

# Risk Assessment Report

**828 Martin Luther King Jr. Blvd. Property  
Chapel Hill, North Carolina  
IHSB Site No. NONCD0001486  
Brownfields Project No. 21061-17-060**

**H&H Job No. TCH-009  
October 7, 2021**

**C-1269 Engineering  
#C-245 Geology**



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**Chapel Hill, North Carolina**  
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**1.0 Introduction**

This Risk Assessment Report has been prepared by Hart & Hickman, P.C. (H&H) to document the results of human health and ecological risk assessment activities completed for the property located at 828 Martin Luther King (MLK) Jr. Boulevard in Chapel Hill, Orange County, North Carolina (site).

The site is comprised of one land parcel that is approximately 10.24 acres in size and contains a two-story approximately 35,000 sq ft building located in the north-central portion. The building and associated parking areas are currently used for police department operations by the Town of Chapel Hill (Town). South of the police department operations area, the topography slopes downward along an embankment to a lower area where Bolin Creek and the Bolin Creek Trail (hereinafter also referred to as the greenway) are located. Prior to purchase of the site by the Town, the site was used by the previous owner as a borrow pit and fill site for coal combustion products (CCPs) and construction debris. The primary compounds of concern (COCs) associated with the site are metals associated with CCPs. A site location map is included as Figure 1, and a site map is included as Figure 2.

The purpose of this recent risk assessment is to evaluate the potential risk to human health or ecological receptors associated with the CCPs at the site, and whether additional remedial actions or other measures are warranted to address these risks. As discussed in Section 2.0 below, interim remedial measures were implemented by the Town in 2020 which included removal of exposed CCPs along the Bolin Creek Trail. The risk assessment activities were completed in general accordance with North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) and United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) risk assessment guidance (DEQ, 2020, DEQ, 2021a, EPA, 2018a, EPA, 2018b).

This Risk Assessment Report is organized into sections to include the following:

- Site Background Information (Section 2.0)
- Environmental Setting (Section 3.0)
- Summary of Environmental Conditions (Section 4.0)
- Human Health Risk Assessment (Section 5.0)
- Ecological Risk Assessment (Section 6.0)
- Conclusions and Recommendations (Section 7.0)
- References (Section 8.0)

## 2.0 Site Background Information

### 2.1 Site Location and Surrounding Land Use

The site is located at 828 MLK Jr. Blvd. in Chapel Hill, Orange County, North Carolina. The location of the site is shown in Figure 1, and a general layout of the site including the building, pavement, drainage features, vegetation, and greenway features is illustrated in Figure 2. The approximate geographical coordinates of the site are: 35°55'36.69"N latitude and 79°03'10.47"W longitude. The site parcel is zoned R-2 Residential 2 (4 units/acre) by the Town of Chapel Hill.

Adjacent properties are zoned as R-2, with the exception of southern adjacent properties. Southwest and southeast adjacent properties are zoned as R-4 Medium Density Residential Conditional (10 units/acre) and the south adjacent properties are zoned as NC Neighborhood Commercial.

The surrounding properties are occupied by the following:

- North and Northeast – Bolinwood Drive with residential properties located beyond
- East – Stratford Hills Apartments complex followed by vacant land
- South – Bolin Creek followed by Lloyd Tire & Alignment and Mobil-branded gas station/Run-In-Jim's convenience store
- West – MLK Jr. Blvd. followed by vacant land with residential properties located beyond

### 2.2 Site Description

The site is comprised of one land parcel that is approximately 10.24 acres in size and contains a two-story approximately 35,000 sq ft building located in the north-central portion of the site that is currently used for police department operations. Asphalt parking lots are located in the northwestern and central portions of the site, and wooded areas are located in the southern and

eastern portions of the site. Bolin Creek traverses the southern portion of the site, and a portion of the Bolin Creek Trail is located in the southern portion of the site just north of and parallel to Bolin Creek. The site topography consists of an elevated area where the police building and associated parking lots are located which slopes along an embankment to the south to a lower area along Bolin Creek where the Bolin Creek Trail is located. Chain-link fencing prevents access from the Bolin Creek Trail to the embankment along certain portions of the trail. Site topography is indicated in Figure 1.

## **2.3 Site History**

### **2.3.1 Site Ownership and Operational History**

As indicated by Orange County Tax Records, the owner of the facility prior to the Town was Richard W. Sparrow, who initially operated the site as a borrow pit from the late 1950s to the early 1960s, and then as a fill site from the mid-1960s to the mid-1970s. The Town acquired the property in 1980 and constructed the site building in the early 1980s. The building has been used for police department operations by the Town since its construction. Additional municipal offices have also been located within the site building.

The Town is currently evaluating potential on and off-site locations for mixed-used redevelopment that may include the Municipal Services Center, residential housing, and retail. As part of the evaluation process, the Town applied for entry into the DEQ Brownfields Program, and received eligibility (Brownfields Project No. 23022-19-068) via a Letter of Eligibility dated October 1, 2019.

### **2.3.2 Previous Environmental Investigations**

Evidence of subsurface impacts associated with CCPs was first identified at the site during a *Phase I & Limited Phase II Environmental Site Assessment* completed by Falcon Engineering, Inc. in 2013. Investigation activities were then performed by Falcon and H&H under the direction of the DEQ Inactive Hazardous Sites Branch (IHSB) between 2013 and 2016, and

culminated in a *Phase II Remedial Investigation (RI) Report* dated August 14, 2017. The investigation activities included collection and laboratory analysis of CCPs, groundwater, soil, stream sediment, and surface water samples. In addition, an evaluation was performed to identify where the CCPs were potentially exposed at the ground surface.

In 2019, the Town contracted Duncklee & Dunham (D&D) and Dr. Ken Rudo of Rudo Toxicological Consultants (Rudo) to complete a preliminary human health and ecological risk assessment for the site. The risk assessment focused on the area of Bolin Creek and the Bolin Creek Trail, and included an evaluation of interim remedial measures (IRMs) to better control the risk profile of the site. Prior to performing the risk assessment, D&D and Rudo identified certain data gaps and requested that additional assessment be completed to support the risk assessment activities. In response, H&H performed additional drainage pathway soil assessment, fill material evaluation, and groundwater assessment, which is documented in a *Results of Post-Data Gap Assessment Report* dated December 1, 2020.

The initial risk assessment results concluded that interim measures, including removal of surficial coal ash in selected locations in the lower part of the site, would be protective of greenway trail users. In 2020, IRMs were implemented. IRMs included excavation and off-site disposal of soil and exposed CCPs along Bolin Creek Trail, stabilization and cover of exposed CCPs along the embankment between the upper and lower portions of the site, and temporary measures to address stormwater and erosion control in the area of the embankment. Specifically, approximately 1,004 tons of soil/CCPs at the base of the embankment and along Bolin Creek were excavated and transported off-site for disposal. In addition, super silt fencing and hydroseed were placed along the embankment, and a new storm water diversion channel was installed. The interim measures are documented in an *Interim Remedial Measures Report* dated April 19, 2021.

Following completion of the 2020 IRMs, D&D (now part of SynTerra Corporation) completed a *Human Health and Ecological Risk Assessment Report* dated May 6, 2021, which focused on potential risks in the area of Bolin Creek and the greenway trail. With regard to human health risk, the report concluded that the greenway trail is safe for users. With regard to ecological risk,

the report concluded that ecological risk was likely minimal, but recommended additional evaluation for certain constituents.

The Town requested that H&H perform additional risk assessment activities with the intent of defining the final measures recommended to address CCP impacts, both under the current land use scenario and possible future redevelopment scenarios. The results of the risk assessment performed by H&H are documented in this report. The risk assessment performed by H&H covered the site as a whole, including both the greenway trail area and the area of the current municipal operations.

As referenced in Section 2.3.1, the site has been accepted into the NC Brownfields Program, and mixed-used redevelopment that includes the Municipal Services Center, residential housing, and retail is being contemplated for the site. The Brownfields Program implements standard measures designed to address human-health risks for all projects, and did not request that the Town prepare this Risk Assessment Report. However, the Town voluntarily elected to contract H&H to complete the Risk Assessment in order to provide better explanation and transparency to the public regarding how risks will be addressed for the site. Should the Town Council decide to move forward with redevelopment of the site, future remediation, risk management, and/or redevelopment activities would be performed under the oversight of the Brownfields Program.

## 3.0 Environmental Setting

### 3.1 Site Topography

The site property is located in the Piedmont Physiographic Province of North Carolina. The Piedmont province is a plateau that divides North Carolina's mountain and coastal plain regions. It has variable topography, with elevations ranging from approximately 300 feet above mean sea level (msl) in the eastern portion to approximately 1,500 feet msl in the western portion. The Piedmont is separated from the Coastal Plain region by a fall line, or the point in which rivers transition from rocky, shallow streams to smooth-flowing streams.

Overall, the site slopes to the south from an elevation of approximately 375 ft msl near Bolinwood Drive to an elevation of approximately 300 ft above msl near Bolin Creek, which transverses the southern boundary of the site. The site topography is segmented into two gently graded areas referred to as the "upper level" and the "lower level" that are separated by a steep embankment which generally runs east-west. The upper level includes the northern and central portion of the site where the building and asphalt parking lots are located. The lower level of the site gently slopes to the southeast toward Bolin Creek and includes the Bolin Creek Trail.

### 3.2 Surface Water Hydrology

The land surface across the site generally slopes to the south toward Bolin Creek. Stormwater infrastructure in the upper level was upgraded in October through November 2020 to minimize the potential for runoff from the upper level to the lower level. Super silt fencing was installed along the flanks of the embankment and in other areas in the vicinity of the trail to minimize the potential for stormwater to carry CCPs to the area of the trail and greenway. Portions of the embankment were also hydroseeded with grass seed and a biodegradable growth medium to provide erosion resistance to the slopes. In addition, stormwater upgrades were implemented in the police parking lot and an existing stormwater outfall channel so that stormwater is diverted from the embankment where CCPs are present at or below land surface which minimizes the potential for future erosion of soil/CCPs along the embankment. Note that these are considered

interim measures to address erosion along the embankment, and the Town is considering permanent measures to be implemented in conjunction with site redevelopment activities. Locations of site drainage features which discharge surface water to Bolin Creek are depicted in Figure 2.

Bolin Creek and its tributaries are classified by DEQ as Class WS-V, Nutrient Sensitive Waters (NSW) surface water bodies, and are part of the Cape Fear River basin. Class WS-V surface waters are protected as upstream water supplies draining to waters used as drinking water supplies. These waters are also protected for Class C uses, including secondary recreation, fishing, wildlife, fish consumption, aquatic life including propagation, survival, and maintenance of biological integrity, and agriculture. Secondary recreation includes wading, boating, and other uses involving human body contact with water where such activities take place in an infrequent, unorganized, or incidental manner. A NSW classification is a supplemental classification to identify waters needing additional nutrient management due to excessive microscopic or macroscopic vegetation growth.

Bolin Creek discharges into Little Creek, which feeds into Jordan Lake. Jordan Lake discharges to the Haw River, which joins with the Deep River to form the Cape Fear River.

### **3.3 Geology**

The site is located in the Piedmont Geologic Province of North Carolina, which consists of metamorphic and igneous crystalline bedrock overlain by a region of fractured and folded metamorphic and igneous crystalline bedrock. According to the Geologic Map of North Carolina (1985), the bedrock in site area is described as metamorphosed granitic rock. More detailed references (Cunningham and Daniel, 2001) describe the underlying bedrock as meta-igneous and meta-volcanic felsic rocks. Meta-igneous felsic rocks are light colored, massive to foliated metamorphosed igneous rock bodies, commonly with local shearing and jointing. Meta-volcanic felsic rocks are primarily dense, fine-grained, light colored felsic tuffs and felsic crystal tuffs, commonly with local shearing and phyllitic zones.



Based on previous assessment activities, the native shallow soil generally consists of silty clay saprolite which is approximately 5 to 15 ft thick. In areas where fill material is not present, the saprolite is underlain by a partially weathered rock (PWR) zone that is approximately 5 ft thick, and the PWR is underlain by bedrock. Depth to bedrock at the site generally ranges from approximately 10 to 15 ft bgs in the northern portion of the site near Bolinwood Road and in the southern portion of the site near Bolin Creek. Depth to bedrock in the central portion of the site where fill material has been placed is approximately 45 ft to 50 ft bgs. In areas where fill has been placed, the shallow cover soil generally consists of clayey silt fill which, in some locations, appears to be mixed with CCP. See Section 4.2 for a discussion of the extent and thickness of buried fill material across the site.

### **3.4 Hydrogeology**

The occurrence and movement of groundwater in the Piedmont is within two separate yet interconnected water-bearing zones. A shallow water-bearing zone occurs within the saprolite (and may include alluvium near streams), and a deeper zone occurs within the underlying bedrock. Groundwater in the shallow saprolite zone occurs in the interstitial pore spaces between the grains comprising the unconsolidated saprolitic soils. Groundwater in this zone is typically under water table or unconfined conditions. Groundwater movement is generally lateral from recharge areas to small streams which serve as localized discharge points.

The occurrence and movement of groundwater in the underlying water-bearing zone within the crystalline bedrock is controlled by secondary joints, fractures, and faults within the bedrock. On a regional scale, the direction of groundwater flow is typically from highlands to major streams and groundwater sinks. The saprolite has a higher porosity than the bedrock and serves as a reservoir which supplies water to a network of fractures in the bedrock.

Based on the results of groundwater monitoring completed at the site, the direction of groundwater flow in the uppermost unconfined aquifer is south-southeast across the site towards Bolin Creek. The depth to groundwater is approximately 7 to 10 ft bgs in the most upgradient portion of the site near Bolinwood Road, and 1 to 6 ft bgs in the most downgradient portion of

the site near Bolin Creek. Groundwater is present at deeper depths in the central portion of the site where the natural ground surface elevation has been modified due to fill placement. Groundwater has been measured in the existing monitoring wells in the fill area at depths ranging from approximately 30 to 40 ft bgs. However, prior assessment activities also identified evidence of perched groundwater in the fill material, which is separated from the main underlying unconfined aquifer. As such, the groundwater depths measured in some monitoring wells (MW-1A, MW-1, MW-8, and MW-9) appear to reflect perched groundwater zones rather than the main underlying aquifer. Uncontrolled fill areas such as the site, in which layers with significantly different permeabilities are placed next to one another (i.e., debris with sand or a gravel zone immediately overlying a silt or clay layer) have a high potential for perched groundwater zones. Refer to the *Results of Post-Data Gap Assessment Report* prepared by H&H and dated December 1, 2020 for additional discussion of lines of evidence for perched groundwater conditions.

Historical tables and figures are included in Appendix A, including a summary of monitor well construction and historical groundwater elevation data, a geologic cross-section, and an unconfined aquifer potentiometric map.

## 4.0 Summary of Environmental Conditions

The primary COCs associated with the site are metals associated with CCPs. Naturally-occurring background levels of metals are also present at the site. An explanation of background concentrations, extent of CCPs, and brief summaries of the site-specific COCs in soil, groundwater, surface water, and sediment are presented in the sections below. Summaries of historical data for site soil, groundwater, surface water, and sediment are included in Appendix A.

### 4.1 Background Conditions

Metals, including the COCs for the site, are naturally occurring within North Carolina soils. These compounds are derived from the natural elemental composition of the source rock and compound concentrations are a reflection of the rock composition. Background samples collected from the site contained concentrations of certain metals exceeding DEQ Preliminary Soil Remediation Goals (PSRGs) in soil and stream sediment, which are attributed to naturally-occurring metals in the parent bedrock. EPA and DEQ do not require remediation of concentrations below naturally occurring background levels (EPA, 2002, DEQ, 2021). Therefore, evaluation of site-specific background levels is important in determining remedial goals. Note also that the DEQ PSRGs are initial screening levels based upon conservative exposure assumptions. DEQ allows that final remedial goals be based upon a risk evaluation using the DEQ risk calculator as discussed further in Section 5.0.

In order to determine whether metals detections at the site are related to fill materials or represent background levels, H&H calculated site-specific Background Screening Values (BSVs). Based on EPA guidance (EPA, 2015a, 2018a, 2018b), the BSVs for metals in soil consist of 95% upper tolerance limits (UTLs) with 95% coverage determined using EPA's ProUCL calculator (EPA, 2015a). Due to a more limited data set which introduces more uncertainty in output of the ProUCL calculator, the BSVs for stream sediment and surface water consist of the lower of the maximum detected background concentration or twice the mean of background concentrations. Appendix B contains details regarding the basis for the BSVs and documentation of the

calculations. The BSVs are referenced in subsequent sections of this report when evaluating whether concentrations detected in individual samples represent background conditions or evidence of contamination.

## **4.2 Extent of CCPs**

Based on prior assessment activities, fill materials placed at the site consist primarily of construction and demolition debris and fill soil intermixed with zones of CCPs. The thickness of the CCP zones primarily ranges from less than 1 ft to 3 ft, with some thicker zones up to 10 ft. Fill materials were identified to depths of approximately 40 ft, although the deepest that CCPs were observed was approximately 29 ft.

In the upper level of the site, CCPs are capped with clayey silt that ranges in thickness from less than 1 ft to approximately 10 ft thick, with most areas having greater than 2 ft of soil cover. CCP is exposed at the surface along the eastern and central portions of the embankment that separates the upper and lower levels of the site. CCPs in the western portion of the embankment are covered but with soil that is less than 2 ft thick. Erosion of CCPs along some portions of the embankment historically resulted in deposition of a layer of CCPs in the lower level of the site north and south of the Bolin Creek Trail. However, CCPs in the lower level were excavated as part of the 2020 IRMs, and no significant CCPs are currently present in the lower level.

## **4.3 Soil and CCP Concentrations**

Over 70 samples of soil and/or CCPs have been collected at the site over the course of historical assessment activities. Concentrations of COCs for samples that were not removed during the 2020 IRMs were compared to the current DEQ residential health-based PSRGs, industrial/commercial health-based PSRGs, and protection of groundwater PSRGs. Concentrations of metals were also compared to site-specific BSVs prior to comparison to PSRGs. The results of this comparison indicated concentrations of arsenic, barium, cobalt, manganese, mercury, and selenium above current PSRGs and BSVs, with arsenic being the most commonly detected constituent. Note that PSRGs are not intended as remediation goals and are

based on conservative risk assumptions. DEQ guidance recommends comparison of concentrations to PSRGs for initial screening purposes, but final remediation goals may be determined based on risk evaluation performed using the NC Risk Calculator, as discussed further in Section 5.0.

#### **4.4 Groundwater**

Multiple groundwater monitoring events have been performed at the site over the course of historical assessment activities. Concentrations of COCs in groundwater samples were compared to 15A NCAC 02L .0202 Groundwater Standards (2L Standards). As previously mentioned, prior assessment data indicate that there are perched water zones in the fill material, and groundwater samples collected from shallow wells in the fill are monitoring these perched zones. Perched groundwater is likely present in some zones of CCPs or just below zones of CCPs. Concentrations of metals above 2L Standards in groundwater samples from these wells (MW-1A, MW-1, MW-8, and MW-9) are associated with the presence of CCPs within or near perched groundwater. Some impacted perched groundwater may eventually migrate through underlying unsaturated zones to groundwater in the main underlying unconfined aquifer; however, this migration is slow and of low volume. As such, there is limited or no groundwater impact in monitoring wells which are screened in non-fill zones in the unconfined aquifer, including well MW-11D located directly below the fill and shallow downgradient monitoring wells MW-3A and MW-4A which are located downgradient of the fill area.

#### **4.5 Surface Water**

Surface water samples have been collected from Bolin Creek during four sampling events completed in 2013, 2014, 2016, and 2019 from three upstream locations, three locations adjacent to the site, and three downstream locations. A surface water sample was also collected from a drainage pathway at the site. No COCs were detected in surface water samples at concentrations above 15A NCAC 2B Section .0100 Surface Water Quality Standards (2B Standards). Based upon the surface water sample results, there is no evidence of surface water impact at the site which would warrant further assessment or remediation.

## 4.6 Stream Sediment

Stream sediment samples have been collected from Bolin Creek during two sampling events completed in 2016 and 2019 from two upstream locations, two locations adjacent to the site, and three downstream locations. Concentrations of COCs were compared to the current DEQ residential health-based PSRGs, industrial/commercial health-based PSRGs, and protection of groundwater PSRGs. Concentrations of metals were also compared to site-specific BSVs prior to comparison to PSRGs. Manganese and/or hexavalent chromium were detected in two samples at concentrations above PSRGs and site-specific BSVs. As previously mentioned, note that PSRGs are not intended as remediation goals and are based on conservative risk assumptions. DEQ guidance recommends comparison to PSRGs for initial screening purposes, but remediation goals are determined based on risk evaluation performed using the NC Risk Calculator, as discussed further in Section 5.0.

## 5.0 Human-Health Risk Assessment

H&H evaluated potential human-health risks associated with COCs detected in soil, groundwater, stream sediment, and surface water, and whether actions are warranted to address these risks. Actions could include remediation activities, implementation of land-use restrictions (LURs), or other measures to prevent exposures. Should the Town Council decide to move forward with redevelopment of the site, LURs are expected to be included in a Brownfields Agreement (BFA) with the DEQ Brownfields Program, which would be filed on the deed for the property and remain in perpetuity.

Risk assessment calculations were performed using the DEQ Risk Calculator (June 2021), which is an Excel-based calculator tool developed by DEQ that evaluates human-health risks using equations and inputs that have been approved by DEQ and are consistent with EPA risk assessment guidance. The methodology for the risk evaluation was in general accordance with the risk assessment procedures detailed in DEQ and EPA risk assessment guidance (DEQ, 2020, DEQ, 2021a, EPA, 2018b).

### 5.1 Exposure Pathways Evaluation

An exposure pathway refers the mechanism by which people could potentially be exposed to COCs. A complete exposure pathway means that there is potential for human exposure to COCs, while an incomplete exposure pathway means that exposure is not possible due to absence of COCs, absence of receptors, or inaccessibility (i.e., surface cover such as pavement, no water supply well usage, etc). An exposure pathways evaluation was performed to identify current and potential future complete pathways for receptor exposure to site COCs. Below is a list of exposure pathways and a discussion of whether each pathway is complete for the site. For convenience, these pathways are addressed using the same naming conventions and order used in the DEQ Risk Calculator.

### Direct Contact Soil and Water Exposure Pathways

- Direct contact soil exposure pathway – This pathway covers health-based soil exposure via ingestion, dermal contact, or outdoor inhalation of volatiles and particulates. Receptor scenarios considered for this exposure pathway are detailed below.
  - Resident – Site use is currently non-residential; therefore, the direct contact soil exposure pathway is currently incomplete for the resident scenario. Under a future scenario, this exposure pathway could become complete in certain areas if the site is used for residential purposes.
  - Non-residential worker – The direct contact soil exposure pathway is currently complete for non-residential workers in the area of the police department building where impacted soil is not covered by pavement, building floor slabs, or non-impacted soil cover. Under a future land use scenario, this exposure pathway could become complete in additional areas if building floor slabs, pavement, or non-impacted soil cover are removed.
  - Construction worker – Per DEQ guidance (DEQ, 2021a), the Risk Calculator uses very conservative default inputs that represent worst-case situations and may result in overly restrictive risk values when evaluating the construction worker pathway. Therefore, the results of the construction worker evaluation performed using the Risk Calculator should not drive a cleanup level. Instead, the results are intended to be used to help guide safety concerns for imminent or potential future construction activities. An Environmental Management Plan (EMP) detailing methods to prevent construction worker exposure and manage impacted soil during construction activities is required by the Brownfields Program and will be specified in a LUR. Implementation of this EMP will result in the direct contact soil exposure pathway being incomplete for a construction worker. This pathway was evaluated as part of the risk assessment to help identify potential areas of concern to be addressed by the EMP, but does not drive proposed remediation goals.
  - Recreator – The southern portion of the site is used as a public green space and contains the Bolin Creek Trail for recreational use; therefore, this pathway is currently complete for greenway users under both the current and future land use



scenarios. For consistency, the recreator receptor is referred to as a greenway user throughout this report.

- Direct contact groundwater use exposure pathway – This pathway covers health-based groundwater exposure via ingestion, dermal contact, or inhalation associated with use of groundwater from a water supply well. For the subject site, assessment data do not indicate groundwater impacts extending beyond the site property boundary, no water supply wells are currently present at the site, and a LUR preventing the future installation of water supply wells is proposed as part of the BFA. Implementation of this LUR will result in the groundwater use exposure pathway being incomplete. Therefore, this pathway was not evaluated as part of the risk assessment. However, possible direct contact with surface water and sediment from groundwater seepage to surface water is considered an exposure pathway as discussed below.
- Direct contact surface water exposure pathway – This pathway covers health-based surface water exposure via ingestion or dermal contact during a recreational scenario. This pathway is considered complete for greenway users in the area of Bolin Creek under both the current and future land use scenarios.
- Direct contact sediment exposure pathway – This pathway covers health-based stream sediment exposure via ingestion, dermal contact, or outdoor inhalation of volatiles and particulates. This pathway is not specifically covered in the DEQ Risk Calculator. Per DEQ guidance (DEQ, 2021a), this pathway was evaluated by entering sediment concentrations under the direct contact soil exposure pathway for a greenway user in the area of Bolin Creek. However, note that this approach overestimates risk since sediment will usually be covered by water, which limits human exposure and eliminates inhalation risk.

#### Vapor Intrusion Exposure Pathway

- Vapor intrusion exposure pathway – The vapor intrusion pathway covers indoor inhalation risk due to intrusion of volatile organic compound vapors from subsurface soil and/or groundwater into buildings. COCs for the site are non-volatile metals associated with CCPs; therefore, this pathway is not considered complete.

### Contaminant Migration Pathways

- The contaminant migration pathways evaluate leaching of compounds from soil to groundwater, and migration of impacted groundwater towards either a downgradient water supply well or a downgradient surface water body. The Risk Calculator contains tools for predictive modeling of these pathways; however, per DEQ guidance (DEQ, 2021a), groundwater monitoring data that confirm the plume is stable and unlikely to impact a downgradient receptor are more reliable to support risk management decisions. As discussed in Section 4.3, groundwater monitoring data for the site indicate limited or no groundwater impact in monitoring wells which are screened in non-fill zones in the unconfined aquifer. Groundwater impacts, if any, will not migrate beyond the site property boundary due to the hydraulic barrier formed by Bolin Creek. In addition, as discussed in Section 4.4, surface water monitoring data indicate no significant impacts to Bolin Creek. Based on monitoring data, contaminant migration pathways are not considered a concern for the site.

## **5.2 Exposure Unit Designations**

For the purpose of risk characterization, the site was divided into exposure units (EUs) that represent areas of similar land use and potential receptors. Three EUs were defined for the site, and the EUs are depicted in Figure 3. A description of each EU and associated exposure pathways is provided below.

- EU #1 encompasses the upper level in the vicinity of the existing police department building and associated parking areas. EU #1 is currently non-residential. Future redevelopment may include residential use. Therefore, calculations were performed to evaluate the soil direct contact pathway for a resident, non-residential worker, and construction worker within EU #1. The direct contact groundwater use pathway will be managed via a LUR preventing the installation of water supply wells. No surface water or stream sediment are located within EU #1.
- EU #2 encompasses the area of Bolin Creek and the adjacent trail area, which is also referred to as the lower level of the site. EU #2 is currently used for recreational

purposes only. EU #2 is located within a flood zone; therefore, commercial or residential redevelopment is not viable. Calculations were performed to evaluate the soil, surface water, and stream sediment direct contact pathways for a greenway user, and the soil direct contact pathway for a construction worker within EU #2. The direct contact groundwater use pathway will be managed via a LUR preventing the installation of water supply wells.

- EU #3 encompasses the embankment between EU #1 and EU #2. The embankment is not currently in use and partially fenced off to prevent access from the adjacent EU #2 greenway area. Although occupancy and uses of EU #3 are inherently limited due to the steep slope, calculations were conservatively performed to evaluate the soil direct contact pathway for a resident, non-residential worker, construction worker, or greenway user within EU #3. The direct contact groundwater use pathway will be managed via a LUR preventing the installation of water supply wells. No surface water or stream sediment are located within EU #1.
- Note that the potential for erosion to transport impacts from the area of the embankment (EU #3) into the greenway area (EU #2) is an additional concern. The Town implemented temporary measures to minimize the potential for erosion as part of the IRMs implemented in 2020; however, H&H recommends implementation of permanent measures to prevent erosion in conjunction with site redevelopment activities.

### **5.3 Exposure Point Concentrations**

Exposure point concentrations were defined for the soil, sediment, and surface water direct contact exposure pathways. Analytes considered in the risk assessment conservatively included all detected constituents designated by DEQ as COCs requiring analysis for the site (see DEQ letter dated February 11, 2016). The data sets used for the risk assessment included the following:

- The soil EPC data set included the full set of historical soil sampling data, with several exceptions. First, soil samples that were excavated during the 2020 IRMs were removed from the data set. Secondly, at locations that were sampled more than once, only the

more recent samples were included in the data set. Lastly, based on EPA risk assessment guidance (EPA, 2018b), soil samples collected at depths 2 ft bgs or less were used for risk calculations for residents, non-residential workers, and greenway users, and samples collected at depths of 10 ft bgs or less were used for risk calculations for construction workers. Note that if impacted soil or CCPs at deeper depths are exposed during site redevelopment, additional risk evaluation should be performed to confirm surface soils do not exceed acceptable risk levels. If the site is redeveloped, the Brownfields Program will also likely require confirmatory sampling and risk evaluation in areas of potentially impacted soil or CCPs that are not covered by impervious surfaces (buildings, pavement, etc.) or at least 2 ft of clean fill.

- For surface water, more recent data is considered most representative of current conditions, but EPCs also need to account for possible variations in surface water concentrations over time. To account for potential variability over time, the surface water EPC data set included surface water samples collected within the past five years (2016 and 2019 sampling events).
- For stream sediment, two sampling events have been performed to date in 2016 and 2019. The locations sampled in 2016 were resampled in 2019, so the 2019 is considered most representative of current conditions and was used as the EPC data set.

Per DEQ guidance (DEQ, 2020), maximum concentrations for each constituent of concern detected in the referenced data sets were used as the EPCs. Following initial risk calculations, the EPC dataset was further refined to exclude metals detected at concentrations below site-specific BSVs. As previously discussed, the BSVs established for the site consisted of the 95% UTL with 95% coverage for background soil, and the lower of two times the mean or the maximum detected concentration for background surface water and sediment. EPC tables are included in Appendix C.

## 5.4 Exposure Parameters

The default exposure parameters incorporated in the DEQ Risk Calculator were used for the risk evaluation for a resident, non-residential worker, and construction worker. These exposure

parameters are consistent with EPA default exposure parameters (EPA, 2021), where established, and are intended to represent a reasonable maximum exposure (RME) scenario. RME is defined by EPA as the highest exposure that is reasonably expected to occur at a site, generally assumed to be in the range of the 90<sup>th</sup> and 99<sup>th</sup> percentiles (EPA, 2001). To calculate risks specific for greenway users, H&H calculated site-specific exposure factors based on greenway user polling data collected by the Town. Specifically, for adult and child exposure frequency, soil exposure time, and water exposure time, H&H used values equal to or more conservative than the 98<sup>th</sup> percentile of responses reported during the greenway user survey. This approach is consistent with RME as defined by EPA, and represents “worst-case” exposures. Following is a brief summary of the most pertinent exposure parameters, but please refer to the NC Risk Calculator documentation in Appendix C for a full list of exposure parameters used in the calculations:

- Residential exposure for 6 years (yrs) as a child and 20 yrs as an adult (26 yrs total), 350 days per year (d/yr), and 24 hours per day (hr/d).
- Non-residential exposure for 25 yrs (adult only), 250 d/yr, and 8 hr/d.
- Construction worker exposure for 1 yr (adult only), 250 d/yr, and 8 hr/day.
- Greenway user exposure for 6 yrs as a child and 20 yrs as an adult (26 yrs total), 364 d/yr and 1 hr/d as an adult, and 52 d/yr and 0.5 hr/d as a child.
- Dermal contact with soil parameters assumes exposure of head, hands, forearms, lower legs, and feet for a resident and greenway user, and exposure of head, hands, and forearms for a non-residential worker and construction worker.
- Soil ingestion parameters assume ingestion of 200 milligrams per day (mg/d) of soil by a child (greenway user or resident), and 100 mg/d of soil by an adult (greenway user, resident, or non-residential worker). Increased ingestion of 330 mg/d of soil is assumed for a construction worker.
- Significantly increased outdoor inhalation of particulates is assumed for a construction worker, with assumed particulates at levels greater than the National Ambient Air Quality Standard established under 40 Code of Federal Regulations Part 50 for particle pollution.

## 5.5 Toxicity Factors

The conservative default toxicity factors incorporated in the DEQ Risk Calculator were used for the risk evaluation. Note that these toxicity factors account for possible development effects for pregnant women.

## 5.6 Risk Assessment Results

For the direct contact pathways, the DEQ Risk Calculator calculates values for potential cancer risk (CR) and potential non-cancer hazard quotient (HQ) or hazard index (HI) as described below:

- CR is defined as the incremental probability of an individual developing cancer over a lifetime as a result of exposure to a potential carcinogen. For example, a CR of one in 10,000 (1.0E-04) indicates one person in 10,000 may have an increased risk of cancer due to exposure to a chemical.
- HQ is defined as the ratio of the amount of a contaminant a person is exposed to versus the amount that may cause non-cancer harmful effects, while HI is defined the sum of HQs for individual contaminants for a given scenario. For example, a HI of less than 1 indicates the exposure is unlikely to cause non-cancer harmful effects.

For each receptor scenario, CR and HQ values for complete exposure pathways are summed to determine the cumulative risk for each receptor. The cumulative CR and HI values for each receptor are then compared to the DEQ acceptable risk values. DEQ considers a cumulative CR of 1.0E-4 and HI of 1.0 or less to be acceptable (DEQ, 2021a). Similarly, EPA considers exceedances of a CR of 1E-04 and HI of 1 to be triggers requiring remediation or other actions to reduce exposures (EPA, 2018b).

Note that calculated cumulative CR and HI values do not include risks associated with lead. Currently, there is no EPA reference dose or cancer potency factor to quantify risks associated with exposures to lead. Exposure risks to lead are characterized based on predicted blood lead levels. The DEQ Risk Calculator flags a lead concentration when the concentration exceeds the DEQ health-based residential or industrial/commercial PSRGs for lead (400 mg/kg and 800 mg/kg, respectively). Lead has not been detected at concentrations above DEQ health-based

PSRGs in samples collected at the site; therefore, lead is not considered to be a compound posing a significant risk for the site.

Cumulative CR and HI values calculated for each exposure unit and receptor scenario are summarized in Table 1. Risk calculator documentation is included in Appendix C. A discussion of the results is presented below.

### **5.6.1 Exposure Unit #1 – Upper Level**

EU #1 covers the upper level in the area of the existing police department building. In the area of EU #1, calculated CR and HI values do not exceed DEQ acceptable risk limits for a non-residential worker. Therefore, the area of EU #1 is considered safe for non-residential workers, and no further evaluation of this exposure unit/receptor is considered warranted.

For a future resident in EU #1, the calculated cumulative CR value is acceptable; however, the calculated HI value exceeds the DEQ acceptable risk level of 1, both with and without background concentrations included. As previously referenced, background concentrations are excluded when determining remedial goals for the site. With background levels excluded, the COC driving the risk level above 1 is limited to manganese within the S-4 sample. This sample was collected at a depth of 1 ft bgs in the wooded area southwest of the police department building during the initial site assessment activities in April 2013, as reported in the Phase I & Limited Phase II Environmental Site Assessment prepared by Falcon Engineering and dated July 18, 2013. If the site is redeveloped for residential use, H&H recommends remediation (ex., excavation, cover to prevent exposure) or other actions (ex., resampling to verify concentrations) to address impacts in the area of sample S-4. Samples driving exceedances of residential risk levels are identified on Figure 4A.

For a construction worker, the calculated cumulative CR value was acceptable; however, calculated HI value exceeds the DEQ acceptable risk level of 1, both with and without background concentrations included. The COCs driving the risk level greater than 1 include manganese, arsenic, and mercury. Samples driving exceedances of construction worker risk

levels are identified on Figure 4B. As previously discussed, the Risk Calculator uses very conservative default inputs that represent worst-case situations and may result in overly restrictive risk values when evaluating the construction worker pathway. Construction worker risks will be managed via a LUR requiring preparation of an EMP, which will detail measures to prevent construction worker exposure, manage impacted soil during construction activities, and minimize the potential for off-site migration of impacted soil via surface water or windborne pathways.

### **5.6.2 Exposure Unit #2 – Lower Level**

EU #2 covers the lower level in the area of the greenway trail and Bolin Creek. For a current and future greenway user, the calculated CR and HI values do not exceed DEQ acceptable risk limits. Therefore, the area of EU #2 is considered safe for greenway users, and no further evaluation of this exposure unit/receptor is considered warranted.

For a construction worker, the initial evaluation including background levels indicated the calculated cumulative CR value was acceptable, but the calculated HI value exceeds the DEQ acceptable risk level of 1. If background levels are excluded, the calculated CR and HI values do not exceed DEQ acceptable risk levels. Because risks associated with contamination do not exceed acceptable risk levels, no remediation or other measures are considered warranted to address construction worker risks in EU#2. However, the Brownfields Program will likely require an EMP for the site as a whole, including EU #2, which will detail measures to prevent construction worker exposure, manage impacted soil during construction activities, and minimize off-site migration pathways.

### **5.6.3 Exposure Unit #3 - Embankment**

EU #3 covers the area of the embankment between the upper and lower level. As previously noted, EU #3 is not currently used and occupancy is limited by fencing and a steep slope; however, H&H conservatively evaluated the same receptors designated for the upper and lower levels for this exposure unit.



For a potential current or future greenway user, the calculated CR and HI values do not exceed DEQ acceptable risk limits. Therefore, the area of EU #3 is considered safe for greenway users, and no further evaluation of this exposure unit/receptor is considered warranted.

For a potential current or future non-residential worker, the calculated CR and HI values do not exceed DEQ acceptable risk limits. Therefore, the area of EU#3 is considered safe for non-residential workers, and no further evaluation of this exposure unit/receptor is considered warranted.

For a potential future resident, the calculated cumulative CR value was acceptable; however, calculated HI value exceeds the DEQ acceptable risk limit, both with and without background levels included. With background levels excluded, the COC driving the exceedance is arsenic in samples S-7, HH-10, and HH-11. CCPs are exposed in areas of the embankment and the samples driving the risk exceedance were CCP samples. H&H recommends remediation or other measures (several examples given above) to address exposed CCPs in the area of the embankment. Samples driving exceedances of residential risk levels are identified on Figure 4A.

For a construction worker, the calculated cumulative CR value was acceptable; however, the calculated HI value exceeds the DEQ acceptable risk level, both with and without background levels included. The COCs driving the exceedance include manganese and arsenic. Samples driving exceedances of construction worker risk levels are identified on Figure 4B. Construction worker risks will be managed via a LUR requiring preparation of an EMP, which will detail measures to prevent construction worker exposure, manage impacted soil during construction activities, and minimize potential off-site migration.

## 6.0 Ecological Risk Assessment

Due to the presence of potential ecological receptors in the area of Bolin Creek, H&H conducted initial screening activities related to ecological risk assessment. Based on DEQ guidance (DEQ, 2021b), the initial screening activities consisted of comparison of detected concentrations to the Ecological Screening Values (ESVs) established by EPA Region 4. The Guidelines for Performing Screening Level Ecological Risk Assessments within the Division of Waste Management (DENR, 2003) and EPA Region 4 Ecological Risk Assessment Supplemental Guidance (EPA, 2018a) were consulted during the initial screening; however, please note that H&H's evaluation did not constitute a full Screening Level Ecological Risk Assessment (SLERA).

Per DEQ and EPA guidance (DENR, 2003, EPA, 2018a), EPA ESVs are based on conservative endpoints and ecological effects data, and represent preliminary screening criteria to evaluate the potential for ecological risk (or lack thereof). ESVs are not intended to represent remediation goals. The purpose of the initial ESV screening activities performed by H&H was to evaluate whether additional actions are warranted to further evaluate or address ecological risks for the site. This section details the EPCs used for the screening, and the results of the ESV screening for surface water, sediment, and soil.

### 6.1 Exposure Units

The ecological risk assessment included evaluation of data with respect to the same exposure units established in the human health risk assessment. The EUs were further evaluated with respect to the potential for significant ecological receptors to be present, as detailed below.

- EU #1 encompasses the upper level in the vicinity of the existing police department building. Ecological receptors are less likely to be present in the area of EU #1 due to the buildings and pavement associated with the police department building. However, some ecological receptors could potentially be present in the wooded areas surrounding the facility; therefore, this unit was conservatively screened for ecological risk. No stream

sediment or surface water are located within this unit, so the only complete exposure pathway for ecological receptors is surface soil exposure.

- EU #2 encompasses the area of Bolin Creek and the adjacent trail area. EU #2 is considered the unit with the highest likelihood of potential ecological receptors. Complete exposure pathways for ecological receptors include surface soil exposure, sediment exposure, and surface water exposure.
- EU #3 encompasses the embankment between EU #1 and EU #2. The potential for ecological receptors in this area is considered moderate. No stream sediment or surface water are located within this unit, so the only complete exposure pathway for ecological receptors is surface soil exposure.
- As previously discussed, note that the potential for erosion to transport impacts from the area of the embankment (EU #3) into the greenway area (EU #2) is an additional concern. The Town implemented temporary measures to minimize the potential for erosion as part of the interim remediation measures implemented in 2020; however, H&H recommends implementation of permanent measures to prevent erosion in conjunction with site redevelopment activities.

## 6.2 Exposure Point Concentrations

Analytes considered in the risk assessment conservatively included all detected constituents designated by DEQ as COCs requiring analysis for the site (see DEQ letter dated February 11, 2016). Similar to the human-health risk assessment, the data set used for the risk assessment included the following:

- The surface water EPC data set included surface water samples collected within the past five years (2016 and 2019 sampling events).
- The stream sediment EPC data set included the most recent samples collected in 2019.
- The soil EPC data set included the full set of historical soil sampling data with the exception of (1) soil samples that were excavated during the 2020 IRMs, (2) locations that were resampled, in which case only the latest data was included, and (3) samples collected at depths of more than 2 ft bgs. Samples collected from 0 to 2 ft bgs were used

based on prior guidance from DEQ personnel. This is consistent with or more conservative than EPA guidance, which recommends collection of samples for terrestrial ecological risk assessment at depths on the order of 25 to 30 cm, or 0.8 to 1 ft (EPA, 2015b).

Maximum concentrations for each constituent of concern detected in the referenced data sets were used as the EPCs. Concentrations were initially compared to ESVs directly without consideration of background concentrations. Where concentrations exceeded ESVs, concentrations were also compared to the established site-specific BSVs to evaluate exceedances potentially attributable to contamination rather than background conditions. As previously discussed, the BSVs established for the site consisted of the 95% UTL with 95% coverage for background soil, and the lower of two times the mean or the maximum detected concentration for background surface water and sediment.

### **6.3 Ecological Screening Evaluation**

The results of the ecological risk evaluation for the soil, stream sediment, and surface water exposure pathways are detailed below. COCs identified at concentrations above BSVs and ESVs are shown on Figure 5.

#### **6.3.1 Soil Ecological Screening**

The designated soil EPCs within the three exposure units were compared to the EPA Soil ESVs as summarized in Table 2. The results of the comparison for each exposure unit are discussed below.

##### Exposure Unit #1

Within EU #1 (upper level), soil concentrations were identified above the EPA ESVs in multiple samples. However, the majority of the detections are below the site-specific BSVs and therefore considered representative of background conditions. Concentrations above both EPA ESVs and BSVs were identified only in soil samples S-4 and MW-7.

Sample S-4 contained cadmium, cobalt, copper, manganese, and nickel at concentrations above ESVs and BSVs. As previously discussed, this sample was collected at a depth of 1 ft bgs in the wooded area southwest of the police department building during the initial site assessment activities in April 2013. This sample was also identified as a driver for residential risk exceedances during the human health risk assessment.

Sample MW-7 is a soil sample collected from the boring for well MW-7 at a depth of 0-1 ft bgs in 2016. This sample contained copper at a concentration above both the ESV and BSV. This sample was collected in the eastern portion of the site approximately 120 ft cross-gradient of the area of CCPs. The detected concentration is higher than copper concentrations collected from CCPs in the source area. Based on review of the data, the copper detected in sample MW-7 is likely not associated with the CCP disposal area and is considered an outlier. Additional sampling may be beneficial to confirm concentrations in the area of well MW-7.

It should be noted that DEQ does not commonly require evaluation of ecological risks for soil (DEQ, 2021b). As such, DEQ may not require additional actions with regard to the exceedances of ESVs in S-4 and MW-7. If required by DEQ or if the Town wishes to take voluntary actions, H&H recommends remediation or other measure to address or further evaluate potential ecological risks in the area of samples S-4 and MW-7.

### Exposure Unit #2

Within EU #2 (lower level), soil concentrations were identified above the EPA ESVs in multiple samples. However, the majority of the detections are below the site-specific BSVs and therefore considered representative of background conditions. Concentrations above both EPA ESVs and BSVs were identified only in sample SED-13 which is a drainage pathway sample located near the bridge of the Bolin Creek Trail.

At the SED-13 location, samples were collected at both 0-2 and 2-6 inches bgs. Barium was detected at concentrations above the ESV and BSV in both sample depths. Selenium and strontium were also detected at concentrations above the ESVs and BSVs in the 0-2-inch bgs sample depth.

As previously referenced, DEQ does not commonly require evaluation of ecological risks for soil (DEQ, 2021b). As such, DEQ may not require additional actions with regard to the exceedances of ESVs in SED-13. If required by DEQ or if the Town wishes to take voluntary actions, H&H recommends remediation or other measure to address or further evaluate potential ecological risks in the area of sample SED-13.

### Exposure Unit #3

Within EU #3 (embankment), concentrations were identified above both EPA ESVs and BSVs in each sample collected (S-7, H-9, H-10, and H-11). Constituents detected above ESVs and BSVs include arsenic, barium, beryllium, mercury, selenium, and strontium. CCPs are exposed in areas of the embankment and the samples indicating exceedances were CCP samples. H&H recommends remediation or other measures to address exposed CCPs in the area of the embankment.

### **6.3.2 Stream Sediment Ecological Screening**

The designated stream sediment EPCs in the area of Bolin Creek (EU #2) were compared to the EPA Sediment ESVs, as summarized in Table 3. The results of the comparison indicated barium in samples SED-4 (Adjacent to the site) and SED-5 (Downstream near the southeast property boundary) and total chromium in samples SED-4 (Adjacent) and SED-7 (Downstream and off-site) at concentrations above the EPA ESVs. For these exceedances, concentrations were then compared to the established BSVs. The concentrations were found to be below the BSVs, and are therefore considered representative of background conditions. The fact that these constituents represent background conditions is further confirmed by the detection of both barium and chromium at concentrations above EPA ESVs in the upgradient background sediment samples collected at the site.

Note that Table 3 also lists EPA Region 4 Refinement Screening Values (RSVs) for sediment. The RSVs are based on less conservative ecological effects data, and are intended to be used as a second-tier screening where ESVs are exceeded. Although sediment concentrations appear

indicative of background conditions and therefore do not warrant remediation, the concentrations (including those at background locations).do not exceed RSVs and therefore are not considered a significant ecological risk.

### **6.3.3 Surface Water Ecological Screening**

The designated surface water EPCs in the area of Bolin Creek (EU #2) were compared to the EPA Region 4 Acute and Chronic Surface Water ESVs, as well as the NC 2B Standards. The ESVs and 2B Standards for some constituents vary based on hardness. Based on historical sampling, the average hardness in Bolin Creek was calculated as 54.5 milligrams per liter (mg/L). Based on this value, the published ESVs based on a hardness of 50 mg/L were used. NC 2B Standards were derived using the DEQ Hardness-Dependent Metal Calculator dated July 26, 2021, and the average site-specific hardness of 54.5 mg/L. For constituents with no established 2B Standard, concentrations were compared to the NC In-Stream Target Values for Surface Water (July 26, 2021).

Table 4 provides a summary of surface water EPCs in comparison the referenced ecological screening criteria. As shown, no concentrations were found to exceed EPA Region 4 Acute and Chronic Surface Water ESVs, NC 2B Standards, or NC In-Stream Target Values for Surface Water.

## 7.0 Conclusions and Recommendations

H&H has completed human-health and ecological risk assessment activities for the property located at 828 MLK Jr. Boulevard in Chapel Hill. The purpose of the risk assessment activities was to evaluate potential human health and ecological risks for CCPs at the site under the current land use scenario and possible future redevelopment scenarios. The risk assessment was performed in general accordance with DEQ and EPA risk assessment guidance (DEQ, 2020, DEQ, 2021a, EPA, 2018a, EPA 2018b), using conservative inputs intended to represent reasonable maximum exposure scenarios. A summary of the results is presented below.

### Human-Health Risk Assessment Results

The human-health risk assessment results indicated the following:

- Human-health risk was evaluated for possible future residents in the area of EU #1 (upper level) and EU #3 (embankment). The results of the risk evaluation indicated that acceptable risk levels were exceeded for a future resident in both units (with and without background concentrations included) with risks being driven by metals in the following locations:
  - In the area of EU #1 (upper level), the driver for unacceptable risk levels for a resident is the manganese concentration in soil sample S-4.
  - In the area of EU #3 (embankment), the drivers for unacceptable risk levels for a resident are arsenic concentrations in samples S-7, HH-10, and HH-11.
- Human-health risk was evaluated for possible current or future non-residential workers in the area of EU #1 (upper level) and EU #3 (embankment). The results of the risk evaluation indicated acceptable risk levels for a non-residential worker in both units. Therefore, the site is considered safe for non-residential workers under both current and future use scenarios.
- Human-health risk was evaluated for possible future construction workers in the area of all three exposure units (upper level, lower level, and embankment). The results of the risk evaluation indicated acceptable risk levels were exceeded for a construction worker in all three units. If background concentrations are removed, acceptable risk levels were exceeded for a construction worker in EU #1 (upper level) and EU #3 (embankment).



- Human-health risk was evaluated for possible current and future greenway users in the area of EU #2 (lower level) and EU #3 (embankment). The results of the risk evaluation indicated acceptable risk levels for greenway users in both units. Therefore, the site is considered safe for greenway users.

### Ecological Risk Assessment Results

The results of the ecological risk screening indicated the following:

- The area of Bolin Creek (EU #2) is the area with the highest likelihood of potential ecological receptors. The results of the risk evaluation indicated no significant ecological risk for surface water and sediment in Bolin Creek.
- Exceedances of ESVs for multiple metals were identified in samples of exposed CCP collected along the embankment in EU #3 (S-7, HH-9, HH-10, and HH-11).
- Localized exceedances of ESVs were also identified at two soil sample locations within EU #1 (S-4 and MW-7) and one individual soil sample location within EU #2 (SED-13).

### Recommendations

H&H's recommendations to address potential human-health and ecological risks identified as part of this risk assessment are detailed below. In addition to recommendations related to specific sample locations which are drivers for potential risks, in some cases LURs are recommended to confirm the assumptions made during the risk assessment activities remain valid. LURs are expected to be covered under a future BFA, which would be prepared under the jurisdiction of the DEQ Brownfields Program and filed on the deed for the property. The Brownfields Program requires annual certifications from the property owner that LURs are being complied with in perpetuity, which will confirm that potential risks addressed via LURs will be managed long-term.

- Exposed CCPs are present in the area of the embankment. The risk evaluation indicated exceedances of acceptable risk levels for a resident, construction worker, and/or ecological receptors based on metals concentrations in several samples of exposed CCPs collected in the embankment area (S-7, HH-9, HH-10, and HH-11). The potential for erosion to transport CCPs from the area of the embankment into the greenway area is considered an additional concern. The Town implemented temporary measures to

minimize the potential for erosion as part of the interim remediation measures implemented in 2020; however, H&H recommends implementation of permanent measures to address exposed CCPs and prevent erosion in the embankment area. These measures could effectively be performed in conjunction with site redevelopment activities.

