

ORDINANCE A

(Approving the Conditional Zoning Application)

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING THE CHAPEL HILL ZONING ATLAS TO REZONE THE PROPERTY LOCATED AT 751 TRINITY COURT FROM RESIDENTIAL-4 (R-4) TO RESIDENTIAL-SPECIAL STANDARDS-CONDITIONAL ZONING DISTRICT (R-SS-CZD) AND CONSISTENCY WITH THE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN (PROJECT #21-086) (2022-X-X/O-X)

WHEREAS, the Council of the Town of Chapel Hill has considered the application for Conditional Zoning proposed by Timmons Group, on behalf of developer Trinity Court Redevelopment, LLC and owner Town of Chapel Hill, to rezone 751 Trinity Court and identified as Orange County Parcel Identifier Number 9788-19-4511 to Residential-Special Standards-Conditional Zoning District (R-SS-CZD) to allow a multi-family dwelling unit community and finds that the amendment if enacted, is reasonable and in the public's interest and is warranted to achieve the purposes of the Comprehensive Plan, as explained by, but not limited to, the following goals of the Comprehensive Plan:

- A range of housing options for current and future residents. (*Goal: A Place for Everyone 1.3*)
- A welcoming and friendly community that provides all people with access to opportunities. (*Goal: A Place for Everyone 1.4*)
- Promote a safe, vibrant, and connected (physical and person) community. (*Goal: Community Prosperity and Engagement 2.3*)
- A range of neighborhood types that addresses residential, commercial, social, and cultural needs and *uses while building and evolving Chapel Hill's character for residents, visitors, and students* (*Goal: Good Places, New Spaces 4.5*)
- Reduce the carbon footprint of all Town-owned or managed services and properties; require that all new development meets standards; and support residents in minimizing their personal footprints (*Goal: Nurturing Our Community 5.7*)

WHEREAS, the application, if rezoned to Residential-Special Standards-Conditional Zoning District (R-SS-CZD) according to the district-specific plan last revised dated February 8, 2022 would address the impacts reasonably expected to be generated by the development or use of the site and the conditions listed below would:

- 1) Conform with the applicable provisions of the Land Use Management Ordinance and Town Code
- 2) Conform with the Comprehensive Plan
- 3) Be compatible with adjoining uses
- 4) Mitigate impacts on surrounding properties and the Town as a whole
- 5) Be harmonious with existing and proposed built systems including utility infrastructure, transportation facilities, police and fire coverage, and other public services and facilities
- 6) Be harmonious with natural systems such as hydrology, topography, and other environmental constraints

MODIFICATIONS TO REGULATIONS

WHEREAS, the Council of the Town of Chapel Hill finds, in this particular case, that the proposed development with the following requested modifications to regulations satisfies public purposes to an equivalent or greater degree:

1. Section 3.6.3 Resource Conservation District (RCD):

- a. The following land uses are permitted within the RCD:
 - i. Trails, greenways, open space, parks, and other similar public recreational uses and private recreational uses that do not require the use of fertilizers, pesticides, or extensive use of fences, or walls
 - ii. Driveways and utility service lines when there is a practical necessity
 - iii. Public maintenance of streets, bridges, other similar transportation facilities and/or public utility and storm drainage facilities

By widening the existing Trinity Court roadway and constructing a fire lane that encroaches into the RCD, the developer is increasing the amount of impervious surface. This additional impervious surface has required the applicant to replace existing discharge points such that the existing footprint of the existing road, driveways, parking lot, and buildings can be reutilized to the maximum extent possible. The developer will install necessary stormwater infrastructure in the RCD streamside zone.

- b. The developer is proposing the following impervious surface:

	Proposed	Land Uses
Streamside	3,206 sq. ft. (13%)	Driveway, fire lane

This finding is based on a determination that the public purposes are satisfied to an equivalent or greater degree as the intent of increasing land disturbance in these areas is to provide a safe driveway and fire lane that support the affordable housing project.

- 2. Section 5.3.2 Steep Slopes:** The developer is proposing to exceed 25 percent of the area containing 25 percent or greater slopes. A majority of these disturbed slopes are naturally occurring as there is a steep downhill slope from McMasters Street north to this site. The total area of slopes exceeding 25 percent slope is 60,286 square feet and the applicant proposes to disturb 20,325 square feet or 34 percent of this area.

This finding is based on a determination that the public purposes are satisfied to an equivalent or greater degree because the intent of disturbing these areas is to provide a playground area, fire lane, and refuse area to meet federal housing requirements.

- 3. Section 5.5 Recreation:** The developer is required to provide 7,039 square feet of active recreation space on-site. Due to the significant amount of RCD and steep slopes on this site, the developer is proposing to provide 2,252 square feet of active recreation space in the form of a tot lot and playground. The developer proposes that Council waive the \$18,339.25 payment-in-lieu for the additional active recreation space as the project is adjacent to and has access to Umstead Park.

This finding is based on a determination that the public purposes are satisfied to an

equivalent or greater degree because the construction of additional active recreation space on-site would require greater RCD encroachment and disturbance of steep slopes. Further, the purpose of the payment-in-lieu is for the Town to develop recreation, park, and open space serving residents of this development or nearby developments and this project already has access to Umstead Park.

- 4. Section 5.9.5 Parking Design Standards:** The developer proposes to not provide designated motorcycle, moped, or bicycle parking.

