brick pattern. Audible, countdown pedestrian signal heads were also provided.

Manning Drive/Skipper Bowles Drive

Turn restrictions have been implemented to prevent eastbound left-turns from Skipper Bowles Drive onto northbound Manning Drive during special events.

Pittsboro Street/McCauley Street

One of the stipulations that was associated with the University development plan included replacing the traffic signal heads at the intersection of Pittsboro Street and McCauley Street. The existing traffic signal heads has only 8" incandescent displays; the stipulation specifies for the heads to be upgraded to traffic signal heads with 12" LED displays. Prior to submittal of the 2015 update of this TIA, the University started the necessary steps to replace the heads, but the replacement was not completed prior to publishing the 2015 TIA update.

As part of the efforts to replace the traffic signal heads in 2011, staff of VHB Engineering NC, P.C., measured vertical clearances between the traffic signal heads and the road surface, the clearances between the traffic signal wires and the utilities on the existing wood poles, and the available space at the top of the existing wood poles above the current attachment points of the traffic signal cables and the utilities. It was evident that the existing traffic signal heads did not provide the minimum vertical clearances to satisfy requirements of NCDOT; therefore replacing the existing heads with new traffic signal heads featuring 12" displays would even further violate the minimum vertical clearance requirement. In 2011 staff of the Town of Chapel Hill and NCDOT indicated they would require that the minimum vertical clearances be provided with the replacement of the signal heads.

Since publication of the 2013 TIA Update, University staff have coordinated with staff of the Town of Chapel Hill to eliminate the stipulation requiring that the University upgrade the traffic signal heads at the intersection of Pittsboro Street at McCauley Street to 12" LED displays. It is not anticipated that any further action will be necessary for this formerly stipulated improvement.

4.9.2 Suggested Intersection Improvements

Some intersection improvements were previously suggested by the University. Some have been approved for implementation, some have been implemented, while others are still under consideration. Those improvements are discussed below.

Manning Drive/Ridge Road

Manning Drive is a major access street into Main Campus and is the main access to the UNC Hospitals. Manning Drive is a wide four-lane street, expanding to five lanes at major intersections and driveways. It has the character of a suburban arterial road rather than an urban street. While the speed limit is posted at 25 MPH, the appearance and design of Manning Drive encourages speeding. The high volume of traffic, in conjunction with speeding, poses a major safety hazard to the many pedestrians who cross the street in the vicinity of the student housing towers and the Hospital areas. Pedestrian safety and aesthetic improvements in the vicinity of Ridge Road (the student housing area) are very desirable in the near term. Measures to reduce and calm traffic and improve the appearance of Manning Drive are being studied. This could include adding a median on Manning Drive through this area. This suggested improvement has not been designed or implemented.

Mason Farm Road/East Drive

Prior studies suggested that the unsignalized intersection of Mason Farm Road at East Drive may have needed signalization (although the Master Plan includes changes to the road network in this area). Plans for the design of a new traffic signal at this intersection have been completed and the traffic signal has been constructed. The traffic signal includes metal poles and mast arms, audible countdown pedestrian signals, and push-buttons. The metal poles, mast arms, and push-button housing are colored dark green and the housing for all signal heads are black.

Mason Farm Road/West Drive

Again, prior studies and field observations indicated that this intersection may have needed signalization. A traffic signal was installed at this location utilizing wood poles and messenger cable supports. The wood pole supported signal remained in operation for the duration of the construction of the Marsico Hall (formerly Imaging Research Building) on the adjacent corner of the intersection. The construction of Marsico Hall is complete and the wood pole supported traffic signal has been replaced with a new traffic signal including metal poles and mast arm supports. The new traffic signal includes metal poles and mast arms, audible countdown pedestrian signals, and push-buttons. The metal poles, mast arms, and push-button housing are colored dark green and all signal heads are colored black.