- If the site is redeveloped for residential use, H&H recommends remediation or other actions (ex., excavation, impervious cover to prevent exposure, resampling to verify concentrations) to address impacts in the upper level in the area of sample S-4.
- Outside of the embankment area, the ecological risk screening indicated localized exceedances of ESVs at two soil sample locations within EU #1 (S-4 and MW-7) and one individual soil sample location within EU #2 (SED-13). DEQ does not commonly require evaluation of ecological risks for soil (DEQ, 2021b). As such, DEQ may not require additional actions with regard to the exceedances of ESVs in these samples. If required by DEQ or if the Town wishes to take voluntary actions, H&H recommends remediation or other measures to address or further evaluate potential ecological risks in the area of samples S-4, MW-7, and SED-13.
- To address construction worker risks, H&H recommends implementation of an anticipated LUR requiring preparation of an EMP, which will detail measures to prevent construction worker exposure, manage impacted soil and minimize the potential for off-site migration during construction (i.e., redevelopment) activities.
- The risk assessment calculations were based on soil samples collected at depths of 0 to 2 ft bgs for a resident, non-residential worker, and greenway user, and samples collected at depths of 0 to 10 ft bgs for a construction worker. If impacted soil or CCPs at deeper depths are exposed during site redevelopment, additional risk evaluation should be performed to confirm that potential exposure to these soils does not exceed acceptable risk levels. If the site is redeveloped, the Brownfields Program will also likely require confirmatory sampling and risk evaluation in areas of potentially impacted soil or CCPs that are not covered by impervious surfaces (buildings, pavement, etc.) or at least 2 ft of clean fill.
- H&H recommends a LUR preventing the future installation of water supply wells or other use or exposure of groundwater at the site.

## 8.0 References

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**Table 1 (Page 1 of 1)**  
**Summary of Human Health Risk Assessment Results**  
**828 Martin Luther King, Jr. Blvd.**  
**Chapel Hill, North Carolina**  
**H&H Job No. TCH-009**

RISK ASSESSMENT RESULTS INCLUDING BACKGROUND CONCENTRATIONS								
Exposure Pathway	Residential		Non-Residential Worker		Construction Worker		Greenway User	
	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Index	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Index	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Index	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Index
<b>Exposure Unit #1 - Upper Level</b>								
Soil Direct Contact	2.4E-05	<b>3.6E+00</b>	4.8E-06	2.4E-01	7.0E-06	<b>1.1E+01</b>	N/A	N/A
<b>Exposure Unit #2 - Lower Level</b>								
Soil Direct Contact	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.4E-06	<b>3.6E+00</b>	8.4E-06	4.1E-01
Sediment Direct Contact	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.8E-06	9.1E-02
Surface Water Direct Contact	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3.2E-07	1.7E-02
Cumulative Risk for Exposure Unit #2*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.4E-06	<b>3.6E+00</b>	8.7E-06	4.2E-01
<b>Exposure Unit #3 - Embankment</b>								
Soil Direct Contact	9.4E-05	<b>3.1E+00</b>	2.0E-05	2.2E-01	4.4E-06	<b>8.8E+00</b>	3.4E-05	4.6E-01

RISK ASSESSMENT RESULTS EXCLUDING BACKGROUND CONCENTRATIONS								
Exposure Pathway	Residential		Non-Residential		Construction Worker		Greenway User*	
	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Index	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Index	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Index	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Index
<b>Exposure Unit #1 - Upper Level</b>								
Soil Direct Contact	2.1E-05	<b>1.3E+00</b>	4.7E-06	9.1E-02	5.4E-06	<b>1.1E+01</b>	N/A	N/A
<b>Exposure Unit #2 - Lower Level</b>								
Soil Direct Contact	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	8.1E-07	3.9E-01	8.0E-06	7.5E-02
Sediment Direct Contact	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	7.1E-13	2.1E-03
Surface Water Direct Contact	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3.2E-07	1.7E-02
Cumulative Risk for Exposure Unit #2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	8.1E-07	3.9E-01	8.3E-06	9.1E-02
<b>Exposure Unit #3 - Embankment</b>								
Soil Direct Contact	8.9E-05	<b>2.1E+00</b>	2.0E-05	1.5E-01	3.4E-06	<b>8.5E+00</b>	3.3E-05	3.1E-01

Notes:

N/A = Not applicable

**Bold Red** indicates an exceedance of NCDEQ acceptable risk levels (Carcinogenic Risk <1.0E-04 and Hazard Index <1.0).

\* Cumulative risk calculated for EU #2 since more than one exposure pathway is complete. Cumulative risk indicates the higher of the sediment or soil risk, combined with the surface water risk. This is considered appropriate since a receptor could not be exposed to both soil and sediment at the same time and the same exposure pathways are covered by both risk calculations.

**Table 2 (Page 1 of 1)**  
**Soil Ecological Screening Table**  
**828 Martin Luther King, Jr. Blvd.**  
**Chapel Hill, North Carolina**  
**H&H Job No. TCH-009**

Sample ID	Sample Date	Material Sampled (Soil or CCP)	Sample Depth (ft or in bgs)	arsenic	barium	beryllium	cadmium	hexavalent chromium	trivalent chromium	total chromium	cobalt	copper	lead	manganese	mercury	nickel	selenium	strontium	thallium	vanadium	zinc
<b>Site-Specific BSV<sup>(1)</sup></b>				3.015	87.86	0.929	0.313	5.725	70.2	70.2	36.31	77.3	59.11	1,149	0.256	19.49	2,503	43.19	0.981*	227	230
<b>EPA Region 4 Soil ESV<sup>(2)</sup></b>				18	330	2.5	0.36	0.34	26	23	13	28	11	220	0.013	38	0.52	96	0.05	7.8	46
<b>Upper Level Samples (Exposure Unit #1)</b>																					
S-4	04/29/13	CCP	1 ft	14	24	ND	<b>1.5</b>	NA	NA	22	<b>30</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>1,500</b>	0.011	<b>43</b>	ND	NA	ND	<b>21</b>	<b>120</b>
HH-1	11/03/16	Soil	0-1 ft	5.9	120	1.00	<0.29	<b>0.45</b>	20.55	21	7.9	25	<b>27</b>	<b>350</b>	<b>0.052</b>	8.8	<b>0.69</b>	31	<0.58	<b>48</b>	<b>50</b>
	11/03/16 <sup>(5)</sup>	Soil	0-1 ft	3.4	110	0.79	<0.35	<b>0.54</b>	19.46	20	8.4	17	<b>18</b>	<b>360 BH</b>	<b>0.067</b>	12	<0.71	30	<0.71	<b>41</b>	35
HH-2	11/03/16	Soil	0-1 ft	4.9	140	0.93	<0.29	<b>0.43</b>	13.57	14	12	21	<b>30</b>	<b>260</b>	<b>0.085</b>	5.9	<b>1.0</b>	25	<0.58	<b>48</b>	43
HH-3	11/03/16	Soil	0-1 ft	9.9	200	1.30	<0.33	<b>0.46 J</b>	17.54	18	7.8	<b>31</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>350</b>	<b>0.076</b>	8.9	<b>2.4</b>	36	<0.65	<b>53</b>	<b>100</b>
HH-4	11/03/16	Soil	0-1 ft	2.4	72	1.00	<0.28	<b>0.50</b>	<b>44.5</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>37</b>	2.3	<b>630</b>	<0.023	33	<0.56	42	<b>0.60</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>70</b>
HH-5	11/03/16	Soil	0-1 ft	2.4	73	0.75	<0.30	<0.14	23	<b>23</b>	8.4	19	9.3	<b>410</b>	<0.025	14	<b>1.2</b>	23	<0.60	<b>39</b>	<b>51</b>
HH-6	10/27/16	Soil	0-1 ft	NA	NA	NA	NA	<0.33	20	20	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
HH-7	10/27/16	Soil	0-1 ft	NA	NA	NA	NA	<0.61	22	22	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
MW-7	11/01/16	Soil	0-1 ft	2.6	67	0.87	<0.30	<b>0.89</b>	9.11	10	3.9	<b>180</b>	7.6	100	<b>0.030</b>	2.9	<0.59	6.7	<0.59	<b>61</b>	<b>46</b>
<b>Embankment Samples (Exposure Unit #3)</b>																					
S-7	01/31/14	CCP	0-4 ft	<b>44</b>	<b>2,500</b>	NA	ND	<b>1.4</b>	<b>27.6</b>	<b>29</b>	NA	NA	<b>11</b>	NA	<b>0.44</b>	NA	<b>4.5</b>	NA	NA	NA	NA
HH-9	04/03/19	CCP	0-1 ft	3.37	131	0.398 J	0.178 J	<1.29	12.7	12.7	5.97	14.5	NA	<b>260</b>	<b>0.31</b>	3.59	<b>0.722</b>	33.2	NA	NA	NA
HH-10	04/03/19	CCP	0-1 ft	<b>60.3</b>	<b>2,970</b>	<b>5.14</b>	0.162 J	<1.60	13.8	13.8	9.84	<b>51.3</b>	NA	73.3	<b>0.22</b>	17.1	<b>5.04</b>	<b>269</b>	NA	NA	NA
HH-11	04/03/19	CCP	0-1 ft	<b>42.5</b>	<b>3,260</b>	<b>5.9</b>	0.220 J	<b>0.467 J</b>	18.7	19.2	<b>13.4</b>	<b>55.3</b>	NA	113	<b>0.43</b>	23.5	<b>9.05</b>	<b>234</b>	NA	NA	NA
<b>Lower Level Samples (Exposure Unit #2)</b>																					
SS-7	02/18/16	Soil	2-12 in	3.1	84	0.60	ND	NA	NA	14	6.9	15	<b>13</b>	<b>500</b>	<b>0.038</b>	5.9	ND	31	ND	<b>37</b>	<b>37</b>
HH-8	10/27/16	Soil	0-1 ft	3.6	100	1.00	<0.30	<0.35	19	19	12	<b>29</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>570</b>	<b>0.036</b>	9.0	<0.60	28	<0.60	<b>52</b>	<b>54</b>
MW-6	11/02/16	Soil	0-1 ft	2.9	38	0.61	<0.26	0.21 J	9.79	10	9.5	23	<b>12</b>	<b>570</b>	<b>0.082</b>	8.2	<b>1.0</b>	22	<b>0.81</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>77</b>
SED-3A	04/05/19	Soil	0-1 ft	3.45	33.9	0.418 J	<0.582	<1.16	17.4	17.4	<b>16.5</b>	6.97	NA	<b>560</b>	<0.0054	5.82	0.237 J	9.6	NA	NA	NA
SED-5A	04/04/19	Soil	0-1 ft	1.25	13.5	0.156 J	<0.571	<b>0.352 J</b>	13.2	13.6	5.95	<b>39.1</b>	NA	<b>243</b>	0.0071	4.38	<0.571	10.9	NA	NA	NA
SED-8	04/05/19	Drainage Pathway Soil	2-6 in	2.41	49.1	0.313 J	0.122 J	<1.25	12.0	12	7.01	14.3	NA	<b>423</b>	<b>0.063</b>	4.66	<b>1.01</b>	15.2	NA	NA	NA
SED-9	04/05/19	Drainage Pathway Soil	2-6 in	1.16	33.8	0.199 J	<0.660	<b>0.461 J</b>	21.6	22.1	9.11	10.1	NA	<b>431</b>	<b>0.013</b>	6.68	<0.660	16.7	NA	NA	NA
SED-10	04/05/19	Drainage Pathway Soil	2-6 in	1.29	24.4	0.118 J	0.221 J	<b>0.418 J</b>	12.0	12.4	4.43	10.8	NA	195	<b>0.037</b>	4.03	0.273 J	8.1	NA	NA	NA
SED-12	08/27/19	Drainage Pathway Soil	0-2 in	4.73	102	0.765 J	0.214 J	<1.68	<b>27.6</b>	<b>27.6</b>	6.17	23.1	NA	<b>341</b>	<b>0.042</b>	7.69	<b>0.961</b>	25.4	NA	NA	NA
	04/05/19	Drainage Pathway Soil	2-6 in	3.97	122	0.499 J	0.204 J	<1.74	9.45	9.45 B	6.04	19.7	NA	<b>319</b>	<b>0.077</b>	4.95	<b>1.36</b>	32.8	NA	NA	NA
SED-13	08/27/19	Drainage Pathway Soil	0-2 in	12.4	<b>958</b>	1.56	0.284 J	<2.03	<b>29.4</b>	<b>29.4</b>	<b>13.9</b>	<b>38.9</b>	NA	<b>538</b>	<b>0.12</b>	19.2	<b>3.07</b>	<b>125</b>	NA	NA	NA
	04/05/19	Drainage Pathway Soil	2-6 in	14.5	<b>724</b>	1.1	0.171 J	<1.58	14.0	14	7.58	27.1	NA	<b>563</b>	<b>0.075</b>	8.73	<b>1.69</b>	70.5	NA	NA	NA
SED-18	04/05/19	Drainage Pathway Soil	2-6 in	4.53	137	0.534 J	<0.689	<1.38	18.7	18.7	11.1	<b>28.2</b>	NA	<b>464</b>	<b>0.051</b>	9.00	<b>1.85</b>	32.6	NA	NA	NA
SED-19	04/05/19	Drainage Pathway Soil	2-6 in	1.55	20.0	0.161 J	<0.588	<b>0.435 J</b>	21.7	22.1	7.98	8.38	NA	<b>266</b>	0.0073	4.94	0.334 J	15	NA	NA	NA
SED-20	04/05/19	Drainage Pathway Soil	2-6 in	0.792	31.4	0.152 J	<0.687	<1.37	5.76	5.76 B	4.5	9.1	NA	<b>360</b>	0.012	2.19	0.263 J	11.5	NA	NA	NA
SED-21	04/05/19	Drainage Pathway Soil	2-6 in	1.12	25.9	0.149 J	<0.591	<1.18	20.9	20.9	4.44	6.58	NA	<b>221</b>	0.011	2.70	0.286 J	12.8	NA	NA	NA
Excavation H-3	05/11/20	Soil	1-2 ft	2.41	71.0	<3.28	<1.31	<b>0.410 J</b>	<b>40.2</b>	<b>40.6</b>	<b>14.1</b>	<b>43.4</b>	NA	<b>251</b>	0.0485 J	12.5	<b>1.46 J</b>	58.1	NA	NA	NA
Excavation H-5	05/11/20	Soil	1-2 ft	1.10 J	74.5	<3.04	<1.22	<b>0.497 J</b>	21.1	21.6	8.25	16.9	NA	<b>558</b>	<0.0486	6.77	<3.04	32.2	NA	NA	NA
Excavation H-6	05/11/20	Soil	1-2 ft	1.02 J	96.0	<2.97	<1.19	<1.19	14.9	14.9	7.57	10.7	NA	<b>557</b>	0.0222 J	4.03	<2.97	20.5	NA	NA	NA
Excavation H-7	11/09/20	Soil	0-1 ft	1.10 J	73.7	0.767 J	<1.22	<1.22	8.04	8.04	3.68	15.0	NA	<b>233</b>	<b>0.022</b>	4.63	0.479 J	9.6	NA	NA	NA
Excavation I-1	04/08/20	Soil	1-2 ft	2.91	67.2	<2.77	<1.11	<b>0.457 J</b>	<b>26.2</b>	<b>26.7</b>	<b>13.0</b>	18.3	NA	<b>594</b>	<b>0.042</b>	8.25	<2.77	26.3	NA	NA	NA
Excavation I-2	04/08/20	Soil	1-2 ft	3.65	74.1	<2.85	<1.14	0.313 J	23.3	<b>23.6</b>	12.0	21.4	NA	<b>544</b>	<b>0.022</b>	8.70	<2.85	17.2	NA	NA	NA
Excavation I-3	04/08/20	Soil	1-2 ft	2.18	61.5	<2.88	<1.15	<b>0.387 J</b>	13.1	13.5	9.23	19.5	NA	<b>419</b>	<b>0.019</b>	6.02	<2.88	13.3	NA	NA	NA

**Notes:**  
Concentrations reported in milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg).  
1) Site-Specific Background Screening Value (BSV) represents 95% upper threshold level (UTL) with 95% coverage calculated using EPA ProUCL 5.1.  
\*Insufficient data to calculate 95% UTL; therefore, site-specific BSV indicates 2x mean concentration with non-detectable concentrations calculated as half the reporting limit  
2) EPA Region 4 Soil Ecological Screening Value (ESV) (March 2018).  
**Bold** denotes concentration above or equal to EPA Soil ESV.  
**Bold/Shaded** denotes concentration above or equal to EPA Soil ESV and site-specific BSV.  
NA = Not Analyzed  
J = Detected above method detection limit but below laboratory reporting limit; therefore, result is an estimated concentration.  
Table shows constituents detected in soil samples collected between 0 and 2 ft bgs, excluding background samples, samples that have been excavated, and samples collected from locations resampled at a later date. Refer to Appendix A for a summary of additional sampling data.

**Table 3 (Page 1 of 1)**  
**Stream Sediment Ecological Screening Table**  
**828 Martin Luther King, Jr. Blvd.**  
**Chapel Hill, North Carolina**  
**H&H Job No. TCH-009**

Sediment Sampling Point ID	Sample Date	arsenic	barium	beryllium	hexavalent chromium	trivalent chromium	total chromium	cobalt	copper	manganese	mercury	nickel	selenium	strontium
<b>Site-Specific BSV<sup>(1)</sup></b>		2.74	38.4	0.48	0.79	69.5	70	16.388	13.8	759	0.0078	9.92	0.409	16.9
<b>EPA Region 4 Sediment ESV<sup>(2)</sup></b>		9.8	20	NS	NS	NS	43.4	50	31.6	460	0.17*	22.7	0.72*	NS
<b>EPA Region 4 Sediment RSV<sup>(3)</sup></b>		33	60	NS	NS	NS	111	NS	149	1,100	0.17*	48.6	1.2*	NS
<b>SED-3 (Adjacent)</b>	04/05/19	1.36	16.4	0.111 J	0.670 J	13.5	14.2	5.18	20.2	225	0.0054 J	4.81	<0.607	9.2
<b>SED-4 (Adjacent)</b>	04/05/19	2.35	<b>20.3</b>	0.191 J	0.456 J	63.8	<b>64.3</b>	7.26	8.39	293	0.0080	10.5	0.344 J	30.7
<b>SED-5 (Downstream)</b>	04/04/19	1.82	<b>24.3</b>	0.233 J	0.595 J	16.8	17.4	5.9	8.86	399	<0.0035	4.86	<0.617	6.2
<b>SED-6 (Downstream)</b>	04/04/19	1.96	17.3	0.247 J	0.517 J	24.9	25.4	6.57	9.25	308	0.0058	7.15	<0.643	8.4
<b>SED-7 (Downstream)</b>	04/04/19	1.35	16.4	0.179 J	0.995 J	59.4	<b>60.4</b>	6.47	6.77	262	0.0025 J	9.04	<0.635	8.1

**Notes**

Concentrations reported in milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg).

1) Site-Specific Background Screening Value (BSV) indicates two times the mean detected background concentration or maximum detected background concentration, whichever is smaller

2) EPA Region 4 Sediment Ecological Screening Value (ESV) for freshwater (March 2018)

3) EPA Region 4 Sediment Refinement Screening Value (RSV) for freshwater (March 2018)

\*Indicates the lower of the aquatic versus wildlife based ESVs and RSVs.

**Bold** denotes concentration above EPA Sediment ESV.

**Bold/Shaded** denotes concentration above EPA Sediment ESV and site-specific BSV.

**Red** denotes concentration above EPA Sediment RSV.

**Red/Shaded** denotes concentration above EPA Sediment RSV and site-specific BSV.

NS = Not Specified

J = Detected above method detection limit but below laboratory reporting limit; therefore, result is an estimated concentration.

Table shows constituents detected in the most recent set of surface water samples, excluding background samples. Refer to Appendix A for a summary of additional sampling data.

**Table 4 (page 1 of 1)**  
**Surface Water Ecological Screening Table**  
**828 Martin Luther King, Jr. Blvd.**  
**Chapel Hill, North Carolina**  
**H&H Job No. TCH-009**

Surface Water Sampling Point ID	Sample Date	arsenic	barium	total chromium <sup>(4,5,6)</sup>	cobalt	copper <sup>(4,5)</sup>	manganese	nickel <sup>(4,5)</sup>	selenium	strontium
<b>Site-Specific BSV<sup>(1)</sup></b>		0.44	27	0.53	0.16	1.2	22.2	0.33	0.11	100
<b>NC 2B Standard<sup>(2)</sup></b>		10(t)	1,000(t)	11	1.6 <sup>(7)</sup>	5.33	NS	25(t)	5(t)	14,000 <sup>(7)</sup>
<b>EPA Region 4 Surface Water ESV (Acute)<sup>(3)</sup></b>		340	2,000	16	120	7.3	1,680	261	20	48,000
<b>EPA Region 4 Surface Water ESV (Chronic)<sup>(3)</sup></b>		150	220	11	19	5.16	93	29	5	5,300
<b>SW-3 (Adjacent)</b>	11/03/16	<10	27	<5.0	<5.0	<10	34	<10	<20	100
	11/03/16 <sup>(8)</sup>	<10	27	<5.0	<5.0	<10	33	<10	<20	110
	04/05/19	0.45	25.7	0.62	0.26	2.8	37.4	0.50	0.11 J	88.8
<b>SW-4 (Adjacent)</b>	11/03/16	<10	27	<5.0	<5.0	<10	25	<10	<20	110
	04/05/19	0.42	23.6	<0.50	0.14	1.0	24.6	0.26 J	0.10 J	89.1
	04/05/19 <sup>(8)</sup>	0.41	23.7	<0.50	0.14	0.98	24.8	0.26 J	0.088 J	87.7
<b>SW-5 (Downstream)</b>	11/03/16	<10	26	<5.0	<5.0	<10	24	<10	<20	100
	04/04/19	0.40	16.9	<0.50	0.14	0.88	19.5	0.21 J	0.12 J	81.8
<b>SW-6 (Downstream)</b>	04/04/19	0.40	16.9	<0.50	0.14	0.84	18.7	0.21 J	0.11 J	81.3
<b>SW-7 (Downstream)</b>	04/04/19	0.42	18.4	<0.50	0.16	1.1	23.1	0.23 J	0.10 J	86.7
<b>SW-21 (Drainage Pathway)</b>	04/05/19	0.40	32.1	0.73	0.36	3.2	29.5	0.62	0.11 J	69.9
	04/05/19 <sup>(9)</sup>	0.15	18.3	<0.50	0.094 J	3.1	9.3	0.43 J	<0.50	43.5

**Notes:**

Concentrations reported in micrograms per liter (µg/L).

- 1) Site-Specific Background Screening Value (BSV) indicates two times the mean detected background concentration or maximum detected background concentration, whichever is smaller.
- 2) North Carolina Surface Water Quality Standard (NC 2B Standard) adopted per 15A NCAC 2B Section .0100. Unless otherwise noted, values are the lowest of the Freshwater, Water Supply, and Human Health values because Bolin Creek is a WS V classification surface water.
- 3) EPA Region 4 Surface Water Ecological Screening Value (ESV) for freshwater (March 2018).
- 4) 2B Standards derived using site-specific hardness data for surface water samples SW-1 through SW-7 and the DEQ Hardness-Dependent Metal Calculator dated July 26, 2021. Mean hardness for these samples was 54.5 mg/L. Value shown is the lower of the acute versus chronic values.
- 5) EPA ESVs based on estimated hardness of 50 mg/L, which is the value reported by EPA closest to the measured site-specific hardness
- 6) 2B Standard shown for total chromium indicates the lower of the hexavalent and trivalent chromium values.
- 7) No 2B Standard established, value shown is the NC In-Stream Target Values for Surface Water (July 26, 2021). Value shown is the lower of the acute versus chronic values.
- 8) Duplicate sample taken.
- 9) Sample was field filtered.

**Bold** denotes concentration above NC 2B Standard.

**Bold/Shaded** denotes concentration above NC 2B Standard and site-specific BSV.

**Red** denotes concentration above EPA Surface Water ESV (lower of acute or chronic).

**Red/Shaded** denotes concentration above EPA Surface Water RSV and site-specific BSV.

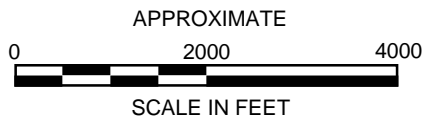
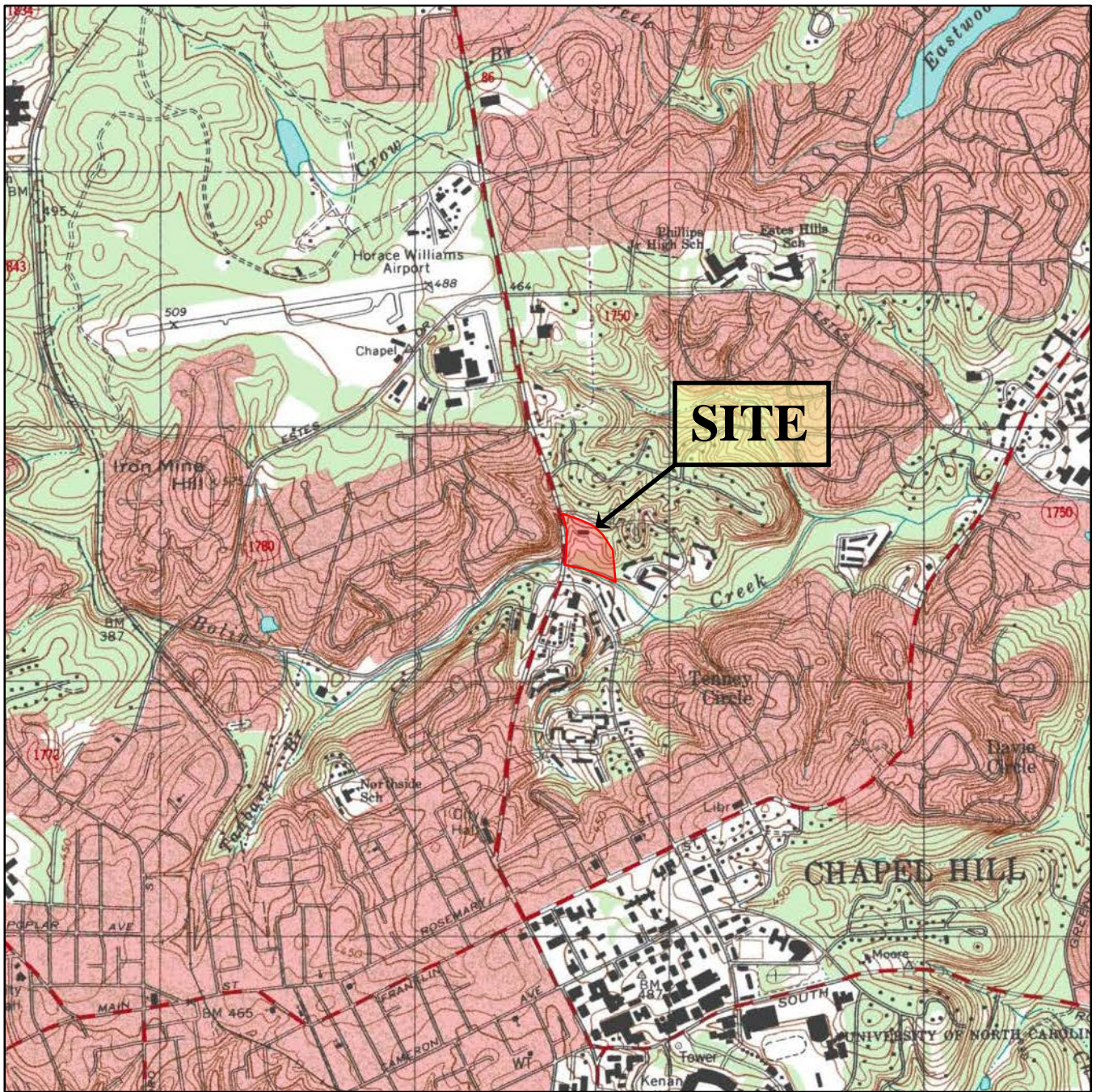
NS = Not Specified

J = Detected above method detection limit but below laboratory reporting limit; therefore, result is an estimated concentration.

(t) = Based upon measurement of total recoverable metal. See 15A NCAC 02B .0211 for more information.


Table shows constituents detected in surface water samples within the past five years, excluding background samples. Refer to Appendix A for a summary of additional sampling data.



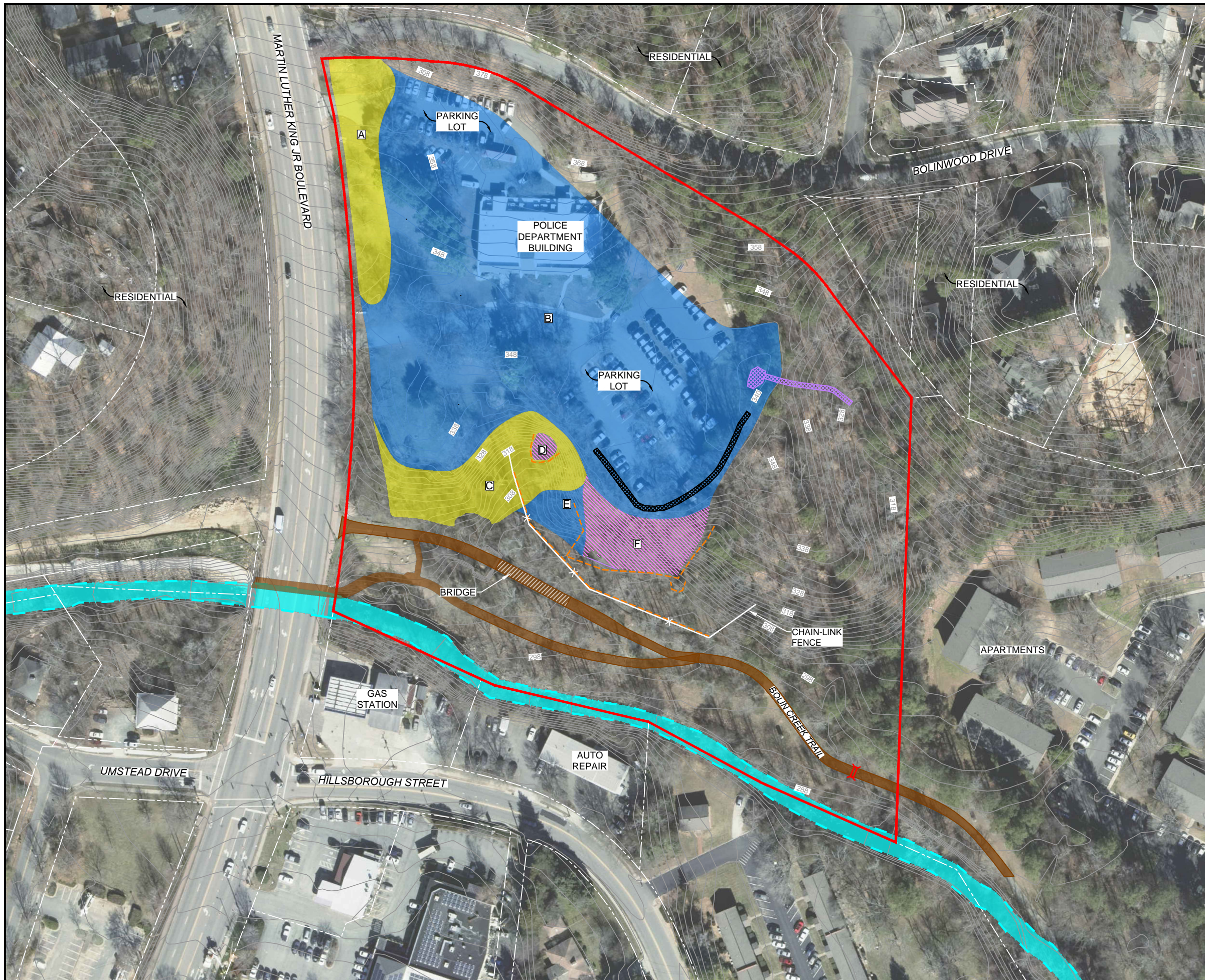


U.S.G.S. QUADRANGLE MAP  
**CHAPEL HILL, NORTH CAROLINA, 2002**

QUADRANGLE  
 7.5 MINUTE SERIES (TOPOGRAPHIC)

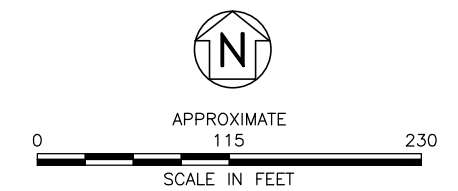
TITLE	<b>SITE LOCATION MAP</b>	
PROJECT	TOWN OF CHAPEL HILL 828 MARTIN LUTHER KING JR. BOULEVARD CHAPEL HILL, NORTH CAROLINA	
	 2923 South Tryon Street-Suite 100 Charlotte, North Carolina 28203 704-586-0007(p) 704-586-0373(f) License # C-1269 / #C-245 Geology <b>SMARTER ENVIRONMENTAL SOLUTIONS</b>	
DATE:	9-10-21	REVISION NO: 0
JOB NO:	TCH-009	FIGURE NO: 1






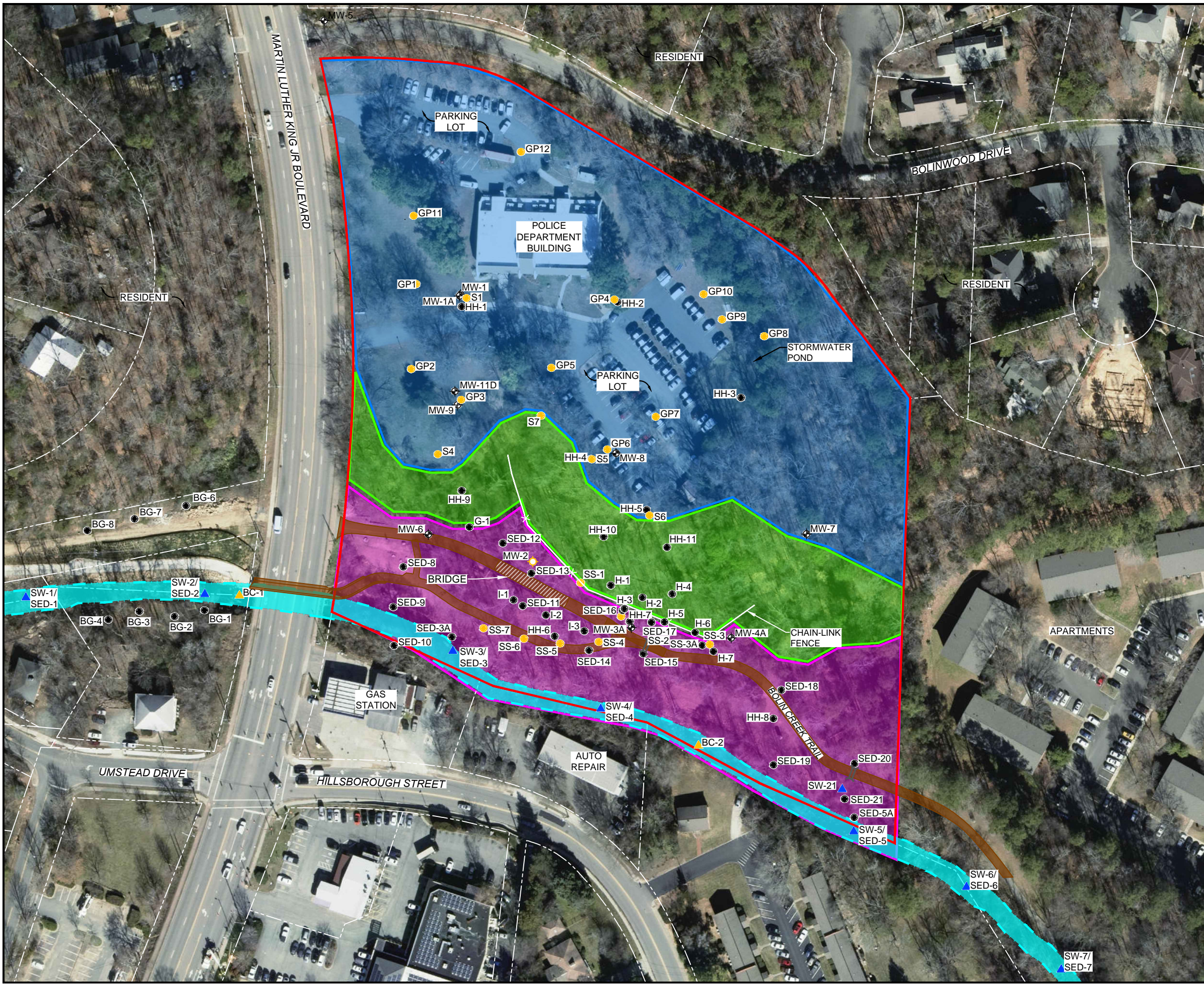
**LEGEND**

- SITE PROPERTY BOUNDARY
- BOLIN CREEK
- 328 TOPOGRAPHIC CONTOUR ELEVATION (FT MSL)
- CCP UNDER > 2 FT COVER
- CCP UNDER < 2 FT COVER
- CCP EXPOSED AT GROUND SURFACE (HYDROSEEDED)
- + STORMWATER CULVERT
- BOLIN CREEK TRAIL
- SILT FENCE
- STORM DIVERSION CHANNEL
- STORM OUTFALL CHANNEL
- A CCP AREA DESIGNATION




TITLE <b>SITE MAP</b>	
PROJECT <b>TOWN OF CHAPEL HILL 828 MARTIN LUTHER KING JR. BOULEVARD CHAPEL HILL, NORTH CAROLINA</b>	
 SMARTER ENVIRONMENTAL SOLUTIONS	2923 South Tryon Street-Suite 100 Charlotte, North Carolina 28203 704-586-0007(p) 704-586-0373(f) License # C-1269 / #C-245 Geology
DATE: 6-22-21	REVISION NO. 0
JOB NO. TCH-009	FIGURE NO. 2






**LEGEND**

- SITE PROPERTY BOUNDARY
- BOLIN CREEK
- MONITORING WELL LOCATION (FALCON ENGINEERING)
- TEMPORARY MONITORING WELL LOCATION (FALCON ENGINEERING)
- SOIL BORING LOCATION (FALCON ENGINEERING)
- ▲ SURFACE WATER SAMPLE LOCATION (FALCON ENGINEERING)
- MONITORING WELL LOCATION (H&H)
- SOIL SAMPLE LOCATION (H&H)
- ▲ DRAINAGE PATHWAY, SURFACE WATER/SEDIMENT SAMPLE LOCATION (H&H)
- STORMWATER CULVERT
- BOLIN CREEK TRAIL
- EXPOSURE UNIT #1 - UPPER LEVEL
- EXPOSURE UNIT #2 - LOWER LEVEL
- EXPOSURE UNIT #3 - EMBANKMENT

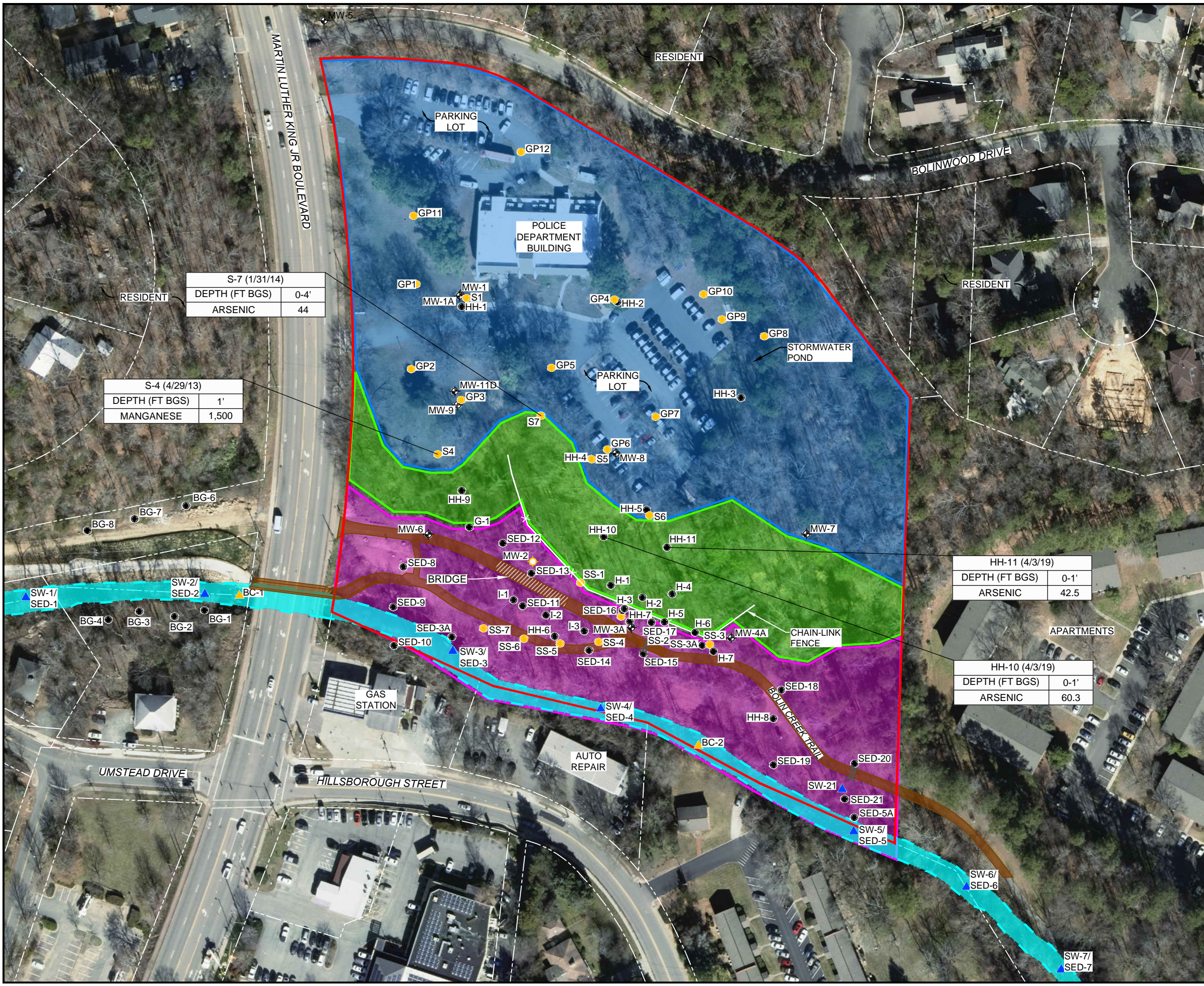


APPROXIMATE  
0 115 230  
SCALE IN FEET

<b>TITLE</b>	
SAMPLE LOCATION AND EXPOSURE UNIT MAP	
<b>PROJECT</b>	
TOWN OF CHAPEL HILL 828 MARTIN LUTHER KING JR. BOULEVARD CHAPEL HILL, NORTH CAROLINA	
	
2923 South Tryon Street-Suite 100 Charlotte, North Carolina 28203 704-586-0007(p) 704-586-0373(f) License # C-1269 / #C-245 Geology	
DATE: 9-10-21	REVISION NO. 0
JOB NO. TCH-009	FIGURE NO. 3

S:\AAA-Master Projects\Town of Chapel Hill (TCH)\TCH-009 - Police Station - Remedial Services\Risk Assessment\Figures\_20210831.dwg, FIG 3, 9/21/2021, 8:53:22 AM, shaynes





S-7 (1/31/14)	
DEPTH (FT BGS)	0-4'
ARSENIC	44

S-4 (4/29/13)	
DEPTH (FT BGS)	1'
MANGANESE	1,500

HH-11 (4/3/19)	
DEPTH (FT BGS)	0-1'
ARSENIC	42.5

HH-10 (4/3/19)	
DEPTH (FT BGS)	0-1'
ARSENIC	60.3

**LEGEND**

- SITE PROPERTY BOUNDARY
- BOLIN CREEK
- MONITORING WELL LOCATION (FALCON ENGINEERING)
- TEMPORARY MONITORING WELL LOCATION (FALCON ENGINEERING)
- SOIL BORING LOCATION (FALCON ENGINEERING)
- SURFACE WATER SAMPLE LOCATION (FALCON ENGINEERING)
- MONITORING WELL LOCATION (H&H)
- SOIL SAMPLE LOCATION (H&H)
- DRAINAGE PATHWAY, SURFACE WATER/SEDIMENT SAMPLE LOCATION (H&H)
- STORMWATER CULVERT
- BOLIN CREEK TRAIL
- EXPOSURE UNIT #1 - UPPER LEVEL
- EXPOSURE UNIT #2 - LOWER LEVEL
- EXPOSURE UNIT #3 - EMBANKMENT

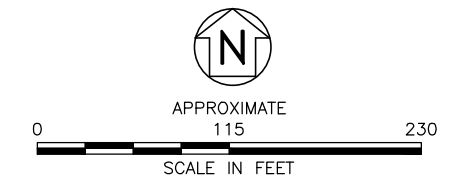
**SAMPLE ID & DATE**

HH-10 (4/3/19)	
DEPTH (FT BGS)	0-1'
ARSENIC	60.3

**RISK DRIVERS**

**CONCENTRATION (mg/kg)**

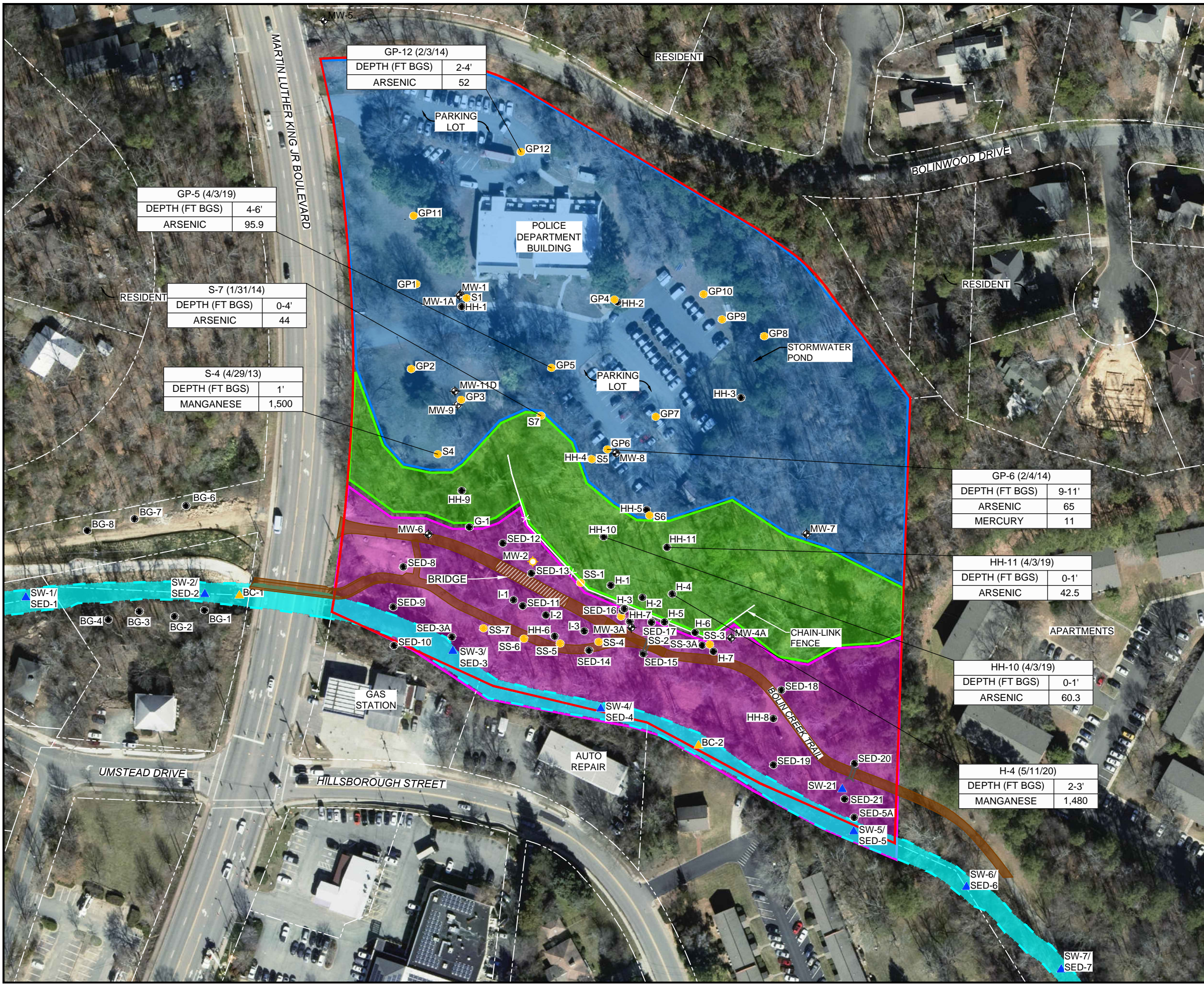
- NOTES:**
- ONLY COMPOUNDS THAT DRIVE EXCEEDANCES OF ACCEPTABLE RISK LEVELS (CARCINOGENIC RISK > 1.0E-04 AND HAZARD INDEX > 1.0) ARE SHOWN.
  - FT BGS = FEET BELOW GROUND SURFACE



<b>TITLE</b> RESIDENTIAL HUMAN HEALTH RISK DRIVERS MAP	
<b>PROJECT</b> TOWN OF CHAPEL HILL 828 MARTIN LUTHER KING JR. BOULEVARD CHAPEL HILL, NORTH CAROLINA	
 2233 South Tryon Street-Suite 100 Charlotte, North Carolina 28203 704-586-0007(p) 704-586-0373(f) License # C-1269 / #C-245 Geology	
DATE: 9-10-21	REVISION NO. 0
JOB NO. TCH-009	FIGURE NO. 4A

S:\AAA-Master Projects\Town of Chapel Hill (TCH)\TCH-009 - Police Station - Remedial Services\Risk Assessment\Figures\_20210831.dwg, FIG 4A, 9/30/2021 4:12:16 PM, shaynes





GP-5 (4/3/19)	
DEPTH (FT BGS)	4-6'
ARSENIC	95.9

S-7 (1/31/14)	
DEPTH (FT BGS)	0-4'
ARSENIC	44

S-4 (4/29/13)	
DEPTH (FT BGS)	1'
MANGANESE	1,500

GP-12 (2/3/14)	
DEPTH (FT BGS)	2-4'
ARSENIC	52

GP-6 (2/4/14)	
DEPTH (FT BGS)	9-11'
ARSENIC	65
MERCURY	11

HH-11 (4/3/19)	
DEPTH (FT BGS)	0-1'
ARSENIC	42.5

HH-10 (4/3/19)	
DEPTH (FT BGS)	0-1'
ARSENIC	60.3

H-4 (5/11/20)	
DEPTH (FT BGS)	2-3'
MANGANESE	1,480

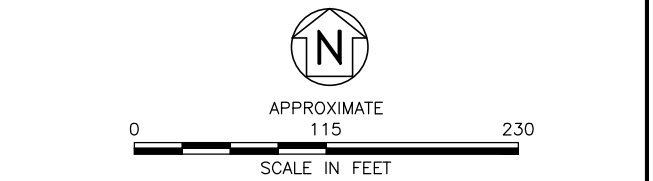
**LEGEND**

- SITE PROPERTY BOUNDARY
- BOLIN CREEK
- MONITORING WELL LOCATION (FALCON ENGINEERING)
- TEMPORARY MONITORING WELL LOCATION (FALCON ENGINEERING)
- SOIL BORING LOCATION (FALCON ENGINEERING)
- SURFACE WATER SAMPLE LOCATION (FALCON ENGINEERING)
- MONITORING WELL LOCATION (H&H)
- SOIL SAMPLE LOCATION (H&H)
- DRAINAGE PATHWAY, SURFACE WATER/SEDIMENT SAMPLE LOCATION (H&H)
- STORMWATER CULVERT
- BOLIN CREEK TRAIL
- EXPOSURE UNIT #1 - UPPER LEVEL
- EXPOSURE UNIT #2 - LOWER LEVEL
- EXPOSURE UNIT #3 - EMBANKMENT