This finding is based on a determination that the public purposes are satisfied to an equivalent or greater degree because these types of vehicles can share existing parking spaces provided on-site. Adding reserved parking for these types of vehicles would increase impervious surfaces and disturbance to steep slopes.

- 5. Section 5.9.6 Parking Landscaping Standards:** The developer proposes a reduced entrance drive landscape buffer from 8 feet to 5 feet in width due the limited width of the Trinity Court access easement between two existing duplex dwellings. The developer also proposes a reduced foundation buffer less than five feet in depth along Building B where the sidewalk is less than five feet from the building. The developer also proposes that no landscape island be provided to break up a row of 11 parking spaces to the south of Building B as this parking area is surrounded by natural vegetation and the parking island would further reduce the number of on-site parking spaces.

This finding is based on a determination that the public purposes are satisfied to an equivalent or greater degree because of the proximity of the entrance drive to existing CASA-owned duplexes. As the proposed building and parking areas are largely proposed over the footprints of the existing ones, adjusting their dimensions to include the required 5-foot foundation buffer would disturb adjacent steep slopes. Eliminating the required landscape island in the parking area allows for an additional parking space and this area is surrounded by natural vegetation that will reduce noise and glare from automobile lights and maintain the wooded buffer between this project and the houses to the south along McMasters Street.

- 6. Section 5.9.7 Minimum and Maximum Off-Street Parking Requirements:** The developer is proposed to reduce the number of parking spaces provided on-site and proposes the following:

Proposed	
Vehicular Parking	63 spaces
Bicycle Parking	Class I spaces: 0 (0%) Class II spaces: 14 spaces (100%)

The reduced number of parking spaces is due to the developer working within the footprint of the existing parking lot to reduce impacts on the RCD and steep slopes.

The developer proposes only Class II bicycle parking spaces as Class I bicycle parking would be an additional expense for the project, require additional disturbance of steep slopes, and increase impervious surface.

This finding is based on a determination that the public purposes are satisfied to an equivalent or greater degree because additional vehicular parking spaces and Class I

bicycle parking would require increasing steep slope disturbance and impervious surfaces.

- 7. Town of Chapel Hill Engineering Design Standard Detail, Lane Width:** The developer proposes to widen the existing Trinity Court driveway from 18 feet to 20 feet, measured back-of-curb to back-of-curb. The required driveway width is 25 feet; however, additional driveway widening would require disturbance of steep slopes and construction of engineered retaining walls.

This finding is based on a determination that the public purposes are satisfied to an equivalent or greater degree because the 20-foot driveway width is improving the existing conditions while limiting impact to adjacent steep slopes.

CONDITIONAL ZONING DISTRICT

BE IT ORDAINED by the Council of the Town of Chapel Hill finds, in this particular case, the proposed rezoning with the following uses, subject to the conditions below, satisfies the purposes of Residential-Special Standards-Conditional Zoning District (R-SS-CZD).

BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED by the Council of the Town of Chapel Hill that the Chapel Hill Zoning Atlas be amended as follows:

SECTION I

The following Orange County parcels identified by Parcel Identifier Number (PIN) 9788-19-4511, described below, shall be rezoned to Residential-Special Standards-Conditional Zoning District (R-SS-CZD):

All that certain tract or parcel of land, situated, and lying and being in the Northwest corner of Carver Street Extension as per Deed Book 231, at Page 1195, Orange County Registry, and the Northwest corner of the property of William Norwood as per Deed Book 121, at Page 214, Orange County Registry; running North 22°30' 00" West 252.12 feet to an iron pin, the Southern margin of the property of the Town of Chapel Hill (Deed Book 221, Page 793, Orange County Registry) South 88° 03' 36" East 738.87 feet to an iron pipe in the Western margin of other property of Seibel, Anderson and Stewart; running thence with said margin South 02° 29'12" West 109.45 feet to an iron pipe; running thence with Norwood, Burnett, and Caldwell South 66° 32' 00" West 443.92 feet to an iron stake, the Southeast corner of the property of William Norwood (Deed Book 121, Page 214, Orange County Registry) running thence with Norwood North 21°37'24" West 163.92 feet to an iron pipe; running thence South 66° 22' 34" West 185.19 feet to the point and place of BEGINNING and being 3.23 acres, more or less, according to survey of Stephen E. Wilson, R.L.S.

SECTION II

BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED by the Council of the Town of Chapel Hill that the following conditions are hereby incorporated by reference:

1. Expiration of Conditional Zoning Atlas Amendment: An application for Zoning Compliance Permit must be filed by _____ (2 years from the date of this approval) or the land shall revert to its previous zoning designation. [LUMO 4.4.5(f)]

2. Consent to Conditions: This approval is not effective until the petitioner provides written consent to the approval. Written consent must be provided within ten (10) days of enactment by the Town Council.
3. Land Use Intensity: This Conditional Zoning Atlas Amendment authorizes the following:

Land Use Intensity Multi-Family Development	
Gross Land Area	140,782 sf
Floor Area	66,488 sf
Maximum Dwelling Units	54
Minimum Affordable Units	100%
Parking Spaces	63
Minimum Bicycle Spaces	14
Total Impervious Surface	57,935 sf
Maximum Land Disturbance	94,895 sf
Tree Canopy Coverage	30%
Minimum Recreation Area	2,252 sf
Resource Conservation District Streamside Land Disturbance	4,327 sf (17.6%)
Resource Conservation District Streamside Impervious Surface	3,206 sf (13%)