4.9.3 Planned Mid-Block Improvements

A number of mid-block improvements were previously identified by the University and were approved for implementation. Some of those improvements have been implemented, while others are yet to be implemented.

South Columbia Street between Manning Drive and South Road

Modifications to South Columbia Street between Manning Drive and South Road were recommended to improve safety for cyclists and pedestrians. This section of South Columbia Street was one-way northbound with four traffic lanes, though the eastern curb lane was almost exclusively used by buses in the peak times. Preliminary 2025 traffic projections indicated that two lanes with a bus lane should result in acceptable traffic conditions.

There was a desire to narrow the pavement through this area as it represents a barrier between the Health Science buildings on the two sides of South Columbia Street. The number of lanes may have also encouraged motorists to travel at speeds in excess of the 25 MPH speed limit. Pedestrian flows across the street are high, and safety was a concern even with the signalized pedestrian crossing in front of the Health Sciences Library. South Columbia Street directly north of the Manning Drive intersection had additional width on the west side which could also be narrowed by extending the curb out to achieve a symmetrical section. This improvement has been completed and consisted of the following:

- Removal a travel lane resulting in the following cross-section: two general traffic lanes, a dedicated bike lane, and a dedicated bus lane on the east side;
- Extending the western curb to the east to narrow the pavement;
- Eliminating the excess pavement in the northwest corner of the intersection of South Columbia Street and Manning Drive, and
- Construction of a new traffic signal at the intersection of South Columbia Street at Medical Drive. The signal is pedestrian activated, i.e. the traffic signal remains green for the South Columbia Street vehicular traffic until a pedestrian wishing to cross South Columbia Street presses the push-button. The westbound approach of Medical Drive remains stop-controlled.

4.9.4 Suggested Mid-Block Improvements

Some mid-block improvements were suggested previously by the University, but have not yet been approved for implementation by the Town. Those improvements are discussed below.

Ridge Road

Ridge Road is an important north-south connection on Campus. It is the only significant north-south route aside from the one-way pair of S. Columbia Street and Pittsboro Street. In the peak periods Ridge Road is used by employees in the South Campus area as an alternate route to using Fordham Boulevard to travel between NC 54 from the east and the Hospitals area.

The most significant safety problem is created by the sharp curve near the drive by the practice field. For a 20 MPH design speed, cars turning left or right out of the drive need 230 feet sight distance to see approaching vehicles. Cars turning left out of the drive need 210 feet to clear approaching vehicles from the left.

The sight line out of the drive is now restricted by cars parking on the right side of the drive and by cars parking on the north side of Ridge Road on both sides of the drive. There is also a sign on the left side of the drive, which interferes with the left view.

The following improvements were recommended in previous updates to this TIA and have been implemented:

- Remove the last parking space on the right side of the drive at Ridge Road.
- Remove the last two parking spaces in the curve on the left (north side) Ridge Road approach to the drive.
- Remove the parking spaces between the gate to the Hockey field and the drive on the north side of Ridge Road.

• Move the sign 20 feet back from Ridge Road.

Pedestrian facility improvements were implemented on Ridge Road between Boshamer Stadium and Henry Stadium as part of the Boshamer Stadium improvements. Other facility improvements for pedestrians and bicycles are currently under study.

The Rams Head deck included a northbound left-turn lane on Ridge Road at the main entrance to the deck. In addition a speed table/raised crosswalk was constructed on Ridge Road north of the deck entrances and south of the intersection with Stadium Drive.

4.10 TRAFFIC CALMING MEASURES AND PEDESTRIAN MEASURES

This section discusses improvements that are planned or have been completed to calm traffic or to improve pedestrian facilities on Campus.

Traffic calming measures are intended to slow vehicular traffic and enhance the safety of pedestrians. Calming measures can include devices such as medians, speed tables/bumps, or traffic/pedestrian signals. Other calming measures include intersection and mid-block stop signs, enhanced pedestrian crosswalk striping, or the elimination of turning lanes to reduce pavement width for crossing pedestrians. Figure 4-12 shows existing and proposed traffic calming measures, and planned pedestrian enhancements, for Main Campus. Some of these proposed measures are long term that may extend beyond the Development Plan period.