**EXAMPLE TABLE:**

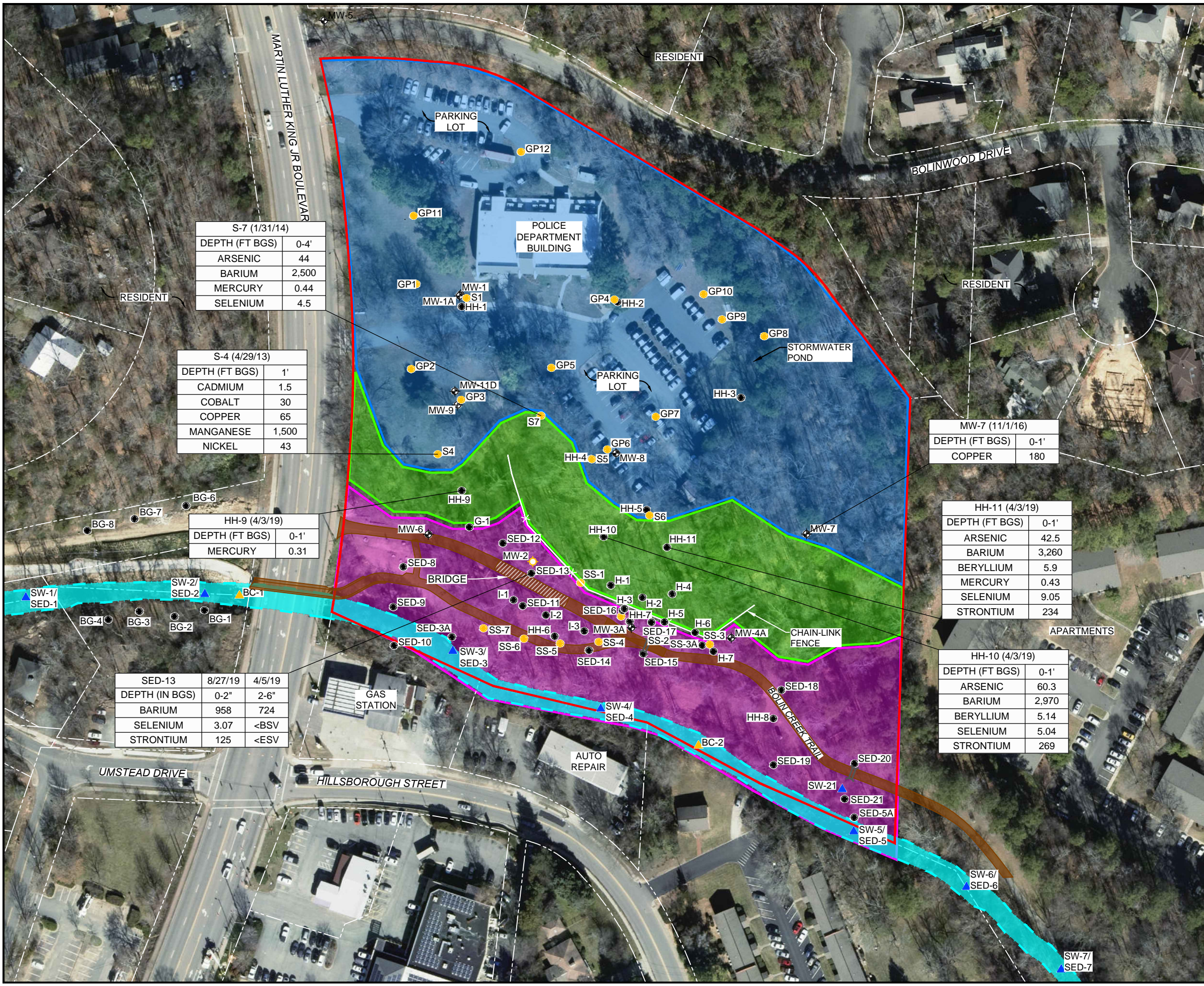
SAMPLE ID & DATE	
HH-10 (4/3/19)	
DEPTH (FT BGS)	0-1'
ARSENIC	60.3
CONCENTRATION (mg/kg)	
RISK DRIVERS	

- NOTES:**
- ONLY COMPOUNDS THAT DRIVE EXCEEDANCES OF ACCEPTABLE RISK LEVELS (CARCINOGENIC RISK > 1.0E-04 AND HAZARD INDEX > 1.0) ARE SHOWN.
  - FT BGS = FEET BELOW GROUND SURFACE



<b>TITLE</b> CONSTRUCTION WORKER HUMAN HEALTH RISK DRIVERS MAP	
<b>PROJECT</b> TOWN OF CHAPEL HILL 828 MARTIN LUTHER KING JR. BOULEVARD CHAPEL HILL, NORTH CAROLINA	
 2923 South Tryon Street-Suite 100 Charlotte, North Carolina 28203 704-586-0007(p) 704-586-0373(f) License # C-1269 / #C-245 Geology SMARTER ENVIRONMENTAL SOLUTIONS	
DATE: 9-10-21	REVISION NO. 0
JOB NO. TCH-009	FIGURE NO. 4B





S-7 (1/31/14)	
DEPTH (FT BGS)	0-4'
ARSENIC	44
BARIIUM	2,500
MERCURY	0.44
SELENIUM	4.5

S-4 (4/29/13)	
DEPTH (FT BGS)	1'
CADMIUM	1.5
COBALT	30
COPPER	65
MANGANESE	1,500
NICKEL	43

HH-9 (4/3/19)	
DEPTH (FT BGS)	0-1'
MERCURY	0.31

Sample ID	Date	Depth	Concentration
SED-13	8/27/19	4/5/19	
DEPTH (IN BGS)	0-2"	2-6"	
BARIIUM	958	724	
SELENIUM	3.07	<BSV	
STRONTIUM	125	<ESV	

MW-7 (11/1/16)	
DEPTH (FT BGS)	0-1'
COPPER	180

HH-11 (4/3/19)	
DEPTH (FT BGS)	0-1'
ARSENIC	42.5
BARIIUM	3,260
BERYLLIUM	5.9
MERCURY	0.43
SELENIUM	9.05
STRONTIUM	234

HH-10 (4/3/19)	
DEPTH (FT BGS)	0-1'
ARSENIC	60.3
BARIIUM	2,970
BERYLLIUM	5.14
SELENIUM	5.04
STRONTIUM	269

**LEGEND**

- SITE PROPERTY BOUNDARY
- BOLIN CREEK
- MONITORING WELL LOCATION (FALCON ENGINEERING)
- TEMPORARY MONITORING WELL LOCATION (FALCON ENGINEERING)
- SOIL BORING LOCATION (FALCON ENGINEERING)
- ▲ SURFACE WATER SAMPLE LOCATION (FALCON ENGINEERING)
- MONITORING WELL LOCATION (H&H)
- SOIL SAMPLE LOCATION (H&H)
- ▲ DRAINAGE PATHWAY, SURFACE WATER/SEDIMENT SAMPLE LOCATION (H&H)
- STORMWATER CULVERT
- BOLIN CREEK TRAIL
- EXPOSURE UNIT #1 - UPPER LEVEL
- EXPOSURE UNIT #2 - LOWER LEVEL
- EXPOSURE UNIT #3 - EMBANKMENT

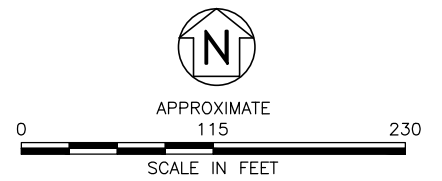
**SAMPLE ID & DATE**

S-4 (4/29/13)	
DEPTH (FT BGS)	1'
CADMIUM	1.5
COBALT	30
COPPER	65
MANGANESE	1,500
NICKEL	43

**CONCENTRATION (mg/kg)**

**CONSTITUENT**

- NOTES:**
- ONLY SAMPLES EXCEEDING ECOLOGICAL SCREENING VALUES (ESVs) AND BACKGROUND SCREENING VALUES (BSVs) ARE SHOWN.
  - FT BGS = FEET BELOW GROUND SURFACE  
IN BGS = INCHES BELOW GROUND SURFACE  
mg/kg = MILLIGRAMS PER KILOGRAM



<b>TITLE</b> ECOLOGICAL RISK DRIVERS MAP	
<b>PROJECT</b> TOWN OF CHAPEL HILL 828 MARTIN LUTHER KING JR. BOULEVARD CHAPEL HILL, NORTH CAROLINA	
<small>2923 South Tryon Street-Suite 100 Charlotte, North Carolina 28203 704-586-0007(p) 704-586-0373(f) License # C-1269 / #C-245 Geology</small>	
<b>DATE:</b> 9-10-21	<b>REVISION NO. 0</b>
<b>JOB NO. TCH-009</b>	<b>FIGURE NO. 5</b>

S:\AAA-Master Projects\Town of Chapel Hill (TCH)\TCH-009 - Remedial Services\Risk Assessment\Figures\_20210831.dwg, FIG 5, 9/21/2021 9:00:43 AM, shaynes



## **Appendix A**

### **Historical Data Tables and Figures**

Table A-1 (page 1 of 2)  
 Summary of Post-IRM Soil Analytical Data  
 828 Martin Luther King, Jr. Blvd.  
 Chapel Hill, North Carolina  
 H&H Job No. TCH-009

Sample ID	Sample Date	Material Sampled (Soil or CCP)	Sample Depth (ft or in bgs)	Aluminum	Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Boron	Cadmium	Calcium	Hexavalent chromium	Inorganic chromium	Total chromium	Cobalt	Copper	Iron	Lead	Magnesium	Manganese	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Potassium	Selenium	Silver	Sodium	Strontium	Tantalum	Vanadium	Zinc					
Site-Specific BSV <sup>(1)</sup>				NA	ND	3.015	87.86	0.929	NA	0.313	NA	5.725	70.2	70.2	36.31	77.3	NA	59.11	NA	1,149	0.256	NA	19.49	NA	2,503	NA	NA	43.19	0.981*	227	230					
PSRG - Protection of Groundwater <sup>(2)</sup>				110,000	0.90	5.8	580	63	45	3.0	NS	3.8	360,000	NS	0.90	700	150	270	NS	65	1.0	7.1	130	NS	2.1	3.4	NS	1,500	0.28	350	1,200					
PSRG - Residential Health-based <sup>(3)</sup>				16,000	6.3	0.68	3,100	31	3,100	14	NS	0.31	23,000	NS	4.7	630	11,000	400	NS	380	2.3	78	310	NS	78	78	NS	9,400	0.16	78	4,700					
PSRG - Industrial/Commercial Health-based <sup>(3)</sup>				230,000	93	3.0	47,000	470	47,000	200	NS	6.5	350,000	NS	70	9,300	160,000	800	NS	5,600	9.7	1,200	4,700	NS	1,200	1,200	NS	140,000	2.3	1,200	70,000					
Upper Level Samples																																				
S-4	04/29/13	CCP	1 ft	23,000	ND	14	24	ND	NA	1.5	9,900	NA	NA	22	30	65	59,000	20	9,000	1,500	0.011	NA	43	680	ND	ND	150	NA	ND	21	120					
S-5	01/31/14	CCP	0-4 ft	NA	NA	37	2,800	NA	NA	ND	NA	1.3	19.7	21	NA	NA	NA	10	NA	NA	0.30	NA	NA	NA	3.2	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
S-6	01/31/14	CCP	0-4 ft	NA	NA	43	3,200	NA	NA	ND	NA	2.7	19.3	22	NA	NA	NA	12	NA	NA	0.42	NA	NA	NA	6.1	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
GP-1	02/03/14	CCP	8-12 ft	NA	NA	3.5	86	NA	NA	ND	NA	ND	8.8	8.8	NA	NA	NA	26	NA	NA	0.083	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA						
GP-2	02/03/14	CCP	26-28 ft	NA	NA	41	1,100	NA	NA	ND	NA	ND	19	19	NA	NA	NA	11	NA	NA	0.24	NA	NA	NA	4.0	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
GP-3	02/03/14	CCP	10-12 ft	NA	NA	48	1,200	NA	NA	ND	NA	0.53	22.47	23	NA	NA	NA	39	NA	NA	0.42	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
GP-4	02/04/14	CCP	10-12 ft	NA	NA	59	2,900	NA	NA	ND	NA	ND	20	20	NA	NA	NA	11	NA	NA	0.51	NA	NA	NA	5.8	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
GP-5	02/04/14	CCP	4-6 ft	NA	NA	72	2,800	NA	NA	ND	NA	ND	19	19	NA	NA	NA	9.5	NA	NA	0.33	NA	NA	NA	2.6	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
	04/03/19	CCP	4-6 ft	NA	NA	95.9	2,350	5.46	NA	<0.956	NA	0.836 J	12.3	13.1	7.05	50.9	NA	NA	34.7	1.2	NA	11.1	NA	12	NA	NA	325	NA	NA	NA	NA					
GP-6	04/03/19 <sup>(3)</sup>	CCP	4-6 ft	NA	NA	95.9	2,630	6.99	NA	<0.931	NA	0.712 J	16.2	16.9	10.3	82.5	NA	NA	53.4	0.39	NA	17.1	NA	13	NA	NA	308	NA	NA	NA	NA					
	02/04/14	CCP	9-11 ft	NA	NA	65	850	NA	NA	ND	NA	ND	19	19	NA	NA	NA	27	NA	NA	11	NA	NA	4.1	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
GP-7	04/04/19	CCP	9-10 ft	NA	NA	6.73	178	0.758	NA	0.118 J	NA	<1.11	10.0	10	5.18	11	NA	NA	687	0.050	NA	6.24	NA	0.88	NA	NA	21.7	NA	NA	NA	NA					
GP-8	02/04/14	CCP	10-12 ft	NA	NA	55	1,700	NA	NA	ND	NA	ND	19	19	NA	NA	NA	11	NA	NA	0.26	NA	NA	NA	4.3	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
GP-11	02/04/14	CCP	11-15 ft	NA	NA	54	4,100	NA	NA	ND	NA	ND	20	20	NA	NA	NA	9.2	NA	NA	0.29	NA	NA	NA	4.5	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
GP-12	02/04/14	CCP	4-6 ft	NA	NA	16	450	NA	NA	ND	NA	ND	16	16	NA	NA	NA	23	NA	NA	0.35	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
HH-1	02/04/14	CCP	2-4 ft	NA	NA	52	2,000	NA	NA	ND	NA	ND	19	19	NA	NA	NA	14	NA	NA	0.28	NA	NA	NA	2.1	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
	11/03/16	Soil	0-1 ft	NA	<0.29	5.9	120	1.00	NA	<0.29	NA	0.45	20.55	21	7.9	25	NA	27	NA	350	0.052	NA	8.8	NA	0.69	NA	NA	31	<0.58	48	50					
HH-2	11/03/16	Soil	0-1 ft	NA	<0.35	3.4	110	0.79	NA	<0.35	NA	0.54	19.46	20	8.4	17	NA	18	NA	360 BH	0.067	NA	12	NA	<0.71	NA	NA	30	<0.71	41	35					
HH-3	11/03/16	Soil	0-1 ft	NA	<0.29	4.9	140	0.93	NA	<0.29	NA	0.43	13.57	14	12	21	NA	30	NA	260	0.085	NA	5.9	NA	1.0	NA	NA	25	<0.58	48	43					
HH-4	11/03/16	Soil	0-1 ft	NA	<0.33	9.9	200	1.30	NA	<0.33	NA	0.46 J	17.54	18	7.8	31	NA	24	NA	350	0.076	NA	8.9	NA	2.4	NA	NA	36	<0.65	53	100					
HH-5	11/03/16	Soil	0-1 ft	NA	<0.28	2.4	72	1.00	NA	<0.28	NA	0.50	44.5	45	16	37	NA	2.3	NA	630	<0.023	NA	33	NA	<0.56	NA	NA	42	0.60	73	70					
HH-5	11/03/16	Soil	0-1 ft	NA	<0.30	2.4	73	0.75	NA	<0.30	NA	<0.14	23	23	8.4	19	NA	9.3	NA	410	<0.025	NA	14	NA	1.2	NA	NA	23	<0.60	39	51					
MW-7	11/01/16	Soil	0-1 ft	NA	<0.30	2.6	67	0.87	NA	<0.30	NA	0.89	9.11	10	3.9	180	NA	7.6	NA	100	0.030	NA	2.9	NA	<0.59	NA	NA	6.7	<0.59	61	46					
Embankment Samples																																				
S-7	01/31/14	CCP	0.4 ft	NA	NA	44	2,500	NA	NA	ND	NA	1.4	27.6	29	NA	NA	NA	11	NA	NA	0.44	NA	NA	NA	4.5	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
HH-9	04/03/19	CCP	0-1 ft	NA	NA	3.37	131	0.398 J	NA	0.178 J	NA	<1.29	12.7	12.7	5.97	14.5	NA	NA	NA	260	0.31	NA	3.59	NA	0.722	NA	NA	33.2	NA	NA	NA					
HH-10	04/03/19	CCP	0-1 ft	NA	NA	60.3	2,970	5.14	NA	0.162 J	NA	<1.60	13.8	13.8	9.84	51.3	NA	NA	NA	73.3	0.22	NA	17.1	NA	5.04	NA	NA	269	NA	NA	NA					
HH-11	04/03/19	CCP	0-1 ft	NA	NA	42.5	3,260	5.9	NA	0.220 J	NA	0.467 J	18.7	19.2	13.4	55.3	NA	NA	NA	113	0.43	NA	23.5	NA	9.05	NA	NA	234	NA	NA	NA					
Lower Level Samples																																				
SS-7	02/18/16	Soil	2-12 in	NA	ND	3.1	84	0.60	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	14	6.9	15	NA	13	NA	500	0.038	ND	5.9	NA	ND	ND	NA	31	ND	37	37					
HH-8	10/27/16	Soil	0-1 ft	NA	<0.30	3.6	100	1.00	NA	<0.30	NA	<0.35	19	19	12	29	NA	18	NA	570	0.036	NA	9.0	NA	<0.60	NA	NA	28	<0.60	52	54					
MW-6	11/02/16	Soil	0-1 ft	NA	<0.26	2.9	38	0.61	NA	<0.26	NA	0.21 J	9.79	10	9.5	23	NA	12	NA	570	0.082	NA	8.2	NA	1.0	NA	NA	22	0.81	31	77					
SED-3A	04/05/19	Soil	0-1 ft	NA	NA	3.45	33.9	0.418 J	NA	<0.582	NA	<1.16	17.4	17.4	16.5	6.97	NA	NA	NA	560	<0.0054	NA	5.82	NA	0.237 J	NA	NA	9.6	NA	NA	NA					
SED-5A	04/04/19	Soil	0-1 ft	NA	NA	1.25	13.5	0.156 J	NA	<0.571	NA	0.352 J	13.2	13.6	5.95	39.1	NA	NA	NA	243	0.0071	NA	4.38	NA	<0.571	NA	NA	10.9	NA	NA	NA					
SED-8	04/05/19	Drainage Pathway Soil	2-6 in	NA	NA	2.41	49.1	0.313 J	NA	0.122 J	NA	<1.25	12.0	12	7.01	14.3	NA	NA	NA	423	0.063	NA	4.66	NA	1.01	NA	NA	15.2	NA	NA	NA					
SED-9	04/05/19	Drainage Pathway Soil	2-6 in	NA	NA	1.16	33.8	0.199 J	NA	<0.650	NA	0.461 J	21.6	22.1	9.11	10.1	NA	NA	NA	431	0.013	NA	6.68	NA	<0.650	NA	NA	16.7	NA	NA	NA					
SED-10	04/05/19	Drainage Pathway Soil	2-6 in	NA	NA	1.29	24.4	0.118 J	NA	0.221 J	NA	0.418 J	12.0	12.4	4.43	10.8	NA	NA	NA	195	0.037	NA	4.03	NA	0.273 J	NA	NA	8.1	NA	NA	NA					
SED-12	08/27/19	Drainage Pathway Soil	0-2 in	NA	NA	4.73	102	0.785 J	NA	0.214 J	NA	<1.68	27.6	27.6	6.17	23.1	NA	NA	NA	341	0.042	NA	7.69	NA	0.961	NA	NA	25.4	NA	NA	NA					
	04/05/19	Drainage Pathway Soil	2-6 in	NA	NA	3.97	122	0.499 J	NA	0.204 J	NA	<1.74	9.45	9.45 B	6.04	19.7	NA	NA	NA	319	0.077	NA	4.95	NA	1.36	NA	NA	32.8	NA	NA	NA					
SED-13	08/27/19	Drainage Pathway Soil	0-2 in	NA	NA	12.4	958	1.56	NA	0.284 J	NA	<2.03	29.4	29.4	13.9	38.9	NA	NA	NA	538	0.12	NA	19.2	NA	3.07	NA	NA	125	NA	NA	NA					
	04/05/19	Drainage Pathway Soil	2-6 in	NA	NA	14.5	724	1.1	NA	0.171 J	NA	<1.58	14.0	14	7.58	27.1	NA	NA	NA	563	0.075	NA	8.73	NA	1.69	NA	NA	70.5	NA	NA	NA					
SED-18	04/05/19	Drainage Pathway Soil	2-6 in	NA	NA	4.53	137	0.534 J	NA	<0.689	NA	<1.38	18.7	18.7	11.1	28.2	NA	NA	NA	464	0.051	NA	9	NA	1.85	NA	NA	32.6	NA	NA	NA					
SED-19	04/05/19	Drainage Pathway Soil	2-6 in	NA	NA	1.55	20.0	0.161 J	NA	<0.588	NA	0.435 J	21.7	22.1	7.98	8.38	NA	NA	NA	266	0.0073	NA	4.94	NA	0.334 J	NA	NA	15	NA	NA	NA					
SED-20	04/05/19	Drainage Pathway Soil	2-6 in	NA	NA	0.792	31.4	0.152 J	NA	<0.687	NA	<1.37	5.76	5.76 B	4.5	9.1	NA	NA	NA	360	0.012	NA	2.19	NA	0.263 J	NA	NA	11.5	NA	NA	NA					
SED-21	04/05/19	Drainage Pathway Soil	2-6 in	NA	NA	1.12	25.9	0.149 J	NA	<0.591	NA	<1.18	20.9	20.9	4.44	6.58	NA	NA	NA	221	0.011	NA	2.7	NA	0.286 J	NA	NA	12.8	NA	NA	NA					
Excavation G-1	04/16/20	Soil	2-																																	



**Table A-1 (page 2 of 2)**  
**Summary of Post-IRM Soil Analytical Data**  
**828 Martin Luther King, Jr. Blvd.**  
**Chapel Hill, North Carolina**  
**H&H Job No. TCH-009**

Sample ID	Sample Date	Material Sampled (Soil or CCP)	Sample Depth (ft or in bgs)	aluminum	antimony	arsenic	barium	beryllium	boron	cadmium	calcium	hexavalent chromium	trivalent chromium	total chromium	cobalt	copper	iron	lead	magnesium	manganese	mercury	molybdenum	nickel	potassium	selenium	silver	sodium	strontium	thallium	vanadium	zinc					
<b>Site-Specific BSV<sup>(1)</sup></b>				NA	ND	3.015	87.86	0.929	NA	0.313	NA	5.725	70.2	70.2	36.31	77.3	NA	59.11	NA	1,149	0.256	NA	19.49	NA	2,503	NA	NA	43.19	0.981*	227	230					
<b>PSRG - Protection of Groundwater<sup>(2)</sup></b>				110,000	0.90	5.8	580	63	45	3.0	NS	3.8	360,000	NS	0.90	700	150	270	NS	65	1.0	7.1	130	NS	2.1	3.4	NS	1,500	0.28	350	1,200					
<b>PSRG - Residential Health-based<sup>(3)</sup></b>				16,000	6.3	0.68	3,100	31	3,100	14	NS	0.31	23,000	NS	4.7	630	11,000	400	NS	380	2.3	78	430	NS	78	78	NS	9,400	0.16	78	4,700					
<b>PSRG - Industrial/Commercial Health-based<sup>(3)</sup></b>				230,000	93	3.0	47,000	470	47,000	200	NS	6.5	350,000	NS	70	9,300	160,000	800	NS	5,600	9.7	1,200	4,700	NS	1,200	1,200	NS	140,000	2.3	1,200	70,000					
<b>Background Samples</b>																																				
<b>MW-5 (background)</b>	11/02/16	Soil	0-1 ft	NA	<0.30	2.1	76	0.99	NA	<0.30	NA	0.43 J	17.57	18	27	49	NA	4.0	NA	710	<0.023	NA	5.0	NA	<0.59	NA	NA	25	<0.59	190	47					
	11/02/16	Soil	6-7 ft	NA	<0.27	1.4	61	0.60	NA	<0.27	NA	0.81	38.19	39	19	18	NA	0.55	NA	940	<0.020	NA	20	NA	<0.53	NA	NA	29	2.3	67	75					
<b>BG-1 (background)</b>	11/03/16	Soil	0-1 ft	NA	<0.28	1.9	36	0.39	NA	<0.28	NA	0.87	17.13	18	6.3	16	NA	25	NA	310	0.033	NA	5.4	NA	1.6	NA	NA	15	<0.57	34	43					
	11/03/16	Soil	2-3 ft	NA	<0.29	2.3	45	0.48	NA	<0.29	NA	<0.12	19	19	7.3	18	NA	43	NA	440	0.280	NA	6.2	NA	1.6	NA	NA	15	<0.57	35	49					
<b>BG-2 (background)</b>	11/03/16	Soil	0-1 ft	NA	<0.28	1.9	45	0.50	NA	<0.28	NA	0.84	16.16	17	7.4	18	NA	32	NA	410	0.045	NA	4.9	NA	1.1	NA	NA	14	<0.56	35	44					
	11/03/16	Soil	2-3 ft	NA	<0.27	1.9	52	0.53	NA	<0.27	NA	0.70	23.3	24	7.5	20	NA	26	NA	450	0.038	NA	7.9	NA	1.7	NA	NA	19	<0.55	37	45					
<b>BG-3 (background)</b>	11/03/16	Soil	0-1 ft	NA	<0.30	1.7	44	0.43	NA	<0.30	NA	0.21 J	23.3	16	7.5	15	NA	25	NA	410	0.024	NA	5.1	NA	1.4	NA	NA	46	<0.60	37	40					
	11/03/16	Soil	2-3 ft	NA	<0.27	2.2	56	0.54	NA	<0.27	NA	0.88	21.12	22	7.5	18	NA	29	NA	410	0.040	NA	5.2	NA	1.2	NA	NA	19	<0.53	40	46					
<b>BG-4 (background)</b>	11/03/16	Soil	0-1 ft	NA	<0.29	1.7	50	0.50	NA	<0.29	NA	<0.13	19	19	9.5	16	NA	22	NA	450 BH	0.026	NA	6.0	NA	<0.59	NA	NA	16 A	<0.59	53	50					
	11/03/16	Soil	2-3 ft	NA	<0.33	2.0	53	0.52	NA	0.38	NA	0.50 J	22.5	23	11	23	NA	21	NA	460 BH	0.054	NA	8.5	NA	<0.65	NA	NA	19	<0.65	51	230					
<b>BG-6 (background)</b>	04/03/19	Soil	0-1 ft	NA	NA	2.05 O1	64.4	0.625	NA	0.177 J	NA	5.34	39.4	44.7	14.4	26.4	NA	NA	NA	448 J6	0.022	NA	12.8	NA	0.582 J	NA	NA	17	NA	NA	NA					
	04/04/19	Soil	2-3 ft	NA	NA	2.29	66.3	0.507 J	NA	0.139 J	NA	<1.19	22.9	22.9	14.7	32.3	NA	NA	NA	467	0.032	NA	7.78	NA	0.828	NA	NA	16.8	NA	NA	NA					
<b>BG-7 (background)</b>	04/03/19	Soil	0-1 ft	NA	NA	1.97	52.7	0.410 J	NA	0.136 J	NA	<1.16	70.2	70.2	18.9	36.4	NA	NA	NA	813	0.025	NA	12.8	NA	0.543 J	NA	NA	22.6	NA	NA	NA					
	04/04/19	Soil	2-3 ft	NA	NA	3.08	77.9	0.430 J	NA	0.108 J	NA	<1.16	27	27	16.3	32.5	NA	NA	NA	548	0.023	NA	6.2	NA	0.502 J	NA	NA	24.3	NA	NA	NA					
<b>BG-8 (background)</b>	04/03/19	Soil	0-1 ft	NA	NA	1.8	52.4	0.370 J	NA	0.0951 J	NA	<1.14	24.5	24.5	21.8	62.8	NA	NA	NA	759	0.0072	NA	9.04	NA	0.485 J	NA	NA	24.4	NA	NA	NA					
	04/04/19	Soil	2-3 ft	NA	NA	1.66	47.6	0.293 J	NA	0.0918 J	NA	<1.14	21.7	21.7	23.5	60.2	NA	NA	NA	732	<0.0067	NA	7.86	NA	0.306 J	NA	NA	25.1	NA	NA	NA					

**Notes:**  
Concentrations reported in milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg).  
1) Site-Specific Background Screening Value (BSV) represents 95% upper threshold level (UTL) with 95% coverage calculated using EPA ProUCL 5.1.  
\*Insufficient data to calculate 95% UTL; therefore, site-specific BSV indicates 2x mean concentration with non-detect concentrations calculated as half the reporting limit.  
2) North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) Preliminary Soil Remediation Goals (PSRGs) (June 2021)  
3) Duplicate sample taken  
**Bold** denotes concentration above or equal to Protection of Groundwater PSRG and site-specific BSV  
**Shading** indicates concentration above or equal to Residential PSRG and site-specific BSV  
**Underlining** indicates concentration above or equal to Industrial/Commercial PSRG and site-specific BSV  
ND = Not Detected; NA = Not Analyzed; NS = Not Specified; NC = Not Calculated  
J = Detected above method detection limit but below laboratory reporting limit; therefore, result is an estimated concentration.  
O1 = Analyte failed the method required serial dilution test and/or subsequent post-spike criteria. These failures indicate matrix interference.  
J6 = The sample matrix interfered with the ability to make any accurate determination; spike value is low.  
BH = Method blank greater than one-half laboratory reporting limit, but sample concentration greater than 10x the method blank.  
A = Continuing Calibration Verification standard recovery (82%) is less than the lower control limit (90%). Result has possible low bias.  
Excavated sample locations are not shown in table.  
**Analytical Methods**  
Metals by EPA Method 6010C or 6020B  
Hexavalent Chromium by EPA Method 7196 or 7199 (Phase II RI and April 2019 Data Gap Samples)  
Mercury by EPA Method 7471B

**Table A-2 (page 1 of 1)**  
**Summary of Stream Sediment Analytical Data**  
**828 Martin Luther King, Jr. Blvd.**  
**Chapel Hill, North Carolina**  
**H&H Job No. TCH-009**

Sediment Sampling Point ID	Sample Date	antimony	arsenic	barium	beryllium	cadmium	hexavalent chromium	trivalent chromium	total chromium	cobalt	copper	lead	manganese	mercury	nickel	selenium	strontium	thallium	vanadium	zinc
<b>Site-Specific BSV<sup>(1)</sup></b>		ND	2.74	38.4	0.48	ND	0.79	69.5	70	16.388	13.8	7.1	759	0.0078	9.92	0.409	16.9	ND	37	34
<b>PSRG - Protection of Groundwater<sup>(2)</sup></b>		0.90	5.8	580	63	3.0	3.8	360,000	NS	0.90	700	270	65	1.0	130	2.1	1,500	0.28	350	1,200
<b>PSRG - Residential<sup>(2)</sup></b>		6.3	0.68	3,100	31	14	0.31	23,000	NS	4.7	630	400	380	2.3	310	78	9,400	0.16	78	4,700
<b>PSRG - Industrial/Commercial<sup>(2)</sup></b>		93	3.0	47,000	470	200	6.5	350,000	NS	70	9,300	800	5,600	9.7	4,700	1,200	140,000	2.3	1,200	70,000
<b>SED-1 (Upstream)</b>	10/27/16	<0.32	1.2	12	<0.32	<0.32	0.24 J	22.76	23	3.9	4.2	4.0	180	<0.026	3.8	<0.64	6.9	<0.64	19	19
	04/05/19	NA	1.95 O1	38.4 J6	0.249 J	<0.636	0.428 J	65.0	65.4 J3, J6	7.63	8.42	NA	449 J6	0.0078	7.1	0.409 J	8.4	NA	NA	NA
<b>SED-2 (Upstream)</b>	10/27/16	<0.33	2.1	20	0.48	<0.33	<0.40	36	36	7.8	8.0	7.1	330	<0.025	7.2	<0.65	11	<0.65	37	34
	10/27/16 <sup>(3)</sup>	<0.32	2.5	17	0.45	<0.32	<0.40	49	49	6.5	9.1	6.7	290	<0.026	6.0	<0.63	12	<0.63	35	31
	04/05/19	NA	2.74	29.6	0.305 J	<0.619	0.796 J	56.3	57.1	<b>20.9</b>	13.8	NA	811	0.0053 J	9.16	0.306 J	16.9	NA	NA	NA
	04/05/19 <sup>(3)</sup>	NA	2.02	17.4	0.222 J	<0.617	0.546 J	69.5	70	7.29	6.79	NA	347	0.0051	9.92	0.237 J	8.8	NA	NA	NA
<b>SED-3 (Adjacent)</b>	10/27/16	<0.32	1.6	21	0.37	<0.32	<0.39	30	30	6.2	7.4	6.9	220	<0.026	6.8	<0.64	12	<0.64	29	35
	04/05/19	NA	1.36	16.4	0.111 J	<0.607	0.670 J	13.5	14.2	5.18	20.2	NA	225	0.0054 J	4.81	<0.607	9.2	NA	NA	NA
<b>SED-4 (Adjacent)</b>	10/27/16	<0.33	1.2	8.4	<0.33	<0.33	<0.38	34	34	3.5	5.2	3.5	130	<0.027	5.0	<0.65	6.4	<0.65	16	20
	04/05/19	NA	2.35	20.3	0.191 J	<0.586	0.456 J	63.8	64.3	7.26	8.39	NA	293	0.0080	10.5	0.344 J	30.7	NA	NA	NA
<b>SED-5 (Downstream)</b>	10/27/16	<0.31	1.4	44	0.41	<0.31	<0.37	51	51	9.5	8.6	22	860	<0.025	5.3	<0.62	13	<0.62	35	32
	04/04/19	NA	1.82	24.3	0.233 J	<0.617	0.595 J	16.8	17.4	5.9	8.86	NA	399	<0.0035	4.86	<0.617	6.2	NA	NA	NA
<b>SED-6 (Downstream)</b>	04/04/19	NA	1.96	17.3	0.247 J	<0.643	0.517 J	24.9	25.4	6.57	9.25	NA	308	0.0058	7.15	<0.643	8.4	NA	NA	NA
<b>SED-7 (Downstream)</b>	04/04/19	NA	1.35	16.4	0.179 J	<0.635	0.995 J	59.4	60.4	6.47	6.77	NA	262	0.0025 J	9.04	<0.635	8.1	NA	NA	NA

**Notes**

Concentrations reported in milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg).

1) Site-Specific Background Screening Value (BSV) indicates two times the mean detected background concentration or maximum detected background concentration, whichever is smaller.

2) North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) Preliminary Soil Remediation Goals (PSRGs) (July 2021)

3) Duplicate sample taken.

**Bold** denotes concentration above or equal to Protection of Groundwater PSRG and site-specific BSVs.

**Shading** indicates concentration above or equal to Residential PSRG and site-specific BSVs.

**Underlining** indicates concentration above or equal to Industrial/Commercial PSRG and site-specific BSVs.

ND - Not Detected; NA - Not Analyzed; NS - Not Specified

J = Detected above method detection limit but below laboratory reporting limit; therefore, result is an estimated concentration.

O1 = Analyte failed the method required serial dilution test and/or subsequent post-spike criteria. These failures indicate matrix interference.

J3 = The associated batch QC was outside the established quality control range for precision.

J6 = The sample matrix interfered with the ability to make any accurate determination; spike value is low.

**Analytical Methods:**

Metals by EPA Method 6010C, 6020A, or 6020B

Mercury by EPA Method 7470A

Hexavalent Chromium by EPA Method 7199A

**Table A-3 (page 1 of 1)**  
**Summary of Surface Water Analytical Data**  
**828 Martin Luther King, Jr. Blvd.**  
**Chapel Hill, North Carolina**  
**H&H Job No. TCH-009**

Surface Water Sampling Point ID	Sample Date	aluminum	antimony	arsenic	barium	beryllium	cadmium <sup>(3)</sup>	calcium	hexavalent chromium	trivalent chromium <sup>(3)</sup>	total chromium	cobalt	copper <sup>(3)</sup>	iron	lead <sup>(3)</sup>	magnesium	manganese	mercury	nickel <sup>(3)</sup>	potassium	selenium	strontium	silver <sup>(3)</sup>	sodium	thallium	vanadium	zinc <sup>(3)</sup>	Hardness
<b>Site-Specific BSV</b>		NA	ND	0.44	27	ND	ND	NA	ND	ND	0.53	0.16	1.2	ND	ND	NA	22.2	ND	0.33	NA	0.11	100	ND	NA	ND	ND	ND	54,000
<b>NC 2B Standard<sup>(2)</sup></b>		NS	NS	10(t)	1,000(t)	6.5	0.27	NS	11	45.08	NS	NS	5.33	NS	1.29	NS	NS	0.012(t)	25(t)	NS	5(t)	NS	0.06	NS	NS	NS	70.07	NS
<b>BC-1 (Upstream)</b>	2/5/2014	NA	NA	ND	24	NA	ND	NA	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
<b>SW-1 (Upstream)</b>	11/3/2016	NA	<5.0	<10	27	<2.0	<1.0	NA	<0.74	NA	<5.0	<5.0	<10	<0.2	<5.0	NA	<10	<0.2	<10	NA	<20	100	NA	NA	<10	<5.0	<30	NA
	4/5/2019	NA	NA	0.44	23.1	<0.10	<0.080	NA	NA	NA	0.53	0.16	1.2	NA	NA	NA	22.2	<0.20	0.29 J	NA	0.096 J	85.3	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	54,000
<b>SW-2 (Upstream)</b>	11/3/2016	NA	<5.0	<10	27	<2.0	<1.0	NA	<0.74	NA	<5.0	<5.0	<10	<0.2	<5.0	NA	11	<0.2	<10	NA	<20	100	NA	NA	<10	<5.0	<30	NA
	4/5/2019	NA	NA	0.42	23.2	<0.10	<0.080	NA	NA	NA	0.45 J	0.16	1.1	NA	NA	NA	21.2	<0.20	0.33 J	NA	0.11 J	85.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	53,600
<b>BC-2 (Bolin Creek at Site)</b>	6/20/2013	290	ND	0.90	27	ND	ND	16,000	NA	ND	ND	0.37	2.6	860	0.50	5,300	100	ND	1.2	2,300	ND	NA	ND	7,800	ND	ND	45	NA
	2/5/2014	NA	NA	ND	24	NA	ND	NA	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
<b>SW-3 (Adjacent)</b>	11/3/2016	NA	<5.0	<10	27	<2.0	<1.0	NA	<0.74	NA	<5.0	<5.0	<10	<0.2	<5.0	NA	34	<0.2	<10	NA	<20	100	NA	NA	<10	<5.0	<30	NA
	11/3/2016 <sup>4</sup>	NA	<5.0	<10	27	<2.0	<1.0	NA	<0.74	NA	<5.0	<5.0	<10	<0.2	<5.0	NA	33	<0.2	<10	NA	<20	110	NA	NA	<10	<5.0	<30	NA
	4/5/2019	NA	NA	0.45	25.7	<0.10	<0.080	NA	NA	NA	0.62	0.26	2.8	NA	NA	NA	37.4	<0.20	0.50	NA	0.11 J	88.8	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	55,900
<b>SW-4 (Adjacent)</b>	11/3/2016	NA	<5.0	<10	27	<2.0	<1.0	NA	<0.74	NA	<5.0	<5.0	<10	<0.2	<5.0	NA	25	<0.2	<10	NA	<20	110	NA	NA	<10	<5.0	<30	NA
	4/5/2019	NA	NA	0.42	23.6	<0.10	<0.080	NA	NA	NA	<0.50	0.14	1.0	NA	NA	NA	24.6	<0.20	0.26 J	NA	0.10 J	89.1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	57,100
<b>SW-5 (Downstream)</b>	4/5/2019 <sup>4</sup>	NA	NA	0.41	23.7	<0.10	<0.080	NA	NA	NA	<0.50	0.14	0.98	NA	NA	NA	24.8	<0.20	0.26 J	NA	0.088 J	87.7	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	54,300
	11/3/2016	NA	<5.0	<10	26	<2.0	<1.0	NA	<0.74U	NA	<5.0	<5.0	<10	<0.2	<5.0	NA	24	<0.2	<10	NA	<20	100	NA	NA	<10	<5.0	<30	NA
<b>SW-6 (Downstream)</b>	4/4/2019	NA	NA	0.40	16.9	<0.10	<0.080	NA	NA	NA	<0.50	0.14	0.88	NA	NA	NA	19.5	<0.20	0.21 J	NA	0.12 J	81.8	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	53,400
	4/4/2019	NA	NA	0.40	16.9	<0.10	<0.080	NA	NA	NA	<0.50	0.14	0.84	NA	NA	NA	18.7	<0.20	0.21 J	NA	0.11 J	81.3	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	53,400
<b>SW-7 (Downstream)</b>	4/4/2019	NA	NA	0.42	18.4	<0.10	<0.080	NA	NA	NA	<0.50	0.16	1.1	NA	NA	NA	23.1	<0.20	0.23 J	NA	0.10 J	86.7	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	54,400
<b>SW-21 (Drainage Pathway)</b>	4/5/2019	NA	NA	0.40	32.1	<0.10	<0.080	NA	NA	NA	0.73	0.36	3.2	NA	NA	NA	29.5	<0.20	0.62	NA	0.11 J	69.9	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	31,400
	4/5/2019 <sup>5</sup>	NA	NA	0.15	18.3	<0.10	<0.080	NA	NA	NA	<0.50	0.094 J	3.1	NA	NA	NA	9.3	<0.20	0.43 J	NA	<0.50	43.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	22,200

**Notes:**  
Concentrations reported in micrograms per liter (µg/L).  
1) Site-Specific Background Screening Value (BSV) indicates two times the mean detected background concentration or maximum detected background concentration, whichever is smaller.  
2) North Carolina Surface Water Quality Standard (NC 2B Standard) adopted per 15A NCAC 2B Section .0100. Unless otherwise noted, values are the lowest of the Freshwater, Water Supply, and Human Health values because Boli Creek is a WS V classification surface water. Value shown is the lower of the acute versus chronic, where applicable.  
3) 2B Standards derived using site-specific hardness data for surface water samples SW-1 through SW-7 and the DEQ Hardness-Dependent Metal Calculator dated July 26, 2021. Mean hardness for these samples was 54.5 mg/L.  
4) Duplicate sample taken.  
5) Sample was field filtered.  
**Bold** denotes concentration above NC 2B Standard and site-specific BSV.  
ND = Not Detected; NA = Not Analyzed; NS = Not Specified  
J = Detected above method detection limit but below laboratory reporting limit; therefore, result is an estimated concentration  
(t) = Based upon measurement of total recoverable metal. See 15A NCAC 02B .0211 for more information.

**Analytical Methods:**  
Metals by 6010C, 6020A, or 6020B  
Mercury by 7470A  
Hexavalent chromium by 7199A  
Total hardness by Standard Method 2340B

**Table A-4 (page 1 of 1)**  
**Summary of Well Construction and Groundwater Elevation Data**  
**828 Martin Luther King, Jr. Blvd.**  
**Chapel Hill, North Carolina**  
**H&H Job No. TCH-009**

Well ID	Permanent or Temporary	Date Installed	Date Abandoned	Drilling Method	Well Material	Screen Slot Size (in)	Total Depth (ft bls)	Screened Interval	TOC Elevation (ft)	November 9, 2016		April 3, 2019		September 26, 2019		February 12, 2020	
										Depth to Water (ft bls)	Groundwater Elevation (ft)	Depth to Water (ft bls)	Groundwater Elevation (ft)	Depth to Water (ft bls)	Groundwater Elevation (ft)	Depth to Water (ft bls)	Groundwater Elevation (ft)
MW-1	Permanent	4/29/2013	N/A	DPT	2" PVC	0.01	40	30-40	346.12	35.48	310.64	30.90	315.22	35.67	310.45	35.22	310.90
MW-1A	Permanent	9/24/2019	N/A	Sonic	2" PVC	0.01	40	25-40	345.96	--	--	--	--	31.43	314.53	30.27	315.69
MW-2	Temporary	6/20/2013	6/20/2013	HA	Unknown	Unknown	8	Unknown	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
MW-3	Permanent	1/27/2014	1/7/2015	Auger	2" PVC	0.01	11	6-11	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
MW-4	Permanent	1/27/2014	1/6/2015	Auger	2" PVC	0.01	9.2	4.2-9.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
MW-3A	Permanent	5/12/2015	N/A	Air Rotary	2" PVC	0.01	16	1-16	298.10	5.91	292.19	2.79	295.31	7.14	290.96	1.34	296.76
MW-4A	Permanent	5/14/2015	N/A	Air Rotary	2" PVC	0.01	19	4-19	298.00	6.72	291.28	3.20	294.80	7.83	290.17	2.22	295.78
MW-5	Permanent	11/2/2016	N/A	Air Rotary	2" PVC	0.01	27.5	17.5 - 27.5	369.33	9.27	360.06	7.03	362.30	10.24	359.09	9.67	359.66
MW-6	Permanent	11/2/2016	N/A	HSA	2" PVC	0.01	17.5	7.5 - 17.5	315.39	9.92	305.47	7.42	307.97	10.54	304.85	6.87	308.52
MW-7	Permanent	11/2/2016	N/A	Air Rotary	2" PVC	0.01	69.5	59.5 - 69.5	339.54	46.97	292.57	43.58	295.96	47.05	292.49	45.09	294.45
MW-8	Permanent	9/24/2019	N/A	Sonic	2" PVC	0.01	44.5	29.5-44.5	343.89	--	--	--	--	40.16	303.73	38.21	305.68
MW-9	Permanent	9/24/2019	N/A	Sonic	2" PVC	0.01	45.0	30-45	339.04	--	--	--	--	26.92	312.12	25.47	313.57
TMW-10	Temporary	9/24/2019	9/24/2019	Sonic	2" PVC	0.01	40.0	25-40	349.35	--	--	--	--	27.23*	322.12*	--	--
MW-11D	Permanent	2/11/2020	N/A	HSA / Air Rotary	2" PVC	0.01	56.0	46-56	339.29	--	--	--	--	--	--	31.85	307.44

Notes:

MW-1, MW-3A, MW-4A, MW-5, MW-6, and MW-7 were surveyed by CE Group on December 8, 2016.

MW-1A, MW-8, MW-9, and TMW-10 were surveyed by H&H on September 26, 2019.

MW-11D was surveyed by H&H on March 3, 2020.

ft = feet; bls = below land surface; in = inches

DPT = Direct Push Technology; HA = Hand Auger; HSA = Hollow Stem Auger

TOC = Top of Casing; -- = Not Specified; N/A = Not Applicable

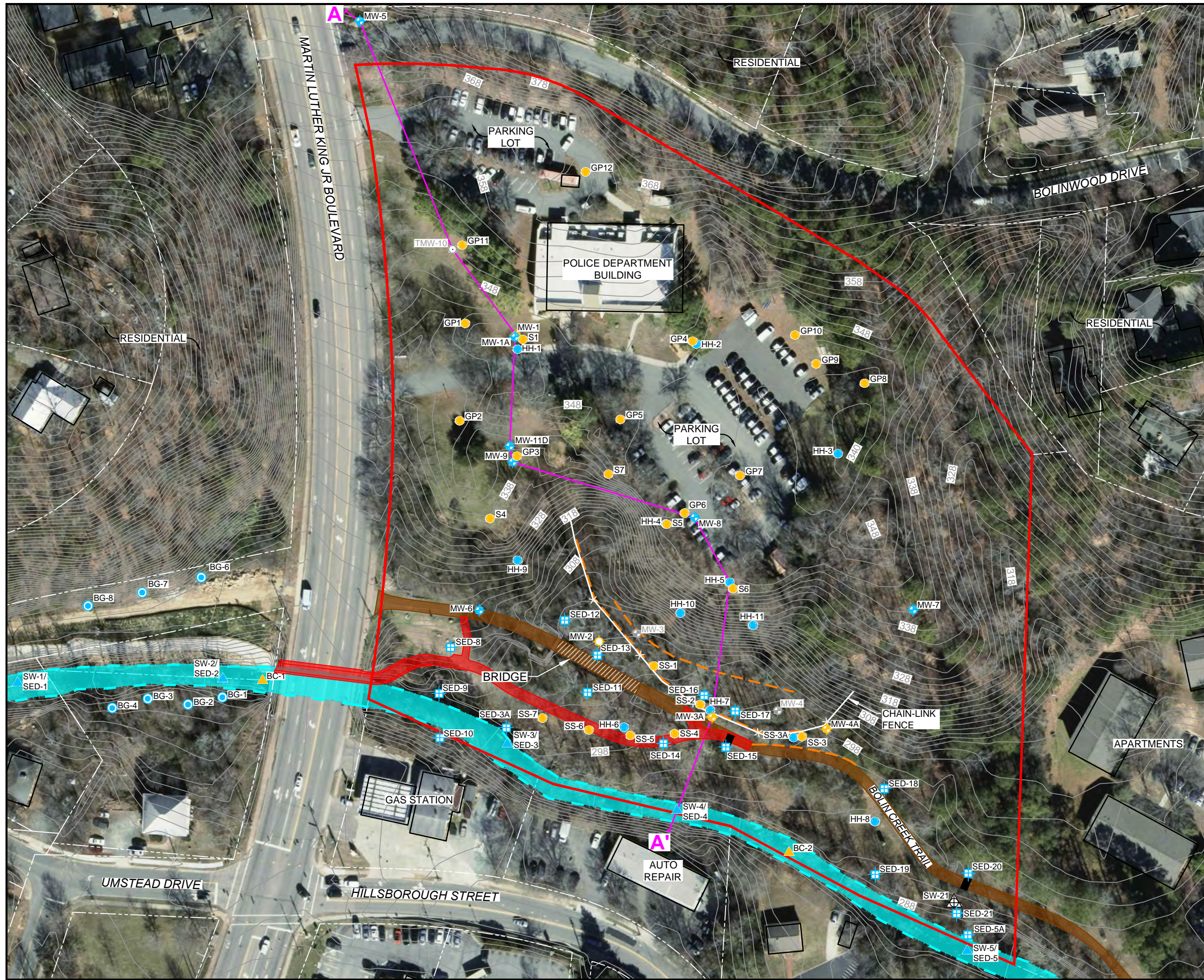
\* = Depth to water gauged on September 24, 2019.