4. Access Easement: Prior to issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit, the developer shall execute an amendment to the existing access easement for Pritchard Avenue Extension, executed on February 12, 1973 as Book 240 Page 1453, to address the proposed improvements along and within this access easement. These improvements include new street lighting, sidewalk, and expanded drive aisle within the access easement.
5. Energy Management Plan: Prior to issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit, the developer shall submit an Energy Management Plan (EMP) to be approved by the Town Manager. The plan shall:
 - a. Consider utilizing sustainable energy, currently defined as solar, wind, geothermal, biofuels, hydroelectric power;
 - b. Consider purchase of carbon offset credits and green power production through coordination with the NC GreenPower program;
 - c. Provide for 20 percent more efficiency that also ensures indoor air quality and adequate access to natural lighting, and allows for the proposed utilization of sustainable energy in the project; and
 - d. That, if requested, the property owner reports to the Town of Chapel Hill the actual energy performance of the plan, as implemented, during the period ending one year after occupancy.

The Plan should also provide details about:

- a. The expected savings (as a percentage) from both building and site related water conservation measures (e.g., WasterSense fixtures and toilets, xeriscaping, cisterns, graywater reuse, constructed wetland, rain garden, soil and moisture irrigation sensors) relative to conventional measures;
- b. How the building design aims to mitigate the urban heat-island effect (e.g., project will include a vegetative roof or highly reflective surface);
- c. In reference to SHRAE 90.1 2019, how the mechanical equipment will offer better energy performance than the minimum allowed by code (e.g., high SEER-rated

- HVAC unit); and
- d. How the project will support the goals and targets of the Town's Climate Action and Response.

6. Energy Efficiency: Prior to issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit, the developer shall incorporate a "20 percent more energy efficient" feature relative to the 2019 energy efficiency standard of the American Society of Heating, Refrigeration, and Air Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE), as amended and in effect at the time of Conditional Zoning District issuance. Comparable standards generally recognized as applicable to building energy consumption, as amended and in effect at the time of building permit issuance, may be used by the applicant when incorporating the "so percent more energy efficient" feature into the final plans.

7. Jordan Riparian Buffer: Any encroachments into the Jordan Buffer will require federal and state permits.

Stormwater:

8. Temporary Disturbance & Erosion Control: Prior to issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit, the developer shall obtain approval from the owners of the adjacent parcels with the following PINs: 9788-19-2428 and 9788-19-2393 to allow for the temporary disturbance and construction of erosion control measures on their property.

9. Erosion Control Permit: Prior to issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit, the developer shall obtain an erosion control permit from NC DEQ.

10. Stormwater Control Measure (SCM) Operations & Maintenance Plan: Prior to the issuance of the Zoning Compliance Permit, the developer shall submit a SCM operations and maintenance plan which includes maintenance of the outlet discharging onto the adjoining Town property identified as PIN 9788-19-5921.

11. Jordan Riparian Buffer: Prior to the issuance of the Zoning Compliance Permit, the developer must provide all federal and state permits (i.e. 401/404/Jordan Riparian Buffer) for the proposed work in the riparian buffer.

12. Soil Analysis: Prior to issuance of the Zoning Compliance Permit, the developer shall provide an analysis of in-situ soils. At a minimum the report shall include depth to seasonal high-water table, soil permeability, and soil bearing capacity in the vicinity of the proposed Stormwater Control Measure. All soil test pits, soil borings, soil permeability tests and associated documentation shall be conducted under the direct supervision of an appropriately licensed North Carolina design professional.

13. Jordan Riparian Buffer: Prior to issuance of the Zoning Compliance Permit, the developer shall limit land disturbance in the Jordan Riparian Buffer with the following limits:

Zone	Land Disturbance
Zone 1	1,114 sq. ft.
Zone 2	3,213 sq. ft.

Affordable Housing

14. Housing Plan: Prior to issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit, the developer shall provide the following:

- a. 100 percent of all units (Up to #units proposed)
- b. The affordable multi-family units to be placed within an organization ensuring their continued affordability for at least ninety-nine years.

TOWN OF CHAPEL HILL – CONDITIONAL ZONING STANDARD STIPULATIONS

The following standard conditions are supplemental to site-specific conditions as set by Town Council-approved ordinance. Unless modified by the site-specific conditions noted above, these standards apply to all development permitted by Conditional Zoning.

Access

15. Accessibility Requirements: Prior to issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy, the developer shall provide the minimum required handicapped infrastructure according to the Americans with Disabilities Act and associated codes and standards.