Not only has the University agreed to provide traffic calming measures on campus, but the University agreed to provide traffic calming measures on streets in neighborhoods immediately adjacent to Campus. As part of the 2006 update, the University coordinated with the traffic engineering staff of the Town of Chapel Hill to identify streets in neighborhoods adjacent to Campus for consideration of implementing traffic calming devices and to identify type and location of appropriate traffic control measures.

The traffic calming devices listed below are the types of devices that were considered appropriate for review for implementation on neighboring streets:

- All-way stops at intersections
- Speed tables
- Speed humps
- Pavement markings

Table 4-15 identifies which streets were considered and which streets were recommended for further consideration for the implementation of traffic calming devices. These recommendations remain unchanged from the February 2006 TIA Update. The University designed and implemented the traffic calming plans at no cost to the Town of Chapel Hill. The Town of Chapel Hill has been responsible for maintaining the traffic calming devices on Town streets after implementation was completed.

All of the traffic calming measures identified in Table 4-15 have been implemented.

For the 2011 TIA update, the Town of Chapel Hill requested additional traffic data be collected on some of the streets where the University previously designed and implemented traffic calming devices. Daily traffic volumes and vehicle speed data were collected at the following locations:

- Ransom Street south of McCauley Street
- Ransom Street south of Vance Street
- McCauley Street west of Brookside Drive

These locations were specified in the fall of 2011 by staff of the Town of Chapel Hill during a field meeting with staff of VHB. The daily traffic volume and speed data were provided to the staff of the Town of Chapel Hill as part of the submission of the 2011 TIA update.

During preliminary discussions with Town staff to prepare for the 2017 TIA update, staff of the Town of Chapel Hill requested that the University gather new traffic and volume data at the same locations noted above. The new data was gathered during the Fall of 2017 and has been provided to the Town of Chapel Hill as part of the submission of the 2017 Development Plan TIA Update.

Following the 2009 TIA update, the University designed and implemented an in-pavement warning light system for a mid-block pedestrian crosswalk on Mason Farm Road between West Drive and South Columbia Street. The system was implemented as part of the construction of the Marsico Hall Building with the support and approval of the Town of Chapel Hill and has been maintained by the Town of Chapel Hill. When activated, the warning light system alerts approaching drivers that pedestrians are in or are approaching the crosswalk. The system initially included push-button activation of the warning light and bollards equipped with sensors to detect pedestrians approaching the crosswalk were installed as part of the completed construction of the Marsico Hall Building in 2016. Staff observed that as of November 2017, the warning light system has been disabled.

The following pedestrian facility improvements, not all shown on Figure 4-12, have also been provided:

- Bell Tower area New campus open space and pedestrian circulation system were constructed throughout what was previously a parking lot, including ADA accessible sidewalks, pedestrian bridge between the new parking deck and Medical Drive, and landscaping. New walks, and steps were also constructed to connect the Genome Science building with the NC Area Health Education Center, and Fordham Hall, and Medical Drive. New walks and steps were constructed to connect to Taylor Student Health.
- Dental School New sidewalks were constructed, with establishment of a
 pedestrian safety zone between the street and the sidewalk along South Columbia
 Street between the Health Sciences Library and Manning Drive. The improvement
 extends along Manning Drive to a new patient drop-off on Manning drive and
 includes a new pedestrian bridge across Manning Drive and landscaping.
- Kenan Stadium A new fire lane/brick sidewalk access between Stadium Drive and the northwest entry to Kenan Stadium has been constructed.
- New sidewalk on north side of Kenan Stadium connecting the east/west sidewalk along Stadium Drive to the east/west sidewalk on the north side of the stadium has been constructed.
- New sidewalk and steps in the Geology Department Wheeler Memorial Garden that connects Wilson and Mitchell Hall have been constructed
- A newly improved pedestrian circulation system between Stadium Drive and South Road between Fetzer Gymnasium and Woollen Gymnasium has been constructed.