Table A-5 (page 1 of 1)  
Summary of Groundwater Analytical Data  
828 Martin Luther King, Jr. Blvd.  
Chapel Hill, North Carolina  
H&H Job No. TCH-009

Monitoring Well ID	Sample Date	turbidity	alkalinity	aluminum	antimony*	arsenic	barium	beryllium	beron	cadmium	calcium	hexavalent chromium	trivalent chromium	Total chromium	cobalt*	copper	iron	lead	magnesium	manganese	mercury	molybdenum	nickel	potassium	selenium	silver	sodium	strontium	thallium*	vanadium*	zinc
2L Standard or IMAC		NS	NS	NS	1	10	700	4	700	2	NS	NS	NS	10	1	1,000	300	15	NS	50	1	NS	100	NS	20	20	NS	NS	0.2	0.3	1,000
MW-5 (Background)	11/9/2016	3.8	NA	NA	<0.5	<10	51	<2.0	NA	<1.0	NA	NA	NA	<5.0	0.27 J	<10	NA	<5.0	NA	580	<0.2	NA	<10	NA	23	NA	NA	190	<2.5	0.39 J	<30
	4/3/2017	8.2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<4.8	NA	<10.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
MW-1	5/3/2013	NA	NA	5,600	5.4	85	1,100	1.6	NA	0.17	110,000	NA	NA	15	15	25	6,500	5.8	25,000	7,600	ND	NA	12	7,600	2.5	ND	34,000	NA	1.0	38	52
	2/18/2016	NS	NA	NA	ND	67	1,300	11.0	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	100	78	170	NA	36	NA	9,600	0.26	ND	58	NA	ND	ND	NA	2,900	ND	260	330
	2/18/2016 <sup>4</sup>	NS	NA	NA	ND	52	1,100	8.8	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	86	61	130	NA	29	NA	9,000	0.21	ND	46	NA	ND	NA	2,700	ND	200	260	
	11/10/2016	475.0	NA	NA	<0.5	19	470	4.1	NA	0.15 J	NA	NA	NA	31	32	57	NA	10	NA	8,600	<0.2	NA	21	NA	23	NA	NA	2,200	<2.5	92	99
	11/10/2016 <sup>4</sup>	NA	NA	NA	<0.5	<10	160	0.53 J	NA	<1.0	NA	NA	NA	<5.0	6.0	<10	NA	<5.0	NA	8,000	<0.2	NA	2.3 J	NA	<20	NA	NA	2,100	<2.5	1.2 J	<30
4/3/2019	7.76	NA	NA	NA	22.9	1,730	<0.10	NA	<0.080	NA	NA	NA	<0.50	1.8	0.33 J	NA	NA	NA	3,090	<0.20	NA	0.60	NA	<0.50	NA	NA	4,710	NA	NA	NA	
MW-1A	9/26/2019	6.63	NA	NA	NA	10	1,040	<0.50	NA	<0.40	NA	NA	NA	<2.5	1.2	<2.5	NA	NA	2,420	<0.20	NA	0.82 J	NA	<2.5	NA	NA	6,360	NA	NA	NA	
MW-2	6/20/2013 <sup>1</sup>	NA	NA	16,000	0.61	8.3	1,100	5.5	NA	0.93	260,000	NA	NA	8.4	23	1,200	13,000	27	47,000	1,200	0.18	NA	70	42,000	18	0.27	52,000	NA	0.48	71	2,200
MW-3	2/5/2014	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	160	NA	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	
	2/5/2014 <sup>2</sup>	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	250	NA	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	24	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	
	8/15/2014 <sup>3</sup>	1,500	NA	NA	NA	51	830	NA	NA	ND	NA	30	NA	78	NA	NA	NA	30	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	
	8/20/2014 <sup>4</sup>	13.0	NA	NA	NA	ND	220	NA	NA	ND	NA	23	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	
MW-3A	7/21/2015	5.7	NA	NA	NA	ND	67	NA	520	ND	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	
	2/17/2016	1.3	NA	NA	ND	ND	89	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	ND	NA	ND	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	23	ND	NA	2,400	ND	ND	ND
	2/17/2016 <sup>2</sup>	1.3	NA	NA	ND	ND	80	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	ND	NA	ND	NA	23	ND	ND	ND	NA	26	ND	NA	2,100	ND	ND	ND
	11/9/2016	1.2	NA	NA	<0.5	<10	53	<2.0	NA	<1.0	NA	NA	NA	<5.0	<0.11	<10	NA	<5.0	NA	14	<0.2	NA	<10	NA	50	NA	NA	2,400	5.4 J	0.94 J	12 J
	11/9/2016 <sup>2</sup>	1.2	NA	NA	<0.5	<10	53	<2.0	NA	<1.0	NA	NA	NA	<5.0	<0.11	<10	NA	<5.0	NA	15	<0.2	NA	<10	NA	52	NA	NA	2,400	5.3 J	0.95 J	<30
4/4/2019	0.00	NA	NA	NA	0.15	68.2	<0.10	NA	<0.080	NA	NA	NA	<0.50	0.21	0.55	NA	NA	NA	5.8	<0.20	NA	0.50 J	NA	34.2	NA	NA	2,950	NA	NA	NA	
MW-4	2/5/2014	NA	NA	NA	NA	140	6,500	NA	NA	1.7	NA	ND	NA	930	NA	NA	NA	250	NA	NA	1.4	NA	NA	NA	99	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	
	8/20/2014 <sup>4,5</sup>	<10	NA	NA	NA	ND	75	NA	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	
MW-4A	7/21/2015	24.7	NA	NA	NA	ND	64	NA	ND	ND	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	
	7/21/2015 <sup>4</sup>	24.7	NA	NA	NA	ND	61	NA	ND	ND	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	
	2/18/2016	189.0	NA	NA	ND	ND	26	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	ND	NA	7.8	NA	49	ND	ND	ND	NA	ND	ND	NA	110	ND	ND	34
	2/18/2016 <sup>4</sup>	189.0	NA	NA	ND	ND	33	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	ND	NA	8.4	NA	41	ND	ND	ND	NA	ND	ND	NA	78	ND	ND	48
	11/9/2016	4.8	NA	NA	<0.5	<10	36	<2.0	NA	<1.0	NA	NA	NA	1.2 J	<0.11	<10	NA	<5.0	NA	140	<0.2	NA	<10	NA	7.2 J	NA	NA	170	<2.5	<0.15	17 J
4/4/2019	9.43	NA	NA	NA	<0.10	22.5	0.070 J	NA	<0.080	NA	NA	NA	<0.50	0.063 J	0.63	NA	NA	NA	6.0	<0.20	NA	1.5	NA	0.82	NA	NA	73	NA	NA	NA	
MW-6	11/9/2016	2.5	NA	NA	<0.5	<10	340	<2.0	NA	<1.0	NA	NA	NA	29	<0.11	1.9 J	NA	<5.0	NA	2,500	<0.2	NA	22	NA	20	NA	NA	690	<2.5	1.2 J	<30
	4/3/2017	7.6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<4.8	NA	<10.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
	4/4/2019	4.48	NA	NA	NA	0.14	283	<0.10	NA	<0.080	NA	NA	NA	<0.50	0.33	<0.50	NA	NA	2,210	<0.20	NA	0.20 J	NA	0.12 J	NA	NA	752	NA	NA	NA	
	4/4/2019 <sup>2</sup>	4.48	NA	NA	NA	0.14	279	<0.10	NA	<0.080	NA	NA	NA	<0.50	0.32	0.50 J	NA	NA	2,160	<0.20	NA	0.19 J	NA	0.11 J	NA	NA	736	NA	NA	NA	
MW-7	11/14/2016	8.9	NA	NA	<0.5	<10	10	<2.0	NA	<1.0	NA	NA	NA	1.3 J	0.17 J	1.6 J	NA	<5.0	NA	140	<0.2	NA	1.6 J	NA	<20	NA	NA	42	<2.5	1.1 J	26 J
	4/3/2019	8.95	NA	NA	NA	0.13	4.5	<0.10	NA	<0.080	NA	NA	NA	<0.50	<0.050	0.72	NA	NA	20.5	<0.20	NA	0.43 J	NA	0.10 J	NA	NA	44.9	NA	NA	NA	
MW-8	9/26/2019	7.95	NA	NA	NA	6.1	219	<0.10	NA	<0.080	NA	NA	NA	0.51	4.0	0.98	NA	NA	4,880	<0.20	NA	4.1	NA	<0.50	NA	NA	750	NA	NA	NA	
MW-9	9/26/2019	1.74	NA	NA	NA	0.75	394	<0.20	NA	<0.16	NA	NA	NA	<1.0	1.5	2.1	NA	NA	5,060	<0.20	NA	0.41 J	NA	<1.0	NA	NA	2,160	NA	NA	NA	
	2/12/2020	1.10	377,000	NA	NA	0.78J	369	<0.10	NA	<0.10	118,000	NA	NA	<1.0	2.3	1.0	NA	NA	26,100	5,430	<0.20	NA	<1.0	12,400	<1.0	NA	24,900	2,380	NA	NA	NA
	2/12/2020 <sup>2</sup>	1.10	377,000	NA	NA	0.74J	338	<0.10	NA	<0.10	113,000	NA	NA	<1.0	2.5	1.1	NA	NA	25,600	5,170	<0.20	NA	<1.0	12,100	<1.0	NA	24,100	2,310	NA	NA	NA
MW-11D	2/13/2020	8.59	413,000	NA	NA	1.5	24.1	<0.10	NA	<0.10	45,100	NA	NA	1.7	<1.0	2.2	NA	NA	30,300	14.7	<0.20	NA	5.5	145,000	0.74J	NA	65,400	604	NA	NA	NA

Notes:  
 Concentrations reported in micrograms per liter (µg/L), except turbidity which is reported in Nephelometric Turbidity Units (NTUs).  
 2L Standard = North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) 15A NCAC 02L.0202 Groundwater Standards (April 2013).  
 IMAC = Interim Maximum Allowable Concentration  
 Bold denotes concentration above or equal to the 2L Standard or IMAC and background levels  
 ND = Not Detected; NA = Not Analyzed; NS = Not Specified  
 J = Detected above method detection limit but below laboratory reporting limit; therefore, result is an estimated concentration.  
 \*Reported to the method detection limit instead of laboratory reporting limit.  
 1) Denotes sample labeled as "Well #1" in the lab report associated with the Limited Phase II ESA prepared by Falcon.  
 2) Denotes duplicate sample taken.  
 3) Denotes sample labeled as "Well 1" in the lab report associated with the October 3, 2014 letter prepared by Falcon.  
 4) Denotes filtered sample.  
 5) An unfiltered sample was also collected from MW-4 on August 20, 2014 and the results were reported in mg/kg-wet, presumably because of the high sediment load. These data are not included in this table.  
 Analytical Methods:  
 Metals by EPA Method 6010C, 6020A, or 6020B  
 Hexavalent Chromium by EPA Method 7196A / SM3500  
 Mercury by 7470A/245.1



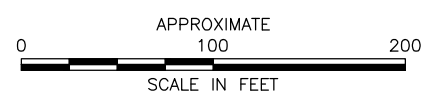


**LEGEND**

- SITE PROPERTY BOUNDARY
- - - BOLIN CREEK
- 101— TOPOGRAPHIC CONTOUR ELEVATION (FT MSL)
- ◆ MONITORING WELL LOCATION (FALCON ENGINEERING)
- ◆ TEMPORARY MONITORING WELL LOCATION (FALCON ENGINEERING)
- SOIL BORING LOCATION (FALCON ENGINEERING)
- ▲ SURFACE WATER SAMPLE LOCATION (FALCON ENGINEERING)
- ⊕ ABANDONED MONITORING WELL LOCATION
- ⊕ ABANDONED TEMPORARY MONITORING WELL LOCATION (H&H)
- ◆ MONITORING WELL LOCATION (H&H)
- SOIL BORING LOCATION (H&H)
- BACKGROUND SOIL BORING LOCATION (H&H)
- ▲ SURFACE WATER SAMPLE LOCATION (H&H)
- ▬ STORMWATER CULVERT
- ▬ BOLIN CREEK TRAIL
- - - EXISTING SILT FENCE
- A— CROSS-SECTION TRANSECT LINE

**NOTE:**

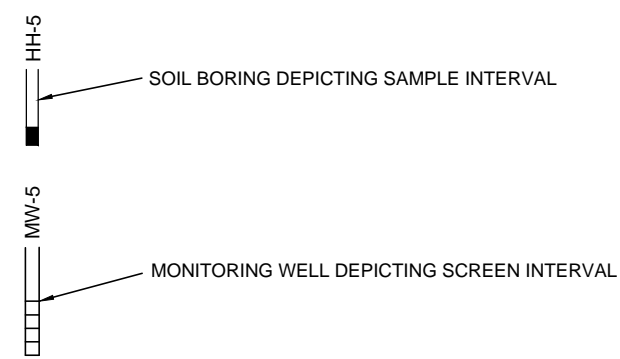
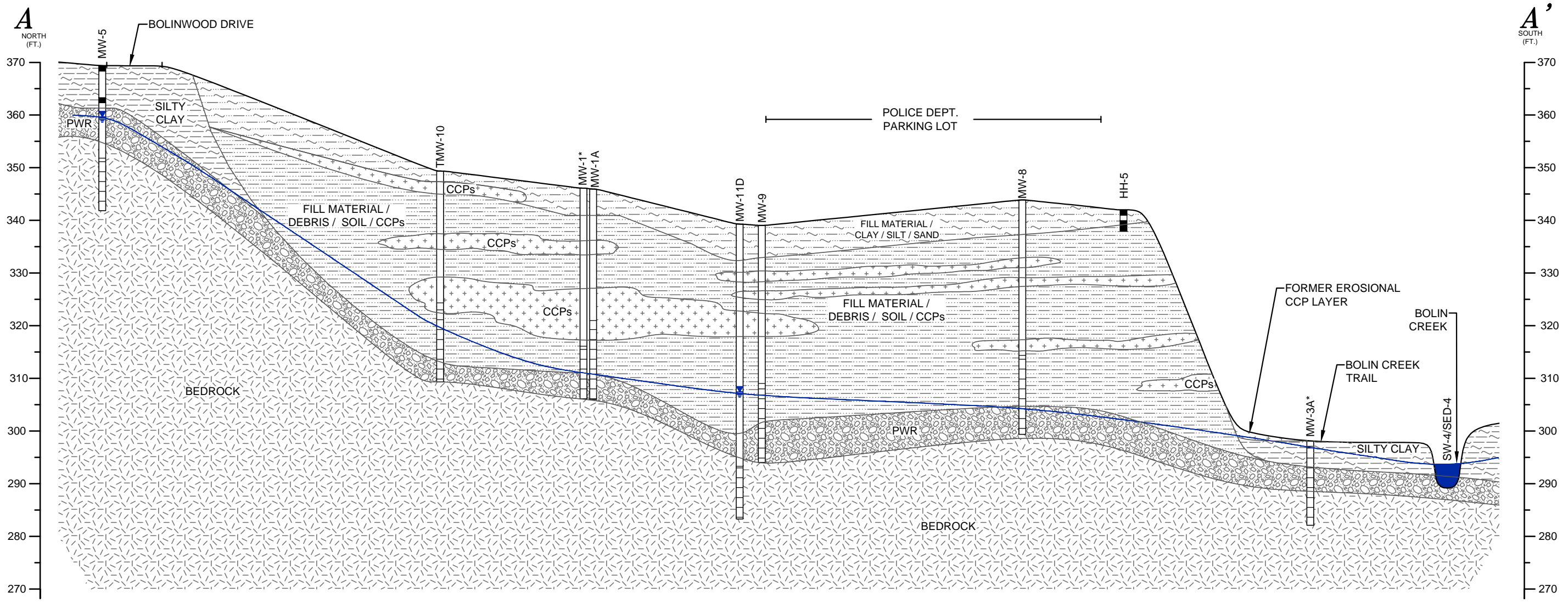
EXISTING MONITORING WELLS & OCTOBER/ NOVEMBER 2016 SAMPLING LOCATIONS SURVEYED BY CE GROUP ON DECEMBER 8, 9, & 20, 2016.



<b>CROSS-SECTION TRANSECT LOCATION MAP</b>	
PROJECT <b>TOWN OF CHAPEL HILL</b> 828 MARTIN LUTHER KING JR. BOULEVARD CHAPEL HILL, NORTH CAROLINA	
 SMARTER ENVIRONMENTAL SOLUTIONS	2923 South Tryon Street-Suite 100 Charlotte, North Carolina 28203 704-586-0007(p) 704-586-0373(f) License # C-1269 / #C-245 Geology
DATE: 4-22-20	REVISION NO. 0
JOB NO. TCH-009	FIGURE NO. 3

S:\AAA-Master Projects\Town of Chapel Hill (TCH)\TCH-002 - Police Station\Ph II RI Work\Figures\Figures\_3.26.20.dwg, FIG. 3, 4/22/2020 3:00:11 PM, S\vincent





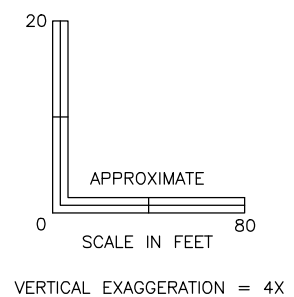
320 — UNCONFINED AQUIFER (FEBRUARY 2020)

**LEGEND**

- SILTY CLAY
- FILL MATERIAL / CLAY / SILT / SAND
- COAL COMBUSTION PRODUCTS (CCPs) - THICKER LAYERS
- FILL MATERIAL, DEBRIS AND SOIL WITH INTERLAYERED AND INTERMIXED CCPs
- PARTIALLY WEATHERED ROCK (PWR)
- BEDROCK

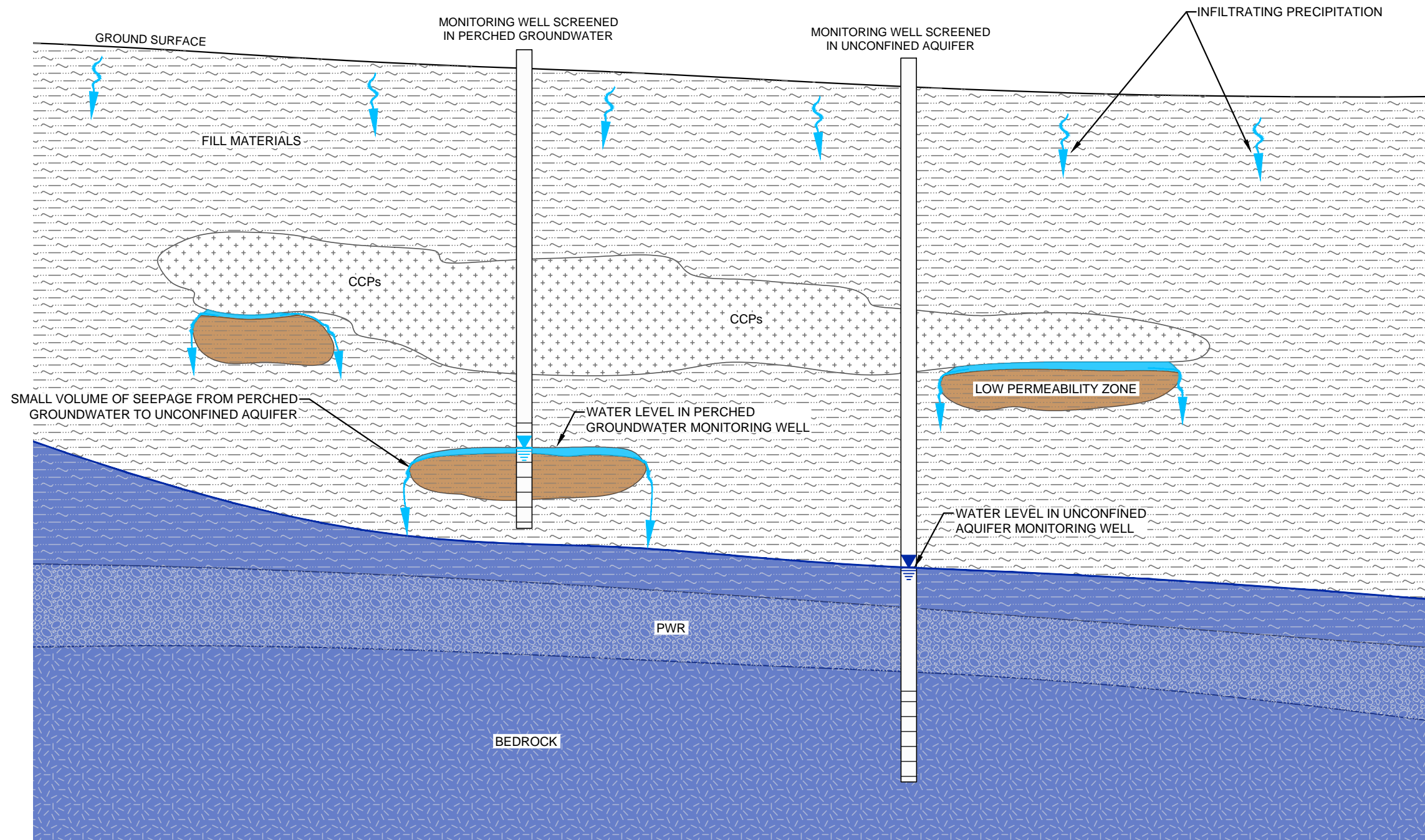
**NOTES:**

1. REFER TO FIGURE 3 OF THIS REPORT FOR CROSS-SECTION TRANSECT.
2. \* INDICATES MONITORING WELL INSTALLED BY FALCON ENGINEERING, INC.
3. WITH THE EXCEPTION OF TMW-10 (GROUNDWATER ELEVATION MEASURED AND WELL ABANDONED ON SEPTEMBER 24, 2019), GROUNDWATER ELEVATIONS MEASURED ON FEBRUARY 12, 2020.
4. GROUNDWATER ELEVATIONS IN FILL (MW-1A, MW-9, AND TMW-10) APPEAR INDICATIVE OF PERCHED GROUNDWATER.
5. SOME CCP LAYERS CONCEPTUALLY INFERRED FOR ILLUSTRATION PURPOSES.













TITLE		CROSS-SECTION A-A'	
PROJECT		TOWN OF CHAPEL HILL 828 MARTIN LUTHER KING JR. BOULEVARD CHAPEL HILL, NORTH CAROLINA	
		2923 South Tryon Street-Suite 100 Charlotte, North Carolina 28203 704-586-0007(p) 704-586-0373(f) License # C-1269 / #C-245 Geology	
DATE: 6-2-20	REVISION NO. 0		
JOB NO. TCH-009	FIGURE NO. 4		


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NOT TO SCALE

**LEGEND**

 MONITORING WELL DEPICTING SCREEN INTERVAL	 FILL MATERIALS	 PARTIALLY WEATHERED ROCK (PWR)
 UNCONFINED AQUIFER WATER LEVEL	 COAL COMBUSTION PRODUCTS (CCPs)	 BEDROCK
 PERCHED GROUNDWATER LEVEL	 LOW PERMEABILITY ZONES (EX: CLAY)	 UNCONFINED AQUIFER
	 PERCHED GROUNDWATER	

TITLE: CONCEPTUAL DIAGRAM OF RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN PERCHED GROUNDWATER AND UNCONFINED AQUIFER	
PROJECT: TOWN OF CHAPEL HILL 828 MARTIN LUTHER KING JR. BOULEVARD CHAPEL HILL, NORTH CAROLINA	
 2923 South Tryon Street-Suite 100 Charlotte, North Carolina 28203 704-586-0007(p) 704-586-0373(f) License # C-1269 / #C-245 Geology	
DATE: 6-3-20	REVISION NO. 0
JOB NO. TCH-009	FIGURE NO. 5

S:\AAA-Master Projects\Town of Chapel Hill (TCH)\TCH-002 - Police Station\Ph II RI Work\Figures\Cross-Section\_3.26.20.dwg, FIG 5, 6/3/2020 2:41:19 PM, S\Vincent



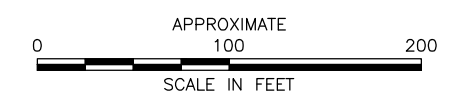


**LEGEND**

- SITE PROPERTY BOUNDARY
- BOLIN CREEK
- 101 TOPOGRAPHIC CONTOUR ELEVATION (FT MSL)
- + MONITORING WELL LOCATION (FALCON ENGINEERING)
- + MONITORING WELL LOCATION (H&H)
- + ABANDONED TEMPORARY MONITORING WELL LOCATION (H&H)
- ▬ STORMWATER CULVERT
- ▬ BOLIN CREEK TRAIL
- 295 GROUNDWATER ELEVATION CONTOUR (FT MSL) (DASHED WHERE INFERRED)
- APPROXIMATE GROUNDWATER FLOW DIRECTION
- (315.69) GROUNDWATER ELEVATION (FT MSL)

**NOTES:**

1. GROUNDWATER ELEVATIONS MEASURED ON FEBRUARY 12, 2020.
2. SHALLOW WELLS IN FILL (MW-1, MW-1A, MW-8, AND MW-9) NOT USED IN CONTOURING DUE TO LIKELY PERCHED GROUNDWATER.



<b>TITLE</b>	UNCONFINED AQUIFER POTENTIOMETRIC MAP	
<b>PROJECT</b>	TOWN OF CHAPEL HILL 828 MARTIN LUTHER KING JR. BOULEVARD CHAPEL HILL, NORTH CAROLINA	
		2923 South Tryon Street-Suite 100 Charlotte, North Carolina 28203 704-586-0007(p) 704-586-0373(f) License # C-1269 / #C-245 Geology
<b>DATE:</b> 5-12-20	<b>REVISION NO.</b> 0	
<b>JOB NO.</b> TCH-009	<b>FIGURE NO.</b> 6	

\\hfs01\MasterFiles\AAA-Master Projects\Town of Chapel Hill (TCH)\TCH-002 - Police Station\PH II RI Work\Figures\Figures\_3.26.20.dwg, FIG. 5, 5/11/2020 5:54:49 PM, S.Vincent



## **Appendix B**

### **Summary of Background Screening Values Calculations**

## **Appendix B**

### **Calculation of Background Screening Values (BSVs)**

In order to determine whether metals detections are related to source materials or represent naturally-occurring background levels, site-specific Background Screening Values (BSVs) were established for the site. This appendix documents the methodology used for the BSV calculations. The ProUCL software version 5.1 (ProUCL) published by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) was used to calculate statistics on the background metals sets, as described further below. A table summarizing the calculation results and the ProUCL output sheets are included in this appendix.

#### Soil BSVs

During historical assessment activities, a total of 16 background soil samples were collected at locations upgradient of the site and outside the area of fill material. Prior reports documented calculation of 95% upper confidence limits (UCLs) for soil, which represent the upper boundary of the mean of background concentrations. UCLs are appropriate for background metals evaluations when comparing mean concentrations in the source area to mean background concentrations. However, the risk assessment for the subject site is based on maximum source area concentrations rather than mean concentrations. For maximum point source concentration comparisons, EPA guidance indicates that use of the 95% Upper Tolerance Limit (UTL) with 95% coverage is more appropriate (EPA, 2015). This UTL represents the value below which 95% of the population values are expected to fall with 95% confidence.

The calculated BSVs for soil represent the 95% UTLs for the background soil data set, which were calculated using the following steps:

- A 95% UTL was calculated for multiple potential data distributions, including normal, gamma, lognormal, and nonparametric.
- A Goodness of Fit (GoF) test was run on each dataset to determine which distribution fit the background dataset.
- A 95% UTL was selected based on which distribution best fit the dataset:
  - For datasets that potentially fit both the normal and gamma distributions, the 95% UTL for the distribution with the highest coefficient of correlation (R) was used.

- For datasets that only fit either the normal or gamma distribution, the 95% UTL for the distribution which the dataset fit (normal or gamma) was used.
- For datasets that did not fit normal or gamma distributions, but fit the lognormal distribution, the lognormal 95% UTL was used.
- For datasets which did not fit any distribution, the nonparametric 95% UTL was used.

Non-detects were incorporated into the calculations using the Kaplan-Meier (KM) method. For thallium, Pro-UCL was unable to calculate either a 95% UTL or a mean concentration because thallium was detected in only one of the background samples. As referenced below, EPA guidance also references use of two times the mean background concentration as an appropriate method of calculating BSVs. For thallium, a value of two times the mean concentration was calculated using half of the reporting limit as the concentration for non-detect values. Note that this value is less than the maximum concentration detected in site background samples and considered conservative.

#### Sediment and Surface Water Background Screening Values

During historical assessment activities, a total of four background sediment samples and five background surface water samples were collected at locations upstream of the site and outside the area of fill material. The number of samples is insufficient to calculate a 95% UTL. EPA guidance alternately recommends use of twice the site-specific background mean concentrations as BSVs (EPA, 2018a and 2018b). These values were calculated for the subject site. In some cases, two times the mean concentrations derived values that were higher than the maximum concentrations detected in the background samples. In order to provide for additional conservatism, the BSVs used for sediment and surface water represent the lower of the maximum background concentration or twice the site-specific background mean concentration.

For the purposes of calculating the site-specific background mean concentrations, duplicate sample results were averaged with their parent sample results prior to calculating the background mean concentrations. Additionally, for datasets with non-detect values, the ProUCL software was utilized to calculate the background mean concentrations following the KM method.

**Table B-1 (page 1 of 1)  
Summary of Background Screening Values (BSVs) for Soil  
828 Martin Luther King, Jr. Blvd.  
Chapel Hill, North Carolina  
H&H Job No. TCH-009**

Sample ID	aluminum	antimony	arsenic	barium	beryllium	boron	cadmium	calcium	hexavalent chromium	trivalent chromium	total chromium	cobalt	copper	iron	lead	magnesium	manganese	mercury	molybdenum	nickel	potassium	selenium	silver	sodium	strontium	thallium	vanadium	zinc
<b>Site Background Data</b>																												
MW-5 (0-1)	NA	<0.30	2.1	76	0.99	NA	<0.30	NA	0.43 J	17.57	18	27	49	NA	4.0	NA	710	<0.023	NA	5.0	NA	<0.59	NA	NA	25	<0.59	190	47
MW-5 (6-7)	NA	<0.27	1.4	61	0.60	NA	<0.27	NA	0.81	38.19	39	19	18	NA	0.55	NA	940	<0.020	NA	20	NA	<0.53	NA	NA	29	2.3	67	75
BG-1 (0-1)	NA	<0.28	1.9	36	0.39	NA	<0.28	NA	0.87	17.13	18	6.3	16	NA	25	NA	310	0.033	NA	5.4	NA	1.6	NA	NA	15	<0.57	34	43
BG-1 (2-3)	NA	<0.29	2.3	45	0.48	NA	<0.29	NA	<0.12	19	19	7.3	18	NA	43	NA	440	0.280	NA	6.2	NA	1.6	NA	NA	15	<0.57	35	49
BG-2 (0-1)	NA	<0.28	1.9	45	0.50	NA	<0.28	NA	0.84	16.16	17	7.4	18	NA	32	NA	410	0.045	NA	4.9	NA	1.1	NA	NA	14	<0.56	35	44
BG-2 (2-3)	NA	<0.27	1.9	52	0.53	NA	<0.27	NA	0.70	23.3	24	7.5	20	NA	26	NA	450	0.038	NA	7.9	NA	1.7	NA	NA	19	<0.55	37	45
BG-3 (0-1)	NA	<0.30	1.7	44	0.43	NA	<0.30	NA	0.21 J	23.3	16	7.5	15	NA	25	NA	410	0.024	NA	5.1	NA	1.4	NA	NA	46	<0.60	37	40
BG-3 (2-3)	NA	<0.27	2.2	56	0.54	NA	<0.27	NA	0.88	21.12	22	7.5	18	NA	29	NA	410	0.040	NA	5.2	NA	1.2	NA	NA	19	<0.53	40	46
BG-4 (0-1)	NA	<0.29	1.7	50	0.50	NA	<0.29	NA	<0.13	19	19	9.5	16	NA	22	NA	450 BH	0.026	NA	6.0	NA	<0.59	NA	NA	16 A	<0.59	53	50
BG-4 (2-3)	NA	<0.33	2.0	53	0.52	NA	0.38	NA	0.50 J	22.5	23	11	23	NA	21	NA	460 BH	0.054	NA	8.5	NA	<0.65	NA	NA	19	<0.65	51	230
BG-6 (0-1)	NA	NA	2.05 O1	64.4	0.625	NA	0.177 J	NA	5.34	39.4	44.7	14.4	26.4	NA	NA	NA	448 J6	0.022	NA	12.8	NA	0.562 J	NA	NA	17	NA	NA	NA
BG-6 (2-3)	NA	NA	2.29	66.3	0.507 J	NA	0.139 J	NA	<1.19	22.9	22.9	14.7	32.3	NA	NA	NA	467	0.032	NA	7.78	NA	0.828	NA	NA	16.8	NA	NA	NA
BG-7 (0-1)	NA	NA	1.97	52.7	0.410 J	NA	0.136 J	NA	<1.16	70.2	70.2	18.9	36.4	NA	NA	NA	813	0.025	NA	12.8	NA	0.543 J	NA	NA	22.6	NA	NA	NA
BG-7 (2-3)	NA	NA	3.08	77.9	0.430 J	NA	0.108 J	NA	<1.16	27	27	16.3	32.5	NA	NA	NA	548	0.023	NA	6.2	NA	0.502 J	NA	NA	24.3	NA	NA	NA
BG-8 (0-1)	NA	NA	1.8	52.4	0.370 J	NA	0.0951 J	NA	<1.14	24.5	24.5	21.8	62.8	NA	NA	NA	759	0.0072	NA	9.04	NA	0.485 J	NA	NA	24.4	NA	NA	NA
BG-8 (2-3)	NA	NA	1.66	47.6	0.293 J	NA	0.0918 J	NA	<1.14	21.7	21.7	23.5	60.2	NA	NA	NA	732	<0.0067	NA	7.86	NA	0.306 J	NA	NA	25.1	NA	NA	NA
<b>Background Statistics</b>																												
North Carolina Background Range <sup>1)</sup>	7000 - >100,000	<1.0-8.8	1-18	50-1,000	ND-1.0	ND-100	1.0-10	100-280,000*	NS	NS	7-300	ND-50	2.0-20	100 - >100,000*	ND-50	50-50,000*	<2.0-7000*	0.03-0.52	<3-15*	ND	50-37,000*	<0.1-0.8	ND-5.0	<500-50,000*	ND-300	NS	15-300	11-59
Site Specific Background Range	NA	ND	1.4 - 3.08	36 - 77.9	0.293 - 0.99	NA	<0.27 - 0.38	NA	<0.12 - 5.34	16.16 - 70.2	16 - 70.2	6.3 - 27	15 - 62.8	NA	0.55 - 43	NA	310 - 940	<0.0067 - 0.28	NA	4.9 - 20	NA	<0.53 - 1.7	NA	NA	14 - 46	<0.53 - 2.3	34 - 190	40 - 230
2x Mean Background	NA	ND	3.994	109.92	1.014	NA	0.28	NA	1.696	52.86	53.26	27.46	57.7	NA	45.52	NA	1094.6	0.0842	NA	16.336	NA	1.708	NA	NA	43.4	NC	115.8	133.8
Selected 95% UTL with 95% Coverage	NA	NC	3.015	87.86	0.929	NA	0.313	NA	5.725	70.2	70.2	36.31	77.3	NA	59.11	NA	1149	0.256	NA	19.49	NA	2.503	NA	NA	43.19	NC	227	230
<b>Recommended Site-Specific BSV<sup>2,3)</sup></b>	NA	ND	3.015	87.86	0.929	NA	0.313	NA	5.725	70.2	70.2	36.31	77.3	NA	59.11	NA	1149	0.256	NA	19.49	NA	2.503	NA	NA	43.19	0.981	227	230

1) North Carolina Soil Background Range taken from Elements in North American Soils, 2nd Edition by James Dragun and Khaled Chekiri  
2) Recommended Site-Specific Background Screening Value (BSV) based on 95% UTL with 95% coverage for all constituents except thallium.  
3) Thallium did not have enough detects to run ProUCL statistics. Site-specific BSV was calculated as 2x the mean using 1/2 of the reporting limits as the values for non-detects.  
NA = Not Analyzed; ND = Not Detected; -- = Not Calculated; UTL = Upper Tolerance Limit  
J = Detected above method detection limit but below laboratory reporting limit; therefore, result is an estimated concentration  
O1 = Analyte failed the method required serial dilution test and/or subsequent post-spike criteria. These failures indicate matrix interference.  
J6 = The sample matrix interfered with the ability to make any accurate determination; spike value is low.  
BH = Method blank greater than one-half laboratory reporting limit, but sample concentration greater than 10x the method blank.  
A = Continuing Calibration Verification standard recovery (82%) is less than the lower control limit (90%). Result has possible low bias.

**Table B-2 (page 1 of 1)**  
**Summary of Background Screening Values (BSVs) for Sediment**  
**828 Martin Luther King, Jr. Blvd.**  
**Chapel Hill, North Carolina**  
**H&H Job No. TCH-009**

Sediment Sampling Point ID	Sample Date	antimony	arsenic	barium	beryllium	cadmium	hexavalent chromium	trivalent chromium	total chromium	cobalt	copper	lead	manganese	mercury	nickel	selenium	strontium	thallium	vanadium	zinc	
SED-1 (Upstream)	10/27/2016	<0.32	1.2	12	<0.32	<0.32	0.24 J	22.76	23	3.9	4.2	4.0	180	<0.026	3.8	<0.64	6.9	<0.64	19	19	
	4/5/2019	NA	1.95 O1	38.4 J6	0.249 J	<0.636	0.428 J	65.0	65.4 J3, J6	7.63	8.42	NA	449 J6	0.0078	7.1	0.409 J	8.4	NA	NA	NA	
SED-2 (Upstream)	10/27/2016	<0.33	2.1	20	0.48	<0.33	<0.40	36	36	7.8	8.0	7.1	330	<0.025	7.2	<0.65	11	<0.65	37	34	
	10/27/2016 <sup>(1)</sup>	<0.32	2.5	17	0.45	<0.32	<0.40	49	49	6.5	9.1	6.7	290	<0.026	6.0	<0.63	12	<0.63	35	31	
	4/5/2019	NA	2.74	29.6	0.305 J	<0.619	0.796 J	56.3	57.1	20.9	13.8	NA	811	0.0053 J	9.16	0.306 J	16.9	NA	NA	NA	
	4/5/2019 <sup>(1)</sup>	NA	2.02	17.4	0.222 J	<0.617	0.546 J	69.5	70	7.29	6.79	NA	347	0.0051	9.92	0.237 J	8.8	NA	NA	NA	
<b>Background Statistics</b>																					
Site-Specific Background Range		ND	1.2-2.74	12-38.4	<0.32-0.48	<0.32-<0.636	0.24 J-0.796 J	22.76-69.5	23-70	3.9-20.9	4.2-13.8	4.0-7.1	180-811	<0.026 - 0.0078	3.8-9.92	0.237 J-<0.65	6.9-16.9	<0.63-<0.65	19-37	19-34	
Site-Specific Mean <sup>(2)</sup>		ND	1.958	23.1	0.308	ND	0.395	48.28	48.61	8.194	7.866	5.45	379.5	0.0065	6.76	0.34	9.913	ND	27.5	25.75	
2X Site-Specific Mean		ND	3.916	46.2	0.616	ND	0.79	96.56	97.22	16.388	15.732	10.9	759	0.013	13.52	0.68	19.826	ND	55	51.5	
<b>Recommended Site-Specific BSV<sup>(3)</sup></b>		ND	2.74	38.4	0.48	ND	0.79	69.5	70	16.388	13.8	7.1	759	0.0078	9.92	0.409	16.9	ND	37	34	

Notes:

- 1) Duplicate sample data, average of parent sample and duplicate used in calculations.
  - 2) Site-specific mean for datasets with non-detects calculated using Kaplan-Meier Method via ProUCL version 5.1.
  - 3) Recommended Site-Specific Background Screening Value (BSV) indicates 2x mean background concentration or maximum detected concentration, whichever is lower.
- NA = Not Analyzed; ND = Not Detected  
J = Detected above method detection limit but below laboratory reporting limit; therefore, result is an estimated concentration.  
O1 = Analyte failed the method required serial dilution test and/or subsequent post-spike criteria. These failures indicate matrix interference.  
J3 = The associated batch QC was outside the established quality control range for precision.  
J6 = The sample matrix interfered with the ability to make any accurate determination; spike value is low.

**Table B-3 (page 1 of 1)**  
**Summary of Background Screening Values (BSVs) for Surface Water**  
**828 Martin Luther King, Jr. Blvd.**  
**Chapel Hill, North Carolina**  
**H&H Job No. TCH-009**

Surface Water Background Sample Location	Sample Date	aluminum	antimony	arsenic	barium	beryllium	cadmium	calcium	hexavalent chromium	trivalent chromium	total chromium	cobalt	copper	iron	lead	magnesium	manganese	mercury	nickel	potassium	selenium	strontium	silver	sodium	thallium	vanadium	zinc	Hardness
BC-1 (Upstream)	2/5/2014	NA	NA	ND	24	NA	ND	NA	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
SW-1 (Upstream)	11/3/2016	NA	<5.0	<10	27	<2.0	<1.0	NA	<0.74	NA	<5.0	<5.0	<10	<0.2	<5.0	NA	<10	<0.2	<10	NA	<20	100	NA	NA	<10	<5.0	<30	NA
	4/5/2019	NA	NA	0.44	23.1	<0.10	<0.080	NA	NA	NA	0.53	0.16	1.2	NA	NA	NA	22.2	<0.20	0.29 J	NA	0.096 J	85.3	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	54,000
SW-2 (Upstream)	11/3/2016	NA	<5.0	<10	27	<2.0	<1.0	NA	<0.74	NA	<5.0	<5.0	<10	<0.2	<5.0	NA	11	<0.2	<10	NA	<20	100	NA	NA	<10	<5.0	<30	NA
	4/5/2019	NA	NA	0.42	23.2	<0.10	<0.080	NA	NA	NA	0.45 J	0.16	1.1	NA	NA	NA	21.2	<0.20	0.33 J	NA	0.11 J	85.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	53,600
<b>Background Statistics</b>																												
Site Specific Background Range		NA	ND	<10 - 0.44	23.1 - 27	ND	ND	NA	ND	ND	<5.0 - 0.53	<5.0 - 0.16	<10 - 1.2	ND	ND	NA	<10 - 22.2	ND	<10 - 0.33 J	NA	<20 - 0.11 J	85.3 - 100	ND	NA	ND	ND	ND	53,600 - 54,000
Site Specific Mean <sup>(1)</sup>		NA	ND	0.43	24.86	ND	ND	NA	ND	ND	0.49	1.33 <sup>(3)</sup>	1.15	ND	ND	NA	16.1	ND	0.31	NA	0.103	92.7	ND	NA	ND	ND	ND	53,800
2X Site Specific Mean		NA	ND	0.86	49.72	ND	ND	NA	ND	ND	0.98	2.66	2.3	ND	ND	NA	32.2	ND	0.62	NA	0.206	185.4	ND	NA	ND	ND	ND	107,600
<b>Recommended Site-Specific BSV<sup>(2)</sup></b>		NA	ND	0.44	27	ND	ND	NA	ND	ND	0.53	0.16	1.2	ND	ND	NA	22.2	ND	0.33	NA	0.11	100	ND	NA	ND	ND	ND	54,000

Notes:  
1) Site specific mean for datasets with non-detects calculated using Kaplan-Meier Method via ProUCL version 5.1  
2) Recommended Site-Specific Background Screening Value (BSV) indicates 2x mean background concentration or maximum detected concentration, whichever is lower.  
3) The Kaplan-Meier mean could not be calculated for Cobalt, as there was only one unique detection. Therefore, the site-specific mean was calculated using 1/2 of the reporting limits as the values for non-detects.  
NA = Not Analyzed; ND = Not Detected; NC = Not Calculated  
J = Detected above method detection limit but below laboratory reporting limit; therefore, result is an estimated concentration

<b>Background Statistics for Data Sets with Non-Detects</b>			
<b>User Selected Options</b>			
Date/Time of Computation	ProUCL 5.18/17/2021 4:10:55 PM		
From File	ProUCL Background Inputs.xls		
Full Precision	OFF		
Confidence Coefficient	95%		
Coverage	95%		
Different or Future K Observations	1		
Number of Bootstrap Operations	2000		
<b>antimony</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	10	Number of Missing Observations	6
Number of Distinct Observations	5		
Number of Detects	0	Number of Non-Detects	10
Number of Distinct Detects	0	Number of Distinct Non-Detects	5
Minimum Detect	N/A	Minimum Non-Detect	0.27
Maximum Detect	N/A	Maximum Non-Detect	0.33
Variance Detected	N/A	Percent Non-Detects	100%
Mean Detected	N/A	SD Detected	N/A
Mean of Detected Logged Data	N/A	SD of Detected Logged Data	N/A
<b>Warning: All observations are Non-Detects (NDs), therefore all statistics and estimates should also be NDs!</b>			
<b>Specifically, sample mean, UCLs, UPLs, and other statistics are also NDs lying below the largest detection limit!</b>			
<b>The Project Team may decide to use alternative site specific values to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).</b>			
<b>The data set for variable antimony was not processed!</b>			
<b>arsenic</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	16	Number of Distinct Observations	13
Minimum	1.4	First Quartile	1.775
Second Largest	2.3	Median	1.935
Maximum	3.08	Third Quartile	2.125
Mean	1.997	SD	0.376
Coefficient of Variation	0.188	Skewness	1.463
Mean of logged Data	0.676	SD of logged Data	0.176
<b>Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)</b>			
Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	2.524	d2max (for USL)	2.443
<b>Normal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.887	<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.887	Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.147	<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.213	Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>			



<b>Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>				
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	2.946	90% Percentile (z)	2.479	
95% UPL (t)	2.676	95% Percentile (z)	2.615	
95% USL	2.915	99% Percentile (z)	2.871	
<b>Gamma GOF Test</b>				
A-D Test Statistic	0.399	<b>Anderson-Darling Gamma GOF Test</b>		
5% A-D Critical Value	0.736	Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level		
K-S Test Statistic	0.124	<b>Kolmogorov-Smirnov Gamma GOF Test</b>		
5% K-S Critical Value	0.215	Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level		
<b>Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level</b>				
<b>Gamma Statistics</b>				
k hat (MLE)	33.27	k star (bias corrected MLE)	27.08	
Theta hat (MLE)	0.06	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	0.0737	
nu hat (MLE)	1065	nu star (bias corrected)	866.4	
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	1.997	MLE Sd (bias corrected)	0.384	
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Gamma Distribution</b>				
95% Wilson Hilferty (WH) Approx. Gamma UPL	2.69	90% Percentile	2.502	
95% Hawkins Wixley (HW) Approx. Gamma UPL	2.693	95% Percentile	2.667	
95% WH Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	3.015	99% Percentile	2.996	
95% HW Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	3.027			
95% WH USL	2.977	95% HW USL	2.988	
<b>Lognormal GOF Test</b>				
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.948	<b>Shapiro Wilk Lognormal GOF Test</b>		
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.887	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level		
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.125	<b>Lilliefors Lognormal GOF Test</b>		
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.213	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level		
<b>Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level</b>				
<b>Background Statistics assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>				
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	3.069	90% Percentile (z)	2.465	
95% UPL (t)	2.705	95% Percentile (z)	2.628	
95% USL	3.026	99% Percentile (z)	2.964	
<b>Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics</b>				
<b>Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>				
<b>Nonparametric Upper Limits for Background Threshold Values</b>				
Order of Statistic, r	16	95% UTL with 95% Coverage	3.08	
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.842	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.56	
		Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	3.08	95% BCA Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	3.08	
95% UPL	3.08	90% Percentile	2.295	
90% Chebyshev UPL	3.159	95% Percentile	2.495	
95% Chebyshev UPL	3.686	99% Percentile	2.963	
95% USL	3.08			

Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20. Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations. The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.

barium

**General Statistics**

Total Number of Observations	16	Number of Distinct Observations	15
Minimum	36	First Quartile	46.95
Second Largest	76	Median	52.55
Maximum	77.9	Third Quartile	61.85
Mean	54.96	SD	11.56
Coefficient of Variation	0.21	Skewness	0.653
Mean of logged Data	3.986	SD of logged Data	0.206

**Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)**

Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	2.524	d2max (for USL)	2.443
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**Normal GOF Test**

Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.942	<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.887	Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.192	<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.213	Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

**Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level**

**Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution**

95% UTL with 95% Coverage	84.14	90% Percentile (z)	69.77
95% UPL (t)	75.85	95% Percentile (z)	73.97
95% USL	83.21	99% Percentile (z)	81.85

**Gamma GOF Test**

A-D Test Statistic	0.321	<b>Anderson-Darling Gamma GOF Test</b>
5% A-D Critical Value	0.736	Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level
K-S Test Statistic	0.17	<b>Kolmogorov-Smirnov Gamma GOF Test</b>
5% K-S Critical Value	0.215	Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

**Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level**

**Gamma Statistics**

k hat (MLE)	25.01	k star (bias corrected MLE)	20.36
Theta hat (MLE)	2.197	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	2.699
nu hat (MLE)	800.4	nu star (bias corrected)	651.7
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	54.96	MLE Sd (bias corrected)	12.18

**Background Statistics Assuming Gamma Distribution**

95% Wilson Hilferty (WH) Approx. Gamma UPL	77.19	90% Percentile	71.03
95% Hawkins Wixley (HW) Approx. Gamma UPL	77.42	95% Percentile	76.4
95% WH Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	87.86	99% Percentile	87.18

95% HW Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	88.48		
95% WH USL	86.61	95% HW USL	87.18
<b>Lognormal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.968	<b>Shapiro Wilk Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.887	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.156	<b>Lilliefors Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.213	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Statistics assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>			
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	90.65	90% Percentile (z)	70.16
95% UPL (t)	78.19	95% Percentile (z)	75.62
95% USL	89.16	99% Percentile (z)	87.03
<b>Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics</b>			
<b>Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Nonparametric Upper Limits for Background Threshold Values</b>			
Order of Statistic, r	16	95% UTL with 95% Coverage	77.9
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.842	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.56
		Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59
95% Percentile Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	77.9	95% BCA Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	77.9
95% UPL	77.9	90% Percentile	71.15
90% Chebyshev UPL	90.71	95% Percentile	76.48
95% Chebyshev UPL	106.9	99% Percentile	77.62
95% USL	77.9		
<p>Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20. Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.</p> <p>The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.</p>			
<b>beryllium</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	16	Number of Distinct Observations	14
Minimum	0.293	First Quartile	0.425
Second Largest	0.625	Median	0.5
Maximum	0.99	Third Quartile	0.533
Mean	0.507	SD	0.154
Coefficient of Variation	0.305	Skewness	2.049
Mean of logged Data	-0.715	SD of logged Data	0.268
<b>Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)</b>			
Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	2.524	d2max (for USL)	2.443
<b>Normal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.813	<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>	

5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.887	Data Not Normal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.228	<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.213	Data Not Normal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data Not Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>			
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	0.897	90% Percentile (z)	0.705
95% UPL (t)	0.786	95% Percentile (z)	0.761
95% USL	0.885	99% Percentile (z)	0.867
<b>Gamma GOF Test</b>			
A-D Test Statistic	0.558	<b>Anderson-Darling Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.738	Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
K-S Test Statistic	0.185	<b>Kolmogorov-Smirnov Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% K-S Critical Value	0.215	Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Gamma Statistics</b>			
k hat (MLE)	14.04	k star (bias corrected MLE)	11.45
Theta hat (MLE)	0.0361	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	0.0443
nu hat (MLE)	449.4	nu star (bias corrected)	366.5
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	0.507	MLE Sd (bias corrected)	0.15
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Gamma Distribution</b>			
95% Wilson Hilferty (WH) Approx. Gamma UPL	0.787	90% Percentile	0.706
95% Hawkins Wixley (HW) Approx. Gamma UPL	0.788	95% Percentile	0.776
95% WH Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	0.929	99% Percentile	0.919
95% HW Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	0.936		
95% WH USL	0.912	95% HW USL	0.918
<b>Lognormal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.933	<b>Shapiro Wilk Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.887	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.169	<b>Lilliefors Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.213	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Statistics assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>			
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	0.962	90% Percentile (z)	0.69
95% UPL (t)	0.794	95% Percentile (z)	0.76
95% USL	0.942	99% Percentile (z)	0.913
<b>Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics</b>			
<b>Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Nonparametric Upper Limits for Background Threshold Values</b>			
Order of Statistic, r	16	95% UTL with 95% Coverage	0.99
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.842	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.56
		Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59
95% Percentile Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	0.99	95% BCA Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	0.99