Transportation

16. Bicycle Parking: Prior to issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit, the developer shall provide dimensioned details that comply with the Town parking standards for required and/or proposed bicycle parking spaces. Bicycle parking spaces should be placed near building entrances. The spaces must comply with the Spring 2010 Association of Pedestrian and Bicycle Professionals Guidelines and the Class I and Class II bicycle parking standards required by the Town Design Manual. [LUMO 5.9.7]
17. Parking Lot: Any newly proposed parking lots, including additions to existing parking lots, shall be constructed to Town standards for dimensions and pavement design. [LUMO 5.9.5]
18. Parking Lot Landscape and Screening: The parking lot landscape design shall adhere to the standards of the Chapel Hill Land Use Management Ordinance. [LUMO 5.9.6]
19. Lighting: Prior to issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit, the developer shall design street lighting along the site frontage. Design and construction details must be approved by the Town Manager and the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT). Lighting shall be installed prior to issuance of a Zoning Final Inspection.
20. Driveway Permit: The developer must obtain an approved driveway permit and/or encroachment agreement(s) prior to beginning any proposed work within the NCDOT right-of-way. As a condition of the permit, the permittee shall be responsible for the design and construction of stipulated improvements in accordance with NCDOT requirements. An approved permit will be issued upon receipt of approved roadway and signal construction plans, inspection fees, and any necessary performance and indemnity bonds.
21. Pavement Markings: Any pavement markings proposed within the public street rights-of-way shall be long life thermoplastic. Pavement markers shall be installed if they previously existed on the roadways.
22. Off-Site Construction Easements: Prior to any development associated land disturbance on abutting properties, the developer shall provide documentation of approval from the affected property owner(s). [LUMO 5.8.1]

23. Sight Distance Triangles: Prior to issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy, the developer shall provide the Town of Chapel Hill with standard sight distance triangles at the proposed driveway locations. [Town Design Manual]
24. Low Vision Design Features: Any proposed pedestrian facilities should incorporate low vision design features as feasible. [LUMO XXX]
25. Repairs in Public Right-of-Way: Prior to issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy, the developer shall repair all damage for work in the public right-of-way related to the construction of this project, which may include pavement milling and overlay. The design of such repairs must be reviewed and approved by the Town Manager and NCDOT prior to issuance of a Zoning Final Inspection. [Town Code 17-40]
26. Street Closure Plan: Prior to issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit, the developer shall provide a street closure plan, subject to Town Manager and NCDOT approval, for any work requiring street, sidewalk, or lane closure(s). [Town Code 21-7.1]
27. Work Zone Traffic Control Plan: Prior to issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit, the developer shall provide a Work Zone Traffic Control Plan and a Construction Management Plan for approval by the Town Manager and NCDOT. The Work Zone Traffic Control Plan shall comply with the U.S. Department of Transportation Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices. The Construction Management Plan shall provide staging, construction worker parking, construction vehicle routes, and hours of construction. [Town Code 17-47]

Landscaping and Building Elevations

28. Invasive Exotic Vegetation: Prior to issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit, the developer shall identify on the planting plan any known invasive exotic species of vegetation, as defined by the Southeast Exotic Pest Plant Council (SE-EPPC), and provide notes indicating removal of these species from the landscape buffer areas prior to planting. [Town Design Manual]
29. Alternate Buffer: Prior to issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit, review shall be required from the Community Design Commission for any proposed alternate buffer. [LUMO 5.6.8]
30. Landscape Protection: Prior to issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit, a detailed Landscape Protection Plan shall be approved. The plan shall include a complete and currently updated tree survey showing critical root zones of all rare and specimen trees and labeled according to size and species. The plan shall also indicate which trees will be removed and which will remain. The plan shall also include standard notes, fencing details, and location of fencing. [LUMO 5.7.3]
31. Tree Protection Fencing: Prior to issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit, the developer shall provide a detail of a tree protection fence and a note on the Final Plans indicating that tree protection fencing will be installed prior to land-disturbing activity on the site. The plans shall include continuous tree protection fencing around construction limits and indicated construction parking and materials staging/storage areas, and Town standard landscaping protection notes, subject to Town Manager approval. [LUMO 5.7.3]

32. Landscape Planting Plan: Prior to issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit, the developer shall provide a detailed Landscape Planting Plan with a detailed planting list, subject to Town Manager approval. [LUMO 4.5.3]
33. Tree Canopy: A minimum of tree canopy coverage shall be provided through a combination of retained and replanted trees, unless a modification to regulations is approved. Calculations demonstrating compliance with Chapel Hill Land Use Management Ordinance Section 5.7.2 shall be included. [LUMO 5.7.2]
34. Retaining Wall Construction: If applicable, the final design and location of all retaining walls shall be approved by the Town Manager prior to issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit.
35. Demolition Plan: Prior to beginning any proposed demolition activity, the developer must obtain demolition permits from both the Planning and Inspections departments. While the demolition component may be submitted to Planning in tandem with the Zoning Compliance Permit for new construction, a separate stand-alone demolition permit shall be issued prior to an Inspection's Demolition permit. Further, prior to the issuance of a demolition permit for all existing structures 500 square feet or larger, Orange County Solid Waste staff shall conduct a deconstruction assessment pursuant to the County's Regulated Recyclable Materials Ordinance (RRMO).
36. Lighting Plan Approval: Prior to issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit, the Community Design Commission shall review a lighting plan and shall take additional care during review to ensure that the proposed lighting plan will minimize upward light pollution and off-site spillage of light. [LUMO 8.5.5]
37. Community Design Commission Review: The Community Design Commission shall review the building elevations, including the location and screening of all HVAC/Air Handling Units for the site, prior to issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit. [LUMO 8.5.5] Within the Town's historic districts, the Historic District Commission will act in place of the Community Design Commission. [LUMO 8.4.6]