Figure 4-12: Traffic Calming Measures

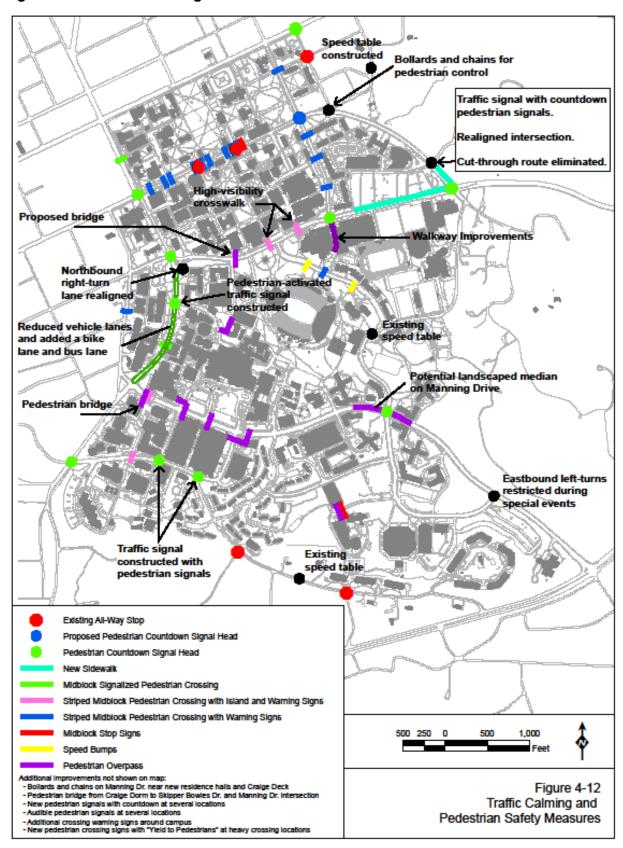


Table 4-15: Neighborhood Streets Considered for Traffic Calming Devices

			ning Measures
Street	Identified for Implementation?	Status	Element
Westwood Drive, Ransom Street, McCauley Street, and Vance Street	No. Traffic calming measures have already been implemented.	Complete	All-way stops Improved pavement markings Speed tables
Oteys Road	No. Traffic calming measures have already been implemented.	Complete	Speed table
Purefoy Road	No. Traffic calming measures have already been implemented.	Complete	Speed tables and all-way stops
Mason Farm Road	No. Traffic calming measures have already been implemented.	N/A	N/A
Ridge Road	No. Traffic calming measures have already been implemented.	N/A	N/A
Laurel Hill Road	No. Alignment and cross-section of road is already a calming measure prohibiting high travel speeds and creating longer travel times than competing routes.	N/A	N/A
Gimghoul Road	No. Church property was sold and will be redeveloped as residential units. As a result, the cut-through route connecting to South Road (NC 54) was eliminated. The intersection of Gimghoul Road and Country Club Road has been signalized. Paul Green Theater Drive was relocated to align with Gimghoul Road.	Complete	New traffic signal Decreased corner radii at intersection with Country Club Road Stamped asphalt crosswalks Audible, countdown pedestrian signals
Raleigh Street	No. Traffic calming measures have already been implemented.	N/A	N/A
Cameron Avenue	No. Traffic calming measures have already been implemented.	N/A	N/A
Battle Lane	No. Traffic calming measures have already been implemented.	N/A	N/A
Boundary Street	Yes. Plans were completed and submitted to Town for implementation.	Complete	Speed table
Park Place	No. Traffic calming devices were deemed not feasible on this street.	N/A	N/A