95% UPL	0.99	90% Percentile	0.613
90% Chebyshev UPL	0.985	95% Percentile	0.716
95% Chebyshev UPL	1.201	99% Percentile	0.935
95% USL	0.99		
<p>Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20.</p> <p>Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.</p> <p>The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.</p>			
<b>cadmium</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	16	Number of Missing Observations	0
Number of Distinct Observations	11		
Number of Detects	7	Number of Non-Detects	9
Number of Distinct Detects	7	Number of Distinct Non-Detects	4
Minimum Detect	0.0918	Minimum Non-Detect	0.27
Maximum Detect	0.38	Maximum Non-Detect	0.3
Variance Detected	0.0102	Percent Non-Detects	56.25%
Mean Detected	0.161	SD Detected	0.101
Mean of Detected Logged Data	-1.948	SD of Detected Logged Data	0.491
<b>Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)</b>			
Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	2.524	d2max (for USL)	2.443
<b>Normal GOF Test on Detects Only</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.712	<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.803	Data Not Normal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.3	<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.304	Detected Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Detected Data appear Approximate Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Kaplan Meier (KM) Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>			
KM Mean	0.14	KM SD	0.0682
95% UTL95% Coverage	0.313	95% KM UPL (t)	0.264
90% KM Percentile (z)	0.228	95% KM Percentile (z)	0.253
99% KM Percentile (z)	0.299	95% KM USL	0.307
<b>DL/2 Substitution Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>			
Mean	0.15	SD	0.0648
95% UTL95% Coverage	0.314	95% UPL (t)	0.267
90% Percentile (z)	0.233	95% Percentile (z)	0.257
99% Percentile (z)	0.301	95% USL	0.309
<b>DL/2 is not a recommended method. DL/2 provided for comparisons and historical reasons</b>			
<b>Gamma GOF Tests on Detected Observations Only</b>			
A-D Test Statistic	0.646	<b>Anderson-Darling GOF Test</b>	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.71	Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	

K-S Test Statistic	0.267	<b>Kolmogorov-Smirnov GOF</b>			
5% K-S Critical Value	0.313	Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level			
<b>Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level</b>					
<b>Gamma Statistics on Detected Data Only</b>					
k hat (MLE)	4.282	k star (bias corrected MLE)	2.542		
Theta hat (MLE)	0.0376	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	0.0633		
nu hat (MLE)	59.94	nu star (bias corrected)	35.59		
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	0.161				
MLE Sd (bias corrected)	0.101	95% Percentile of Chisquare (2kstar)	11.2		
<b>Gamma ROS Statistics using Imputed Non-Detects</b>					
GROS may not be used when data set has > 50% NDs with many tied observations at multiple DLs					
GROS may not be used when kstar of detects is small such as <1.0, especially when the sample size is small (e.g., <15-20)					
For such situations, GROS method may yield incorrect values of UCLs and BTVs					
This is especially true when the sample size is small.					
For gamma distributed detected data, BTVs and UCLs may be computed using gamma distribution on KM estimates					
Minimum	0.0789	Mean	0.143		
Maximum	0.38	Median	0.131		
SD	0.0718	CV	0.503		
k hat (MLE)	6.178	k star (bias corrected MLE)	5.062		
Theta hat (MLE)	0.0231	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	0.0282		
nu hat (MLE)	197.7	nu star (bias corrected)	162		
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	0.143	MLE Sd (bias corrected)	0.0634		
95% Percentile of Chisquare (2kstar)	18.48	90% Percentile	0.228		
95% Percentile	0.26	99% Percentile	0.33		
<b>The following statistics are computed using Gamma ROS Statistics on Imputed Data</b>					
<b>Upper Limits using Wilson Hilferty (WH) and Hawkins Wixley (HW) Methods</b>					
	WH	HW		WH	HW
95% Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	0.335	0.339	95% Approx. Gamma UPL	0.266	0.266
95% Gamma USL	0.327	0.33			
<b>Estimates of Gamma Parameters using KM Estimates</b>					
Mean (KM)	0.14	SD (KM)	0.0682		
Variance (KM)	0.00465	SE of Mean (KM)	0.0207		
k hat (KM)	4.238	k star (KM)	3.485		
nu hat (KM)	135.6	nu star (KM)	111.5		
theta hat (KM)	0.0331	theta star (KM)	0.0403		
80% gamma percentile (KM)	0.197	90% gamma percentile (KM)	0.241		
95% gamma percentile (KM)	0.283	99% gamma percentile (KM)	0.371		
<b>The following statistics are computed using gamma distribution and KM estimates</b>					
<b>Upper Limits using Wilson Hilferty (WH) and Hawkins Wixley (HW) Methods</b>					
	WH	HW		WH	HW
95% Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	0.313	0.314	95% Approx. Gamma UPL	0.252	0.25
95% KM Gamma Percentile	0.239	0.237	95% Gamma USL	0.306	0.307
<b>Lognormal GOF Test on Detected Observations Only</b>					
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.851	<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>			
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.803	Detected Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level			

Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.235	<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.304	Detected Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Detected Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Lognormal ROS Statistics Assuming Lognormal Distribution Using Imputed Non-Detects</b>			
Mean in Original Scale	0.143	Mean in Log Scale	-2.02
SD in Original Scale	0.0693	SD in Log Scale	0.358
95% UTL95% Coverage	0.327	95% BCA UTL95% Coverage	0.38
95% Bootstrap (%) UTL95% Coverage	0.38	95% UPL (t)	0.253
90% Percentile (z)	0.21	95% Percentile (z)	0.239
99% Percentile (z)	0.305	95% USL	0.318
<b>Statistics using KM estimates on Logged Data and Assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>			
KM Mean of Logged Data	-2.04	95% KM UTL (Lognormal)95% Coverage	0.32
KM SD of Logged Data	0.357	95% KM UPL (Lognormal)	0.248
95% KM Percentile Lognormal (z)	0.234	95% KM USL (Lognormal)	0.311
<b>Background DL/2 Statistics Assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>			
Mean in Original Scale	0.15	Mean in Log Scale	-1.952
SD in Original Scale	0.0648	SD in Log Scale	0.312
95% UTL95% Coverage	0.312	95% UPL (t)	0.25
90% Percentile (z)	0.212	95% Percentile (z)	0.237
99% Percentile (z)	0.293	95% USL	0.304
<b>DL/2 is not a Recommended Method. DL/2 provided for comparisons and historical reasons.</b>			
<b>Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics</b>			
<b>Data appear to follow a Discernible Distribution at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Nonparametric Upper Limits for BTVs(no distinction made between detects and nondetects)</b>			
Order of Statistic, r	16	95% UTL with95% Coverage	0.38
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.842	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.56
Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59	95% UPL	0.38
95% USL	0.38	95% KM Chebyshev UPL	0.447
Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20.			
Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.			
The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.			
<b>hexavalent chromium</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	16	Number of Missing Observations	0
Number of Distinct Observations	14		
Number of Detects	9	Number of Non-Detects	7
Number of Distinct Detects	9	Number of Distinct Non-Detects	5
Minimum Detect	0.21	Minimum Non-Detect	0.12
Maximum Detect	5.34	Maximum Non-Detect	1.19
Variance Detected	2.493	Percent Non-Detects	43.75%

Mean Detected	1.176	SD Detected	1.579
Mean of Detected Logged Data	-0.27	SD of Detected Logged Data	0.867
<b>Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)</b>			
Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	2.524	d2max (for USL)	2.443
<b>Normal GOF Test on Detects Only</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.531	<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.829	Data Not Normal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.463	<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.274	Data Not Normal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data Not Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Kaplan Meier (KM) Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>			
KM Mean	0.848	KM SD	1.195
95% UTL/95% Coverage	3.864	95% KM UPL (t)	3.007
90% KM Percentile (z)	2.379	95% KM Percentile (z)	2.814
99% KM Percentile (z)	3.628	95% KM USL	3.768
<b>DL/2 Substitution Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>			
Mean	0.85	SD	1.225
95% UTL/95% Coverage	3.941	95% UPL (t)	3.063
90% Percentile (z)	2.42	95% Percentile (z)	2.865
99% Percentile (z)	3.699	95% USL	3.843
<b>DL/2 is not a recommended method. DL/2 provided for comparisons and historical reasons</b>			
<b>Gamma GOF Tests on Detected Observations Only</b>			
A-D Test Statistic	1.129	<b>Anderson-Darling GOF Test</b>	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.738	Data Not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
K-S Test Statistic	0.394	<b>Kolmogorov-Smirnov GOF</b>	
5% K-S Critical Value	0.285	Data Not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data Not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Gamma Statistics on Detected Data Only</b>			
k hat (MLE)	1.299	k star (bias corrected MLE)	0.94
Theta hat (MLE)	0.905	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	1.25
nu hat (MLE)	23.38	nu star (bias corrected)	16.92
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	1.176		
MLE Sd (bias corrected)	1.212	95% Percentile of Chisquare (2kstar)	5.757
<b>Gamma ROS Statistics using Imputed Non-Detects</b>			
GROS may not be used when data set has > 50% NDs with many tied observations at multiple DLs			
GROS may not be used when kstar of detects is small such as <1.0, especially when the sample size is small (e.g., <15-20)			
For such situations, GROS method may yield incorrect values of UCLs and BTVs			
This is especially true when the sample size is small.			
For gamma distributed detected data, BTVs and UCLs may be computed using gamma distribution on KM estimates			
Minimum	0.01	Mean	0.791
Maximum	5.34	Median	0.6
SD	1.263	CV	1.598
k hat (MLE)	0.541	k star (bias corrected MLE)	0.482



Theta hat (MLE)	1.46	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	1.642		
nu hat (MLE)	17.33	nu star (bias corrected)	15.41		
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	0.791	MLE Sd (bias corrected)	1.139		
95% Percentile of Chisquare (2kstar)	3.75	90% Percentile	2.155		
95% Percentile	3.078	99% Percentile	5.354		
<b>The following statistics are computed using Gamma ROS Statistics on Imputed Data</b>					
<b>Upper Limits using Wilson Hilferty (WH) and Hawkins Wixley (HW) Methods</b>					
	WH	HW		WH	HW
95% Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	5.5	6.852	95% Approx. Gamma UPL	3.222	3.638
95% Gamma USL	5.202	6.412			
<b>Estimates of Gamma Parameters using KM Estimates</b>					
Mean (KM)	0.848	SD (KM)	1.195		
Variance (KM)	1.429	SE of Mean (KM)	0.322		
k hat (KM)	0.503	k star (KM)	0.45		
nu hat (KM)	16.09	nu star (KM)	14.4		
theta hat (KM)	1.686	theta star (KM)	1.883		
80% gamma percentile (KM)	1.383	90% gamma percentile (KM)	2.342		
95% gamma percentile (KM)	3.379	99% gamma percentile (KM)	5.956		
<b>The following statistics are computed using gamma distribution and KM estimates</b>					
<b>Upper Limits using Wilson Hilferty (WH) and Hawkins Wixley (HW) Methods</b>					
	WH	HW		WH	HW
95% Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	3.926	4.122	95% Approx. Gamma UPL	2.562	2.577
95% KM Gamma Percentile	2.305	2.299	95% Gamma USL	3.753	3.92
<b>Lognormal GOF Test on Detected Observations Only</b>					
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.852	<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>			
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.829	Detected Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level			
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.324	<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>			
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.274	Data Not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level			
<b>Detected Data appear Approximate Lognormal at 5% Significance Level</b>					
<b>Background Lognormal ROS Statistics Assuming Lognormal Distribution Using Imputed Non-Detects</b>					
Mean in Original Scale	0.836	Mean in Log Scale	-0.641		
SD in Original Scale	1.23	SD in Log Scale	0.893		
95% UTL95% Coverage	5.021	95% BCA UTL95% Coverage	5.34		
95% Bootstrap (%) UTL95% Coverage	5.34	95% UPL (t)	2.647		
90% Percentile (z)	1.655	95% Percentile (z)	2.29		
99% Percentile (z)	4.208	95% USL	4.672		
<b>Statistics using KM estimates on Logged Data and Assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>					
KM Mean of Logged Data	-0.678	95% KM UTL (Lognormal)95% Coverage	5.725		
KM SD of Logged Data	0.96	95% KM UPL (Lognormal)	2.877		
95% KM Percentile Lognormal (z)	2.462	95% KM USL (Lognormal)	5.298		
<b>Background DL/2 Statistics Assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>					
Mean in Original Scale	0.85	Mean in Log Scale	-0.669		
SD in Original Scale	1.225	SD in Log Scale	1.045		
95% UTL95% Coverage	7.159	95% UPL (t)	3.384		

90% Percentile (z)	1.954	95% Percentile (z)	2.857
99% Percentile (z)	5.823	95% USL	6.58
<b>DL/2 is not a Recommended Method. DL/2 provided for comparisons and historical reasons.</b>			
<b>Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics</b>			
<b>Data appear to follow a Discernible Distribution at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Nonparametric Upper Limits for BTVs(no distinction made between detects and nondetects)</b>			
Order of Statistic, r	16	95% UTL with 95% Coverage	5.34
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.842	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.56
Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59	95% UPL	5.34
95% USL	5.34	95% KM Chebyshev UPL	6.218
Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20.			
Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.			
The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.			
<b>trivalent chromium</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	16	Number of Distinct Observations	14
Minimum	16.16	First Quartile	19
Second Largest	39.36	Median	22.7
Maximum	70.2	Third Quartile	25.13
Mean	26.43	SD	13.43
Coefficient of Variation	0.508	Skewness	2.637
Mean of logged Data	3.194	SD of logged Data	0.377
<b>Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)</b>			
Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	2.524	d2max (for USL)	2.443
<b>Normal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.668	<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.887	Data Not Normal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.307	<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.213	Data Not Normal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data Not Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>			
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	60.32	90% Percentile (z)	43.64
95% UPL (t)	50.7	95% Percentile (z)	48.52
95% USL	59.24	99% Percentile (z)	57.67
<b>Gamma GOF Test</b>			
A-D Test Statistic	1.306	<b>Anderson-Darling Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.741	Data Not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
K-S Test Statistic	0.272	<b>Kolmogorov-Smirnov Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% K-S Critical Value	0.216	Data Not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	

<b>Data Not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Gamma Statistics</b>			
k hat (MLE)	6.387	k star (bias corrected MLE)	5.231
Theta hat (MLE)	4.139	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	5.053
nu hat (MLE)	204.4	nu star (bias corrected)	167.4
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	26.43	MLE Sd (bias corrected)	11.56
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Gamma Distribution</b>			
95% Wilson Hilferty (WH) Approx. Gamma UPL	48.8	90% Percentile	41.9
95% Hawkins Wixley (HW) Approx. Gamma UPL	48.63	95% Percentile	47.86
95% WH Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	61.37	99% Percentile	60.42
95% HW Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	61.72		
95% WH USL	59.86	95% HW USL	60.12
<b>Lognormal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.831	<b>Shapiro Wilk Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.887	Data Not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.245	<b>Lilliefors Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.213	Data Not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data Not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Statistics assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>			
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	63.2	90% Percentile (z)	39.55
95% UPL (t)	48.22	95% Percentile (z)	45.36
95% USL	61.3	99% Percentile (z)	58.66
<b>Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics</b>			
<b>Data do not follow a Discernible Distribution (0.05)</b>			
<b>Nonparametric Upper Limits for Background Threshold Values</b>			
Order of Statistic, r	16	95% UTL with 95% Coverage	70.2
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.842	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.56
		Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59
95% Percentile Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	70.2	95% BCA Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	70.2
95% UPL	70.2	90% Percentile	38.78
90% Chebyshev UPL	67.95	95% Percentile	47.07
95% Chebyshev UPL	86.76	99% Percentile	65.57
95% USL	70.2		
<p>Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20. Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.</p> <p>The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.</p>			
<b>total chromium</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	16	Number of Distinct Observations	14

Minimum	16	First Quartile	18.75
Second Largest	44.7	Median	22.45
Maximum	70.2	Third Quartile	25.13
Mean	26.63	SD	13.98
Coefficient of Variation	0.525	Skewness	2.394
Mean of logged Data	3.194	SD of logged Data	0.397
<b>Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)</b>			
Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	2.524	d2max (for USL)	2.443
<b>Normal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.689	<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.887	Data Not Normal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.31	<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.213	Data Not Normal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data Not Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>			
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	61.92	90% Percentile (z)	44.55
95% UPL (t)	51.89	95% Percentile (z)	49.63
95% USL	60.79	99% Percentile (z)	59.16
<b>Gamma GOF Test</b>			
A-D Test Statistic	1.323	<b>Anderson-Darling Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.741	Data Not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
K-S Test Statistic	0.273	<b>Kolmogorov-Smirnov Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% K-S Critical Value	0.216	Data Not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data Not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Gamma Statistics</b>			
k hat (MLE)	5.828	k star (bias corrected MLE)	4.777
Theta hat (MLE)	4.568	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	5.573
nu hat (MLE)	186.5	nu star (bias corrected)	152.9
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	26.63	MLE Sd (bias corrected)	12.18
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Gamma Distribution</b>			
95% Wilson Hilferty (WH) Approx. Gamma UPL	50.36	90% Percentile	42.94
95% Hawkins Wixley (HW) Approx. Gamma UPL	50.22	95% Percentile	49.3
95% WH Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	63.88	99% Percentile	62.77
95% HW Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	64.37		
95% WH USL	62.25	95% HW USL	62.64
<b>Lognormal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.833	<b>Shapiro Wilk Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.887	Data Not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.245	<b>Lilliefors Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.213	Data Not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data Not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Statistics assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>			

95% UTL with 95% Coverage	66.4	90% Percentile (z)	40.55
95% UPL (t)	49.95	95% Percentile (z)	46.84
95% USL	64.31	99% Percentile (z)	61.39
<b>Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics</b>			
<b>Data do not follow a Discernible Distribution (0.05)</b>			
<b>Nonparametric Upper Limits for Background Threshold Values</b>			
Order of Statistic, r	16	95% UTL with 95% Coverage	70.2
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.842	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.56
		Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59
95% Percentile Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	70.2	95% BCA Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	70.2
95% UPL	70.2	90% Percentile	41.85
90% Chebyshev UPL	69.87	95% Percentile	51.08
95% Chebyshev UPL	89.46	99% Percentile	66.38
95% USL	70.2		
<p>Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20. Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.</p> <p>The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.</p>			
<b>cobalt</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	16	Number of Distinct Observations	14
Minimum	6.3	First Quartile	7.5
Second Largest	23.5	Median	12.7
Maximum	27	Third Quartile	18.93
Mean	13.73	SD	6.721
Coefficient of Variation	0.49	Skewness	0.591
Mean of logged Data	2.506	SD of logged Data	0.494
<b>Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)</b>			
Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	2.524	d2max (for USL)	2.443
<b>Normal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.891	<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.887	Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.198	<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.213	Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>			
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	30.69	90% Percentile (z)	22.34
95% UPL (t)	25.87	95% Percentile (z)	24.78
95% USL	30.15	99% Percentile (z)	29.36
<b>Gamma GOF Test</b>			

A-D Test Statistic	0.69	<b>Anderson-Darling Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.742	Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
K-S Test Statistic	0.218	<b>Kolmogorov-Smirnov Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% K-S Critical Value	0.216	Data Not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Detected data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Gamma Statistics</b>			
k hat (MLE)	4.558	k star (bias corrected MLE)	3.745
Theta hat (MLE)	3.011	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	3.665
nu hat (MLE)	145.8	nu star (bias corrected)	119.8
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	13.73	MLE Sd (bias corrected)	7.092
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Gamma Distribution</b>			
95% Wilson Hilferty (WH) Approx. Gamma UPL	27.93	90% Percentile	23.23
95% Hawkins Wixley (HW) Approx. Gamma UPL	28.34	95% Percentile	27.08
95% WH Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	36.31	99% Percentile	35.32
95% HW Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	37.53		
95% WH USL	35.29	95% HW USL	36.4
<b>Lognormal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.9	<b>Shapiro Wilk Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.887	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.215	<b>Lilliefors Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.213	Data Not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data appear Approximate Lognormal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Statistics assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>			
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	42.66	90% Percentile (z)	23.08
95% UPL (t)	29.93	95% Percentile (z)	27.62
95% USL	40.99	99% Percentile (z)	38.69
<b>Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics</b>			
<b>Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Nonparametric Upper Limits for Background Threshold Values</b>			
Order of Statistic, r	16	95% UTL with 95% Coverage	27
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.842	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.56
		Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59
95% Percentile Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	27	95% BCA Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	27
95% UPL	27	90% Percentile	22.65
90% Chebyshev UPL	34.51	95% Percentile	24.38
95% Chebyshev UPL	43.92	99% Percentile	26.48
95% USL	27		
Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20.			
Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.			
The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.			

copper			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	16	Number of Distinct Observations	12
Minimum	15	First Quartile	18
Second Largest	60.2	Median	21.5
Maximum	62.8	Third Quartile	33.48
Mean	28.85	SD	15.78
Coefficient of Variation	0.547	Skewness	1.274
Mean of logged Data	3.244	SD of logged Data	0.482
<b>Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)</b>			
Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	2.524	d2max (for USL)	2.443
<b>Normal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.801	<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.887	Data Not Normal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.213	<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.213	Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data appear Approximate Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>			
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	68.68	90% Percentile (z)	49.07
95% UPL (t)	57.36	95% Percentile (z)	54.81
95% USL	67.41	99% Percentile (z)	65.56
<b>Gamma GOF Test</b>			
A-D Test Statistic	0.943	<b>Anderson-Darling Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.742	Data Not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
K-S Test Statistic	0.212	<b>Kolmogorov-Smirnov Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% K-S Critical Value	0.216	Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Detected data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Gamma Statistics</b>			
k hat (MLE)	4.383	k star (bias corrected MLE)	3.603
Theta hat (MLE)	6.582	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	8.007
nu hat (MLE)	140.3	nu star (bias corrected)	115.3
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	28.85	MLE Sd (bias corrected)	15.2
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Gamma Distribution</b>			
95% Wilson Hilferty (WH) Approx. Gamma UPL	59.22	90% Percentile	49.23
95% Hawkins Wixley (HW) Approx. Gamma UPL	59.64	95% Percentile	57.52
95% WH Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	77.3	99% Percentile	75.31
95% HW Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	79.13		
95% WH USL	75.1	95% HW USL	76.72
<b>Lognormal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.876	<b>Shapiro Wilk Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.887	Data Not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.206	<b>Lilliefors Lognormal GOF Test</b>	

5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.213	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data appear Approximate Lognormal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Statistics assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>			
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	86.59	90% Percentile (z)	47.55
95% UPL (t)	61.27	95% Percentile (z)	56.66
95% USL	83.28	99% Percentile (z)	78.72
<b>Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics</b>			
<b>Data appear Approximate Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Nonparametric Upper Limits for Background Threshold Values</b>			
Order of Statistic, r	16	95% UTL with 95% Coverage	62.8
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.842	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.56
		Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59
95% Percentile Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	62.8	95% BCA Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	62.8
95% UPL	62.8	90% Percentile	54.6
90% Chebyshev UPL	77.65	95% Percentile	60.85
95% Chebyshev UPL	99.75	99% Percentile	62.41
95% USL	62.8		
<p>Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20. Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.</p> <p>The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.</p>			
<b>lead</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	10	Number of Distinct Observations	9
		Number of Missing Observations	6
Minimum	0.55	First Quartile	21.25
Second Largest	32	Median	25
Maximum	43	Third Quartile	28.25
Mean	22.76	SD	12.49
Coefficient of Variation	0.549	Skewness	-0.582
Mean of logged Data	2.721	SD of logged Data	1.328
<b>Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)</b>			
Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	2.911	d2max (for USL)	2.176
<b>Normal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.912	<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.842	Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.244	<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.262	Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>			



95% UTL with 95% Coverage	59.11	90% Percentile (z)	38.76
95% UPL (t)	46.76	95% Percentile (z)	43.29
95% USL	49.93	99% Percentile (z)	51.8
<b>Gamma GOF Test</b>			
A-D Test Statistic	1.256	<b>Anderson-Darling Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.741	Data Not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
K-S Test Statistic	0.377	<b>Kolmogorov-Smirnov Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% K-S Critical Value	0.272	Data Not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data Not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Gamma Statistics</b>			
k hat (MLE)	1.383	k star (bias corrected MLE)	1.034
Theta hat (MLE)	16.46	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	22
nu hat (MLE)	27.65	nu star (bias corrected)	20.69
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	22.76	MLE Sd (bias corrected)	22.37
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Gamma Distribution</b>			
95% Wilson Hilferty (WH) Approx. Gamma UPL	74.91	90% Percentile	51.96
95% Hawkins Wixley (HW) Approx. Gamma UPL	86.38	95% Percentile	67.36
95% WH Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	126.4	99% Percentile	103
95% HW Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	160.3		
95% WH USL	86.44	95% HW USL	102.2
<b>Lognormal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.676	<b>Shapiro Wilk Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.842	Data Not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.396	<b>Lilliefors Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.262	Data Not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data Not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Statistics assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>			
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	726.1	90% Percentile (z)	83.39
95% UPL (t)	195.4	95% Percentile (z)	135.1
95% USL	273.6	99% Percentile (z)	334
<b>Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics</b>			
<b>Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Nonparametric Upper Limits for Background Threshold Values</b>			
Order of Statistic, r	10	95% UTL with 95% Coverage	43
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.526	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.401
		Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59
95% Percentile Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	43	95% BCA Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	43
95% UPL	43	90% Percentile	33.1
90% Chebyshev UPL	62.05	95% Percentile	38.05
95% Chebyshev UPL	79.84	99% Percentile	42.01
95% USL	43		
Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20.			

Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.

The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.

**manganese**

**General Statistics**

Total Number of Observations	16	Number of Distinct Observations	13
Minimum	310	First Quartile	432.5
Second Largest	813	Median	455
Maximum	940	Third Quartile	715.5
Mean	547.3	SD	182.1
Coefficient of Variation	0.333	Skewness	0.921
Mean of logged Data	6.257	SD of logged Data	0.313

**Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)**

Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	2.524	d2max (for USL)	2.443
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**Normal GOF Test**

Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.854	<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.887	Data Not Normal at 5% Significance Level
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.295	<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.213	Data Not Normal at 5% Significance Level

**Data Not Normal at 5% Significance Level**

**Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution**

95% UTL with 95% Coverage	1007	90% Percentile (z)	780.7
95% UPL (t)	876.4	95% Percentile (z)	846.9
95% USL	992.3	99% Percentile (z)	971

**Gamma GOF Test**

A-D Test Statistic	1.03	<b>Anderson-Darling Gamma GOF Test</b>
5% A-D Critical Value	0.739	Data Not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level
K-S Test Statistic	0.281	<b>Kolmogorov-Smirnov Gamma GOF Test</b>
5% K-S Critical Value	0.215	Data Not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

**Data Not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level**

**Gamma Statistics**

k hat (MLE)	10.67	k star (bias corrected MLE)	8.708
Theta hat (MLE)	51.31	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	62.85
nu hat (MLE)	341.3	nu star (bias corrected)	278.7
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	547.3	MLE Sd (bias corrected)	185.5

**Background Statistics Assuming Gamma Distribution**

95% Wilson Hilferty (WH) Approx. Gamma UPL	899.2	90% Percentile	794.4
95% Hawkins Wixley (HW) Approx. Gamma UPL	903.3	95% Percentile	883.7
95% WH Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	1083	99% Percentile	1068
95% HW Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	1097		
95% WH USL	1061	95% HW USL	1074

<b>Lognormal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.896	<b>Shapiro Wilk Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.887	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.264	<b>Lilliefors Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.213	Data Not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data appear Approximate Lognormal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Statistics assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>			
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	1149	90% Percentile (z)	779
95% UPL (t)	918	95% Percentile (z)	872.6
95% USL	1120	99% Percentile (z)	1080
<b>Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics</b>			
<b>Data appear Approximate Lognormal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Nonparametric Upper Limits for Background Threshold Values</b>			
Order of Statistic, r	16	95% UTL with 95% Coverage	940
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.842	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.56
		Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59
95% Percentile Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	940	95% BCA Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	940
95% UPL	940	90% Percentile	786
90% Chebyshev UPL	1110	95% Percentile	844.8
95% Chebyshev UPL	1366	99% Percentile	921
95% USL	940		
<p>Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20.  Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.  The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.</p>			
<b>mercury</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	16	Number of Missing Observations	0
Number of Distinct Observations	15		
Number of Detects	13	Number of Non-Detects	3
Number of Distinct Detects	13	Number of Distinct Non-Detects	3
Minimum Detect	0.0072	Minimum Non-Detect	0.0067
Maximum Detect	0.28	Maximum Non-Detect	0.023
Variance Detected	0.00492	Percent Non-Detects	18.75%
Mean Detected	0.0499	SD Detected	0.0701
Mean of Detected Logged Data	-3.402	SD of Detected Logged Data	0.807
<b>Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)</b>			
Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	2.524	d2max (for USL)	2.443
<b>Normal GOF Test on Detects Only</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.471	<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>	

5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.866	Data Not Normal at 5% Significance Level		
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.4	<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>		
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.234	Data Not Normal at 5% Significance Level		
<b>Data Not Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>				
<b>Kaplan Meier (KM) Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>				
KM Mean	0.0421	KM SD	0.0629	
95% UTL95% Coverage	0.201	95% KM UPL (t)	0.156	
90% KM Percentile (z)	0.123	95% KM Percentile (z)	0.146	
99% KM Percentile (z)	0.188	95% KM USL	0.196	
<b>DL/2 Substitution Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>				
Mean	0.0421	SD	0.065	
95% UTL95% Coverage	0.206	95% UPL (t)	0.16	
90% Percentile (z)	0.125	95% Percentile (z)	0.149	
99% Percentile (z)	0.193	95% USL	0.201	
<b>DL/2 is not a recommended method. DL/2 provided for comparisons and historical reasons</b>				
<b>Gamma GOF Tests on Detected Observations Only</b>				
A-D Test Statistic	1.525	<b>Anderson-Darling GOF Test</b>		
5% A-D Critical Value	0.752	Data Not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level		
K-S Test Statistic	0.279	<b>Kolmogorov-Smirnov GOF</b>		
5% K-S Critical Value	0.241	Data Not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level		
<b>Data Not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level</b>				
<b>Gamma Statistics on Detected Data Only</b>				
k hat (MLE)	1.377	k star (bias corrected MLE)	1.111	
Theta hat (MLE)	0.0363	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	0.045	
nu hat (MLE)	35.81	nu star (bias corrected)	28.88	
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	0.0499			
MLE Sd (bias corrected)	0.0474	95% Percentile of Chisquare (2kstar)	6.414	
<b>Gamma ROS Statistics using Imputed Non-Detects</b>				
GROS may not be used when data set has > 50% NDs with many tied observations at multiple DLs				
GROS may not be used when kstar of detects is small such as <1.0, especially when the sample size is small (e.g., <15-20)				
For such situations, GROS method may yield incorrect values of UCLs and BTVs				
This is especially true when the sample size is small.				
For gamma distributed detected data, BTVs and UCLs may be computed using gamma distribution on KM estimates				
Minimum	0.0072	Mean	0.0425	
Maximum	0.28	Median	0.0255	
SD	0.0648	CV	1.526	
k hat (MLE)	1.207	k star (bias corrected MLE)	1.023	
Theta hat (MLE)	0.0352	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	0.0415	
nu hat (MLE)	38.64	nu star (bias corrected)	32.73	
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	0.0425	MLE Sd (bias corrected)	0.042	
95% Percentile of Chisquare (2kstar)	6.079	90% Percentile	0.0972	
95% Percentile	0.126	99% Percentile	0.193	
<b>The following statistics are computed using Gamma ROS Statistics on Imputed Data</b>				
<b>Upper Limits using Wilson Hilferty (WH) and Hawkins Wixley (HW) Methods</b>				
	WH	HW	WH	HW

95% Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	0.195	0.2	95% Approx. Gamma UPL	0.128	0.126
95% Gamma USL	0.187	0.19			
<b>Estimates of Gamma Parameters using KM Estimates</b>					
Mean (KM)	0.0421		SD (KM)		0.0629
Variance (KM)	0.00396		SE of Mean (KM)		0.0164
k hat (KM)	0.448		k star (KM)		0.405
nu hat (KM)	14.33		nu star (KM)		12.97
theta hat (KM)	0.094		theta star (KM)		0.104
80% gamma percentile (KM)	0.068		90% gamma percentile (KM)		0.119
95% gamma percentile (KM)	0.174		99% gamma percentile (KM)		0.313
<b>The following statistics are computed using gamma distribution and KM estimates</b>					
<b>Upper Limits using Wilson Hilferty (WH) and Hawkins Wixley (HW) Methods</b>					
	WH	HW		WH	HW
95% Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	0.193	0.2	95% Approx. Gamma UPL	0.126	0.125
95% KM Gamma Percentile	0.113	0.112	95% Gamma USL	0.185	0.19
<b>Lognormal GOF Test on Detected Observations Only</b>					
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.844		<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>		
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.866		Data Not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level		
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.227		<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>		
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.234		Detected Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level		
<b>Detected Data appear Approximate Lognormal at 5% Significance Level</b>					
<b>Background Lognormal ROS Statistics Assuming Lognormal Distribution Using Imputed Non-Detects</b>					
Mean in Original Scale	0.0419		Mean in Log Scale		-3.691
SD in Original Scale	0.065		SD in Log Scale		0.958
95% UTL95% Coverage	0.28		95% BCA UTL95% Coverage		0.28
95% Bootstrap (%) UTL95% Coverage	0.28		95% UPL (t)		0.141
90% Percentile (z)	0.0852		95% Percentile (z)		0.121
99% Percentile (z)	0.232		95% USL		0.259
<b>Statistics using KM estimates on Logged Data and Assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>					
KM Mean of Logged Data	-3.68		95% KM UTL (Lognormal)95% Coverage		0.256
KM SD of Logged Data	0.918		95% KM UPL (Lognormal)		0.133
95% KM Percentile Lognormal (z)	0.114		95% KM USL (Lognormal)		0.238
<b>Background DL/2 Statistics Assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>					
Mean in Original Scale	0.0421		Mean in Log Scale		-3.687
SD in Original Scale	0.065		SD in Log Scale		0.979
95% UTL95% Coverage	0.296		95% UPL (t)		0.147
90% Percentile (z)	0.0878		95% Percentile (z)		0.125
99% Percentile (z)	0.244		95% USL		0.274
<b>DL/2 is not a Recommended Method. DL/2 provided for comparisons and historical reasons.</b>					
<b>Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics</b>					
<b>Data appear to follow a Discernible Distribution at 5% Significance Level</b>					
<b>Nonparametric Upper Limits for BTVs(no distinction made between detects and nondetects)</b>					

Order of Statistic, r	16	95% UTL with 95% Coverage	0.28
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.842	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.56
Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59	95% UPL	0.28
95% USL	0.28	95% KM Chebyshev UPL	0.325
<p>Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20.  Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers  and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.  The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data  represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.</p>			
<b>nickel</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	16	Number of Distinct Observations	14
Minimum	4.9	First Quartile	5.35
Second Largest	12.8	Median	6.99
Maximum	20	Third Quartile	8.635
Mean	8.168	SD	4.026
Coefficient of Variation	0.493	Skewness	1.97
Mean of logged Data	2.014	SD of logged Data	0.404
<b>Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)</b>			
Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	2.524	d2max (for USL)	2.443
<b>Normal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.767	<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.887	Data Not Normal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.227	<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.213	Data Not Normal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data Not Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>			
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	18.33	90% Percentile (z)	13.33
95% UPL (t)	15.44	95% Percentile (z)	14.79
95% USL	18	99% Percentile (z)	17.53
<b>Gamma GOF Test</b>			
A-D Test Statistic	0.845	<b>Anderson-Darling Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.741	Data Not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
K-S Test Statistic	0.192	<b>Kolmogorov-Smirnov Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% K-S Critical Value	0.216	Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Detected data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Gamma Statistics</b>			
k hat (MLE)	5.949	k star (bias corrected MLE)	4.876
Theta hat (MLE)	1.373	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	1.675
nu hat (MLE)	190.4	nu star (bias corrected)	156
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	8.168	MLE Sd (bias corrected)	3.699

<b>Background Statistics Assuming Gamma Distribution</b>				
95% Wilson Hilferty (WH) Approx. Gamma UPL	15.39		90% Percentile	13.12
95% Hawkins Wixley (HW) Approx. Gamma UPL	15.41		95% Percentile	15.05
95% WH Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	19.49		99% Percentile	19.12
95% HW Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	19.74			
95% WH USL	18.99		95% HW USL	19.22
<b>Lognormal GOF Test</b>				
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.884	<b>Shapiro Wilk Lognormal GOF Test</b>		
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.887	Data Not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level		
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.18	<b>Lilliefors Lognormal GOF Test</b>		
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.213	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level		
<b>Data appear Approximate Lognormal at 5% Significance Level</b>				
<b>Background Statistics assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>				
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	20.77		90% Percentile (z)	12.57
95% UPL (t)	15.55		95% Percentile (z)	14.56
95% USL	20.11		99% Percentile (z)	19.18
<b>Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics</b>				
<b>Data appear Approximate Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level</b>				
<b>Nonparametric Upper Limits for Background Threshold Values</b>				
Order of Statistic, r	16		95% UTL with 95% Coverage	20
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.842	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL		0.56
		Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC		59
95% Percentile Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	20	95% BCA Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage		20
95% UPL	20		90% Percentile	12.8
90% Chebyshev UPL	20.62		95% Percentile	14.6
95% Chebyshev UPL	26.26		99% Percentile	18.92
95% USL	20			
<p>Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20.</p> <p>Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.</p> <p>The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.</p>				
<b>selenium</b>				
<b>General Statistics</b>				
Total Number of Observations	16		Number of Missing Observations	0
Number of Distinct Observations	14			
Number of Detects	12		Number of Non-Detects	4
Number of Distinct Detects	11		Number of Distinct Non-Detects	3
Minimum Detect	0.306		Minimum Non-Detect	0.53
Maximum Detect	1.7		Maximum Non-Detect	0.65
Variance Detected	0.258		Percent Non-Detects	25%
Mean Detected	0.986		SD Detected	0.508
Mean of Detected Logged Data	-0.157		SD of Detected Logged Data	0.582

<b>Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)</b>			
Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	2.524	d2max (for USL)	2.443
<b>Normal GOF Test on Detects Only</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.895	<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.859	Detected Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.214	<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.243	Detected Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Detected Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Kaplan Meier (KM) Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>			
KM Mean	0.854	KM SD	0.481
95% UTL95% Coverage	2.068	95% KM UPL (t)	1.724
90% KM Percentile (z)	1.471	95% KM Percentile (z)	1.646
99% KM Percentile (z)	1.973	95% KM USL	2.03
<b>DL/2 Substitution Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>			
Mean	0.813	SD	0.534
95% UTL95% Coverage	2.16	95% UPL (t)	1.778
90% Percentile (z)	1.497	95% Percentile (z)	1.691
99% Percentile (z)	2.055	95% USL	2.117
<b>DL/2 is not a recommended method. DL/2 provided for comparisons and historical reasons</b>			
<b>Gamma GOF Tests on Detected Observations Only</b>			
A-D Test Statistic	0.53	<b>Anderson-Darling GOF Test</b>	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.737	Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
K-S Test Statistic	0.205	<b>Kolmogorov-Smirnov GOF</b>	
5% K-S Critical Value	0.247	Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Gamma Statistics on Detected Data Only</b>			
k hat (MLE)	3.662	k star (bias corrected MLE)	2.802
Theta hat (MLE)	0.269	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	0.352
nu hat (MLE)	87.88	nu star (bias corrected)	67.25
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	0.986		
MLE Sd (bias corrected)	0.589	95% Percentile of Chisquare (2kstar)	12
<b>Gamma ROS Statistics using Imputed Non-Detects</b>			
GROS may not be used when data set has > 50% NDs with many tied observations at multiple DLs			
GROS may not be used when kstar of detects is small such as <1.0, especially when the sample size is small (e.g., <15-20)			
For such situations, GROS method may yield incorrect values of UCLs and BTVs			
This is especially true when the sample size is small.			
For gamma distributed detected data, BTVs and UCLs may be computed using gamma distribution on KM estimates			
Minimum	0.306	Mean	0.859
Maximum	1.7	Median	0.594
SD	0.493	CV	0.574
k hat (MLE)	3.391	k star (bias corrected MLE)	2.797
Theta hat (MLE)	0.253	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	0.307
nu hat (MLE)	108.5	nu star (bias corrected)	89.5



MLE Mean (bias corrected)	0.859	MLE Sd (bias corrected)	0.514
95% Percentile of Chisquare (2kstar)	11.98	90% Percentile	1.548
95% Percentile	1.84	99% Percentile	2.476
<b>The following statistics are computed using Gamma ROS Statistics on Imputed Data</b>			
<b>Upper Limits using Wilson Hilferty (WH) and Hawkins Wixley (HW) Methods</b>			
	WH	HW	
95% Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	2.562	2.667	95% Approx. Gamma UPL
95% Gamma USL	2.482	2.577	
<b>Estimates of Gamma Parameters using KM Estimates</b>			
Mean (KM)	0.854	SD (KM)	0.481
Variance (KM)	0.231	SE of Mean (KM)	0.127
k hat (KM)	3.156	k star (KM)	2.606
nu hat (KM)	101	nu star (KM)	83.39
theta hat (KM)	0.271	theta star (KM)	0.328
80% gamma percentile (KM)	1.24	90% gamma percentile (KM)	1.564
95% gamma percentile (KM)	1.869	99% gamma percentile (KM)	2.534
<b>The following statistics are computed using gamma distribution and KM estimates</b>			
<b>Upper Limits using Wilson Hilferty (WH) and Hawkins Wixley (HW) Methods</b>			
	WH	HW	
95% Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	2.503	2.604	95% Approx. Gamma UPL
95% KM Gamma Percentile	1.745	1.766	95% Gamma USL
<b>Lognormal GOF Test on Detected Observations Only</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.906	<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.859	Detected Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.181	<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.243	Detected Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Detected Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Lognormal ROS Statistics Assuming Lognormal Distribution Using Imputed Non-Detects</b>			
Mean in Original Scale	0.859	Mean in Log Scale	-0.305
SD in Original Scale	0.492	SD in Log Scale	0.569
95% UTL95% Coverage	3.101	95% BCA UTL95% Coverage	1.7
95% Bootstrap (%) UTL95% Coverage	1.7	95% UPL (t)	2.062
90% Percentile (z)	1.529	95% Percentile (z)	1.88
99% Percentile (z)	2.771	95% USL	2.962
<b>Statistics using KM estimates on Logged Data and Assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>			
KM Mean of Logged Data	-0.317	95% KM UTL (Lognormal)95% Coverage	3.053
KM SD of Logged Data	0.568	95% KM UPL (Lognormal)	2.032
95% KM Percentile Lognormal (z)	1.853	95% KM USL (Lognormal)	2.916
<b>Background DL/2 Statistics Assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>			
Mean in Original Scale	0.813	Mean in Log Scale	-0.424
SD in Original Scale	0.534	SD in Log Scale	0.691
95% UTL95% Coverage	3.74	95% UPL (t)	2.28
90% Percentile (z)	1.586	95% Percentile (z)	2.038
99% Percentile (z)	3.263	95% USL	3.538

DL/2 is not a Recommended Method. DL/2 provided for comparisons and historical reasons.

**Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics**

Data appear to follow a Discernible Distribution at 5% Significance Level

**Nonparametric Upper Limits for BTVs(no distinction made between detects and nondetects)**

Order of Statistic, r	16	95% UTL with 95% Coverage	1.7
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.842	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.56
Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59	95% UPL	1.7
95% USL	1.7	95% KM Chebyshev UPL	3.016

Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20.

Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.

The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.

**strontium**

**General Statistics**

Total Number of Observations	16	Number of Distinct Observations	13
Minimum	14	First Quartile	16.6
Second Largest	29	Median	19
Maximum	46	Third Quartile	24.55
Mean	21.7	SD	7.877
Coefficient of Variation	0.363	Skewness	2.078
Mean of logged Data	3.029	SD of logged Data	0.307

**Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)**

Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	2.524	d2max (for USL)	2.443
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**Normal GOF Test**

Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.791	<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.887	Data Not Normal at 5% Significance Level
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.208	<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.213	Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Data appear Approximate Normal at 5% Significance Level

**Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution**

95% UTL with 95% Coverage	41.58	90% Percentile (z)	31.79
95% UPL (t)	35.93	95% Percentile (z)	34.66
95% USL	40.94	99% Percentile (z)	40.02

**Gamma GOF Test**

A-D Test Statistic	0.604	<b>Anderson-Darling Gamma GOF Test</b>
5% A-D Critical Value	0.739	Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level
K-S Test Statistic	0.186	<b>Kolmogorov-Smirnov Gamma GOF Test</b>
5% K-S Critical Value	0.215	Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

<b>Gamma Statistics</b>			
k hat (MLE)	10.41	k star (bias corrected MLE)	8.501
Theta hat (MLE)	2.084	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	2.553
nu hat (MLE)	333.2	nu star (bias corrected)	272
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	21.7	MLE Sd (bias corrected)	7.443
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Gamma Distribution</b>			
95% Wilson Hilferty (WH) Approx. Gamma UPL	35.79	90% Percentile	31.62
95% Hawkins Wixley (HW) Approx. Gamma UPL	35.82	95% Percentile	35.21
95% WH Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	43.19	99% Percentile	42.64
95% HW Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	43.54		
95% WH USL	42.31	95% HW USL	42.61
<b>Lognormal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.91	<b>Shapiro Wilk Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.887	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.17	<b>Lilliefors Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.213	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Statistics assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>			
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	44.88	90% Percentile (z)	30.64
95% UPL (t)	36	95% Percentile (z)	34.25
95% USL	43.78	99% Percentile (z)	42.23
<b>Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics</b>			
<b>Data appear Approximate Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Nonparametric Upper Limits for Background Threshold Values</b>			
Order of Statistic, r	16	95% UTL with 95% Coverage	46
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.842	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.56
		Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59
95% Percentile Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	46	95% BCA Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	46
95% UPL	46	90% Percentile	27.05
90% Chebyshev UPL	46.06	95% Percentile	33.25
95% Chebyshev UPL	57.09	99% Percentile	43.45
95% USL	46		
<p>Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20. Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.</p> <p>The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.</p>			
<b>thallium</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	10	Number of Missing Observations	6
Number of Distinct Observations	8		
Number of Detects	1	Number of Non-Detects	9

Number of Distinct Detects	1	Number of Distinct Non-Detects	7
Minimum Detect	2.3	Minimum Non-Detect	0.53
Maximum Detect	2.3	Maximum Non-Detect	0.65
Variance Detected	N/A	Percent Non-Detects	90%
Mean Detected	2.3	SD Detected	N/A
Mean of Detected Logged Data	0.833	SD of Detected Logged Data	N/A
<b>Warning: Only one distinct data value was detected! ProUCL (or any other software) should not be used on such a data set!</b>			
<b>It is suggested to use alternative site specific values determined by the Project Team to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).</b>			
<b>The data set for variable thallium was not processed!</b>			
<b>vanadium</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	10	Number of Distinct Observations	8
		Number of Missing Observations	6
Minimum	34	First Quartile	35.5
Second Largest	67	Median	38.5
Maximum	190	Third Quartile	52.5
Mean	57.9	SD	47.63
Coefficient of Variation	0.823	Skewness	2.884
Mean of logged Data	3.89	SD of logged Data	0.527
<b>Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)</b>			
Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	2.911	d2max (for USL)	2.176
<b>Normal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.548	<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.842	Data Not Normal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.341	<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.262	Data Not Normal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data Not Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>			
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	196.6	90% Percentile (z)	118.9
95% UPL (t)	149.5	95% Percentile (z)	136.2
95% USL	161.5	99% Percentile (z)	168.7
<b>Gamma GOF Test</b>			
A-D Test Statistic	1.459	<b>Anderson-Darling Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.732	Data Not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
K-S Test Statistic	0.285	<b>Kolmogorov-Smirnov Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% K-S Critical Value	0.268	Data Not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data Not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Gamma Statistics</b>			
k hat (MLE)	3.123	k star (bias corrected MLE)	2.253
Theta hat (MLE)	18.54	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	25.7

nu hat (MLE)	62.46	nu star (bias corrected)	45.06
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	57.9	MLE Sd (bias corrected)	38.58
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Gamma Distribution</b>			
95% Wilson Hilferty (WH) Approx. Gamma UPL	139.3	90% Percentile	109.5
95% Hawkins Wixley (HW) Approx. Gamma UPL	138.1	95% Percentile	132.3
95% WH Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	209.5	99% Percentile	182.5
95% HW Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	212.7		
95% WH USL	155.5	95% HW USL	155
<b>Lognormal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.71	<b>Shapiro Wilk Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.842	Data Not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.249	<b>Lilliefors Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.262	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data appear Approximate Lognormal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Statistics assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>			
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	227	90% Percentile (z)	96.14
95% UPL (t)	134.8	95% Percentile (z)	116.4
95% USL	154.1	99% Percentile (z)	166.8
<b>Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics</b>			
<b>Data appear Approximate Lognormal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Nonparametric Upper Limits for Background Threshold Values</b>			
Order of Statistic, r	10	95% UTL with 95% Coverage	190
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.526	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.401
		Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59
95% Percentile Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	190	95% BCA Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	190
95% UPL	190	90% Percentile	79.3
90% Chebyshev UPL	207.8	95% Percentile	134.7
95% Chebyshev UPL	275.7	99% Percentile	178.9
95% USL	190		
<p>Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20.</p> <p>Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.</p> <p>The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.</p>			
<b>zinc</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	10	Number of Distinct Observations	10
		Number of Missing Observations	6
Minimum	40	First Quartile	44.25
Second Largest	75	Median	46.5
Maximum	230	Third Quartile	49.75
Mean	66.9	SD	58.12

Coefficient of Variation	0.869	Skewness	3.01
Mean of logged Data	4.028	SD of logged Data	0.524
<b>Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)</b>			
Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	2.911	d2max (for USL)	2.176
<b>Normal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.485	<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.842	Data Not Normal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.414	<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.262	Data Not Normal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data Not Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>			
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	236.1	90% Percentile (z)	141.4
95% UPL (t)	178.6	95% Percentile (z)	162.5
95% USL	193.4	99% Percentile (z)	202.1
<b>Gamma GOF Test</b>			
A-D Test Statistic	2.033	<b>Anderson-Darling Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.732	Data Not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
K-S Test Statistic	0.412	<b>Kolmogorov-Smirnov Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% K-S Critical Value	0.268	Data Not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data Not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Gamma Statistics</b>			
k hat (MLE)	3.009	k star (bias corrected MLE)	2.173
Theta hat (MLE)	22.23	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	30.79
nu hat (MLE)	60.18	nu star (bias corrected)	43.46
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	66.9	MLE Sd (bias corrected)	45.38
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Gamma Distribution</b>			
95% Wilson Hilferty (WH) Approx. Gamma UPL	162.6	90% Percentile	127.6
95% Hawkins Wixley (HW) Approx. Gamma UPL	160.4	95% Percentile	154.6
95% WH Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	245.8	99% Percentile	214.2
95% HW Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	248.1		
95% WH USL	181.7	95% HW USL	180.2
<b>Lognormal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.608	<b>Shapiro Wilk Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.842	Data Not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.388	<b>Lilliefors Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.262	Data Not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data Not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Statistics assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>			
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	258	90% Percentile (z)	109.9
95% UPL (t)	153.7	95% Percentile (z)	132.9
95% USL	175.6	99% Percentile (z)	189.9

**Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics**

**Data do not follow a Discernible Distribution (0.05)**

**Nonparametric Upper Limits for Background Threshold Values**

Order of Statistic, r	10	95% UTL with 95% Coverage	230
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.526	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.401
		Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59
95% Percentile Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	230	95% BCA Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	230
95% UPL	230	90% Percentile	90.5
90% Chebyshev UPL	249.8	95% Percentile	160.3
95% Chebyshev UPL	332.6	99% Percentile	216.1
95% USL	230		

Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20.

Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.

The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.

Goodness-of-Fit Test Statistics for Data Sets with Non-Detects							
User Selected Options							
Date/Time of Computation	ProUCL 5.18/17/2021 4:14:53 PM						
From File	ProUCL Background Inputs.xls						
Full Precision	OFF						
Confidence Coefficient	0.95						
<b>antimony</b>							
	Num Obs	Num Miss	Num Valid	Detects	NDs	% NDs	
Raw Statistics	16	6	10	0	10	100.00%	
<b>Warning: All observations are Non-Detects (NDs), therefore all statistics and estimates should also be NDs!</b>							
<b>Specifically, sample mean, UCLs, UPLs, and other statistics are also NDs lying below the largest detection limit!</b>							
<b>The Project Team may decide to use alternative site specific values to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).</b>							
<b>The data set for variable antimony was not processed!</b>							
<b>arsenic</b>							
<b>Raw Statistics</b>							
Number of Valid Observations	16						
Number of Distinct Observations	13						
Minimum	1.4						
Maximum	3.08						
Mean of Raw Data	1.997						
Standard Deviation of Raw Data	0.376						
Khat	33.27						
Theta hat	0.06						
Kstar	27.08						
Theta star	0.0737						
Mean of Log Transformed Data	0.676						
Standard Deviation of Log Transformed Data	0.176						
<b>Normal GOF Test Results</b>							
Correlation Coefficient R	0.929						
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.887						
Shapiro Wilk Critical (0.05) Value	0.887						
Approximate Shapiro Wilk P Value	0.039						
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.147						
Lilliefors Critical (0.05) Value	0.213						
<b>Data appear Normal at (0.05) Significance Level</b>							
<b>Gamma GOF Test Results</b>							
Correlation Coefficient R	0.948						



A-D Test Statistic	0.399						
A-D Critical (0.05) Value	0.736						
K-S Test Statistic	0.124						
K-S Critical(0.05) Value	0.215						
<b>Data appear Gamma Distributed at (0.05) Significance Level</b>							
<b>Lognormal GOF Test Results</b>							
Correlation Coefficient R	0.963						
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.948						
Shapiro Wilk Critical (0.05) Value	0.887						
Approximate Shapiro Wilk P Value	0.368						
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.125						
Lilliefors Critical (0.05) Value	0.213						
<b>Data appear Lognormal at (0.05) Significance Level</b>							
<b>barium</b>							
<b>Raw Statistics</b>							
Number of Valid Observations	16						
Number of Distinct Observations	15						
Minimum	36						
Maximum	77.9						
Mean of Raw Data	54.96						
Standard Deviation of Raw Data	11.56						
Khat	25.01						
Theta hat	2.197						
Kstar	20.36						
Theta star	2.699						
Mean of Log Transformed Data	3.986						
Standard Deviation of Log Transformed Data	0.206						
<b>Normal GOF Test Results</b>							
Correlation Coefficient R	0.971						
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.942						
Shapiro Wilk Critical (0.05) Value	0.887						
Approximate Shapiro Wilk P Value	0.378						
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.192						
Lilliefors Critical (0.05) Value	0.213						
<b>Data appear Normal at (0.05) Significance Level</b>							
<b>Gamma GOF Test Results</b>							
Correlation Coefficient R	0.981						
A-D Test Statistic	0.321						
A-D Critical (0.05) Value	0.736						
K-S Test Statistic	0.17						
K-S Critical(0.05) Value	0.215						
<b>Data appear Gamma Distributed at (0.05) Significance Level</b>							

<b>Lognormal GOF Test Results</b>							
Correlation Coefficient R	0.984						
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.968						
Shapiro Wilk Critical (0.05) Value	0.887						
Approximate Shapiro Wilk P Value	0.779						
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.156						
Lilliefors Critical (0.05) Value	0.213						
<b>Data appear Lognormal at (0.05) Significance Level</b>							
<b>beryllium</b>							
<b>Raw Statistics</b>							
Number of Valid Observations	16						
Number of Distinct Observations	14						
Minimum	0.293						
Maximum	0.99						
Mean of Raw Data	0.507						
Standard Deviation of Raw Data	0.154						
Khat	14.04						
Theta hat	0.0361						
Kstar	11.45						
Theta star	0.0443						
Mean of Log Transformed Data	-0.715						
Standard Deviation of Log Transformed Data	0.268						
<b>Normal GOF Test Results</b>							
Correlation Coefficient R	0.886						
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.813						
Shapiro Wilk Critical (0.05) Value	0.887						
Approximate Shapiro Wilk P Value	0.00264						
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.228						
Lilliefors Critical (0.05) Value	0.213						
<b>Data not Normal at (0.05) Significance Level</b>							
<b>Gamma GOF Test Results</b>							
Correlation Coefficient R	0.92						
A-D Test Statistic	0.558						
A-D Critical (0.05) Value	0.738						
K-S Test Statistic	0.185						
K-S Critical(0.05) Value	0.215						
<b>Data appear Gamma Distributed at (0.05) Significance Level</b>							
<b>Lognormal GOF Test Results</b>							
Correlation Coefficient R	0.953						
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.933						

Shapiro Wilk Critical (0.05) Value	0.887					
Approximate Shapiro Wilk P Value	0.206					
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.169					
Lilliefors Critical (0.05) Value	0.213					
<b>Data appear Lognormal at (0.05) Significance Level</b>						
<b>cadmium</b>						
	Num Obs	Num Miss	Num Valid	Detects	NDs	% NDs
Raw Statistics	16	0	16	7	9	56.25%
	Number	Minimum	Maximum	Mean	Median	SD
Statistics (Non-Detects Only)	9	0.27	0.3	0.283	0.28	0.0122
Statistics (Non-Detects Only)	7	0.0918	0.38	0.161	0.136	0.101
Statistics (All: NDs treated as DL value)	16	0.0918	0.38	0.23	0.27	0.09
Statistics (All: NDs treated as DL/2 value)	16	0.0918	0.38	0.15	0.14	0.0648
Statistics (Normal ROS Imputed Data)	16	0.0772	0.38	0.147	0.136	0.0725
Statistics (Gamma ROS Imputed Data)	16	0.0789	0.38	0.143	0.131	0.0718
Statistics (Lognormal ROS Imputed Data)	16	0.0918	0.38	0.143	0.131	0.0693
	K hat	K Star	Theta hat	Log Mean	Log Stdv	Log CV
Statistics (Non-Detects Only)	4.282	2.542	0.0376	-1.948	0.491	-0.252
Statistics (NDs = DL)	5.628	4.614	0.0408	-1.562	0.47	-0.301
Statistics (NDs = DL/2)	9.164	7.487	0.0164	-1.952	0.312	-0.16
Statistics (Gamma ROS Estimates)	6.178	5.062	0.0231	-2.03	0.392	-0.193
Statistics (Lognormal ROS Estimates)	--	--	--	-2.02	0.358	-0.177
<b>Normal GOF Test Results</b>						
	No NDs	NDs = DL	NDs = DL/2	Normal ROS		
Correlation Coefficient R	0.832	0.936	0.729	0.849		
	Test value	Crit. (0.05)	Conclusion with Alpha(0.05)			
Shapiro-Wilk (Detects Only)	0.712	0.803	Data Not Normal			
Shapiro-Wilk (NDs = DL)	0.866	0.887	Data Not Normal			
Shapiro-Wilk (NDs = DL/2)	0.566	0.887	Data Not Normal			
Shapiro-Wilk (Normal ROS Estimates)	0.742	0.887	Data Not Normal			
Lilliefors (Detects Only)	0.3	0.304	Data Appear Normal			
Lilliefors (NDs = DL)	0.297	0.213	Data Not Normal			
Lilliefors (NDs = DL/2)	0.376	0.213	Data Not Normal			
Lilliefors (Normal ROS Estimates)	0.215	0.213	Data Not Normal			
<b>Gamma GOF Test Results</b>						
	No NDs	NDs = DL	NDs = DL/2	Gamma ROS		
Correlation Coefficient R	0.919	0.901	0.791	0.893		
	Test value	Crit. (0.05)	Conclusion with Alpha(0.05)			
Anderson-Darling (Detects Only)	0.646	0.71				
Kolmogorov-Smirnov (Detects Only)	0.267	0.313	Detected Data Appear Gamma Distributed			

Anderson-Darling (NDs = DL)	1.302	0.741				
Kolmogorov-Smirnov (NDs = DL)	0.328	0.216	Data Not Gamma Distributed			
Anderson-Darling (NDs = DL/2)	1.888	0.739				
Kolmogorov-Smirnov (NDs = DL/2)	0.332	0.215	Data Not Gamma Distributed			
Anderson-Darling (Gamma ROS Estimates)	0.81	0.741				
Kolmogorov-Smirnov (Gamma ROS Est.)	0.165	0.216	Detected Data appear Approximate Gamma Distr			
<b>Lognormal GOF Test Results</b>						
	No NDs	NDs = DL	NDs = DL/2	Log ROS		
Correlation Coefficient R	0.918	0.916	0.846	0.905		
	Test value	Crit. (0.05)	Conclusion with Alpha(0.05)			
Shapiro-Wilk (Detects Only)	0.851	0.803	Data Appear Lognormal			
Shapiro-Wilk (NDs = DL)	0.827	0.887	Data Not Lognormal			
Shapiro-Wilk (NDs = DL/2)	0.748	0.887	Data Not Lognormal			
Shapiro-Wilk (Lognormal ROS Estimates)	0.832	0.887	Data Not Lognormal			
Lilliefors (Detects Only)	0.235	0.304	Data Appear Lognormal			
Lilliefors (NDs = DL)	0.33	0.213	Data Not Lognormal			
Lilliefors (NDs = DL/2)	0.305	0.213	Data Not Lognormal			
Lilliefors (Lognormal ROS Estimates)	0.162	0.213	Data Appear Lognormal			
<b>Note: Substitution methods such as DL or DL/2 are not recommended.</b>						
<b>hexavalent chromium</b>						
	Num Obs	Num Miss	Num Valid	Detects	NDs	% NDs
Raw Statistics	16	0	16	9	7	43.75%
	Number	Minimum	Maximum	Mean	Median	SD
Statistics (Non-Detects Only)	7	0.12	1.19	0.863	1.14	0.504
Statistics (Non-Detects Only)	9	0.21	5.34	1.176	0.81	1.579
Statistics (All: NDs treated as DL value)	16	0.12	5.34	1.039	0.855	1.207
Statistics (All: NDs treated as DL/2 value)	16	0.06	5.34	0.85	0.58	1.225
Statistics (Normal ROS Imputed Data)	16	-1.631	5.34	0.589	0.6	1.524
Statistics (Gamma ROS Imputed Data)	16	0.01	5.34	0.791	0.6	1.263
Statistics (Lognormal ROS Imputed Data)	16	0.13	5.34	0.836	0.6	1.23
	K hat	K Star	Theta hat	Log Mean	Log Stdv	Log CV
Statistics (Non-Detects Only)	1.299	0.94	0.905	-0.27	0.867	-3.21
Statistics (NDs = DL)	1.38	1.163	0.753	-0.366	0.941	-2.571
Statistics (NDs = DL/2)	1.124	0.955	0.756	-0.669	1.045	-1.561
Statistics (Gamma ROS Estimates)	0.541	0.482	1.46	-1.394	2.029	-1.456
Statistics (Lognormal ROS Estimates)	--	--	--	-0.641	0.893	-1.394
<b>Normal GOF Test Results</b>						
	No NDs	NDs = DL	NDs = DL/2	Normal ROS		
Correlation Coefficient R	0.705	0.73	0.659	0.853		

	Test value	Crit. (0.05)	Conclusion with Alpha(0.05)	
Shapiro-Wilk (Detects Only)	0.531	0.829	Data Not Normal	
Shapiro-Wilk (NDs = DL)	0.564	0.887	Data Not Normal	
Shapiro-Wilk (NDs = DL/2)	0.467	0.887	Data Not Normal	
Shapiro-Wilk (Normal ROS Estimates)	0.759	0.887	Data Not Normal	
Lilliefors (Detects Only)	0.463	0.274	Data Not Normal	
Lilliefors (NDs = DL)	0.388	0.213	Data Not Normal	
Lilliefors (NDs = DL/2)	0.428	0.213	Data Not Normal	
Lilliefors (Normal ROS Estimates)	0.308	0.213	Data Not Normal	
<b>Gamma GOF Test Results</b>				
	No NDs	NDs = DL	NDs = DL/2	Gamma ROS
Correlation Coefficient R	0.864	0.856	0.822	0.884
	Test value	Crit. (0.05)	Conclusion with Alpha(0.05)	
Anderson-Darling (Detects Only)	1.129	0.738		
Kolmogorov-Smirnov (Detects Only)	0.394	0.285	Data Not Gamma Distributed	
Anderson-Darling (NDs = DL)	0.894	0.757		
Kolmogorov-Smirnov (NDs = DL)	0.265	0.219	Data Not Gamma Distributed	
Anderson-Darling (NDs = DL/2)	1.404	0.761		
Kolmogorov-Smirnov (NDs = DL/2)	0.299	0.221	Data Not Gamma Distributed	
Anderson-Darling (Gamma ROS Estimates)	1.083	0.793		
Kolmogorov-Smirnov (Gamma ROS Est.)	0.234	0.227	Data Not Gamma Distributed	
<b>Lognormal GOF Test Results</b>				
	No NDs	NDs = DL	NDs = DL/2	Log ROS
Correlation Coefficient R	0.904	0.938	0.904	0.942
	Test value	Crit. (0.05)	Conclusion with Alpha(0.05)	
Shapiro-Wilk (Detects Only)	0.852	0.829	Data Appear Lognormal	
Shapiro-Wilk (NDs = DL)	0.893	0.887	Data Appear Lognormal	
Shapiro-Wilk (NDs = DL/2)	0.839	0.887	Data Not Lognormal	
Shapiro-Wilk (Lognormal ROS Estimates)	0.902	0.887	Data Appear Lognormal	
Lilliefors (Detects Only)	0.324	0.274	Data Not Lognormal	
Lilliefors (NDs = DL)	0.221	0.213	Data Not Lognormal	
Lilliefors (NDs = DL/2)	0.246	0.213	Data Not Lognormal	
Lilliefors (Lognormal ROS Estimates)	0.22	0.213	Data Not Lognormal	
<b>Note: Substitution methods such as DL or DL/2 are not recommended.</b>				
<b>trivalent chromium</b>				
<b>Raw Statistics</b>				
Number of Valid Observations	16			
Number of Distinct Observations	14			
Minimum	16.16			
Maximum	70.2			
Mean of Raw Data	26.43			

Standard Deviation of Raw Data	13.43						
Khat	6.387						
Theta hat	4.139						
Kstar	5.231						
Theta star	5.053						
Mean of Log Transformed Data	3.194						
Standard Deviation of Log Transformed Data	0.377						
<b>Normal GOF Test Results</b>							
Correlation Coefficient R	0.804						
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.668						
Shapiro Wilk Critical (0.05) Value	0.887						
Approximate Shapiro Wilk P Value	3.1044E-5						
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.307						
Lilliefors Critical (0.05) Value	0.213						
<b>Data not Normal at (0.05) Significance Level</b>							
<b>Gamma GOF Test Results</b>							
Correlation Coefficient R	0.883						
A-D Test Statistic	1.306						
A-D Critical (0.05) Value	0.741						
K-S Test Statistic	0.272						
K-S Critical(0.05) Value	0.216						
<b>Data not Gamma Distributed at (0.05) Significance Level</b>							
<b>Lognormal GOF Test Results</b>							
Correlation Coefficient R	0.905						
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.831						
Shapiro Wilk Critical (0.05) Value	0.887						
Approximate Shapiro Wilk P Value	0.00584						
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.245						
Lilliefors Critical (0.05) Value	0.213						
<b>Data not Lognormal at (0.05) Significance Level</b>							
<b>Non-parametric GOF Test Results</b>							
<b>Data do not follow a discernible distribution at (0.05) Level of Significance</b>							
<b>total chromium</b>							
<b>Raw Statistics</b>							
Number of Valid Observations	16						
Number of Distinct Observations	14						
Minimum	16						
Maximum	70.2						
Mean of Raw Data	26.63						
Standard Deviation of Raw Data	13.98						

Khat	5.828						
Theta hat	4.568						
Kstar	4.777						
Theta star	5.573						
Mean of Log Transformed Data	3.194						
Standard Deviation of Log Transformed Data	0.397						
<b>Normal GOF Test Results</b>							
Correlation Coefficient R	0.819						
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.689						
Shapiro Wilk Critical (0.05) Value	0.887						
Approximate Shapiro Wilk P Value	5.8616E-5						
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.31						
Lilliefors Critical (0.05) Value	0.213						
<b>Data not Normal at (0.05) Significance Level</b>							
<b>Gamma GOF Test Results</b>							
Correlation Coefficient R	0.901						
A-D Test Statistic	1.323						
A-D Critical (0.05) Value	0.741						
K-S Test Statistic	0.273						
K-S Critical(0.05) Value	0.216						
<b>Data not Gamma Distributed at (0.05) Significance Level</b>							
<b>Lognormal GOF Test Results</b>							
Correlation Coefficient R	0.909						
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.833						
Shapiro Wilk Critical (0.05) Value	0.887						
Approximate Shapiro Wilk P Value	0.00674						
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.245						
Lilliefors Critical (0.05) Value	0.213						
<b>Data not Lognormal at (0.05) Significance Level</b>							
<b>Non-parametric GOF Test Results</b>							
<b>Data do not follow a discernible distribution at (0.05) Level of Significance</b>							
<b>cobalt</b>							
<b>Raw Statistics</b>							
Number of Valid Observations	16						
Number of Distinct Observations	14						
Minimum	6.3						
Maximum	27						
Mean of Raw Data	13.73						
Standard Deviation of Raw Data	6.721						
Khat	4.558						



Theta hat	3.011						
Kstar	3.745						
Theta star	3.665						
Mean of Log Transformed Data	2.506						
Standard Deviation of Log Transformed Data	0.494						
<b>Normal GOF Test Results</b>							
Correlation Coefficient R	0.952						
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.891						
Shapiro Wilk Critical (0.05) Value	0.887						
Approximate Shapiro Wilk P Value	0.0725						
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.198						
Lilliefors Critical (0.05) Value	0.213						
<b>Data appear Normal at (0.05) Significance Level</b>							
<b>Gamma GOF Test Results</b>							
Correlation Coefficient R	0.974						
A-D Test Statistic	0.69						
A-D Critical (0.05) Value	0.742						
K-S Test Statistic	0.218						
K-S Critical(0.05) Value	0.216						
<b>Data appear Gamma Distributed at (0.05) Significance Level</b>							
<b>Lognormal GOF Test Results</b>							
Correlation Coefficient R	0.959						
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.9						
Shapiro Wilk Critical (0.05) Value	0.887						
Approximate Shapiro Wilk P Value	0.108						
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.215						
Lilliefors Critical (0.05) Value	0.213						
<b>Data appear Approximate_Lognormal at (0.05) Significance Level</b>							
<b>copper</b>							
<b>Raw Statistics</b>							
Number of Valid Observations	16						
Number of Distinct Observations	12						
Minimum	15						
Maximum	62.8						
Mean of Raw Data	28.85						
Standard Deviation of Raw Data	15.78						
Khat	4.383						
Theta hat	6.582						
Kstar	3.603						
Theta star	8.007						
Mean of Log Transformed Data	3.244						
Standard Deviation of Log Transformed Data	0.482						

<b>Normal GOF Test Results</b>							
Correlation Coefficient R	0.9						
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.801						
Shapiro Wilk Critical (0.05) Value	0.887						
Approximate Shapiro Wilk P Value	0.00266						
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.213						
Lilliefors Critical (0.05) Value	0.213						
<b>Data appear Approximate Normal at (0.05) Significance Level</b>							
<b>Gamma GOF Test Results</b>							
Correlation Coefficient R	0.957						
A-D Test Statistic	0.943						
A-D Critical (0.05) Value	0.742						
K-S Test Statistic	0.212						
K-S Critical(0.05) Value	0.216						
<b>Data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at (0.05) Significance Level</b>							
<b>Lognormal GOF Test Results</b>							
Correlation Coefficient R	0.945						
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.876						
Shapiro Wilk Critical (0.05) Value	0.887						
Approximate Shapiro Wilk P Value	0.0423						
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.206						
Lilliefors Critical (0.05) Value	0.213						
<b>Data appear Approximate_Lognormal at (0.05) Significance Level</b>							
<b>lead</b>							
<b>Raw Statistics</b>							
Number of Valid Observations	10						
Number of Missing Observations	6						
Number of Distinct Observations	9						
Minimum	0.55						
Maximum	43						
Mean of Raw Data	22.76						
Standard Deviation of Raw Data	12.49						
Khat	1.383						
Theta hat	16.46						
Kstar	1.034						
Theta star	22						
Mean of Log Transformed Data	2.721						
Standard Deviation of Log Transformed Data	1.328						
<b>Normal GOF Test Results</b>							
Correlation Coefficient R	0.95						

Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.912						
Shapiro Wilk Critical (0.05) Value	0.842						
Approximate Shapiro Wilk P Value	0.242						
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.244						
Lilliefors Critical (0.05) Value	0.262						
<b>Data appear Normal at (0.05) Significance Level</b>							
<b>Gamma GOF Test Results</b>							
Correlation Coefficient R	0.86						
A-D Test Statistic	1.256						
A-D Critical (0.05) Value	0.741						
K-S Test Statistic	0.377						
K-S Critical(0.05) Value	0.272						
<b>Data not Gamma Distributed at (0.05) Significance Level</b>							
<b>Lognormal GOF Test Results</b>							
Correlation Coefficient R	0.809						
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.676						
Shapiro Wilk Critical (0.05) Value	0.842						
Approximate Shapiro Wilk P Value	4.1142E-4						
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.396						
Lilliefors Critical (0.05) Value	0.262						
<b>Data not Lognormal at (0.05) Significance Level</b>							
<b>manganese</b>							
<b>Raw Statistics</b>							
Number of Valid Observations	16						
Number of Distinct Observations	13						
Minimum	310						
Maximum	940						
Mean of Raw Data	547.3						
Standard Deviation of Raw Data	182.1						
Khat	10.67						
Theta hat	51.31						
Kstar	8.708						
Theta star	62.85						
Mean of Log Transformed Data	6.257						
Standard Deviation of Log Transformed Data	0.313						
<b>Normal GOF Test Results</b>							
Correlation Coefficient R	0.925						
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.854						
Shapiro Wilk Critical (0.05) Value	0.887						
Approximate Shapiro Wilk P Value	0.0161						
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.295						
Lilliefors Critical (0.05) Value	0.213						

Data not Normal at (0.05) Significance Level						
<b>Gamma GOF Test Results</b>						
Correlation Coefficient R	0.953					
A-D Test Statistic	1.03					
A-D Critical (0.05) Value	0.739					
K-S Test Statistic	0.281					
K-S Critical(0.05) Value	0.215					
Data not Gamma Distributed at (0.05) Significance Level						
<b>Lognormal GOF Test Results</b>						
Correlation Coefficient R	0.948					
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.896					
Shapiro Wilk Critical (0.05) Value	0.887					
Approximate Shapiro Wilk P Value	0.075					
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.264					
Lilliefors Critical (0.05) Value	0.213					
Data appear Approximate_Lognormal at (0.05) Significance Level						
<b>mercury</b>						
	Num Obs	Num Miss	Num Valid	Detects	NDs	% NDs
Raw Statistics	16	0	16	13	3	18.75%
	Number	Minimum	Maximum	Mean	Median	SD
Statistics (Non-Detects Only)	3	0.0067	0.023	0.0166	0.02	0.00868
Statistics (Non-Detects Only)	13	0.0072	0.28	0.0499	0.032	0.0701
Statistics (All: NDs treated as DL value)	16	0.0067	0.28	0.0437	0.0255	0.0642
Statistics (All: NDs treated as DL/2 value)	16	0.00335	0.28	0.0421	0.0255	0.065
Statistics (Normal ROS Imputed Data)	16	-0.0704	0.28	0.0312	0.0255	0.0749
Statistics (Gamma ROS Imputed Data)	16	0.0072	0.28	0.0425	0.0255	0.0648
Statistics (Lognormal ROS Imputed Data)	16	0.00522	0.28	0.0419	0.0255	0.065
	K hat	K Star	Theta hat	Log Mean	Log Stdv	Log CV
Statistics (Non-Detects Only)	1.377	1.111	0.0363	-3.402	0.807	-0.237
Statistics (NDs = DL)	1.314	1.11	0.0332	-3.557	0.833	-0.234
Statistics (NDs = DL/2)	1.098	0.934	0.0384	-3.687	0.979	-0.265
Statistics (Gamma ROS Estimates)	1.207	1.023	0.0352	-3.628	0.87	-0.24
Statistics (Lognormal ROS Estimates)	--	--	--	-3.691	0.958	-0.26
<b>Normal GOF Test Results</b>						
	No NDs	NDs = DL	NDs = DL/2	Normal ROS		
Correlation Coefficient R	0.661	0.647	0.666	0.806		
	Test value	Crit. (0.05)	Conclusion with Alpha(0.05)			
Shapiro-Wilk (Detects Only)	0.471	0.866	Data Not Normal			
Shapiro-Wilk (NDs = DL)	0.451	0.887	Data Not Normal			

Shapiro-Wilk (NDs = DL/2)	0.475	0.887	Data Not Normal		
Shapiro-Wilk (Normal ROS Estimates)	0.686	0.887	Data Not Normal		
Lilliefors (Detects Only)	0.4	0.234	Data Not Normal		
Lilliefors (NDs = DL)	0.374	0.213	Data Not Normal		
Lilliefors (NDs = DL/2)	0.365	0.213	Data Not Normal		
Lilliefors (Normal ROS Estimates)	0.318	0.213	Data Not Normal		
<b>Gamma GOF Test Results</b>					
	No NDs	NDs = DL	NDs = DL/2	Gamma ROS	
Correlation Coefficient R	0.829	0.817	0.84	0.832	
	Test value	Crit. (0.05)	Conclusion with Alpha(0.05)		
Anderson-Darling (Detects Only)	1.525	0.752			
Kolmogorov-Smirnov (Detects Only)	0.279	0.241	Data Not Gamma Distributed		
Anderson-Darling (NDs = DL)	1.554	0.758			
Kolmogorov-Smirnov (NDs = DL)	0.247	0.22	Data Not Gamma Distributed		
Anderson-Darling (NDs = DL/2)	1.06	0.762			
Kolmogorov-Smirnov (NDs = DL/2)	0.223	0.221	Data Not Gamma Distributed		
Anderson-Darling (Gamma ROS Estimates)	1.267	0.76			
Kolmogorov-Smirnov (Gamma ROS Est.)	0.231	0.22	Data Not Gamma Distributed		
<b>Lognormal GOF Test Results</b>					
	No NDs	NDs = DL	NDs = DL/2	Log ROS	
Correlation Coefficient R	0.897	0.915	0.952	0.948	
	Test value	Crit. (0.05)	Conclusion with Alpha(0.05)		
Shapiro-Wilk (Detects Only)	0.844	0.866	Data Not Lognormal		
Shapiro-Wilk (NDs = DL)	0.864	0.887	Data Not Lognormal		
Shapiro-Wilk (NDs = DL/2)	0.93	0.887	Data Appear Lognormal		
Shapiro-Wilk (Lognormal ROS Estimates)	0.912	0.887	Data Appear Lognormal		
Lilliefors (Detects Only)	0.227	0.234	Data Appear Lognormal		
Lilliefors (NDs = DL)	0.21	0.213	Data Appear Lognormal		
Lilliefors (NDs = DL/2)	0.197	0.213	Data Appear Lognormal		
Lilliefors (Lognormal ROS Estimates)	0.198	0.213	Data Appear Lognormal		
<b>Note: Substitution methods such as DL or DL/2 are not recommended.</b>					
<b>nickel</b>					
<b>Raw Statistics</b>					
Number of Valid Observations	16				
Number of Distinct Observations	14				
Minimum	4.9				
Maximum	20				
Mean of Raw Data	8.168				
Standard Deviation of Raw Data	4.026				
Khat	5.949				
Theta hat	1.373				

Kstar	4.876						
Theta star	1.675						
Mean of Log Transformed Data	2.014						
Standard Deviation of Log Transformed Data	0.404						
<b>Normal GOF Test Results</b>							
Correlation Coefficient R	0.87						
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.767						
Shapiro Wilk Critical (0.05) Value	0.887						
Approximate Shapiro Wilk P Value	6.9828E-4						
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.227						
Lilliefors Critical (0.05) Value	0.213						
<b>Data not Normal at (0.05) Significance Level</b>							
<b>Gamma GOF Test Results</b>							
Correlation Coefficient R	0.938						
A-D Test Statistic	0.845						
A-D Critical (0.05) Value	0.741						
K-S Test Statistic	0.192						
K-S Critical(0.05) Value	0.216						
<b>Data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at (0.05) Significance Level</b>							
<b>Lognormal GOF Test Results</b>							
Correlation Coefficient R	0.942						
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.884						
Shapiro Wilk Critical (0.05) Value	0.887						
Approximate Shapiro Wilk P Value	0.0484						
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.18						
Lilliefors Critical (0.05) Value	0.213						
<b>Data appear Approximate_Lognormal at (0.05) Significance Level</b>							
<b>selenium</b>							
	Num Obs	Num Miss	Num Valid	Detects	NDs	% NDs	
Raw Statistics	16	0	16	12	4	25.00%	
	Number	Minimum	Maximum	Mean	Median	SD	
Statistics (Non-Detects Only)	4	0.53	0.65	0.59	0.59	0.049	
Statistics (Non-Detects Only)	12	0.306	1.7	0.986	0.964	0.508	
Statistics (All: NDs treated as DL value)	16	0.306	1.7	0.887	0.62	0.47	
Statistics (All: NDs treated as DL/2 value)	16	0.265	1.7	0.813	0.553	0.534	
Statistics (Normal ROS Imputed Data)	16	0.306	1.7	0.859	0.617	0.495	
Statistics (Gamma ROS Imputed Data)	16	0.306	1.7	0.859	0.594	0.493	
Statistics (Lognormal ROS Imputed Data)	16	0.306	1.7	0.859	0.578	0.492	
	K hat	K Star	Theta hat	Log Mean	Log Stdv	Log CV	
Statistics (Non-Detects Only)	3.662	2.802	0.269	-0.157	0.582	-3.698	

Statistics (NDs = DL)	3.999	3.291	0.222	-0.251	0.527	-2.102		
Statistics (NDs = DL/2)	2.462	2.042	0.33	-0.424	0.691	-1.629		
Statistics (Gamma ROS Estimates)	3.391	2.797	0.253	-0.307	0.574	-1.874		
Statistics (Lognormal ROS Estimates)	--	--	--	-0.305	0.569	-1.868		
<b>Normal GOF Test Results</b>								
	No NDs	NDs = DL	NDs = DL/2	Normal ROS				
Correlation Coefficient R	0.958	0.931	0.933	0.939				
	Test value	Crit. (0.05)	Conclusion with Alpha(0.05)					
Shapiro-Wilk (Detects Only)	0.895	0.859	Data Appear Normal					
Shapiro-Wilk (NDs = DL)	0.852	0.887	Data Not Normal					
Shapiro-Wilk (NDs = DL/2)	0.848	0.887	Data Not Normal					
Shapiro-Wilk (Normal ROS Estimates)	0.862	0.887	Data Not Normal					
Lilliefors (Detects Only)	0.214	0.243	Data Appear Normal					
Lilliefors (NDs = DL)	0.255	0.213	Data Not Normal					
Lilliefors (NDs = DL/2)	0.243	0.213	Data Not Normal					
Lilliefors (Normal ROS Estimates)	0.226	0.213	Data Not Normal					
<b>Gamma GOF Test Results</b>								
	No NDs	NDs = DL	NDs = DL/2	Gamma ROS				
Correlation Coefficient R	0.941	0.952	0.948	0.953				
	Test value	Crit. (0.05)	Conclusion with Alpha(0.05)					
Anderson-Darling (Detects Only)	0.53	0.737						
Kolmogorov-Smirnov (Detects Only)	0.205	0.247	Detected Data Appear Gamma Distributed					
Anderson-Darling (NDs = DL)	0.833	0.742						
Kolmogorov-Smirnov (NDs = DL)	0.225	0.216	Data Not Gamma Distributed					
Anderson-Darling (NDs = DL/2)	0.755	0.748						
Kolmogorov-Smirnov (NDs = DL/2)	0.19	0.217	Detected Data appear Approximate Gamma Distr					
Anderson-Darling (Gamma ROS Estimates)	0.759	0.743						
Kolmogorov-Smirnov (Gamma ROS Est.)	0.206	0.216	Detected Data appear Approximate Gamma Distr					
<b>Lognormal GOF Test Results</b>								
	No NDs	NDs = DL	NDs = DL/2	Log ROS				
Correlation Coefficient R	0.961	0.959	0.955	0.959				
	Test value	Crit. (0.05)	Conclusion with Alpha(0.05)					
Shapiro-Wilk (Detects Only)	0.906	0.859	Data Appear Lognormal					
Shapiro-Wilk (NDs = DL)	0.909	0.887	Data Appear Lognormal					
Shapiro-Wilk (NDs = DL/2)	0.887	0.887	Data Not Lognormal					
Shapiro-Wilk (Lognormal ROS Estimates)	0.901	0.887	Data Appear Lognormal					
Lilliefors (Detects Only)	0.181	0.243	Data Appear Lognormal					
Lilliefors (NDs = DL)	0.201	0.213	Data Appear Lognormal					
Lilliefors (NDs = DL/2)	0.157	0.213	Data Appear Lognormal					
Lilliefors (Lognormal ROS Estimates)	0.211	0.213	Data Appear Lognormal					



Note: Substitution methods such as DL or DL/2 are not recommended.

**strontium**

**Raw Statistics**

Number of Valid Observations	16
Number of Distinct Observations	13
Minimum	14
Maximum	46
Mean of Raw Data	21.7
Standard Deviation of Raw Data	7.877
Khat	10.41
Theta hat	2.084
Kstar	8.501
Theta star	2.553
Mean of Log Transformed Data	3.029
Standard Deviation of Log Transformed Data	0.307

**Normal GOF Test Results**

Correlation Coefficient R	0.879
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.791
Shapiro Wilk Critical (0.05) Value	0.887
Approximate Shapiro Wilk P Value	0.00141
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.208
Lilliefors Critical (0.05) Value	0.213

Data appear Approximate Normal at (0.05) Significance Level

**Gamma GOF Test Results**

Correlation Coefficient R	0.926
A-D Test Statistic	0.604
A-D Critical (0.05) Value	0.739
K-S Test Statistic	0.186
K-S Critical(0.05) Value	0.215

Data appear Gamma Distributed at (0.05) Significance Level

**Lognormal GOF Test Results**

Correlation Coefficient R	0.951
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.91
Shapiro Wilk Critical (0.05) Value	0.887
Approximate Shapiro Wilk P Value	0.112
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.17
Lilliefors Critical (0.05) Value	0.213

Data appear Lognormal at (0.05) Significance Level

**thallium**

	Num Obs	Num Miss	Num Valid	Detects	NDs	% NDs
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Raw Statistics	16	6	10	1	9	90.00%		
<b>Warning: Only one distinct data value was detected! ProUCL (or any other software) should not be used on such a data set!</b>								
<b>It is suggested to use alternative site specific values determined by the Project Team to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).</b>								
<b>The data set for variable thallium was not processed!</b>								
<b>vanadium</b>								
<b>Raw Statistics</b>								
Number of Valid Observations	10							
Number of Missing Observations	6							
Number of Distinct Observations	8							
Minimum	34							
Maximum	190							
Mean of Raw Data	57.9							
Standard Deviation of Raw Data	47.63							
Khat	3.123							
Theta hat	18.54							
Kstar	2.253							
Theta star	25.7							
Mean of Log Transformed Data	3.89							
Standard Deviation of Log Transformed Data	0.527							
<b>Normal GOF Test Results</b>								
Correlation Coefficient R	0.721							
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.548							
Shapiro Wilk Critical (0.05) Value	0.842							
Approximate Shapiro Wilk P Value	1.7634E-5							
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.341							
Lilliefors Critical (0.05) Value	0.262							
<b>Data not Normal at (0.05) Significance Level</b>								
<b>Gamma GOF Test Results</b>								
Correlation Coefficient R	0.847							
A-D Test Statistic	1.459							
A-D Critical (0.05) Value	0.732							
K-S Test Statistic	0.285							
K-S Critical(0.05) Value	0.268							
<b>Data not Gamma Distributed at (0.05) Significance Level</b>								
<b>Lognormal GOF Test Results</b>								
Correlation Coefficient R	0.832							
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.71							
Shapiro Wilk Critical (0.05) Value	0.842							

Approximate Shapiro Wilk P Value	0.00103					
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.249					
Lilliefors Critical (0.05) Value	0.262					
<b>Data appear Approximate_Lognormal at (0.05) Significance Level</b>						
<b>zinc</b>						
<b>Raw Statistics</b>						
Number of Valid Observations	10					
Number of Missing Observations	6					
Number of Distinct Observations	10					
Minimum	40					
Maximum	230					
Mean of Raw Data	66.9					
Standard Deviation of Raw Data	58.12					
Khat	3.009					
Theta hat	22.23					
Kstar	2.173					
Theta star	30.79					
Mean of Log Transformed Data	4.028					
Standard Deviation of Log Transformed Data	0.524					
<b>Normal GOF Test Results</b>						
Correlation Coefficient R	0.674					
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.485					
Shapiro Wilk Critical (0.05) Value	0.842					
Approximate Shapiro Wilk P Value	4.0927E-6					
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.414					
Lilliefors Critical (0.05) Value	0.262					
<b>Data not Normal at (0.05) Significance Level</b>						
<b>Gamma GOF Test Results</b>						
Correlation Coefficient R	0.809					
A-D Test Statistic	2.033					
A-D Critical (0.05) Value	0.732					
K-S Test Statistic	0.412					
K-S Critical(0.05) Value	0.268					
<b>Data not Gamma Distributed at (0.05) Significance Level</b>						
<b>Lognormal GOF Test Results</b>						
Correlation Coefficient R	0.762					
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.608					
Shapiro Wilk Critical (0.05) Value	0.842					
Approximate Shapiro Wilk P Value	7.2387E-5					
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.388					
Lilliefors Critical (0.05) Value	0.262					
<b>Data not Lognormal at (0.05) Significance Level</b>						

<b>Non-parametric GOF Test Results</b>						
<b>Data do not follow a discernible distribution at (0.05) Level of Significance</b>						

		Outlier Tests for Selected Variables excluding nondetects					
User Selected Options							
Date/Time of Computation	ProUCL 5.19/2/2021 1:32:32 PM						
	From File	ProUCL Background Inputs.xls					
	Full Precision	OFF					
<b>No Outlier Test for antimony</b>							
<b>Dixon's Outlier Test for arsenic</b>							
Total N = 16							
Number NDs = 0							
Number Detects = 16							
10% critical value: 0.454							
5% critical value: 0.507							
1% critical value: 0.595							
Note: NDs excluded from Outlier Test							
<b>1. Data Value 3.08 is a Potential Outlier (Upper Tail)?</b>							
Test Statistic: 0.572							
For 10% significance level, 3.08 is an outlier.							
For 5% significance level, 3.08 is an outlier.							
For 1% significance level, 3.08 is not an outlier.							
<b>2. Data Value 1.4 is a Potential Outlier (Lower Tail)?</b>							
Test Statistic: 0.337							
For 10% significance level, 1.4 is not an outlier.							
For 5% significance level, 1.4 is not an outlier.							
For 1% significance level, 1.4 is not an outlier.							
<b>Dixon's Outlier Test for barium</b>							
Total N = 16							
Number NDs = 0							
Number Detects = 16							
10% critical value: 0.454							
5% critical value: 0.507							
1% critical value: 0.595							
Note: NDs excluded from Outlier Test							
<b>1. Data Value 77.9 is a Potential Outlier (Upper Tail)?</b>							
Test Statistic: 0.353							





5% critical value: 0.507								
1% critical value: 0.595								
Note: NDs excluded from Outlier Test								
<b>1. Data Value 70.2 is a Potential Outlier (Upper Tail)?</b>								
Test Statistic: 0.608								
For 10% significance level, 70.2 is an outlier.								
For 5% significance level, 70.2 is an outlier.								
For 1% significance level, 70.2 is an outlier.								
<b>2. Data Value 16.16 is a Potential Outlier (Lower Tail)?</b>								
Test Statistic: 0.064								
For 10% significance level, 16.16 is not an outlier.								
For 5% significance level, 16.16 is not an outlier.								
For 1% significance level, 16.16 is not an outlier.								
<b>Dixon's Outlier Test for total chromium</b>								
Total N = 16								
Number NDs = 0								
Number Detects = 16								
10% critical value: 0.454								
5% critical value: 0.507								
1% critical value: 0.595								
Note: NDs excluded from Outlier Test								
<b>1. Data Value 70.2 is a Potential Outlier (Upper Tail)?</b>								
Test Statistic: 0.598								
For 10% significance level, 70.2 is an outlier.								
For 5% significance level, 70.2 is an outlier.								
For 1% significance level, 70.2 is an outlier.								
<b>2. Data Value 16 is a Potential Outlier (Lower Tail)?</b>								
Test Statistic: 0.087								
For 10% significance level, 16 is not an outlier.								
For 5% significance level, 16 is not an outlier.								
For 1% significance level, 16 is not an outlier.								
<b>Dixon's Outlier Test for cobalt</b>								





<b>Dixon's Outlier Test for lead</b>							
Total N = 10							
Number NDs = 0							
Number Detects = 10							
10% critical value: 0.409							
5% critical value: 0.477							
1% critical value: 0.597							
Note: NDs excluded from Outlier Test							
<b>1. Data Value 43 is a Potential Outlier (Upper Tail)?</b>							
Test Statistic: 0.282							
For 10% significance level, 43 is not an outlier.							
For 5% significance level, 43 is not an outlier.							
For 1% significance level, 43 is not an outlier.							
<b>2. Data Value 0.55 is a Potential Outlier (Lower Tail)?</b>							
Test Statistic: 0.110							
For 10% significance level, 0.55 is not an outlier.							
For 5% significance level, 0.55 is not an outlier.							
For 1% significance level, 0.55 is not an outlier.							
<b>Dixon's Outlier Test for manganese</b>							
Total N = 16							
Number NDs = 0							
Number Detects = 16							
10% critical value: 0.454							
5% critical value: 0.507							
1% critical value: 0.595							
Note: NDs excluded from Outlier Test							
<b>1. Data Value 940 is a Potential Outlier (Upper Tail)?</b>							
Test Statistic: 0.342							
For 10% significance level, 940 is not an outlier.							
For 5% significance level, 940 is not an outlier.							
For 1% significance level, 940 is not an outlier.							
<b>2. Data Value 310 is a Potential Outlier (Lower Tail)?</b>							
Test Statistic: 0.223							

For 10% significance level, 310 is not an outlier.							
For 5% significance level, 310 is not an outlier.							
For 1% significance level, 310 is not an outlier.							
<b>Dixon's Outlier Test for mercury</b>							
Total N = 16							
Number NDs = 3							
Number Detects = 13							
10% critical value: 0.467							
5% critical value: 0.521							
1% critical value: 0.615							
Note: NDs excluded from Outlier Test							
<b>1. Data Value 0.28 is a Potential Outlier (Upper Tail)?</b>							
Test Statistic: 0.911							
For 10% significance level, 0.28 is an outlier.							
For 5% significance level, 0.28 is an outlier.							
For 1% significance level, 0.28 is an outlier.							
<b>2. Data Value 0.0072 is a Potential Outlier (Lower Tail)?</b>							
Test Statistic: 0.338							
For 10% significance level, 0.0072 is not an outlier.							
For 5% significance level, 0.0072 is not an outlier.							
For 1% significance level, 0.0072 is not an outlier.							
<b>Dixon's Outlier Test for nickel</b>							
Total N = 16							
Number NDs = 0							
Number Detects = 16							
10% critical value: 0.454							
5% critical value: 0.507							
1% critical value: 0.595							
Note: NDs excluded from Outlier Test							
<b>1. Data Value 20 is a Potential Outlier (Upper Tail)?</b>							
Test Statistic: 0.483							
For 10% significance level, 20 is an outlier.							
For 5% significance level, 20 is not an outlier.							
For 1% significance level, 20 is not an outlier.							

<b>2. Data Value 4.9 is a Potential Outlier (Lower Tail)?</b>							
Test Statistic: 0.025							
For 10% significance level, 4.9 is not an outlier.							
For 5% significance level, 4.9 is not an outlier.							
For 1% significance level, 4.9 is not an outlier.							
<b>Dixon's Outlier Test for selenium</b>							
Total N = 16							
Number NDs = 4							
Number Detects = 12							
10% critical value: 0.49							
5% critical value: 0.546							
1% critical value: 0.642							
Note: NDs excluded from Outlier Test							
<b>1. Data Value 1.7 is a Potential Outlier (Upper Tail)?</b>							
Test Statistic: 0.082							
For 10% significance level, 1.7 is not an outlier.							
For 5% significance level, 1.7 is not an outlier.							
For 1% significance level, 1.7 is not an outlier.							
<b>2. Data Value 0.306 is a Potential Outlier (Lower Tail)?</b>							
Test Statistic: 0.151							
For 10% significance level, 0.306 is not an outlier.							
For 5% significance level, 0.306 is not an outlier.							
For 1% significance level, 0.306 is not an outlier.							
<b>Dixon's Outlier Test for strontium</b>							
Total N = 16							
Number NDs = 0							
Number Detects = 16							
10% critical value: 0.454							
5% critical value: 0.507							
1% critical value: 0.595							
Note: NDs excluded from Outlier Test							
<b>1. Data Value 46 is a Potential Outlier (Upper Tail)?</b>							
Test Statistic: 0.674							

For 10% significance level, 46 is an outlier.							
For 5% significance level, 46 is an outlier.							
For 1% significance level, 46 is an outlier.							
<b>2. Data Value 14 is a Potential Outlier (Lower Tail)?</b>							
Test Statistic: 0.090							
For 10% significance level, 14 is not an outlier.							
For 5% significance level, 14 is not an outlier.							
For 1% significance level, 14 is not an outlier.							
<b>No Outlier Test for thallium</b>							
<b>Dixon's Outlier Test for vanadium</b>							
Total N = 10							
Number NDs = 0							
Number Detects = 10							
10% critical value: 0.409							
5% critical value: 0.477							
1% critical value: 0.597							
Note: NDs excluded from Outlier Test							
<b>1. Data Value 190 is a Potential Outlier (Upper Tail)?</b>							
Test Statistic: 0.794							
For 10% significance level, 190 is an outlier.							
For 5% significance level, 190 is an outlier.							
For 1% significance level, 190 is an outlier.							
<b>2. Data Value 34 is a Potential Outlier (Lower Tail)?</b>							
Test Statistic: 0.030							
For 10% significance level, 34 is not an outlier.							
For 5% significance level, 34 is not an outlier.							
For 1% significance level, 34 is not an outlier.							
<b>Dixon's Outlier Test for zinc</b>							
Total N = 10							
Number NDs = 0							
Number Detects = 10							
10% critical value: 0.409							
5% critical value: 0.477							

1% critical value: 0.597							
Note: NDs excluded from Outlier Test							
<b>1. Data Value 230 is a Potential Outlier (Upper Tail)?</b>							
Test Statistic: 0.829							
For 10% significance level, 230 is an outlier.							
For 5% significance level, 230 is an outlier.							
For 1% significance level, 230 is an outlier.							
<b>2. Data Value 40 is a Potential Outlier (Lower Tail)?</b>							
Test Statistic: 0.086							
For 10% significance level, 40 is not an outlier.							
For 5% significance level, 40 is not an outlier.							
For 1% significance level, 40 is not an outlier.							