Environment

38. Stormwater Management Plan: Development projects must comply with *Section 5.4 Stormwater Management* of the Chapel Hill Land Use Management Ordinance. [LUMO 5.4]
39. Phasing Plan: If phasing of the project is proposed, then the applicant shall provide a Phasing Plan as part of the Zoning Compliance Permit. The Phasing Plan also shall detail which public improvements and stormwater management structures will be completed in each phase prior to requesting a Certificate of Occupancy. Construction for any phase shall not begin until all public improvements in previous phases have been completed, and a note to this effect shall be provided on the final plans. [LUMO 4.5.3]
40. Erosion Control Bond: If one acre or more is to be uncovered by land-disturbing activities for the project, then a performance guarantee in accordance with *Section 5-97.1 Bonds* of the Town Code of Ordinances shall be required prior to final authorization to begin land-disturbing activities. [Town Code 5-98]

41. Sediment Control: The developer shall take appropriate measures to prevent and remove the deposit of wet or dry sediments on adjacent roadways. [Town Code 5-86]
42. Erosion Control Inspections: In addition to the requirement during construction for inspection after every rainfall, the developer shall inspect the erosion and sediment control devices daily, make any necessary repairs or adjustments to the devices, and maintain inspection logs documenting the daily inspections and any necessary repairs. [Orange County Erosion Control]
43. Erosion Control: The developer shall provide a copy of the approved erosion and sediment control permit from Orange County Erosion Control Division prior to receiving a Zoning Compliance Permit. During the construction phase, additional erosion and sediment controls may be required if the proposed measures do not contain the sediment. Sediment leaving the property is a violation of the Town's Erosion and Sediment Control Ordinance. [Town Code 5-98]
44. Stormwater Control Measure: The proposed stormwater control measures for the site shall be designed to meet the current North Carolina Division of Environmental Quality Design Manual and Town of Chapel Hill Public Works Engineering Design Manual. [LUMO 5.4.3]
45. Storm Drain Inlets: The developer shall provide pre-cast inlet hoods and covers stating, "Dump No Waste! Drains to Jordan Lake", in accordance with the specifications of the Town Standard Detail SD-4A, SD-5A, SD-5C include all applicable details*, for all new inlets for private, Town and State rights-of-way. [Town of Chapel Hill Design Manual]
46. On-Site/Adjacent Stormwater Features: The final plans shall locate and identify existing site conditions, including all on-site and adjacent stormwater drainage features, prior to issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit. The final plans must provide proper inlet protection for the stormwater drainage inlets on or adjacent to the site to ensure the stormwater drainage system will not be obstructed with construction debris. [Town of Chapel Hill Design Manual]
47. Repair/Replacement of Damaged Stormwater Infrastructure: Existing stormwater infrastructure that is damaged as a result of the project demolition or construction must be repaired or replaced, as specified by the Stormwater Management Engineer, prior to requesting a Certificate of Occupancy. [Town of Chapel Hill Design Manual]
48. Performance Guarantee: A performance and maintenance guarantee in an amount satisfiable to the Town Manager shall be provided to meet the requirement of Section 4.9.3 of the Land Use Management Ordinance prior to the approval of Constructional plans. The performance guarantees and maintenance guarantees shall be satisfactory as to their form and manner of execution, and as to the sufficiency of their amount in securing the satisfactory construction, installation, or maintenance of the required stormwater control measure. The performance surety shall be an amount equal to one hundred and twenty-five percent (125%) of the total cost of uncompleted stormwater control measure(s) and conveyances prior to final plat recordation. The total cost of the storm water control measure(s) and conveyance(s) shall include the value of all materials, piping and other structures, seeding and soil stabilization, design and engineering, grading, excavation, fill, and other work. The applicant shall submit unit cost information pertaining to all storm water control measure(s) and/or bids from the grading contractor hired to perform the work and any change orders related thereto as a

method to determine the basis for cost of the work. The final cost determination shall be made by the Stormwater Management Division, taking into consideration any additional costs as deemed necessary for completion of the stormwater control measure(s) and conveyance(s).

Upon completion of the storm water control measures(s) and other improvements and acceptance by the Town after final site inspection, the one hundred and twenty-five percent (125%) of the performance surety shall be released to the developer and a maintenance bond in an amount of twenty-five (25) percent of the construction cost estimate shall be submitted by the developer prior to the issuance of certificate of occupancy. No sooner than one year after the recording date of the deed(s), easements and maintenance agreement, the owner may request release of the remainder of the maintenance bond. Upon request by the owner, the Stormwater Management Division shall inspect the storm water control structure(s) to determine that the storm water measure(s) are performing as required by this Ordinance. The Stormwater Management Division, upon determining that the storm water control(s) are performing as required by this Ordinance, and after any repairs to the storm water control structure(s) are made by the owner, shall release the remaining maintenance bond. [LUMO 4.9.3]

Water, Sewer, and Other Utilities

49. Utility/Lighting Plan Approval: The final utility/lighting plan shall be approved by Orange Water and Sewer Authority (OWASA), Duke Energy Company, other applicable local utility service providers, and the Town Manager before issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit. The developer shall be responsible for assuring that these utilities can continue to serve the development. In addition, detailed construction drawings shall be submitted to OWASA for review/approval prior to issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit. [LUMO 4.5.3]
50. Lighting Plan: Prior to issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit, the developer shall submit site plans, sealed by a Professional Engineer, for Town Manager approval, as well as other required documents to satisfy the lighting requirements of Section 5.11 of the Land Use Management Ordinance including: submission of a lighting plan; providing for adequate lighting on public sidewalks, including driveway crossings; and demonstrating compliance with Town standards. [LUMO 5.11]
51. Water/Sewer Line Construction: All public water and sewer plans shall be approved by and constructed according to OWASA standards. Where sewer lines are located beneath drive aisles and parking areas, construction methods approved by OWASA shall be employed to ensure that sewer lines will not be damaged by heavy service vehicles. [LUMO 5.12.1]
52. OWASA Approval: Prior to issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit, any easement plats and documentation as required by OWASA and the Town Manager shall be recorded. [LUMO 5.12]
53. Irrigation: If permanent irrigation is proposed to support landscaping, an irrigation plan shall be submitted which includes the use of smart technologies to conserve water and energy.