Background Statistics for Data Sets with Non-Detects			
<b>User Selected Options</b>			
Date/Time of Computation	ProUCL 5.18/20/2021 9:53:58 AM		
From File	ProUCL Background Inputs_b.xls		
Full Precision	OFF		
Confidence Coefficient	95%		
Coverage	95%		
Different or Future K Observations	1		
Number of Bootstrap Operations	2000		
<b>antimony</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	2	Number of Missing Observations	2
Number of Distinct Observations	2		
Number of Detects	0	Number of Non-Detects	2
Number of Distinct Detects	0	Number of Distinct Non-Detects	2
Minimum Detect	N/A	Minimum Non-Detect	0.32
Maximum Detect	N/A	Maximum Non-Detect	0.325
Variance Detected	N/A	Percent Non-Detects	100%
Mean Detected	N/A	SD Detected	N/A
Mean of Detected Logged Data	N/A	SD of Detected Logged Data	N/A
<b>Warning: This data set only has 2 observations!</b>			
<b>Data set is too small to compute reliable and meaningful statistics and estimates!</b>			
<b>The data set for variable antimony was not processed!</b>			
<b>It is suggested to collect at least 8 to 10 observations before using these statistical methods!</b>			
<b>If possible, compute and collect Data Quality Objectives (DQO) based sample size and analytical results.</b>			
<b>arsenic</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	4	Number of Distinct Observations	4
Minimum	1.2	First Quartile	1.763
Second Largest	2.3	Median	2.125
Maximum	2.38	Third Quartile	2.32
Mean	1.958	SD	0.538
Coefficient of Variation	0.275	Skewness	-1.363
Mean of logged Data	0.638	SD of logged Data	0.316
<b>Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)</b>			
Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	5.144	d2max (for USL)	1.462
<b>Normal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.87	<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.748	Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.244	<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.375	Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	

Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level				
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>				
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	4.727	90% Percentile (z)	2.648	
95% UPL (t)	3.374	95% Percentile (z)	2.843	
95% USL	2.745	99% Percentile (z)	3.21	
<b>Gamma GOF Test</b>				
A-D Test Statistic	0.468	<b>Anderson-Darling Gamma GOF Test</b>		
5% A-D Critical Value	0.657	Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level		
K-S Test Statistic	0.279	<b>Kolmogorov-Smirnov Gamma GOF Test</b>		
5% K-S Critical Value	0.395	Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level		
<b>Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level</b>				
<b>Gamma Statistics</b>				
k hat (MLE)	14.82	k star (bias corrected MLE)	3.871	
Theta hat (MLE)	0.132	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	0.506	
nu hat (MLE)	118.5	nu star (bias corrected)	30.96	
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	1.958	MLE Sd (bias corrected)	0.995	
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Gamma Distribution</b>				
95% Wilson Hilferty (WH) Approx. Gamma UPL	3.878	90% Percentile	3.291	
95% Hawkins Wixley (HW) Approx. Gamma UPL	3.973	95% Percentile	3.828	
95% WH Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	6.703	99% Percentile	4.976	
95% HW Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	7.191			
95% WH USL	2.892	95% HW USL	2.917	
<b>Lognormal GOF Test</b>				
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.83	<b>Shapiro Wilk Lognormal GOF Test</b>		
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.748	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level		
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.288	<b>Lilliefors Lognormal GOF Test</b>		
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.375	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level		
<b>Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level</b>				
<b>Background Statistics assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>				
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	9.598	90% Percentile (z)	2.835	
95% UPL (t)	4.341	95% Percentile (z)	3.18	
95% USL	3.002	99% Percentile (z)	3.943	
<b>Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics</b>				
<b>Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>				
<b>Nonparametric Upper Limits for Background Threshold Values</b>				
Order of Statistic, r	4	95% UTL with 95% Coverage	2.38	
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.211	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.185	
		Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	N/A	95% BCA Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	N/A	
95% UPL	2.38	90% Percentile	2.356	
90% Chebyshev UPL	3.763	95% Percentile	2.368	
95% Chebyshev UPL	4.581	99% Percentile	2.378	



95% USL	2.38		
<p>Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20. Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations. The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.</p>			
<b>barium</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	4	Number of Distinct Observations	4
Minimum	12	First Quartile	16.88
Second Largest	23.5	Median	21
Maximum	38.4	Third Quartile	27.23
Mean	23.1	SD	11.23
Coefficient of Variation	0.486	Skewness	0.995
Mean of logged Data	3.052	SD of logged Data	0.485
<b>Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)</b>			
Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	5.144	d2max (for USL)	1.462
<b>Normal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.952	<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.748	Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.236	<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.375	Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>			
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	80.89	90% Percentile (z)	37.5
95% UPL (t)	52.66	95% Percentile (z)	41.58
95% USL	39.53	99% Percentile (z)	49.23
<b>Gamma GOF Test</b>			
A-D Test Statistic	0.212	<b>Anderson-Darling Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.659	Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
K-S Test Statistic	0.18	<b>Kolmogorov-Smirnov Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% K-S Critical Value	0.396	Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Gamma Statistics</b>			
k hat (MLE)	5.85	k star (bias corrected MLE)	1.629
Theta hat (MLE)	3.949	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	14.18
nu hat (MLE)	46.8	nu star (bias corrected)	13.03
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	23.1	MLE Sd (bias corrected)	18.1
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Gamma Distribution</b>			
95% Wilson Hilferty (WH) Approx. Gamma UPL	63.39	90% Percentile	47.18
95% Hawkins Wixley (HW) Approx. Gamma UPL	65.74	95% Percentile	58.55

95% WH Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	134.8	99% Percentile	84.07
95% HW Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	151.3		
95% WH USL	41.31	95% HW USL	41.66
<b>Lognormal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.998	<b>Shapiro Wilk Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.748	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.164	<b>Lilliefors Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.375	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Statistics assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>			
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	256.5	90% Percentile (z)	39.39
95% UPL (t)	75.81	95% Percentile (z)	46.98
95% USL	43.01	99% Percentile (z)	65.39
<b>Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics</b>			
<b>Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Nonparametric Upper Limits for Background Threshold Values</b>			
Order of Statistic, r	4	95% UTL with 95% Coverage	38.4
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.211	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.185
		Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59
95% Percentile Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	N/A	95% BCA Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	N/A
95% UPL	38.4	90% Percentile	33.93
90% Chebyshev UPL	60.78	95% Percentile	36.17
95% Chebyshev UPL	77.85	99% Percentile	37.95
95% USL	38.4		
<p>Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20. Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.</p> <p>The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.</p>			
<b>beryllium</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	4	Number of Missing Observations	0
Number of Distinct Observations	4		
Number of Detects	3	Number of Non-Detects	1
Number of Distinct Detects	3	Number of Distinct Non-Detects	1
Minimum Detect	0.249	Minimum Non-Detect	0.32
Maximum Detect	0.465	Maximum Non-Detect	0.32
Variance Detected	0.0146	Percent Non-Detects	25%
Mean Detected	0.326	SD Detected	0.121
Mean of Detected Logged Data	-1.163	SD of Detected Logged Data	0.345
<b>Warning: Data set has only 3 Detected Values.</b>			
<b>This is not enough to compute meaningful or reliable statistics and estimates.</b>			

<b>Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)</b>			
Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	5.144	d2max (for USL)	1.462
<b>Normal GOF Test on Detects Only</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.8	<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.767	Detected Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.364	<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.425	Detected Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Detected Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Kaplan Meier (KM) Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>			
KM Mean	0.308	KM SD	0.0906
95% UTL95% Coverage	0.775	95% KM UPL (t)	0.547
90% KM Percentile (z)	0.425	95% KM Percentile (z)	0.457
99% KM Percentile (z)	0.519	95% KM USL	0.441
<b>DL/2 Substitution Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>			
Mean	0.284	SD	0.129
95% UTL95% Coverage	0.947	95% UPL (t)	0.623
90% Percentile (z)	0.449	95% Percentile (z)	0.496
99% Percentile (z)	0.584	95% USL	0.473
<b>DL/2 is not a recommended method. DL/2 provided for comparisons and historical reasons</b>			
<b>Gamma GOF Tests on Detected Observations Only</b>			
<b>Not Enough Data to Perform GOF Test</b>			
<b>Gamma Statistics on Detected Data Only</b>			
k hat (MLE)	12.11	k star (bias corrected MLE)	N/A
Theta hat (MLE)	0.0269	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	N/A
nu hat (MLE)	72.63	nu star (bias corrected)	N/A
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	N/A		
MLE Sd (bias corrected)	N/A	95% Percentile of Chisquare (2kstar)	N/A
<b>Gamma ROS Statistics using Imputed Non-Detects</b>			
GROS may not be used when data set has > 50% NDs with many tied observations at multiple DLs			
GROS may not be used when kstar of detects is small such as <1.0, especially when the sample size is small (e.g., <15-20)			
For such situations, GROS method may yield incorrect values of UCLs and BTVs			
This is especially true when the sample size is small.			
For gamma distributed detected data, BTVs and UCLs may be computed using gamma distribution on KM estimates			
Minimum	0.249	Mean	0.31
Maximum	0.465	Median	0.263
SD	0.103	CV	0.334
k hat (MLE)	14.23	k star (bias corrected MLE)	3.725
Theta hat (MLE)	0.0218	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	0.0833
nu hat (MLE)	113.9	nu star (bias corrected)	29.8
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	0.31	MLE Sd (bias corrected)	0.161
95% Percentile of Chisquare (2kstar)	14.72	90% Percentile	0.526
95% Percentile	0.613	99% Percentile	0.8

**The following statistics are computed using Gamma ROS Statistics on Imputed Data**

**Upper Limits using Wilson Hilferty (WH) and Hawkins Wixley (HW) Methods**

	WH	HW		WH	HW
95% Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	1.083	1.135	95% Approx. Gamma UPL	0.621	0.628
95% Gamma USL	0.461	0.461			

**Estimates of Gamma Parameters using KM Estimates**

Mean (KM)	0.308	SD (KM)	0.0906
Variance (KM)	0.00821	SE of Mean (KM)	0.0556
k hat (KM)	11.59	k star (KM)	3.064
nu hat (KM)	92.7	nu star (KM)	24.51
theta hat (KM)	0.0266	theta star (KM)	0.101
80% gamma percentile (KM)	0.439	90% gamma percentile (KM)	0.545
95% gamma percentile (KM)	0.643	99% gamma percentile (KM)	0.857

**The following statistics are computed using gamma distribution and KM estimates**

**Upper Limits using Wilson Hilferty (WH) and Hawkins Wixley (HW) Methods**

	WH	HW		WH	HW
95% Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	0.947	0.983	95% Approx. Gamma UPL	0.571	0.575
95% KM Gamma Percentile	0.456	0.456	95% Gamma USL	0.437	0.436

**Lognormal GOF Test on Detected Observations Only**

Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.817	<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.767	Detected Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.356	<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.425	Detected Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	

**Detected Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level**

**Background Lognormal ROS Statistics Assuming Lognormal Distribution Using Imputed Non-Detects**

Mean in Original Scale	0.31	Mean in Log Scale	-1.206
SD in Original Scale	0.103	SD in Log Scale	0.295
95% UTL95% Coverage	1.364	95% BCA UTL95% Coverage	N/A
95% Bootstrap (%) UTL95% Coverage	N/A	95% UPL (t)	0.65
90% Percentile (z)	0.437	95% Percentile (z)	0.486
99% Percentile (z)	0.594	95% USL	0.461

**Statistics using KM estimates on Logged Data and Assuming Lognormal Distribution**

KM Mean of Logged Data	-1.213	95% KM UTL (Lognormal)95% Coverage	1.129
KM SD of Logged Data	0.259	95% KM UPL (Lognormal)	0.588
95% KM Percentile Lognormal (z)	0.456	95% KM USL (Lognormal)	0.434

**Background DL/2 Statistics Assuming Lognormal Distribution**

Mean in Original Scale	0.284	Mean in Log Scale	-1.331
SD in Original Scale	0.129	SD in Log Scale	0.438
95% UTL95% Coverage	2.511	95% UPL (t)	0.836
90% Percentile (z)	0.463	95% Percentile (z)	0.543
99% Percentile (z)	0.732	95% USL	0.501

**DL/2 is not a Recommended Method. DL/2 provided for comparisons and historical reasons.**

**Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics**

**Data appear to follow a Discernible Distribution at 5% Significance Level**

**Nonparametric Upper Limits for BTVs(no distinction made between detects and nondetects)**

Order of Statistic, r	4	95% UTL with 95% Coverage	0.465
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.211	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.185
Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59	95% UPL	0.465
95% USL	0.465	95% KM Chebyshev UPL	0.75

Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20.

Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers

and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.

The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data

represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.

**cadmium**

**General Statistics**

Total Number of Observations	4	Number of Missing Observations	0
Number of Distinct Observations	4		
Number of Detects	0	Number of Non-Detects	4
Number of Distinct Detects	0	Number of Distinct Non-Detects	4
Minimum Detect	N/A	Minimum Non-Detect	0.32
Maximum Detect	N/A	Maximum Non-Detect	0.636
Variance Detected	N/A	Percent Non-Detects	100%
Mean Detected	N/A	SD Detected	N/A
Mean of Detected Logged Data	N/A	SD of Detected Logged Data	N/A

**Warning: All observations are Non-Detects (NDs), therefore all statistics and estimates should also be NDs!**

**Specifically, sample mean, UCLs, UPLs, and other statistics are also NDs lying below the largest detection limit!**

**The Project Team may decide to use alternative site specific values to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).**

**The data set for variable cadmium was not processed!**

**hexavalent chromium**

**General Statistics**

Total Number of Observations	4	Number of Missing Observations	0
Number of Distinct Observations	4		
Number of Detects	3	Number of Non-Detects	1
Number of Distinct Detects	3	Number of Distinct Non-Detects	1
Minimum Detect	0.24	Minimum Non-Detect	0.4
Maximum Detect	0.671	Maximum Non-Detect	0.4
Variance Detected	0.0467	Percent Non-Detects	25%
Mean Detected	0.446	SD Detected	0.216
Mean of Detected Logged Data	-0.892	SD of Detected Logged Data	0.515

**Warning: Data set has only 3 Detected Values.**

**This is not enough to compute meaningful or reliable statistics and estimates.**

<b>Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)</b>			
Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	5.144	d2max (for USL)	1.462
<b>Normal GOF Test on Detects Only</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.995	<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.767	Detected Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.2	<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.425	Detected Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Detected Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Kaplan Meier (KM) Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>			
KM Mean	0.395	KM SD	0.177
95% UTL95% Coverage	1.305	95% KM UPL (t)	0.86
90% KM Percentile (z)	0.622	95% KM Percentile (z)	0.686
99% KM Percentile (z)	0.807	95% KM USL	0.654
<b>DL/2 Substitution Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>			
Mean	0.385	SD	0.215
95% UTL95% Coverage	1.492	95% UPL (t)	0.951
90% Percentile (z)	0.661	95% Percentile (z)	0.739
99% Percentile (z)	0.885	95% USL	0.699
<b>DL/2 is not a recommended method. DL/2 provided for comparisons and historical reasons</b>			
<b>Gamma GOF Tests on Detected Observations Only</b>			
<b>Not Enough Data to Perform GOF Test</b>			
<b>Gamma Statistics on Detected Data Only</b>			
k hat (MLE)	6.052	k star (bias corrected MLE)	N/A
Theta hat (MLE)	0.0738	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	N/A
nu hat (MLE)	36.31	nu star (bias corrected)	N/A
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	N/A		
MLE Sd (bias corrected)	N/A	95% Percentile of Chisquare (2kstar)	N/A
<b>Gamma ROS Statistics using Imputed Non-Detects</b>			
GROS may not be used when data set has > 50% NDs with many tied observations at multiple DLs			
GROS may not be used when kstar of detects is small such as <1.0, especially when the sample size is small (e.g., <15-20)			
For such situations, GROS method may yield incorrect values of UCLs and BTVs			
This is especially true when the sample size is small.			
For gamma distributed detected data, BTVs and UCLs may be computed using gamma distribution on KM estimates			
Minimum	0.22	Mean	0.39
Maximum	0.671	Median	0.334
SD	0.21	CV	0.538
k hat (MLE)	4.927	k star (bias corrected MLE)	1.398
Theta hat (MLE)	0.0791	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	0.279
nu hat (MLE)	39.42	nu star (bias corrected)	11.19
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	0.39	MLE Sd (bias corrected)	0.33
95% Percentile of Chisquare (2kstar)	7.459	90% Percentile	0.826
95% Percentile	1.04	99% Percentile	1.523
<b>The following statistics are computed using Gamma ROS Statistics on Imputed Data</b>			

<b>Upper Limits using Wilson Hilferty (WH) and Hawkins Wixley (HW) Methods</b>					
	WH	HW		WH	HW
95% Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	2.552	2.894	95% Approx. Gamma UPL	1.15	1.195
95% Gamma USL	0.727	0.733			
<b>Estimates of Gamma Parameters using KM Estimates</b>					
Mean (KM)	0.395		SD (KM)	0.177	
Variance (KM)	0.0313		SE of Mean (KM)	0.108	
k hat (KM)	4.974		k star (KM)	1.41	
nu hat (KM)	39.79		nu star (KM)	11.28	
theta hat (KM)	0.0794		theta star (KM)	0.28	
80% gamma percentile (KM)	0.615		90% gamma percentile (KM)	0.835	
95% gamma percentile (KM)	1.05		99% gamma percentile (KM)	1.537	
<b>The following statistics are computed using gamma distribution and KM estimates</b>					
<b>Upper Limits using Wilson Hilferty (WH) and Hawkins Wixley (HW) Methods</b>					
	WH	HW		WH	HW
95% Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	2.009	2.205	95% Approx. Gamma UPL	0.989	1.014
95% KM Gamma Percentile	0.709	0.714	95% Gamma USL	0.664	0.667
<b>Lognormal GOF Test on Detected Observations Only</b>					
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.995		<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>		
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.767		Detected Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level		
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.2		<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>		
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.425		Detected Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level		
<b>Detected Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level</b>					
<b>Background Lognormal ROS Statistics Assuming Lognormal Distribution Using Imputed Non-Detects</b>					
Mean in Original Scale	0.393		Mean in Log Scale	-1.031	
SD in Original Scale	0.206		SD in Log Scale	0.505	
95% UTL95% Coverage	4.796		95% BCA UTL95% Coverage	N/A	
95% Bootstrap (%) UTL95% Coverage	N/A		95% UPL (t)	1.347	
90% Percentile (z)	0.681		95% Percentile (z)	0.818	
99% Percentile (z)	1.155		95% USL	0.746	
<b>Statistics using KM estimates on Logged Data and Assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>					
KM Mean of Logged Data	-1.025		95% KM UTL (Lognormal)95% Coverage	3.309	
KM SD of Logged Data	0.432		95% KM UPL (Lognormal)	1.118	
95% KM Percentile Lognormal (z)	0.73		95% KM USL (Lognormal)	0.675	
<b>Background DL/2 Statistics Assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>					
Mean in Original Scale	0.385		Mean in Log Scale	-1.071	
SD in Original Scale	0.215		SD in Log Scale	0.553	
95% UTL95% Coverage	5.895		95% UPL (t)	1.469	
90% Percentile (z)	0.696		95% Percentile (z)	0.851	
99% Percentile (z)	1.241		95% USL	0.769	
<b>DL/2 is not a Recommended Method. DL/2 provided for comparisons and historical reasons.</b>					
<b>Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics</b>					
<b>Data appear to follow a Discernible Distribution at 5% Significance Level</b>					

<b>Nonparametric Upper Limits for BTVs(no distinction made between detects and nondetects)</b>			
Order of Statistic, r	4	95% UTL with 95% Coverage	0.671
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.211	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.185
Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59	95% UPL	0.671
95% USL	0.671	95% KM Chebyshev UPL	1.257
<p>Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20.  Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers  and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.  The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data  represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.</p>			
<b>trivalent chromium</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	4	Number of Distinct Observations	4
Minimum	22.76	First Quartile	37.57
Second Largest	62.88	Median	52.69
Maximum	64.97	Third Quartile	63.4
Mean	48.28	SD	19.8
Coefficient of Variation	0.41	Skewness	-0.776
Mean of logged Data	3.797	SD of logged Data	0.488
<b>Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)</b>			
Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	5.144	d2max (for USL)	1.462
<b>Normal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.894	<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.748	Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.27	<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.375	Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>			
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	150.1	90% Percentile (z)	73.66
95% UPL (t)	100.4	95% Percentile (z)	80.85
95% USL	77.24	99% Percentile (z)	94.35
<b>Gamma GOF Test</b>			
A-D Test Statistic	0.401	<b>Anderson-Darling Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.658	Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
K-S Test Statistic	0.297	<b>Kolmogorov-Smirnov Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% K-S Critical Value	0.396	Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Gamma Statistics</b>			
k hat (MLE)	6.447	k star (bias corrected MLE)	1.778
Theta hat (MLE)	7.488	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	27.15
nu hat (MLE)	51.58	nu star (bias corrected)	14.23



MLE Mean (bias corrected)	48.28	MLE Sd (bias corrected)	36.2
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Gamma Distribution</b>			
95% Wilson Hilferty (WH) Approx. Gamma UPL	127.5	90% Percentile	96.54
95% Hawkins Wixley (HW) Approx. Gamma UPL	133.7	95% Percentile	118.9
95% WH Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	264.9	99% Percentile	168.8
95% HW Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	301.4		
95% WH USL	84.49	95% HW USL	85.86
<b>Lognormal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.866	<b>Shapiro Wilk Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.748	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.259	<b>Lilliefors Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.375	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Statistics assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>			
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	548.8	90% Percentile (z)	83.33
95% UPL (t)	161	95% Percentile (z)	99.49
95% USL	91.02	99% Percentile (z)	138.7
<b>Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics</b>			
<b>Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Nonparametric Upper Limits for Background Threshold Values</b>			
Order of Statistic, r	4	95% UTL with 95% Coverage	64.97
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.211	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.185
		Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59
95% Percentile Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	N/A	95% BCA Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	N/A
95% UPL	64.97	90% Percentile	64.34
90% Chebyshev UPL	114.7	95% Percentile	64.66
95% Chebyshev UPL	144.8	99% Percentile	64.91
95% USL	64.97		
<p>Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20.</p> <p>Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.</p> <p>The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.</p>			
<b>total chromium</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	4	Number of Distinct Observations	4
Minimum	23	First Quartile	37.63
Second Largest	63.55	Median	53.03
Maximum	65.4	Third Quartile	64.01
Mean	48.61	SD	19.99
Coefficient of Variation	0.411	Skewness	-0.749
Mean of logged Data	3.804	SD of logged Data	0.487

<b>Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)</b>				
Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	5.144		d2max (for USL)	1.462
<b>Normal GOF Test</b>				
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.891		<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.748		Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.273		<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.375		Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>				
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>				
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	151.4		90% Percentile (z)	74.23
95% UPL (t)	101.2		95% Percentile (z)	81.49
95% USL	77.84		99% Percentile (z)	95.11
<b>Gamma GOF Test</b>				
A-D Test Statistic	0.403		<b>Anderson-Darling Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.658		Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
K-S Test Statistic	0.3		<b>Kolmogorov-Smirnov Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% K-S Critical Value	0.396		Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level</b>				
<b>Gamma Statistics</b>				
k hat (MLE)	6.448		k star (bias corrected MLE)	1.779
Theta hat (MLE)	7.539		Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	27.33
nu hat (MLE)	51.58		nu star (bias corrected)	14.23
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	48.61		MLE Sd (bias corrected)	36.45
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Gamma Distribution</b>				
95% Wilson Hilferty (WH) Approx. Gamma UPL	128.4		90% Percentile	97.21
95% Hawkins Wixley (HW) Approx. Gamma UPL	134.6		95% Percentile	119.7
95% WH Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	266.7		99% Percentile	170
95% HW Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	303.3			
95% WH USL	85.08		95% HW USL	86.44
<b>Lognormal GOF Test</b>				
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.866		<b>Shapiro Wilk Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.748		Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.262		<b>Lilliefors Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.375		Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level</b>				
<b>Background Statistics assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>				
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	550.8		90% Percentile (z)	83.84
95% UPL (t)	161.9		95% Percentile (z)	100.1
95% USL	91.57		99% Percentile (z)	139.5
<b>Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics</b>				
<b>Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>				

<b>Nonparametric Upper Limits for Background Threshold Values</b>			
Order of Statistic, r	4	95% UTL with 95% Coverage	65.4
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.211	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.185
		Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59
95% Percentile Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	N/A	95% BCA Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	N/A
95% UPL	65.4	90% Percentile	64.85
90% Chebyshev UPL	115.6	95% Percentile	65.12
95% Chebyshev UPL	146	99% Percentile	65.34
95% USL	65.4		
<p>Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20.  Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.  The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.</p>			
<b>cobalt</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	4	Number of Distinct Observations	4
Minimum	3.9	First Quartile	6.338
Second Largest	7.63	Median	7.39
Maximum	14.1	Third Quartile	9.246
Mean	8.194	SD	4.269
Coefficient of Variation	0.521	Skewness	1.072
Mean of logged Data	2.001	SD of logged Data	0.525
<b>Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)</b>			
Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	5.144	d2max (for USL)	1.462
<b>Normal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.919	<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.748	Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.303	<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.375	Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>			
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	30.15	90% Percentile (z)	13.66
95% UPL (t)	19.43	95% Percentile (z)	15.22
95% USL	14.44	99% Percentile (z)	18.12
<b>Gamma GOF Test</b>			
A-D Test Statistic	0.29	<b>Anderson-Darling Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.659	Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
K-S Test Statistic	0.254	<b>Kolmogorov-Smirnov Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% K-S Critical Value	0.396	Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level</b>			

<b>Gamma Statistics</b>			
k hat (MLE)	5.069	k star (bias corrected MLE)	1.434
Theta hat (MLE)	1.616	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	5.714
nu hat (MLE)	40.55	nu star (bias corrected)	11.47
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	8.194	MLE Sd (bias corrected)	6.843
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Gamma Distribution</b>			
95% Wilson Hilferty (WH) Approx. Gamma UPL	23.87	90% Percentile	17.26
95% Hawkins Wixley (HW) Approx. Gamma UPL	24.89	95% Percentile	21.67
95% WH Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	52.57	99% Percentile	31.65
95% HW Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	59.85		
95% WH USL	15.18	95% HW USL	15.33
<b>Lognormal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.965	<b>Shapiro Wilk Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.748	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.227	<b>Lilliefors Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.375	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Statistics assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>			
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	110.3	90% Percentile (z)	14.51
95% UPL (t)	29.47	95% Percentile (z)	17.56
95% USL	15.95	99% Percentile (z)	25.11
<b>Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics</b>			
<b>Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Nonparametric Upper Limits for Background Threshold Values</b>			
Order of Statistic, r	4	95% UTL with 95% Coverage	14.1
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.211	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.185
		Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59
95% Percentile Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	N/A	95% BCA Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	N/A
95% UPL	14.1	90% Percentile	12.16
90% Chebyshev UPL	22.51	95% Percentile	13.13
95% Chebyshev UPL	29	99% Percentile	13.9
95% USL	14.1		
Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20.			
Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.			
The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.			
<b>copper</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	4	Number of Distinct Observations	4
Minimum	4.2	First Quartile	7.365
Second Largest	8.55	Median	8.485

Maximum	10.3	Third Quartile	8.986
Mean	7.866	SD	2.589
Coefficient of Variation	0.329	Skewness	-1.323
Mean of logged Data	2.011	SD of logged Data	0.395
<b>Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)</b>			
Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	5.144	d2max (for USL)	1.462
<b>Normal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.881	<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.748	Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.335	<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.375	Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>			
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	21.19	90% Percentile (z)	11.18
95% UPL (t)	14.68	95% Percentile (z)	12.13
95% USL	11.65	99% Percentile (z)	13.89
<b>Gamma GOF Test</b>			
A-D Test Statistic	0.517	<b>Anderson-Darling Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.657	Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
K-S Test Statistic	0.376	<b>Kolmogorov-Smirnov Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% K-S Critical Value	0.395	Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Gamma Statistics</b>			
k hat (MLE)	9.824	k star (bias corrected MLE)	2.623
Theta hat (MLE)	0.801	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	2.999
nu hat (MLE)	78.59	nu star (bias corrected)	20.98
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	7.866	MLE Sd (bias corrected)	4.857
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Gamma Distribution</b>			
95% Wilson Hilferty (WH) Approx. Gamma UPL	17.78	90% Percentile	14.38
95% Hawkins Wixley (HW) Approx. Gamma UPL	18.42	95% Percentile	17.17
95% WH Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	33.5	99% Percentile	23.27
95% HW Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	36.97		
95% WH USL	12.56	95% HW USL	12.72
<b>Lognormal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.82	<b>Shapiro Wilk Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.748	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.369	<b>Lilliefors Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.375	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Statistics assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>			
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	56.85	90% Percentile (z)	12.38
95% UPL (t)	21.09	95% Percentile (z)	14.29

95% USL	13.3	99% Percentile (z)	18.7
<b>Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics</b>			
<b>Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Nonparametric Upper Limits for Background Threshold Values</b>			
Order of Statistic, r	4	95% UTL with 95% Coverage	10.3
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.211	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.185
		Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59
95% Percentile Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	N/A	95% BCA Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	N/A
95% UPL	10.3	90% Percentile	9.772
90% Chebyshev UPL	16.55	95% Percentile	10.03
95% Chebyshev UPL	20.49	99% Percentile	10.24
95% USL	10.3		
<p>Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20.  Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers  and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.  The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data  represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.</p>			
<b>lead</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	2	Number of Distinct Observations	2
		Number of Missing Observations	2
Minimum	4	First Quartile	4.725
Second Largest	4	Median	5.45
Maximum	6.9	Third Quartile	6.175
Mean	5.45	SD	2.051
Coefficient of Variation	0.376	Skewness	N/A
<b>Warning: This data set only has 2 observations!</b>			
<b>Data set is too small to compute reliable and meaningful statistics and estimates!</b>			
<b>The data set for variable lead was not processed!</b>			
<b>It is suggested to collect at least 8 to 10 observations before using these statistical methods!</b>			
<b>If possible, compute and collect Data Quality Objectives (DQO) based sample size and analytical results.</b>			
<b>manganese</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	4	Number of Distinct Observations	4
Minimum	180	First Quartile	277.5
Second Largest	449	Median	379.5
Maximum	579	Third Quartile	481.5
Mean	379.5	SD	172.5
Coefficient of Variation	0.455	Skewness	0
Mean of logged Data	5.849	SD of logged Data	0.507

<b>Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)</b>				
Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	5.144		d2max (for USL)	1.462
<b>Normal GOF Test</b>				
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.992		<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.748		Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.156		<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.375		Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>				
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>				
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	1267		90% Percentile (z)	600.6
95% UPL (t)	833.4		95% Percentile (z)	663.2
95% USL	631.8		99% Percentile (z)	780.8
<b>Gamma GOF Test</b>				
A-D Test Statistic	0.22		<b>Anderson-Darling Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.659		Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
K-S Test Statistic	0.21		<b>Kolmogorov-Smirnov Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% K-S Critical Value	0.396		Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level</b>				
<b>Gamma Statistics</b>				
k hat (MLE)	5.755		k star (bias corrected MLE)	1.605
Theta hat (MLE)	65.94		Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	236.4
nu hat (MLE)	46.04		nu star (bias corrected)	12.84
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	379.5		MLE Sd (bias corrected)	299.5
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Gamma Distribution</b>				
95% Wilson Hilferty (WH) Approx. Gamma UPL	1049		90% Percentile	777.9
95% Hawkins Wixley (HW) Approx. Gamma UPL	1099		95% Percentile	966.5
95% WH Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	2240		99% Percentile	1391
95% HW Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	2554			
95% WH USL	682.1		95% HW USL	691.8
<b>Lognormal GOF Test</b>				
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.969		<b>Shapiro Wilk Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.748		Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.194		<b>Lilliefors Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.375		Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level</b>				
<b>Background Statistics assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>				
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	4717		90% Percentile (z)	664.9
95% UPL (t)	1318		95% Percentile (z)	799.4
95% USL	728.8		99% Percentile (z)	1130
<b>Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics</b>				
<b>Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>				

<b>Nonparametric Upper Limits for Background Threshold Values</b>			
Order of Statistic, r	4	95% UTL with 95% Coverage	579
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.211	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.185
		Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59
95% Percentile Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	N/A	95% BCA Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	N/A
95% UPL	579	90% Percentile	540
90% Chebyshev UPL	958.1	95% Percentile	559.5
95% Chebyshev UPL	1220	99% Percentile	575.1
95% USL	579		
<p>Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20.  Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.  The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.</p>			
<b>mercury</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	4	Number of Missing Observations	0
Number of Distinct Observations	4		
Number of Detects	2	Number of Non-Detects	2
Number of Distinct Detects	2	Number of Distinct Non-Detects	2
Minimum Detect	0.0052	Minimum Non-Detect	0.0255
Maximum Detect	0.0078	Maximum Non-Detect	0.026
Variance Detected	3.3800E-6	Percent Non-Detects	50%
Mean Detected	0.0065	SD Detected	0.00184
Mean of Detected Logged Data	-5.056	SD of Detected Logged Data	0.287
<p><b>Warning: Data set has only 2 Detected Values.</b>  <b>This is not enough to compute meaningful or reliable statistics and estimates.</b></p>			
<b>Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)</b>			
Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	5.144	d2max (for USL)	1.462
<b>Normal GOF Test on Detects Only</b>			
<b>Not Enough Data to Perform GOF Test</b>			
<b>Kaplan Meier (KM) Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>			
KM Mean	0.0065	KM SD	0.0013
95% UTL95% Coverage	0.0132	95% KM UPL (t)	0.00992
90% KM Percentile (z)	0.00817	95% KM Percentile (z)	0.00864
99% KM Percentile (z)	0.00952	95% KM USL	0.0084
<b>DL/2 Substitution Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>			
Mean	0.00969	SD	0.00383
95% UTL95% Coverage	0.0294	95% UPL (t)	0.0198
90% Percentile (z)	0.0146	95% Percentile (z)	0.016



99% Percentile (z)	0.0186	95% USL	0.0153
<b>DL/2 is not a recommended method. DL/2 provided for comparisons and historical reasons</b>			
<b>Gamma GOF Tests on Detected Observations Only</b>			
<b>Not Enough Data to Perform GOF Test</b>			
<b>Gamma Statistics on Detected Data Only</b>			
k hat (MLE)	24.66	k star (bias corrected MLE)	N/A
Theta hat (MLE)	2.6356E-4	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	N/A
nu hat (MLE)	98.65	nu star (bias corrected)	N/A
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	N/A		
MLE Sd (bias corrected)	N/A	95% Percentile of Chisquare (2kstar)	N/A
<b>Estimates of Gamma Parameters using KM Estimates</b>			
Mean (KM)	0.0065	SD (KM)	0.0013
Variance (KM)	1.6900E-6	SE of Mean (KM)	0.0013
k hat (KM)	25	k star (KM)	6.417
nu hat (KM)	200	nu star (KM)	51.33
theta hat (KM)	2.6000E-4	theta star (KM)	0.00101
80% gamma percentile (KM)	0.0085	90% gamma percentile (KM)	0.00993
95% gamma percentile (KM)	0.0112	99% gamma percentile (KM)	0.0139
<b>The following statistics are computed using gamma distribution and KM estimates</b>			
<b>Upper Limits using Wilson Hilferty (WH) and Hawkins Wixley (HW) Methods</b>			
	WH	HW	
95% Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	0.0157	0.0162	95% Approx. Gamma UPL
95% KM Gamma Percentile	0.00879	0.00882	95% Gamma USL
			WH
			HW
			0.0105
			0.0106
			0.0085
			0.00852
<b>Lognormal GOF Test on Detected Observations Only</b>			
<b>Not Enough Data to Perform GOF Test</b>			
<b>Background Lognormal ROS Statistics Assuming Lognormal Distribution Using Imputed Non-Detects</b>			
Mean in Original Scale	0.00643	Mean in Log Scale	-5.056
SD in Original Scale	0.00106	SD in Log Scale	0.166
95% UTL95% Coverage	0.0149	95% BCA UTL95% Coverage	N/A
95% Bootstrap (%) UTL95% Coverage	N/A	95% UPL (t)	0.00984
90% Percentile (z)	0.00787	95% Percentile (z)	0.00836
99% Percentile (z)	0.00936	95% USL	0.00811
<b>Statistics using KM estimates on Logged Data and Assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>			
KM Mean of Logged Data	-5.056	95% KM UTL (Lognormal)95% Coverage	0.0181
KM SD of Logged Data	0.203	95% KM UPL (Lognormal)	0.0109
95% KM Percentile Lognormal (z)	0.00889	95% KM USL (Lognormal)	0.00857
<b>Background DL/2 Statistics Assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>			
Mean in Original Scale	0.00969	Mean in Log Scale	-4.704
SD in Original Scale	0.00383	SD in Log Scale	0.439
95% UTL95% Coverage	0.0866	95% UPL (t)	0.0287
90% Percentile (z)	0.0159	95% Percentile (z)	0.0186
99% Percentile (z)	0.0251	95% USL	0.0172

DL/2 is not a Recommended Method. DL/2 provided for comparisons and historical reasons.

**Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics**

Data do not follow a Discernible Distribution (0.05)

**Nonparametric Upper Limits for BTVs(no distinction made between detects and nondetects)**

Order of Statistic, r	4	95% UTL with 95% Coverage	0.026
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.211	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.185
Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59	95% UPL	0.026
95% USL	0.026	95% KM Chebyshev UPL	0.0128

Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20.

Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.

The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.

nickel

**General Statistics**

Total Number of Observations	4	Number of Distinct Observations	4
Minimum	3.8	First Quartile	5.9
Second Largest	7.1	Median	6.85
Maximum	9.54	Third Quartile	7.71
Mean	6.76	SD	2.355
Coefficient of Variation	0.348	Skewness	-0.225
Mean of logged Data	1.859	SD of logged Data	0.384

**Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)**

Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	5.144	d2max (for USL)	1.462
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**Normal GOF Test**

Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.976	<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.748	Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.223	<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.375	Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

**Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution**

95% UTL with 95% Coverage	18.87	90% Percentile (z)	9.777
95% UPL (t)	12.96	95% Percentile (z)	10.63
95% USL	10.2	99% Percentile (z)	12.24

**Gamma GOF Test**

A-D Test Statistic	0.289	<b>Anderson-Darling Gamma GOF Test</b>
5% A-D Critical Value	0.657	Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level
K-S Test Statistic	0.263	<b>Kolmogorov-Smirnov Gamma GOF Test</b>
5% K-S Critical Value	0.395	Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

<b>Gamma Statistics</b>			
k hat (MLE)	9.852	k star (bias corrected MLE)	2.63
Theta hat (MLE)	0.686	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	2.571
nu hat (MLE)	78.82	nu star (bias corrected)	21.04
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	6.76	MLE Sd (bias corrected)	4.169
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Gamma Distribution</b>			
95% Wilson Hilferty (WH) Approx. Gamma UPL	15.26	90% Percentile	12.35
95% Hawkins Wixley (HW) Approx. Gamma UPL	15.73	95% Percentile	14.74
95% WH Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	28.74	99% Percentile	19.97
95% HW Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	31.44		
95% WH USL	10.78	95% HW USL	10.88
<b>Lognormal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.939	<b>Shapiro Wilk Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.748	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.279	<b>Lilliefors Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.375	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Statistics assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>			
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	46.32	90% Percentile (z)	10.5
95% UPL (t)	17.64	95% Percentile (z)	12.08
95% USL	11.26	99% Percentile (z)	15.69
<b>Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics</b>			
<b>Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Nonparametric Upper Limits for Background Threshold Values</b>			
Order of Statistic, r	4	95% UTL with 95% Coverage	9.54
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.211	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.185
		Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59
95% Percentile Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	N/A	95% BCA Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	N/A
95% UPL	9.54	90% Percentile	8.808
90% Chebyshev UPL	14.66	95% Percentile	9.174
95% Chebyshev UPL	18.23	99% Percentile	9.467
95% USL	9.54		
<p>Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20. Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.</p> <p>The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.</p>			
<b>selenium</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	4	Number of Missing Observations	0
Number of Distinct Observations	3		
Number of Detects	2	Number of Non-Detects	2

Number of Distinct Detects	2	Number of Distinct Non-Detects	1
Minimum Detect	0.272	Minimum Non-Detect	0.64
Maximum Detect	0.409	Maximum Non-Detect	0.64
Variance Detected	0.00945	Percent Non-Detects	50%
Mean Detected	0.34	SD Detected	0.0972
Mean of Detected Logged Data	-1.099	SD of Detected Logged Data	0.29
<b>Warning: Data set has only 2 Detected Values.</b>			
<b>This is not enough to compute meaningful or reliable statistics and estimates.</b>			
<b>Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)</b>			
Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	5.144	d2max (for USL)	1.462
<b>Normal GOF Test on Detects Only</b>			
<b>Not Enough Data to Perform GOF Test</b>			
<b>Kaplan Meier (KM) Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>			
KM Mean	0.34	KM SD	0.0688
95% UTL95% Coverage	0.694	95% KM UPL (t)	0.521
90% KM Percentile (z)	0.428	95% KM Percentile (z)	0.453
99% KM Percentile (z)	0.5	95% KM USL	0.441
<b>DL/2 Substitution Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>			
Mean	0.33	SD	0.0573
95% UTL95% Coverage	0.625	95% UPL (t)	0.481
90% Percentile (z)	0.404	95% Percentile (z)	0.424
99% Percentile (z)	0.464	95% USL	0.414
<b>DL/2 is not a recommended method. DL/2 provided for comparisons and historical reasons</b>			
<b>Gamma GOF Tests on Detected Observations Only</b>			
<b>Not Enough Data to Perform GOF Test</b>			
<b>Gamma Statistics on Detected Data Only</b>			
k hat (MLE)	24.16	k star (bias corrected MLE)	N/A
Theta hat (MLE)	0.0141	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	N/A
nu hat (MLE)	96.62	nu star (bias corrected)	N/A
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	N/A		
MLE Sd (bias corrected)	N/A	95% Percentile of Chisquare (2kstar)	N/A
<b>Estimates of Gamma Parameters using KM Estimates</b>			
Mean (KM)	0.34	SD (KM)	0.0688
Variance (KM)	0.00473	SE of Mean (KM)	0.0688
k hat (KM)	24.49	k star (KM)	6.29
nu hat (KM)	195.9	nu star (KM)	50.32
theta hat (KM)	0.0139	theta star (KM)	0.0541
80% gamma percentile (KM)	0.446	90% gamma percentile (KM)	0.522
95% gamma percentile (KM)	0.59	99% gamma percentile (KM)	0.732
<b>The following statistics are computed using gamma distribution and KM estimates</b>			

Upper Limits using Wilson Hilferty (WH) and Hawkins Wixley (HW) Methods					
	WH	HW		WH	HW
95% Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	0.827	0.853	95% Approx. Gamma UPL	0.551	0.555
95% KM Gamma Percentile	0.462	0.463	95% Gamma USL	0.446	0.447
<b>Lognormal GOF Test on Detected Observations Only</b>					
Not Enough Data to Perform GOF Test					
<b>Background Lognormal ROS Statistics Assuming Lognormal Distribution Using Imputed Non-Detects</b>					
Mean in Original Scale	0.34		Mean in Log Scale		-1.099
SD in Original Scale	0.0794		SD in Log Scale		0.237
95% UTL95% Coverage	1.125		95% BCA UTL95% Coverage		N/A
95% Bootstrap (%) UTL95% Coverage	N/A		95% UPL (t)		0.621
90% Percentile (z)	0.451		95% Percentile (z)		0.492
99% Percentile (z)	0.578		95% USL		0.471
<b>Statistics using KM estimates on Logged Data and Assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>					
KM Mean of Logged Data	-1.099		95% KM UTL (Lognormal)95% Coverage		0.956
KM SD of Logged Data	0.205		95% KM UPL (Lognormal)		0.571
95% KM Percentile Lognormal (z)	0.467		95% KM USL (Lognormal)		0.45
<b>Background DL/2 Statistics Assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>					
Mean in Original Scale	0.33		Mean in Log Scale		-1.119
SD in Original Scale	0.0573		SD in Log Scale		0.169
95% UTL95% Coverage	0.779		95% UPL (t)		0.509
90% Percentile (z)	0.405		95% Percentile (z)		0.431
99% Percentile (z)	0.484		95% USL		0.418
<b>DL/2 is not a Recommended Method. DL/2 provided for comparisons and historical reasons.</b>					
<b>Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics</b>					
Data do not follow a Discernible Distribution (0.05)					
<b>Nonparametric Upper Limits for BTVs(no distinction made between detects and nondetects)</b>					
Order of Statistic, r	4		95% UTL with95% Coverage		0.64
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.211		Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL		0.185
Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59		95% UPL		0.64
95% USL	0.64		95% KM Chebyshev UPL		0.675
Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20.					
Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.					
The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.					
<b>strontium</b>					
<b>General Statistics</b>					
Total Number of Observations	4		Number of Distinct Observations		4
Minimum	6.9		First Quartile		8.025
Second Largest	11.5		Median		9.95

Maximum	12.85	Third Quartile	11.84
Mean	9.913	SD	2.739
Coefficient of Variation	0.276	Skewness	-0.0471
Mean of logged Data	2.264	SD of logged Data	0.285
<b>Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)</b>			
Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	5.144	d2max (for USL)	1.462
<b>Normal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.944	<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.748	Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.219	<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.375	Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>			
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	24	90% Percentile (z)	13.42
95% UPL (t)	17.12	95% Percentile (z)	14.42
95% USL	13.92	99% Percentile (z)	16.29
<b>Gamma GOF Test</b>			
A-D Test Statistic	0.296	<b>Anderson-Darling Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.657	Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
K-S Test Statistic	0.26	<b>Kolmogorov-Smirnov Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% K-S Critical Value	0.394	Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Gamma Statistics</b>			
k hat (MLE)	16.87	k star (bias corrected MLE)	4.384
Theta hat (MLE)	0.588	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	2.261
nu hat (MLE)	134.9	nu star (bias corrected)	35.07
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	9.913	MLE Sd (bias corrected)	4.734
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Gamma Distribution</b>			
95% Wilson Hilferty (WH) Approx. Gamma UPL	18.91	90% Percentile	16.26
95% Hawkins Wixley (HW) Approx. Gamma UPL	19.23	95% Percentile	18.76
95% WH Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	31.87	99% Percentile	24.09
95% HW Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	33.66		
95% WH USL	14.33	95% HW USL	14.39
<b>Lognormal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.942	<b>Shapiro Wilk Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.748	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.234	<b>Lilliefors Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.375	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Statistics assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>			
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	41.78	90% Percentile (z)	13.87
95% UPL (t)	20.39	95% Percentile (z)	15.39

95% USL	14.61	99% Percentile (z)	18.69
<b>Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics</b>			
<b>Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Nonparametric Upper Limits for Background Threshold Values</b>			
Order of Statistic, r	4	95% UTL with 95% Coverage	12.85
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.211	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.185
		Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59
95% Percentile Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	N/A	95% BCA Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	N/A
95% UPL	12.85	90% Percentile	12.45
90% Chebyshev UPL	19.1	95% Percentile	12.65
95% Chebyshev UPL	23.26	99% Percentile	12.81
95% USL	12.85		
<p>Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20.  Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers  and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.  The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data  represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.</p>			
<b>thallium</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	2	Number of Missing Observations	2
Number of Distinct Observations	1		
Number of Detects	0	Number of Non-Detects	2
Number of Distinct Detects	0	Number of Distinct Non-Detects	1
Minimum Detect	N/A	Minimum Non-Detect	0.64
Maximum Detect	N/A	Maximum Non-Detect	0.64
Variance Detected	N/A	Percent Non-Detects	100%
Mean Detected	N/A	SD Detected	N/A
Mean of Detected Logged Data	N/A	SD of Detected Logged Data	N/A
<b>Warning: This data set only has 2 observations!</b>			
<b>Data set is too small to compute reliable and meaningful statistics and estimates!</b>			
<b>The data set for variable thallium was not processed!</b>			
<b>It is suggested to collect at least 8 to 10 observations before using these statistical methods!</b>			
<b>If possible, compute and collect Data Quality Objectives (DQO) based sample size and analytical results.</b>			
<b>vanadium</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	2	Number of Distinct Observations	2
		Number of Missing Observations	2
Minimum	19	First Quartile	23.25
Second Largest	19	Median	27.5
Maximum	36	Third Quartile	31.75

Mean	27.5	SD	12.02
Coefficient of Variation	0.437	Skewness	N/A
<b>Warning: This data set only has 2 observations!</b>			
<b>Data set is too small to compute reliable and meaningful statistics and estimates!</b>			
<b>The data set for variable vanadium was not processed!</b>			
<b>It is suggested to collect at least 8 to 10 observations before using these statistical methods!</b>			
<b>If possible, compute and collect Data Quality Objectives (DQO) based sample size and analytical results.</b>			
zinc			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	2	Number of Distinct Observations	2
		Number of Missing Observations	2
Minimum	19	First Quartile	22.38
Second Largest	19	Median	25.75
Maximum	32.5	Third Quartile	29.13
Mean	25.75	SD	9.546
Coefficient of Variation	0.371	Skewness	N/A
<b>Warning: This data set only has 2 observations!</b>			
<b>Data set is too small to compute reliable and meaningful statistics and estimates!</b>			
<b>The data set for variable zinc was not processed!</b>			
<b>It is suggested to collect at least 8 to 10 observations before using these statistical methods!</b>			
<b>If possible, compute and collect Data Quality Objectives (DQO) based sample size and analytical results.</b>			



<b>Background Statistics for Data Sets with Non-Detects</b>			
<b>User Selected Options</b>			
Date/Time of Computation	ProUCL 5.18/20/2021 9:47:02 AM		
From File	ProUCL Background Inputs_a.xls		
Full Precision	OFF		
Confidence Coefficient	95%		
Coverage	95%		
Different or Future K Observations	1		
Number of Bootstrap Operations	2000		
<b>aluminum</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	0	Number of Distinct Observations	0
		Number of Missing Observations	5
Minimum	N/A	First Quartile	N/A
Second Largest	N/A	Median	N/A
Maximum	N/A	Third Quartile	N/A
Mean	N/A	SD	N/A
Coefficient of Variation	N/A	Skewness	N/A
<b>Warning: This data set only has 0 observations!</b>			
<b>Data set is too small to compute reliable and meaningful statistics and estimates!</b>			
<b>The data set for variable aluminum was not processed!</b>			
<b>It is suggested to collect at least 8 to 10 observations before using these statistical methods!</b>			
<b>If possible, compute and collect Data Quality Objectives (DQO) based sample size and analytical results.</b>			
<b>antimony</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	2	Number of Missing Observations	3
Number of Distinct Observations	1		
Number of Detects	0	Number of Non-Detects	2
Number of Distinct Detects	0	Number of Distinct Non-Detects	1
Minimum Detect	N/A	Minimum Non-Detect	5
Maximum Detect	N/A	Maximum Non-Detect	5
Variance Detected	N/A	Percent Non-Detects	100%
Mean Detected	N/A	SD Detected	N/A
Mean of Detected Logged Data	N/A	SD of Detected Logged Data	N/A
<b>Warning: This data set only has 2 observations!</b>			
<b>Data set is too small to compute reliable and meaningful statistics and estimates!</b>			
<b>The data set for variable antimony was not processed!</b>			
<b>It is suggested to collect at least 8 to 10 observations before using these statistical methods!</b>			
<b>If possible, compute and collect Data Quality Objectives (DQO) based sample size and analytical results.</b>			

arsenic

**General Statistics**

Total Number of Observations	4	Number of Missing Observations	1
Number of Distinct Observations	3		
Number of Detects	2	Number of Non-Detects	2
Number of Distinct Detects	2	Number of Distinct Non-Detects	1
Minimum Detect	0.42	Minimum Non-Detect	10
Maximum Detect	0.44	Maximum Non-Detect	10
Variance Detected	2.0000E-4	Percent Non-Detects	50%
Mean Detected	0.43	SD Detected	0.0141
Mean of Detected Logged Data	-0.844	SD of Detected Logged Data	0.0329

**Warning: Data set has only 2 Detected Values.**

**This is not enough to compute meaningful or reliable statistics and estimates.**

**Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)**

Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	5.144	d2max (for USL)	1.462
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**Normal GOF Test on Detects Only**

**Not Enough Data to Perform GOF Test**

**Kaplan Meier (KM) Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution**

KM Mean	0.43	KM SD	0.01
95% UTL95% Coverage	0.481	95% KM UPL (t)	0.456
90% KM Percentile (z)	0.443	95% KM Percentile (z)	0.446
99% KM Percentile (z)	0.453	95% KM USL	0.445

**DL/2 Substitution Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution**

Mean	2.715	SD	2.639
95% UTL95% Coverage	16.29	95% UPL (t)	9.657
90% Percentile (z)	6.096	95% Percentile (z)	7.055
99% Percentile (z)	8.853	95% USL	6.574

**DL/2 is not a recommended method. DL/2 provided for comparisons and historical reasons**

**Gamma GOF Tests on Detected Observations Only**

**Not Enough Data to Perform GOF Test**

**Gamma Statistics on Detected Data Only**

k hat (MLE)	1849	k star (bias corrected MLE)	N/A
Theta hat (MLE)	2.3260E-4	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	N/A
nu hat (MLE)	7395	nu star (bias corrected)	N/A
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	N/A		
MLE Sd (bias corrected)	N/A	95% Percentile of Chisquare (2kstar)	N/A

**Estimates of Gamma Parameters using KM Estimates**

Mean (KM)	0.43	SD (KM)	0.01
Variance (KM)	1.0000E-4	SE of Mean (KM)	0.01
k hat (KM)	1849	k star (KM)	462.4

nu hat (KM)	14792	nu star (KM)	3699
theta hat (KM)	2.3256E-4	theta star (KM)	9.2990E-4
80% gamma percentile (KM)	0.447	90% gamma percentile (KM)	0.456
95% gamma percentile (KM)	0.463	99% gamma percentile (KM)	0.478
<b>The following statistics are computed using gamma distribution and KM estimates</b>			
<b>Upper Limits using Wilson Hilferty (WH) and Hawkins Wixley (HW) Methods</b>			
	WH	HW	
95% Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	0.483	0.484	95% Approx. Gamma UPL
95% KM Gamma Percentile	0.447	0.447	95% Gamma USL
			0.457
			0.445
<b>Lognormal GOF Test on Detected Observations Only</b>			
<b>Not Enough Data to Perform GOF Test</b>			
<b>Background Lognormal ROS Statistics Assuming Lognormal Distribution Using Imputed Non-Detects</b>			
Mean in Original Scale	0.43	Mean in Log Scale	-0.844
SD in Original Scale	0.0115	SD in Log Scale	0.0269
95% UTL95% Coverage	0.494	95% BCA UTL95% Coverage	N/A
95% Bootstrap (%) UTL95% Coverage	N/A	95% UPL (t)	0.461
90% Percentile (z)	0.445	95% Percentile (z)	0.449
99% Percentile (z)	0.458	95% USL	0.447
<b>Statistics using KM estimates on Logged Data and Assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>			
KM Mean of Logged Data	-0.844	95% KM UTL (Lognormal)95% Coverage	0.485
KM SD of Logged Data	0.0233	95% KM UPL (Lognormal)	0.457
95% KM Percentile Lognormal (z)	0.447	95% KM USL (Lognormal)	0.445
<b>Background DL/2 Statistics Assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>			
Mean in Original Scale	2.715	Mean in Log Scale	0.383
SD in Original Scale	2.639	SD in Log Scale	1.417
95% UTL95% Coverage	2144	95% UPL (t)	60.96
90% Percentile (z)	9.009	95% Percentile (z)	15.07
99% Percentile (z)	39.59	95% USL	11.64
<b>DL/2 is not a Recommended Method. DL/2 provided for comparisons and historical reasons.</b>			
<b>Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics</b>			
<b>Data do not follow a Discernible Distribution (0.05)</b>			
<b>Nonparametric Upper Limits for BTVs(no distinction made between detects and nondetects)</b>			
Order of Statistic, r	4	95% UTL with95% Coverage	10
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.211	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.185
Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59	95% UPL	10
95% USL	10	95% KM Chebyshev UPL	0.479
<p>Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20.</p> <p>Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.</p> <p>The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.</p>			

barium			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	5	Number of Distinct Observations	4
Minimum	23.1	First Quartile	23.2
Second Largest	27	Median	24
Maximum	27	Third Quartile	27
Mean	24.86	SD	1.984
Coefficient of Variation	0.0798	Skewness	0.477
Mean of logged Data	3.211	SD of logged Data	0.0791
<b>Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)</b>			
Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	4.203	d2max (for USL)	1.671
<b>Normal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.782	<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.762	Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.268	<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.343	Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>			
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	33.2	90% Percentile (z)	27.4
95% UPL (t)	29.49	95% Percentile (z)	28.12
95% USL	28.18	99% Percentile (z)	29.48
<b>Gamma GOF Test</b>			
A-D Test Statistic	0.647	<b>Anderson-Darling Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.678	Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
K-S Test Statistic	0.286	<b>Kolmogorov-Smirnov Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% K-S Critical Value	0.357	Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Gamma Statistics</b>			
k hat (MLE)	198.8	k star (bias corrected MLE)	79.64
Theta hat (MLE)	0.125	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	0.312
nu hat (MLE)	1988	nu star (bias corrected)	796.4
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	24.86	MLE Sd (bias corrected)	2.786
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Gamma Distribution</b>			
95% Wilson Hilferty (WH) Approx. Gamma UPL	29.71	90% Percentile	28.49
95% Hawkins Wixley (HW) Approx. Gamma UPL	29.74	95% Percentile	29.61
95% WH Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	34.05	99% Percentile	31.8
95% HW Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	34.17		
95% WH USL	28.26	95% HW USL	28.27
<b>Lognormal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.787	<b>Shapiro Wilk Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.762	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.26	<b>Lilliefors Lognormal GOF Test</b>	