Homeowner Association

54. Homeowners' Association: That a Homeowners' Association shall be created that has the capacity to place a lien on the property of a member who does not pay the annual charges for maintenance of all common areas, however designated. The Homeowners' Association documents shall be approved by the Town Manager prior to recordation at the Orange County Register of Deeds Office and shall be cross-referenced on the final plat. The Homeowners' Association documents shall comply with Section 4.6.7 of the Land Use Management Ordinance. That the Homeowners' Association covenants shall not exclude home occupation businesses as regulated by the Town of Chapel Hill.
55. Homeowners' Association Responsibilities: The Homeowners' Association shall be responsible for the maintenance, repair, and operation of required bufferyard(s), open space, recreation areas, paths, community garden, and shared stormwater management facilities.
56. Dedication and Maintenance of Common Area to Homeowners' Association: That the applicant provide for Town Manager review and approval, a deed conveying to the Homeowners' Association all common areas, however designated, including the community garden; recreation space; open space and common areas; the bufferyards; and stormwater management facilities. That the Homeowners' Association shall be responsible for the maintenance of the proposed internal subdivision roads until the NCDOT or the Town assumes ownership of the internal streets. These documents shall be reviewed and approved by the Town Manager prior to recordation at the Orange County Register of Deeds Office and cross-referenced on the final plat.
57. Solar Collection Devices: That the Homeowners' Association, or similar entity, shall not include covenants or other conditions of sale that restrict or prohibit the use, installation, or maintenance of solar collection devices, including clotheslines.

Fire Safety

58. Fire Sprinklers: The developer shall install sprinklers under the North Carolina Fire Protection Code (NC FPC) prior to issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy. Prior to issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit, the plans shall show all proposed fire department connections to such systems. [TOWN CODE 7-56]
59. Gates and Barricades: Where required or authorized by the fire code official and permanent or temporary (construction), any gates across fire apparatus access roads shall be a minimum width of 20 feet, be of swinging or sliding type, have an emergency means of operation, shall be openable by either forcible entry or keyed, capable of being operated by one person, and shall be installed and maintained according to UL 325 and ASTM F 2200. [NC FPC 2018, 503.5, 503.6, D103.5]
60. Grade and Approach: Fire apparatus access roads shall not exceed 10 percent in grade unless approved by the fire chief, and all approach and departure angles shall be within the limits established based on the Fire Department's apparatus. [NC FPC -2018, 503.2.7, 503.2.8 and D103.2]
61. Fire Protection and Utility Plan: A fire flow report for hydrants within 500 feet of each building shall be provided and demonstrate the calculated gallons per minute with a residual pressure of 20 pounds per square inch. The calculations should be sealed by a

professional engineer licensed in the State of North Carolina and accompanied by a water supply flow test conducted within one year of the submittal. Refer to the Town Design Manual for required gallons per minute.

62. Fire Department Connections and Standpipes: When the building being constructed requires standpipes, a temporary standpipe connection will be constructed with ready Fire Department Access when the building is not more than 40 feet in height. Such standpipes shall provide usable connections adjacent to the stairs and shall continue with building progression always being not more than one floor below the highest floor of the building. [NC FPC 912 & NC FPC 2018 3313]
63. Fire Command Center: Where required in the North Carolina Fire Protection Code and in all high rise buildings, a fire command center must be constructed in accordance with Section 508, NC FPC 2018.
64. Aerials: Where a building exceeds 30 feet in height OR 3 stories above the lowest level of Fire Department Access, overhead power and utility lines shall not be allowed within the aerial apparatus access roadway and the roadway shall have an unobstructed width of 26 feet exclusive of the shoulders. At least one of the apparatus access roadways shall be located within a minimum of 15 feet and maximum of 30 feet from one complete side of the building. [NC FPC 2018 D105.1, D105.2, D105.3, D105.4]
65. Fire Apparatus Access Road: Any fire apparatus access roads (any public/private street, parking lot access, fire lanes and access roadways) used for fire department access shall be all-weather and designed to carry the imposed load of fire apparatus weighing at least 80,000 lbs. Fire apparatus access roads shall have a minimum width of 20 feet exclusive of shoulders with an overhead clearance of at least 13 feet 6 inches for structures not exceeding 30 feet in height and shall provide access to within 150 feet of all exterior portions of the building. Structures exceeding 30 feet in height shall be provided with an aerial apparatus access road 26 feet in width in the immediate vicinity of the building or portion thereof and shall provide at least one of the required access roads to be located not less than 15 feet and not more than 30 feet from the structure parallel to one entire side of the structure. [NC FPC 2018 502.1, 503.1.1, 503.2.1, D102.1 SECOND ACCESS DEPENDENT UPON NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION APPROVAL]
66. Dead End Access Roads: Dead end fire apparatus access roads exceeding 150 feet shall have a designated turn around. The turnaround shall meet one of the design standards of NC FPC 2018, Appendix D table D 103.4.
67. Building Height: Buildings exceeding 30 feet or three stories in height must have at least two means of fire apparatus access separated by at least one half the diagonal distance of the building. [NC FPC 2018, D104.1, D104.3 DEPENDENT UPON NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION APPROVAL]
68. Fire Access: Prior to issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy, fire access shall be reviewed and approved by the Town of Chapel Hill.
69. Fire Apparatus Access Road Authority: The fire code official shall have the authority to increase the minimum access widths where they are deemed inadequate for fire and rescue operations. [NC FPC 2018 503.2.2]

70. Hydrants Active: The developer shall provide active fire hydrant coverage, acceptable to the Fire Department, for any areas where combustible construction materials will be stored or installed, prior to having such materials delivered to the site. All required fire hydrants must be installed, active, and accessible for the Fire Department use prior to the arrival of combustible materials on site. Fire protection systems shall be installed according to Town Ordinance, the NC Fire Protection Code, and National Fire Protection Association Standard #13. [NC Fire Protection Code 2018 Section 501.1 & 3312]
71. Fire Hydrant and FDC Locations: The Final Plans shall indicate the locations of existing and proposed fire hydrants and Fire Department Connections (FDC). Fire Department Connections shall be located on the street side of the building within 100 feet of a hydrant. Hydrant spacing shall comply with the Town Design Manual. Design shall be reviewed and approved by the Town Manager prior to issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit. [NC FPC 2018 Section 501.5.1.1]
72. Firefighting Access During Construction: Vehicle access for firefighting shall be provided to all construction or demolition sites including vehicle access to within 100 feet of temporary or permanent fire department connections and hydrants. Vehicle access shall be provided by either temporary or permanent roads capable of supporting vehicle loading under all weather conditions. [NC FPC 2018, Section 3310.1]
73. Premise Identification: Approved building address numbers, placed in a position acceptable to the fire code official, shall be required on all new buildings. [NC FPC 2018, 505.1]
74. Key Boxes: Where required by the fire code official, a secure key box, mounted on the address side of the building, near the main entrance, shall be provided to ensure adequate access to the building based on life safety and/or fire protection needs. [NC FPC 2018, 506]
75. Automatic Fire Sprinkler System Required: An automatic fire sprinkler system meeting the requirements of NFPA Standard #13 and Town Code 7-56 is required to be installed in non-residential construction.
76. Fire Department Connections, Locations: Any required FDCs for any buildings shall meet the design and installation requirements for the current, approved edition of NFPA 13, 13D, 13R, or 14 of the NC FPC 2018 and Town Code 7-38 for location. FDCs shall be installed within 100 feet of a hydrant or unless otherwise approved by the fire code official and shall not be obstructed or hindered by parking or landscaping. FDCs shall be equipped with National Standard Thread (NST) and be a 2.5" siamese.
77. Fire Department Connections, Installation: A working space of not less than 36 inches in width and depth and a working space of 78 inches in height shall be provided on all sides with the exception of wall mounted FDCs unless otherwise approved by the fire code official. The FDCs where required must be physically protected from impacts by an approved barrier. [NC FPC 2018, 912.1, 912.2 912.2.1, 312]
78. Fire Apparatus Access for Chapel Hill Fire Department: All fire department access determinations shall be based upon Chapel Hill Fire Department apparatus specifications (data specifications provided by Office of the Fire Marshal/Life Safety Division) and field verification. All proposed fire department access designs shall be reviewed and shall also pass field inspection.

79. Fire Flow Report: The Final Plan application shall include a fire flow report sealed by an Engineer registered in the State of North Carolina. An OWASA flow test must be provided with the report. Fire flow shall meet the 20 psi or exceed the requirements set forth in the Town Design Manual. The Fire Flow Report shall be reviewed and approved by the Town Manager prior to issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit. [Town Design Manual]
80. Fire Lane: Prior to issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy, any fire lane shall be marked and signed in accordance with Town standards, with the associated plans approved by the Town Manager prior to issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit. [NC FPC, Sections 2018 503.3, D103.6, D103.6.1, D103.2]
81. Emergency Responder Radio Coverage in New Buildings: All new buildings shall have approved radio coverage for emergency responders within the building based upon the existing coverage levels of the public safety communication systems of the jurisdiction at the exterior of the building. This section shall not require improvement of the existing public safety communication systems. [NC FPC 2018 Section 510.1]

Solid Waste Management and Recycling

82. Solid Waste Management Plan: Prior to issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit, a detailed Solid Waste Management Plan, including a recycling plan and a plan for managing and minimizing construction debris, shall be approved by the Town Manager and Orange County Solid Waste (OCSW). The plan shall include dimensioned, scaled details of any proposed refuse/recycling collection areas, associated screening, and protective bollards, if applicable. Each bulk waste container shall be labeled as to type of material to be collected. If a refuse compactor is proposed or if the collection enclosure is not accessible by Town vehicles, the developer shall provide documentation of an agreement for solid waste collection by a private provider prior to issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit. [Orange County Solid Waste]
83. Construction Waste: Clean wood waste, scrap metal and corrugated cardboard (Regulated Recyclable Materials), all present in construction waste, must be recycled. All haulers of construction waste containing Regulated Recyclable Materials must be properly licensed with Orange County Solid Waste. The developer shall provide the name of the permitted waste disposal facility to which any land clearing or demolition waste will be delivered. [Orange County Solid Waste]
84. Deconstruction Assessment: For any existing structure 500 square feet or larger a deconstruction assessment shall be conducted by OCSW staff prior to the issuance of a demolition permit pursuant to the County's Regulated Recyclable Materials Ordinance (RRMO). Prior to any demolition or construction activity on the site, the developer shall hold a pre-demolition/pre-construction conference with Solid Waste staff. This may be held at the same pre-construction meeting held with other development/enforcement officials.

State and Federal Approvals

85. State or Federal Approvals: Any required State or federal permits or encroachment agreements (e.g., 401 water quality certification, 404 permit) shall be approved and

copies of the approved permits and agreements be submitted to the Town of Chapel Hill prior to the issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit. [NC State; Federal Permits]

86. North Carolina Department of Transportation Approvals: Prior to issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit, plans for any improvements to State-maintained roads or in associated rights-of-way shall be approved by NCDOT. [NC Department of Transportation]

Miscellaneous

87. Construction Management Plan: A Construction Management Plan shall be approved by the Town Manager prior to issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit. The construction management plan shall: 1) indicate how construction vehicle traffic will be managed, 2) identify parking areas for on-site construction workers including plans to prohibit parking in residential neighborhoods, 3) indicate construction staging and material storage areas, 4) identify construction trailers and other associated temporary construction management structures, and 5) indicate how the project construction will comply with the Town's Noise Ordinance. [Town Design Manual Chapter 10]
88. Traffic and Pedestrian Control Plan: The developer shall provide a Work Zone Traffic Control Plan for movement of motorized and non-motorized vehicles on any public street that will be disrupted during construction. The plan must include a pedestrian management plan indicating how pedestrian movements will be safely maintained. The plan must be reviewed and approved by the Town Manager prior to the issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit. At least 5 working days prior to any proposed lane or street closure the developer must apply to the Town Manager for a lane or street closure permit. [Town Code 17-42]
89. Construction Sign Required: The developer shall post a construction sign at the development site that lists the property owner's representative and telephone number, the contractor's representative and telephone number, and a telephone number for regulatory information at the time of issuance of a Building Permit, prior to the commencement of any land disturbing activities. The construction sign may have a maximum of 32 square feet of display area and maximum height of 8 feet. The sign shall be non-illuminated, and shall consist of light letters on a dark background. Prior to the issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit, a detail of the sign shall be reviewed and approved by the Town Manager. [LUMO 5.14.4]
90. Schools Adequate Public Facilities Ordinance: If applicable, the developer shall provide the necessary Certificates of Adequacy of Public Schools or an exemption prior to issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit. [LUMO 5.16]
91. Open Burning: The open burning of trees, limbs, stumps, and construction debris associated with site development is prohibited. [Town Code 7-7]
92. Detailed Plans: Prior to the issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit, final detailed site plans, grading plans, utility/lighting plans, stormwater management plans (with hydrologic calculations), landscape plans, and landscape maintenance plans shall be approved by the Town Manager. Such plans shall conform to plans approved by this application and demonstrate compliance with all applicable regulations and the design standards of the Chapel Hill Land Use Management Ordinance and the Design Manual. [LUMO 4.5.3]

93. Certificates of Occupancy: No Certificates of Occupancy shall be issued until all required public improvements are complete. A note to this effect shall be placed on the final plats.

If the Town Manager approves a phasing plan, no Certificates of Occupancy shall be issued for a phase until all required public improvements for that phase are complete, and no Building Permits for any phase shall be issued until all public improvements required in previous phases are completed to a point adjacent to the new phase. A note to this effect shall be placed on the final plats.

94. Traffic Signs: The developer shall be responsible for placement and maintenance of temporary regulatory signs before issuance of any Certificates of Occupancy.

95. New Street Names and Numbers: The name of the development and its streets and house/building numbers shall be approved by the Town Manager prior to issuance of a Zoning Compliance Permit.

96. As-Built Plans: Prior to the issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy, the developer shall provide certified as-built plans for building footprints, parking lots, street improvements, storm drainage systems and stormwater management structures, and all other impervious surfaces, and a tally of the constructed impervious area. The as-built plans should be in DXF binary format using State plane coordinates and NAVD 88. [Town Design Manual Chapter 10]

97. Vested Right: This Conditional Zoning or Conditional Zoning modification constitutes a site specific development plan (and is defined as such in the Chapel Hill Land Use Management Ordinance) establishing a vested right as provided by N.C.G.S. Section 160A-385.1 and the Chapel Hill Land Use Management Ordinance. During the period of vesting this permit may be subject to subsequent changes to Town regulations to the extent such regulations have been enacted under authority other than the Town's zoning authority.

98. Continued Validity: Continued validity and effectiveness of this approval shall be expressly conditioned on the continued compliance with the plans and conditions listed above.

99. Non-Severability: If any of the above conditions is held to be invalid, approval in its entirety shall be void.

100. Not-Comprehensive: The listing of these standard stipulations, and the specific stipulations applicable to this Permit, is not intended to be comprehensive and does not exclude other state and local laws and regulations which may be applicable to this Permit and development project.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Council hereby approves the application for Conditional Zoning at 751 Trinity Court.

This the ____ day of _____, 2022.