5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.343	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Statistics assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>			
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	34.57	90% Percentile (z)	27.44
95% UPL (t)	29.83	95% Percentile (z)	28.24
95% USL	28.3	99% Percentile (z)	29.81
<b>Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics</b>			
<b>Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Nonparametric Upper Limits for Background Threshold Values</b>			
Order of Statistic, r	5	95% UTL with 95% Coverage	27
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.263	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.226
		Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59
95% Percentile Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	27	95% BCA Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	27
95% UPL	27	90% Percentile	27
90% Chebyshev UPL	31.38	95% Percentile	27
95% Chebyshev UPL	34.34	99% Percentile	27
95% USL	27		
<p>Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20. Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.</p> <p>The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.</p>			
<b>beryllium</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	4	Number of Missing Observations	1
Number of Distinct Observations	2		
Number of Detects	0	Number of Non-Detects	4
Number of Distinct Detects	0	Number of Distinct Non-Detects	2
Minimum Detect	N/A	Minimum Non-Detect	0.1
Maximum Detect	N/A	Maximum Non-Detect	2
Variance Detected	N/A	Percent Non-Detects	100%
Mean Detected	N/A	SD Detected	N/A
Mean of Detected Logged Data	N/A	SD of Detected Logged Data	N/A
<p><b>Warning: All observations are Non-Detects (NDs), therefore all statistics and estimates should also be NDs!</b></p> <p><b>Specifically, sample mean, UCLs, UPLs, and other statistics are also NDs lying below the largest detection limit!</b></p> <p><b>The Project Team may decide to use alternative site specific values to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).</b></p>			
<b>The data set for variable beryllium was not processed!</b>			
<b>cadmium</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			

Total Number of Observations	4	Number of Missing Observations	1
Number of Distinct Observations	2		
Number of Detects	0	Number of Non-Detects	4
Number of Distinct Detects	0	Number of Distinct Non-Detects	2
Minimum Detect	N/A	Minimum Non-Detect	0.08
Maximum Detect	N/A	Maximum Non-Detect	1
Variance Detected	N/A	Percent Non-Detects	100%
Mean Detected	N/A	SD Detected	N/A
Mean of Detected Logged Data	N/A	SD of Detected Logged Data	N/A

**Warning: All observations are Non-Detects (NDs), therefore all statistics and estimates should also be NDs!**

**Specifically, sample mean, UCLs, UPLs, and other statistics are also NDs lying below the largest detection limit!**

**The Project Team may decide to use alternative site specific values to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).**

**The data set for variable cadmium was not processed!**

**calcium**

**General Statistics**

Total Number of Observations	0	Number of Distinct Observations	0
		Number of Missing Observations	5
Minimum	N/A	First Quartile	N/A
Second Largest	N/A	Median	N/A
Maximum	N/A	Third Quartile	N/A
Mean	N/A	SD	N/A
Coefficient of Variation	N/A	Skewness	N/A

**Warning: This data set only has 0 observations!**

**Data set is too small to compute reliable and meaningful statistics and estimates!**

**The data set for variable calcium was not processed!**

**It is suggested to collect at least 8 to 10 observations before using these statistical methods!**

**If possible, compute and collect Data Quality Objectives (DQO) based sample size and analytical results.**

**hexavalent chromium**

**General Statistics**

Total Number of Observations	2	Number of Missing Observations	3
Number of Distinct Observations	1		
Number of Detects	0	Number of Non-Detects	2
Number of Distinct Detects	0	Number of Distinct Non-Detects	1
Minimum Detect	N/A	Minimum Non-Detect	0.74
Maximum Detect	N/A	Maximum Non-Detect	0.74
Variance Detected	N/A	Percent Non-Detects	100%
Mean Detected	N/A	SD Detected	N/A
Mean of Detected Logged Data	N/A	SD of Detected Logged Data	N/A

**Warning: This data set only has 2 observations!**



**Data set is too small to compute reliable and meaningful statistics and estimates!**

**The data set for variable hexavalent chromium was not processed!**

**It is suggested to collect at least 8 to 10 observations before using these statistical methods!**

**If possible, compute and collect Data Quality Objectives (DQO) based sample size and analytical results.**

**trivalent chromium**

**General Statistics**

Total Number of Observations	0	Number of Distinct Observations	0
		Number of Missing Observations	5
Minimum	N/A	First Quartile	N/A
Second Largest	N/A	Median	N/A
Maximum	N/A	Third Quartile	N/A
Mean	N/A	SD	N/A
Coefficient of Variation	N/A	Skewness	N/A

**Warning: This data set only has 0 observations!**

**Data set is too small to compute reliable and meaningful statistics and estimates!**

**The data set for variable trivalent chromium was not processed!**

**It is suggested to collect at least 8 to 10 observations before using these statistical methods!**

**If possible, compute and collect Data Quality Objectives (DQO) based sample size and analytical results.**

**total chromium**

**General Statistics**

Total Number of Observations	4	Number of Missing Observations	1
Number of Distinct Observations	3		
Number of Detects	2	Number of Non-Detects	2
Number of Distinct Detects	2	Number of Distinct Non-Detects	1
Minimum Detect	0.45	Minimum Non-Detect	5
Maximum Detect	0.53	Maximum Non-Detect	5
Variance Detected	0.0032	Percent Non-Detects	50%
Mean Detected	0.49	SD Detected	0.0566
Mean of Detected Logged Data	-0.717	SD of Detected Logged Data	0.116

**Warning: Data set has only 2 Detected Values.**

**This is not enough to compute meaningful or reliable statistics and estimates.**

**Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)**

Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	5.144	d2max (for USL)	1.462
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**Normal GOF Test on Detects Only**

**Not Enough Data to Perform GOF Test**

**Kaplan Meier (KM) Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution**

KM Mean	0.49	KM SD	0.04		
95% UTL95% Coverage	0.696	95% KM UPL (t)	0.595		
90% KM Percentile (z)	0.541	95% KM Percentile (z)	0.556		
99% KM Percentile (z)	0.583	95% KM USL	0.548		
<b>DL/2 Substitution Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>					
Mean	1.495	SD	1.161		
95% UTL95% Coverage	7.467	95% UPL (t)	4.55		
90% Percentile (z)	2.983	95% Percentile (z)	3.405		
99% Percentile (z)	4.196	95% USL	3.193		
<b>DL/2 is not a recommended method. DL/2 provided for comparisons and historical reasons</b>					
<b>Gamma GOF Tests on Detected Observations Only</b>					
<b>Not Enough Data to Perform GOF Test</b>					
<b>Gamma Statistics on Detected Data Only</b>					
k hat (MLE)	149.7	k star (bias corrected MLE)	N/A		
Theta hat (MLE)	0.00327	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	N/A		
nu hat (MLE)	598.9	nu star (bias corrected)	N/A		
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	N/A				
MLE Sd (bias corrected)	N/A	95% Percentile of Chisquare (2kstar)	N/A		
<b>Estimates of Gamma Parameters using KM Estimates</b>					
Mean (KM)	0.49	SD (KM)	0.04		
Variance (KM)	0.0016	SE of Mean (KM)	0.04		
k hat (KM)	150.1	k star (KM)	37.68		
nu hat (KM)	1201	nu star (KM)	301.5		
theta hat (KM)	0.00327	theta star (KM)	0.013		
80% gamma percentile (KM)	0.556	90% gamma percentile (KM)	0.595		
95% gamma percentile (KM)	0.628	99% gamma percentile (KM)	0.695		
<b>The following statistics are computed using gamma distribution and KM estimates</b>					
<b>Upper Limits using Wilson Hilferty (WH) and Hawkins Wixley (HW) Methods</b>					
	WH	HW	WH	HW	
95% Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	0.725	0.729	95% Approx. Gamma UPL	0.602	0.603
95% KM Gamma Percentile	0.558	0.558	95% Gamma USL	0.55	0.55
<b>Lognormal GOF Test on Detected Observations Only</b>					
<b>Not Enough Data to Perform GOF Test</b>					
<b>Background Lognormal ROS Statistics Assuming Lognormal Distribution Using Imputed Non-Detects</b>					
Mean in Original Scale	0.49	Mean in Log Scale	-0.717		
SD in Original Scale	0.0462	SD in Log Scale	0.0945		
95% UTL95% Coverage	0.794	95% BCA UTL95% Coverage	N/A		
95% Bootstrap (%) UTL95% Coverage	N/A	95% UPL (t)	0.626		
90% Percentile (z)	0.551	95% Percentile (z)	0.57		
99% Percentile (z)	0.608	95% USL	0.561		
<b>Statistics using KM estimates on Logged Data and Assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>					
KM Mean of Logged Data	-0.717	95% KM UTL (Lognormal)95% Coverage	0.744		

KM SD of Logged Data	0.0818	95% KM UPL (Lognormal)	0.606
95% KM Percentile Lognormal (z)	0.559	95% KM USL (Lognormal)	0.55
<b>Background DL/2 Statistics Assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>			
Mean in Original Scale	1.495	Mean in Log Scale	0.0998
SD in Original Scale	1.161	SD in Log Scale	0.945
95% UTL/95% Coverage	142.8	95% UPL (t)	13.29
90% Percentile (z)	3.71	95% Percentile (z)	5.23
99% Percentile (z)	9.96	95% USL	4.402
<b>DL/2 is not a Recommended Method. DL/2 provided for comparisons and historical reasons.</b>			
<b>Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics</b>			
<b>Data do not follow a Discernible Distribution (0.05)</b>			
<b>Nonparametric Upper Limits for BTVs(no distinction made between detects and nondetects)</b>			
Order of Statistic, r	4	95% UTL with 95% Coverage	5
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.211	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.185
Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59	95% UPL	5
95% USL	5	95% KM Chebyshev UPL	0.685
<p>Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20. Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.</p> <p>The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.</p>			
<b>cobalt</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	4	Number of Missing Observations	1
Number of Distinct Observations	2		
Number of Detects	2	Number of Non-Detects	2
Number of Distinct Detects	1	Number of Distinct Non-Detects	1
Minimum Detect	0.16	Minimum Non-Detect	5
Maximum Detect	0.16	Maximum Non-Detect	5
Variance Detected	0	Percent Non-Detects	50%
Mean Detected	0.16	SD Detected	0
Mean of Detected Logged Data	-1.833	SD of Detected Logged Data	0
<b>Warning: Only one distinct data value was detected! ProUCL (or any other software) should not be used on such a data set!</b>			
<b>It is suggested to use alternative site specific values determined by the Project Team to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).</b>			
<b>The data set for variable cobalt was not processed!</b>			
<b>copper</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	4	Number of Missing Observations	1
Number of Distinct Observations	3		

Number of Detects	2	Number of Non-Detects	2
Number of Distinct Detects	2	Number of Distinct Non-Detects	1
Minimum Detect	1.1	Minimum Non-Detect	10
Maximum Detect	1.2	Maximum Non-Detect	10
Variance Detected	0.005	Percent Non-Detects	50%
Mean Detected	1.15	SD Detected	0.0707
Mean of Detected Logged Data	0.139	SD of Detected Logged Data	0.0615
<b>Warning: Data set has only 2 Detected Values.</b>			
<b>This is not enough to compute meaningful or reliable statistics and estimates.</b>			
<b>Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)</b>			
Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	5.144	d2max (for USL)	1.462
<b>Normal GOF Test on Detects Only</b>			
<b>Not Enough Data to Perform GOF Test</b>			
<b>Kaplan Meier (KM) Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>			
KM Mean	1.15	KM SD	0.05
95% UTL95% Coverage	1.407	95% KM UPL (t)	1.282
90% KM Percentile (z)	1.214	95% KM Percentile (z)	1.232
99% KM Percentile (z)	1.266	95% KM USL	1.223
<b>DL/2 Substitution Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>			
Mean	3.075	SD	2.223
95% UTL95% Coverage	14.51	95% UPL (t)	8.924
90% Percentile (z)	5.924	95% Percentile (z)	6.732
99% Percentile (z)	8.247	95% USL	6.326
<b>DL/2 is not a recommended method. DL/2 provided for comparisons and historical reasons</b>			
<b>Gamma GOF Tests on Detected Observations Only</b>			
<b>Not Enough Data to Perform GOF Test</b>			
<b>Gamma Statistics on Detected Data Only</b>			
k hat (MLE)	528.7	k star (bias corrected MLE)	N/A
Theta hat (MLE)	0.00218	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	N/A
nu hat (MLE)	2115	nu star (bias corrected)	N/A
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	N/A		
MLE Sd (bias corrected)	N/A	95% Percentile of Chisquare (2kstar)	N/A
<b>Estimates of Gamma Parameters using KM Estimates</b>			
Mean (KM)	1.15	SD (KM)	0.05
Variance (KM)	0.0025	SE of Mean (KM)	0.05
k hat (KM)	529	k star (KM)	132.4
nu hat (KM)	4232	nu star (KM)	1059
theta hat (KM)	0.00217	theta star (KM)	0.00868
80% gamma percentile (KM)	1.233	90% gamma percentile (KM)	1.28
95% gamma percentile (KM)	1.319	99% gamma percentile (KM)	1.395

<b>The following statistics are computed using gamma distribution and KM estimates</b>					
<b>Upper Limits using Wilson Hilferty (WH) and Hawkins Wixley (HW) Methods</b>					
	WH	HW		WH	HW
95% Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	1.426	1.429	95% Approx. Gamma UPL	1.286	1.286
95% KM Gamma Percentile	1.233	1.234	95% Gamma USL	1.224	1.224
<b>Lognormal GOF Test on Detected Observations Only</b>					
<b>Not Enough Data to Perform GOF Test</b>					
<b>Background Lognormal ROS Statistics Assuming Lognormal Distribution Using Imputed Non-Detects</b>					
Mean in Original Scale	1.15		Mean in Log Scale	0.139	
SD in Original Scale	0.0577		SD in Log Scale	0.0502	
95% UTL95% Coverage	1.488		95% BCA UTL95% Coverage	N/A	
95% Bootstrap (%) UTL95% Coverage	N/A		95% UPL (t)	1.311	
90% Percentile (z)	1.225		95% Percentile (z)	1.248	
99% Percentile (z)	1.291		95% USL	1.237	
<b>Statistics using KM estimates on Logged Data and Assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>					
KM Mean of Logged Data	0.139		95% KM UTL (Lognormal)95% Coverage	1.437	
KM SD of Logged Data	0.0435		95% KM UPL (Lognormal)	1.288	
95% KM Percentile Lognormal (z)	1.234		95% KM USL (Lognormal)	1.224	
<b>Background DL/2 Statistics Assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>					
Mean in Original Scale	3.075		Mean in Log Scale	0.874	
SD in Original Scale	2.223		SD in Log Scale	0.85	
95% UTL95% Coverage	189.7		95% UPL (t)	22.42	
90% Percentile (z)	7.122		95% Percentile (z)	9.698	
99% Percentile (z)	17.31		95% USL	8.306	
<b>DL/2 is not a Recommended Method. DL/2 provided for comparisons and historical reasons.</b>					
<b>Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics</b>					
<b>Data do not follow a Discernible Distribution (0.05)</b>					
<b>Nonparametric Upper Limits for BTVs(no distinction made between detects and nondetects)</b>					
Order of Statistic, r	4		95% UTL with95% Coverage	10	
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.211		Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.185	
Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59		95% UPL	10	
95% USL	10		95% KM Chebyshev UPL	1.394	
Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20.					
Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers					
and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.					
The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data					
represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.					
<b>iron</b>					
<b>General Statistics</b>					
Total Number of Observations	2		Number of Missing Observations	3	
Number of Distinct Observations	1				

Number of Detects	0	Number of Non-Detects	2
Number of Distinct Detects	0	Number of Distinct Non-Detects	1
Minimum Detect	N/A	Minimum Non-Detect	0.2
Maximum Detect	N/A	Maximum Non-Detect	0.2
Variance Detected	N/A	Percent Non-Detects	100%
Mean Detected	N/A	SD Detected	N/A
Mean of Detected Logged Data	N/A	SD of Detected Logged Data	N/A

**Warning: This data set only has 2 observations!**

**Data set is too small to compute reliable and meaningful statistics and estimates!**

**The data set for variable iron was not processed!**

**It is suggested to collect at least 8 to 10 observations before using these statistical methods!**

**If possible, compute and collect Data Quality Objectives (DQO) based sample size and analytical results.**

**lead**

**General Statistics**

Total Number of Observations	2	Number of Missing Observations	3
Number of Distinct Observations	1		
Number of Detects	0	Number of Non-Detects	2
Number of Distinct Detects	0	Number of Distinct Non-Detects	1
Minimum Detect	N/A	Minimum Non-Detect	5
Maximum Detect	N/A	Maximum Non-Detect	5
Variance Detected	N/A	Percent Non-Detects	100%
Mean Detected	N/A	SD Detected	N/A
Mean of Detected Logged Data	N/A	SD of Detected Logged Data	N/A

**Warning: This data set only has 2 observations!**

**Data set is too small to compute reliable and meaningful statistics and estimates!**

**The data set for variable lead was not processed!**

**It is suggested to collect at least 8 to 10 observations before using these statistical methods!**

**If possible, compute and collect Data Quality Objectives (DQO) based sample size and analytical results.**

**magnesium**

**General Statistics**

Total Number of Observations	0	Number of Distinct Observations	0
		Number of Missing Observations	5
Minimum	N/A	First Quartile	N/A
Second Largest	N/A	Median	N/A
Maximum	N/A	Third Quartile	N/A
Mean	N/A	SD	N/A
Coefficient of Variation	N/A	Skewness	N/A

**Warning: This data set only has 0 observations!**

**Data set is too small to compute reliable and meaningful statistics and estimates!**



The data set for variable magnesium was not processed!

It is suggested to collect at least 8 to 10 observations before using these statistical methods!

If possible, compute and collect Data Quality Objectives (DQO) based sample size and analytical results.

manganese

**General Statistics**

Total Number of Observations	4	Number of Missing Observations	1
Number of Distinct Observations	4		
Number of Detects	3	Number of Non-Detects	1
Number of Distinct Detects	3	Number of Distinct Non-Detects	1
Minimum Detect	11	Minimum Non-Detect	10
Maximum Detect	22.2	Maximum Non-Detect	10
Variance Detected	38.41	Percent Non-Detects	25%
Mean Detected	18.13	SD Detected	6.198
Mean of Detected Logged Data	2.851	SD of Detected Logged Data	0.393

**Warning: Data set has only 3 Detected Values.**

**This is not enough to compute meaningful or reliable statistics and estimates.**

**Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)**

Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	5.144	d2max (for USL)	1.462
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**Normal GOF Test on Detects Only**

Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.816	<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.767	Detected Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.356	<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.425	Detected Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

**Detected Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level**

**Kaplan Meier (KM) Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution**

KM Mean	16.1	KM SD	5.622
95% UTL95% Coverage	45.02	95% KM UPL (t)	30.89
90% KM Percentile (z)	23.31	95% KM Percentile (z)	25.35
99% KM Percentile (z)	29.18	95% KM USL	24.32

**DL/2 Substitution Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution**

Mean	14.85	SD	8.29
95% UTL95% Coverage	57.5	95% UPL (t)	36.66
90% Percentile (z)	25.47	95% Percentile (z)	28.49
99% Percentile (z)	34.14	95% USL	26.97

**DL/2 is not a recommended method. DL/2 provided for comparisons and historical reasons**

**Gamma GOF Tests on Detected Observations Only**

**Not Enough Data to Perform GOF Test**

**Gamma Statistics on Detected Data Only**

k hat (MLE)	10.78	k star (bias corrected MLE)	N/A
Theta hat (MLE)	1.682	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	N/A
nu hat (MLE)	64.69	nu star (bias corrected)	N/A
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	N/A		
MLE Sd (bias corrected)	N/A	95% Percentile of Chisquare (2kstar)	N/A
<b>Gamma ROS Statistics using Imputed Non-Detects</b>			
GROS may not be used when data set has > 50% NDs with many tied observations at multiple DLs			
GROS may not be used when kstar of detects is small such as <1.0, especially when the sample size is small (e.g., <15-20)			
For such situations, GROS method may yield incorrect values of UCLs and BTVs			
This is especially true when the sample size is small.			
For gamma distributed detected data, BTVs and UCLs may be computed using gamma distribution on KM estimates			
Minimum	4.816	Mean	14.8
Maximum	22.2	Median	16.1
SD	8.363	CV	0.565
k hat (MLE)	3.208	k star (bias corrected MLE)	0.969
Theta hat (MLE)	4.615	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	15.28
nu hat (MLE)	25.66	nu star (bias corrected)	7.748
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	14.8	MLE Sd (bias corrected)	15.04
95% Percentile of Chisquare (2kstar)	5.869	90% Percentile	34.36
95% Percentile	44.85	99% Percentile	69.28
<b>The following statistics are computed using Gamma ROS Statistics on Imputed Data</b>			
<b>Upper Limits using Wilson Hilferty (WH) and Hawkins Wixley (HW) Methods</b>			
	WH	HW	
95% Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	131.9	162.7	95% Approx. Gamma UPL
95% Gamma USL	31.12	32.01	
<b>Estimates of Gamma Parameters using KM Estimates</b>			
Mean (KM)	16.1	SD (KM)	5.622
Variance (KM)	31.61	SE of Mean (KM)	3.443
k hat (KM)	8.2	k star (KM)	2.217
nu hat (KM)	65.6	nu star (KM)	17.73
theta hat (KM)	1.963	theta star (KM)	7.263
80% gamma percentile (KM)	23.81	90% gamma percentile (KM)	30.57
95% gamma percentile (KM)	36.98	99% gamma percentile (KM)	51.11
<b>The following statistics are computed using gamma distribution and KM estimates</b>			
<b>Upper Limits using Wilson Hilferty (WH) and Hawkins Wixley (HW) Methods</b>			
	WH	HW	
95% Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	65.9	71.26	95% Approx. Gamma UPL
95% KM Gamma Percentile	26.59	26.8	95% Gamma USL
<b>Lognormal GOF Test on Detected Observations Only</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.799	<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.767	Detected Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.364	<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.425	Detected Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Detected Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Lognormal ROS Statistics Assuming Lognormal Distribution Using Imputed Non-Detects</b>			

Mean in Original Scale	15.22	Mean in Log Scale	2.606
SD in Original Scale	7.712	SD in Log Scale	0.586
95% UTL95% Coverage	275.3	95% BCA UTL95% Coverage	N/A
95% Bootstrap (%) UTL95% Coverage	N/A	95% UPL (t)	63.21
90% Percentile (z)	28.68	95% Percentile (z)	35.48
99% Percentile (z)	52.88	95% USL	31.88
<b>Statistics using KM estimates on Logged Data and Assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>			
KM Mean of Logged Data	2.714	95% KM UTL (Lognormal)95% Coverage	98.78
KM SD of Logged Data	0.365	95% KM UPL (Lognormal)	39.44
95% KM Percentile Lognormal (z)	27.51	95% KM USL (Lognormal)	25.74
<b>Background DL/2 Statistics Assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>			
Mean in Original Scale	14.85	Mean in Log Scale	2.54
SD in Original Scale	8.29	SD in Log Scale	0.699
95% UTL95% Coverage	461.2	95% UPL (t)	79.71
90% Percentile (z)	31.05	95% Percentile (z)	40.02
99% Percentile (z)	64.42	95% USL	35.23
<b>DL/2 is not a Recommended Method. DL/2 provided for comparisons and historical reasons.</b>			
<b>Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics</b>			
<b>Data appear to follow a Discernible Distribution at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Nonparametric Upper Limits for BTVs(no distinction made between detects and nondetects)</b>			
Order of Statistic, r	4	95% UTL with95% Coverage	22.2
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.211	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.185
Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59	95% UPL	22.2
95% USL	22.2	95% KM Chebyshev UPL	43.5
Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20.			
Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.			
The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.			
<b>mercury</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	4	Number of Missing Observations	1
Number of Distinct Observations	1		
Number of Detects	0	Number of Non-Detects	4
Number of Distinct Detects	0	Number of Distinct Non-Detects	1
Minimum Detect	N/A	Minimum Non-Detect	0.2
Maximum Detect	N/A	Maximum Non-Detect	0.2
Variance Detected	N/A	Percent Non-Detects	100%
Mean Detected	N/A	SD Detected	N/A
Mean of Detected Logged Data	N/A	SD of Detected Logged Data	N/A
<b>Warning: All observations are Non-Detects (NDs), therefore all statistics and estimates should also be NDs!</b>			
<b>Specifically, sample mean, UCLs, UPLs, and other statistics are also NDs lying below the largest detection limit!</b>			

The Project Team may decide to use alternative site specific values to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).

The data set for variable mercury was not processed!

nickel

**General Statistics**

Total Number of Observations	4	Number of Missing Observations	1
Number of Distinct Observations	3		
Number of Detects	2	Number of Non-Detects	2
Number of Distinct Detects	2	Number of Distinct Non-Detects	1
Minimum Detect	0.29	Minimum Non-Detect	10
Maximum Detect	0.33	Maximum Non-Detect	10
Variance Detected	8.0000E-4	Percent Non-Detects	50%
Mean Detected	0.31	SD Detected	0.0283
Mean of Detected Logged Data	-1.173	SD of Detected Logged Data	0.0914

**Warning: Data set has only 2 Detected Values.**

**This is not enough to compute meaningful or reliable statistics and estimates.**

**Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)**

Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	5.144	d2max (for USL)	1.462
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**Normal GOF Test on Detects Only**

**Not Enough Data to Perform GOF Test**

**Kaplan Meier (KM) Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution**

KM Mean	0.31	KM SD	0.02
95% UTL95% Coverage	0.413	95% KM UPL (t)	0.363
90% KM Percentile (z)	0.336	95% KM Percentile (z)	0.343
99% KM Percentile (z)	0.357	95% KM USL	0.339

**DL/2 Substitution Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution**

Mean	2.655	SD	2.708
95% UTL95% Coverage	16.58	95% UPL (t)	9.78
90% Percentile (z)	6.125	95% Percentile (z)	7.109
99% Percentile (z)	8.954	95% USL	6.615

**DL/2 is not a recommended method. DL/2 provided for comparisons and historical reasons**

**Gamma GOF Tests on Detected Observations Only**

**Not Enough Data to Perform GOF Test**

**Gamma Statistics on Detected Data Only**

k hat (MLE)	239.9	k star (bias corrected MLE)	N/A
Theta hat (MLE)	0.00129	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	N/A
nu hat (MLE)	959.7	nu star (bias corrected)	N/A
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	N/A		
MLE Sd (bias corrected)	N/A	95% Percentile of Chisquare (2kstar)	N/A

<b>Estimates of Gamma Parameters using KM Estimates</b>					
Mean (KM)	0.31		SD (KM)	0.02	
Variance (KM)	4.0000E-4		SE of Mean (KM)	0.02	
k hat (KM)	240.3		k star (KM)	60.23	
nu hat (KM)	1922		nu star (KM)	481.8	
theta hat (KM)	0.00129		theta star (KM)	0.00515	
80% gamma percentile (KM)	0.343		90% gamma percentile (KM)	0.362	
95% gamma percentile (KM)	0.378		99% gamma percentile (KM)	0.41	
<b>The following statistics are computed using gamma distribution and KM estimates</b>					
<b>Upper Limits using Wilson Hilferty (WH) and Hawkins Wixley (HW) Methods</b>					
	WH	HW		WH	HW
95% Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	0.424	0.426	95% Approx. Gamma UPL	0.365	0.366
95% KM Gamma Percentile	0.344	0.344	95% Gamma USL	0.34	0.34
<b>Lognormal GOF Test on Detected Observations Only</b>					
<b>Not Enough Data to Perform GOF Test</b>					
<b>Background Lognormal ROS Statistics Assuming Lognormal Distribution Using Imputed Non-Detects</b>					
Mean in Original Scale	0.31		Mean in Log Scale	-1.173	
SD in Original Scale	0.0231		SD in Log Scale	0.0746	
95% UTL95% Coverage	0.454		95% BCA UTL95% Coverage	N/A	
95% Bootstrap (%) UTL95% Coverage	N/A		95% UPL (t)	0.376	
90% Percentile (z)	0.34		95% Percentile (z)	0.35	
99% Percentile (z)	0.368		95% USL	0.345	
<b>Statistics using KM estimates on Logged Data and Assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>					
KM Mean of Logged Data	-1.173		95% KM UTL (Lognormal)95% Coverage	0.431	
KM SD of Logged Data	0.0646		95% KM UPL (Lognormal)	0.367	
95% KM Percentile Lognormal (z)	0.344		95% KM USL (Lognormal)	0.34	
<b>Background DL/2 Statistics Assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>					
Mean in Original Scale	2.655		Mean in Log Scale	0.218	
SD in Original Scale	2.708		SD in Log Scale	1.607	
95% UTL95% Coverage	4851		95% UPL (t)	85.42	
90% Percentile (z)	9.758		95% Percentile (z)	17.5	
99% Percentile (z)	52.33		95% USL	13.05	
<b>DL/2 is not a Recommended Method. DL/2 provided for comparisons and historical reasons.</b>					
<b>Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics</b>					
<b>Data do not follow a Discernible Distribution (0.05)</b>					
<b>Nonparametric Upper Limits for BTVs(no distinction made between detects and nondetects)</b>					
Order of Statistic, r	4		95% UTL with95% Coverage	10	
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.211		Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.185	
Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59		95% UPL	10	
95% USL	10		95% KM Chebyshev UPL	0.407	
Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20.					

Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.

The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.

**potassium**

**General Statistics**

Total Number of Observations	0	Number of Distinct Observations	0
		Number of Missing Observations	5
Minimum	N/A	First Quartile	N/A
Second Largest	N/A	Median	N/A
Maximum	N/A	Third Quartile	N/A
Mean	N/A	SD	N/A
Coefficient of Variation	N/A	Skewness	N/A

**Warning: This data set only has 0 observations!**

**Data set is too small to compute reliable and meaningful statistics and estimates!**

**The data set for variable potassium was not processed!**

**It is suggested to collect at least 8 to 10 observations before using these statistical methods!**

**If possible, compute and collect Data Quality Objectives (DQO) based sample size and analytical results.**

**selenium**

**General Statistics**

Total Number of Observations	4	Number of Missing Observations	1
Number of Distinct Observations	3		
Number of Detects	2	Number of Non-Detects	2
Number of Distinct Detects	2	Number of Distinct Non-Detects	1
Minimum Detect	0.096	Minimum Non-Detect	20
Maximum Detect	0.11	Maximum Non-Detect	20
Variance Detected	9.8000E-5	Percent Non-Detects	50%
Mean Detected	0.103	SD Detected	0.0099
Mean of Detected Logged Data	-2.275	SD of Detected Logged Data	0.0963

**Warning: Data set has only 2 Detected Values.**

**This is not enough to compute meaningful or reliable statistics and estimates.**

**Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)**

Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	5.144	d2max (for USL)	1.462
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**Normal GOF Test on Detects Only**

**Not Enough Data to Perform GOF Test**

**Kaplan Meier (KM) Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution**

KM Mean	0.103	KM SD	0.007
95% UTL95% Coverage	0.139	95% KM UPL (t)	0.121

90% KM Percentile (z)	0.112	95% KM Percentile (z)	0.115
99% KM Percentile (z)	0.119	95% KM USL	0.113
<b>DL/2 Substitution Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>			
Mean	5.052	SD	5.714
95% UTL95% Coverage	34.44	95% UPL (t)	20.09
90% Percentile (z)	12.37	95% Percentile (z)	14.45
99% Percentile (z)	18.34	95% USL	13.41
<b>DL/2 is not a recommended method. DL/2 provided for comparisons and historical reasons</b>			
<b>Gamma GOF Tests on Detected Observations Only</b>			
<b>Not Enough Data to Perform GOF Test</b>			
<b>Gamma Statistics on Detected Data Only</b>			
k hat (MLE)	216.2	k star (bias corrected MLE)	N/A
Theta hat (MLE)	4.7646E-4	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	N/A
nu hat (MLE)	864.7	nu star (bias corrected)	N/A
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	N/A		
MLE Sd (bias corrected)	N/A	95% Percentile of Chisquare (2kstar)	N/A
<b>Estimates of Gamma Parameters using KM Estimates</b>			
Mean (KM)	0.103	SD (KM)	0.007
Variance (KM)	4.9000E-5	SE of Mean (KM)	0.007
k hat (KM)	216.5	k star (KM)	54.29
nu hat (KM)	1732	nu star (KM)	434.4
theta hat (KM)	4.7573E-4	theta star (KM)	0.0019
80% gamma percentile (KM)	0.115	90% gamma percentile (KM)	0.121
95% gamma percentile (KM)	0.127	99% gamma percentile (KM)	0.138
<b>The following statistics are computed using gamma distribution and KM estimates</b>			
<b>Upper Limits using Wilson Hilferty (WH) and Hawkins Wixley (HW) Methods</b>			
	WH	HW	
95% Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	0.143	0.144	95% Approx. Gamma UPL
95% KM Gamma Percentile	0.115	0.115	95% Gamma USL
			WH
			HW
			0.122
			0.123
			0.113
			0.113
<b>Lognormal GOF Test on Detected Observations Only</b>			
<b>Not Enough Data to Perform GOF Test</b>			
<b>Background Lognormal ROS Statistics Assuming Lognormal Distribution Using Imputed Non-Detects</b>			
Mean in Original Scale	0.103	Mean in Log Scale	-2.275
SD in Original Scale	0.00808	SD in Log Scale	0.0786
95% UTL95% Coverage	0.154	95% BCA UTL95% Coverage	N/A
95% Bootstrap (%) UTL95% Coverage	N/A	95% UPL (t)	0.126
90% Percentile (z)	0.114	95% Percentile (z)	0.117
99% Percentile (z)	0.123	95% USL	0.115
<b>Statistics using KM estimates on Logged Data and Assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>			
KM Mean of Logged Data	-2.275	95% KM UTL (Lognormal)95% Coverage	0.146
KM SD of Logged Data	0.0681	95% KM UPL (Lognormal)	0.123
95% KM Percentile Lognormal (z)	0.115	95% KM USL (Lognormal)	0.114



<b>Background DL/2 Statistics Assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>				
Mean in Original Scale	5.052	Mean in Log Scale	0.0136	
SD in Original Scale	5.714	SD in Log Scale	2.644	
95% UTL/95% Coverage	816321	95% UPL (t)	1064	
90% Percentile (z)	30.01	95% Percentile (z)	78.42	
99% Percentile (z)	475.2	95% USL	48.42	
<b>DL/2 is not a Recommended Method. DL/2 provided for comparisons and historical reasons.</b>				
<b>Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics</b>				
<b>Data do not follow a Discernible Distribution (0.05)</b>				
<b>Nonparametric Upper Limits for BTVs(no distinction made between detects and nondetects)</b>				
Order of Statistic, r	4	95% UTL with 95% Coverage	20	
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.211	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.185	
Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59	95% UPL	20	
95% USL	20	95% KM Chebyshev UPL	0.137	
Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20.				
Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.				
The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.				
<b>strontium</b>				
<b>General Statistics</b>				
Total Number of Observations	4	Number of Distinct Observations	3	
		Number of Missing Observations	1	
Minimum	85.3	First Quartile	85.45	
Second Largest	100	Median	92.75	
Maximum	100	Third Quartile	100	
Mean	92.7	SD	8.43	
Coefficient of Variation	0.0909	Skewness	-4.875E-4	
Mean of logged Data	4.526	SD of logged Data	0.0911	
<b>Critical Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)</b>				
Tolerance Factor K (For UTL)	5.144	d2max (for USL)	1.462	
<b>Normal GOF Test</b>				
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.737	<b>Shapiro Wilk GOF Test</b>		
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.748	Data Not Normal at 5% Significance Level		
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.307	<b>Lilliefors GOF Test</b>		
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.375	Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level		
<b>Data appear Approximate Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>				
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution</b>				
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	136.1	90% Percentile (z)	103.5	
95% UPL (t)	114.9	95% Percentile (z)	106.6	
95% USL	105	99% Percentile (z)	112.3	

<b>Gamma GOF Test</b>			
A-D Test Statistic	0.706	<b>Anderson-Darling Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.657	Data Not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
K-S Test Statistic	0.341	<b>Kolmogorov-Smirnov Gamma GOF Test</b>	
5% K-S Critical Value	0.394	Detected data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Detected data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Gamma Statistics</b>			
k hat (MLE)	160.9	k star (bias corrected MLE)	40.39
Theta hat (MLE)	0.576	Theta star (bias corrected MLE)	2.295
nu hat (MLE)	1287	nu star (bias corrected)	323.1
MLE Mean (bias corrected)	92.7	MLE Sd (bias corrected)	14.59
<b>Background Statistics Assuming Gamma Distribution</b>			
95% Wilson Hilferty (WH) Approx. Gamma UPL	116.5	90% Percentile	111.8
95% Hawkins Wixley (HW) Approx. Gamma UPL	116.7	95% Percentile	117.9
95% WH Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	143	99% Percentile	130
95% HW Approx. Gamma UTL with 95% Coverage	144.1		
95% WH USL	105.4	95% HW USL	105.4
<b>Lognormal GOF Test</b>			
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.737	<b>Shapiro Wilk Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.748	Data Not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.307	<b>Lilliefors Lognormal GOF Test</b>	
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.375	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
<b>Data appear Approximate Lognormal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Background Statistics assuming Lognormal Distribution</b>			
95% UTL with 95% Coverage	147.7	90% Percentile (z)	103.9
95% UPL (t)	117.5	95% Percentile (z)	107.4
95% USL	105.6	99% Percentile (z)	114.2
<b>Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics</b>			
<b>Data appear Approximate Normal at 5% Significance Level</b>			
<b>Nonparametric Upper Limits for Background Threshold Values</b>			
Order of Statistic, r	4	95% UTL with 95% Coverage	100
Approx, f used to compute achieved CC	0.211	Approximate Actual Confidence Coefficient achieved by UTL	0.185
		Approximate Sample Size needed to achieve specified CC	59
95% Percentile Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	N/A	95% BCA Bootstrap UTL with 95% Coverage	N/A
95% UPL	100	90% Percentile	100
90% Chebyshev UPL	121	95% Percentile	100
95% Chebyshev UPL	133.8	99% Percentile	100
95% USL	100		
Note: The use of USL tends to yield a conservative estimate of BTV, especially when the sample size starts exceeding 20.			
Therefore, one may use USL to estimate a BTV only when the data set represents a background data set free of outliers and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations.			
The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data			

represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.

**silver**

**General Statistics**

Total Number of Observations	0	Number of Distinct Observations	0
		Number of Missing Observations	5
Minimum	N/A	First Quartile	N/A
Second Largest	N/A	Median	N/A
Maximum	N/A	Third Quartile	N/A
Mean	N/A	SD	N/A
Coefficient of Variation	N/A	Skewness	N/A

**Warning: This data set only has 0 observations!**

**Data set is too small to compute reliable and meaningful statistics and estimates!**

**The data set for variable silver was not processed!**

**It is suggested to collect at least 8 to 10 observations before using these statistical methods!**

**If possible, compute and collect Data Quality Objectives (DQO) based sample size and analytical results.**

**sodium**

**General Statistics**

Total Number of Observations	0	Number of Distinct Observations	0
		Number of Missing Observations	5
Minimum	N/A	First Quartile	N/A
Second Largest	N/A	Median	N/A
Maximum	N/A	Third Quartile	N/A
Mean	N/A	SD	N/A
Coefficient of Variation	N/A	Skewness	N/A

**Warning: This data set only has 0 observations!**

**Data set is too small to compute reliable and meaningful statistics and estimates!**

**The data set for variable sodium was not processed!**

**It is suggested to collect at least 8 to 10 observations before using these statistical methods!**

**If possible, compute and collect Data Quality Objectives (DQO) based sample size and analytical results.**

**thallium**

**General Statistics**

Total Number of Observations	2	Number of Missing Observations	3
Number of Distinct Observations	1		
Number of Detects	0	Number of Non-Detects	2
Number of Distinct Detects	0	Number of Distinct Non-Detects	1
Minimum Detect	N/A	Minimum Non-Detect	10
Maximum Detect	N/A	Maximum Non-Detect	10
Variance Detected	N/A	Percent Non-Detects	100%

Mean Detected	N/A	SD Detected	N/A
Mean of Detected Logged Data	N/A	SD of Detected Logged Data	N/A
<b>Warning: This data set only has 2 observations!</b>			
<b>Data set is too small to compute reliable and meaningful statistics and estimates!</b>			
<b>The data set for variable thallium was not processed!</b>			
<b>It is suggested to collect at least 8 to 10 observations before using these statistical methods!</b>			
<b>If possible, compute and collect Data Quality Objectives (DQO) based sample size and analytical results.</b>			
<b>vanadium</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	2	Number of Missing Observations	3
Number of Distinct Observations	1		
Number of Detects	0	Number of Non-Detects	2
Number of Distinct Detects	0	Number of Distinct Non-Detects	1
Minimum Detect	N/A	Minimum Non-Detect	5
Maximum Detect	N/A	Maximum Non-Detect	5
Variance Detected	N/A	Percent Non-Detects	100%
Mean Detected	N/A	SD Detected	N/A
Mean of Detected Logged Data	N/A	SD of Detected Logged Data	N/A
<b>Warning: This data set only has 2 observations!</b>			
<b>Data set is too small to compute reliable and meaningful statistics and estimates!</b>			
<b>The data set for variable vanadium was not processed!</b>			
<b>It is suggested to collect at least 8 to 10 observations before using these statistical methods!</b>			
<b>If possible, compute and collect Data Quality Objectives (DQO) based sample size and analytical results.</b>			
<b>zinc</b>			
<b>General Statistics</b>			
Total Number of Observations	2	Number of Missing Observations	3
Number of Distinct Observations	1		
Number of Detects	0	Number of Non-Detects	2
Number of Distinct Detects	0	Number of Distinct Non-Detects	1
Minimum Detect	N/A	Minimum Non-Detect	30
Maximum Detect	N/A	Maximum Non-Detect	30
Variance Detected	N/A	Percent Non-Detects	100%
Mean Detected	N/A	SD Detected	N/A
Mean of Detected Logged Data	N/A	SD of Detected Logged Data	N/A
<b>Warning: This data set only has 2 observations!</b>			
<b>Data set is too small to compute reliable and meaningful statistics and estimates!</b>			
<b>The data set for variable zinc was not processed!</b>			
<b>It is suggested to collect at least 8 to 10 observations before using these statistical methods!</b>			

If possible, compute and collect Data Quality Objectives (DQO) based sample size and analytical results.

Hardness

**General Statistics**

Total Number of Observations	2	Number of Distinct Observations	2
		Number of Missing Observations	3
Minimum	53600	First Quartile	53700
Second Largest	53600	Median	53800
Maximum	54000	Third Quartile	53900
Mean	53800	SD	282.8
Coefficient of Variation	0.00526	Skewness	N/A

**Warning: This data set only has 2 observations!**

**Data set is too small to compute reliable and meaningful statistics and estimates!**

**The data set for variable Hardness was not processed!**

**It is suggested to collect at least 8 to 10 observations before using these statistical methods!**

If possible, compute and collect Data Quality Objectives (DQO) based sample size and analytical results.

## **Appendix C - DEQ Risk Calculator Documentation**

### **Appendix C-1**

Exposure Point Concentration Tables

### **Appendix C-2**

Exposure Unit #1 – Resident and Non-Residential Worker  
(0-2 ft bgs soil samples, background concentrations included)

### **Appendix C-3**

Exposure Unit #1 – Construction Worker  
(0-10 ft bgs soil samples, background concentrations included)

### **Appendix C-4**

Exposure Unit #2 Trail – Greenway User and Construction Worker  
(soil samples, background concentrations included)

### **Appendix C-5**

Exposure Unit #2 Creek – Greenway User  
(sediment and surface water samples, background concentrations included)

### **Appendix C-6**

Exposure Unit #3 – Resident, Non-Residential Worker, and Greenway User  
(0-2 ft bgs soil samples, background concentrations included)

### **Appendix C-7**

Exposure Unit #3 - Construction Worker  
(0-10 ft bgs soil samples, background concentrations included)

### **Appendix C-8**

Exposure Unit #1 – Resident and Non-Residential Worker  
(0-2 ft bgs soil samples, background concentrations excluded)

### **Appendix C-9**

Exposure Unit #1 – Construction Worker  
(0-10 ft bgs soil samples, background concentrations excluded)

### **Appendix C-10**

Exposure Unit #2 Trail – Greenway User and Construction Worker  
(soil samples, background concentrations excluded)

### **Appendix C-11**

Exposure Unit #2 Creek – Greenway User  
(sediment and surface water samples, background concentrations excluded)

### **Appendix C-12**

Exposure Unit #3 – Resident, Non-Residential Worker, and Greenway User  
(0-2 ft bgs soil samples, background concentrations excluded)

### **Appendix C-13**

Exposure Unit #3 - Construction Worker  
(0-10 ft bgs soil samples, background concentrations excluded)

**Appendix C-1 Exposure Point Concentration Tables**  
**Exposure Unit #1**  
**Direct Contact to Soil Pathway**  
**828 Martin Luther King, Jr. Blvd.**  
**Chapel Hill, North Carolina**  
**H&H Job. No. TCH-009**

Sample ID	Sample Date	Material Sampled (Soil or CCP)	Sample Depth	arsenic	barium	beryllium	cadmium	hexavalent chromium	trivalent chromium	cobalt	copper	lead	manganese	mercury	nickel	selenium	strontium	thallium	vanadium	zinc
<b>Site-Specific BSV</b>				3.015	87.86	0.929	0.313	5.725	70.2	36.31	77.3	59.11	1,149	0.256	19.49	2.503	43.19	0.981	227	230
S-4	04/29/13	CCP	1 ft	14	24	ND	1.5	NA	NA	30	65	20	1,500	0.011	43	ND	NA	ND	21	120
S-5*	01/31/14	CCP	0-4 ft	37	2,800	NA	ND	1.3	19.7	NA	NA	10	NA	0.30	NA	3.2	NA	NA	NA	NA
S-6*	01/31/14	CCP	0-4 ft	43	3,200	NA	ND	2.7	19.3	NA	NA	12	NA	0.42	NA	6.1	NA	NA	NA	NA
GP-1	02/03/14	CCP	8-12 ft	3.5	86	NA	ND	ND	8.8	NA	NA	26	NA	0.083	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA
GP-2	02/03/14	CCP	26-28 ft	41	1,100	NA	ND	ND	19	NA	NA	11	NA	0.24	NA	4.0	NA	NA	NA	NA
GP-3	02/03/14	CCP	10-12 ft	48	1,200	NA	ND	0.53	22.47	NA	NA	39	NA	0.42	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA
GP-4	02/04/14	CCP	10-12 ft	59	2,900	NA	ND	ND	20	NA	NA	11	NA	0.51	NA	5.8	NA	NA	NA	NA
GP-5	02/04/14	CCP	4-6 ft	72	2,800	NA	ND	ND	19	NA	NA	9.5	NA	0.33	NA	2.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
	04/03/19	CCP	4-6 ft	95.9	2,350	5.46	<0.956	0.836 J	12.3	7.05	50.9	NA	34.7	1.2	11.1	12	325	NA	NA	NA
	04/03/19 <sup>1</sup>	CCP	4-6 ft	95.9	2,630	6.99	<0.931	0.712 J	16.2	10.3	62.5	NA	53.4	0.39	17.1	13	308	NA	NA	NA
GP-6	02/04/14	CCP	9-11 ft	65	850	NA	ND	ND	19	NA	NA	27	NA	11	NA	4.1	NA	NA	NA	NA
	04/04/19	CCP	9-10 ft	6.73	178	0.758	0.118 J	<1.11	10.0	5.18	11	NA	687	0.05	6.24	0.88	21.7	NA	NA	NA
GP-7	02/04/14	CCP	10-12 ft	55	1,700	NA	ND	ND	19	NA	NA	11	NA	0.26	NA	4.3	NA	NA	NA	NA
GP-8	02/04/14	CCP	11-15 ft	54	4,100	NA	ND	ND	20	NA	NA	9.2	NA	0.29	NA	4.5	NA	NA	NA	NA
GP-11	02/04/14	CCP	4-6 ft	16	450	NA	ND	ND	16	NA	NA	23	NA	0.35	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA
GP-12	02/04/14	CCP	2-4 ft	52	2,000	NA	ND	ND	19	NA	NA	14	NA	0.28	NA	2.1	NA	NA	NA	NA
HH-1	11/03/16	Soil	0-1 ft	5.9	120	1.00	<0.29	0.45	20.55	7.9	25	27	350	0.052	8.8	0.69	31	<0.58	48	50
	11/03/16 <sup>1</sup>	Soil	0-1 ft	3.4	110	0.79	<0.35	0.54	19.46	8.4	17	18	360 BH	0.067	12	<0.71	30	<0.71	41	35
HH-2	11/03/16	Soil	0-1 ft	4.9	140	0.93	<0.29	0.43	13.57	12	21	30	260	0.085	5.9	1.0	25	<0.58	48	43
HH-3	11/03/16	Soil	0-1 ft	9.9	200	1.30	<0.33	0.46 J	17.54	7.8	31	24	350	0.076	8.9	2.4	36	<0.65	53	100
HH-4	11/03/16	Soil	0-1 ft	2.4	72	1.00	<0.28	0.50	44.5	16	37	2.3	630	<0.023	33	<0.56	42	0.60	73	70
HH-5	11/03/16	Soil	0-1 ft	2.4	73	0.75	<0.30	<0.14	23	8.4	19	9.3	410	<0.025	14	1.2	23	<0.60	39	51
MW-7	11/01/16	Soil	0-1 ft	2.6	67	0.87	<0.30	0.89	9.11	3.9	180	7.6	100	0.030	2.9	<0.59	6.7	<0.59	61	46
<b>Maximum Concentrations - All Samples</b>				95.9	4,100	6.99	1.5	2.7	44.5	30	180	39	1,500	11	43	13	325	0.60	73	120
<b>Maximum Concentrations - Shallow (0-2') Interval</b>				14	200	1.30	1.5	0.89	44.5	30	180	30	1,500	0.085	43	2.4	42	0.60	73	120
<b>Maximum Concentrations - Construction Worker (0-10') Interval</b>				95.9	3,200	6.99	1.5	2.7	44.5	30	180	30	1,500	11	43	13	325	0.60	73	120

Notes:

Red indicates concentration is below recommended site-specific background screening value (BSV).

Orange shading indicates maximum concentration in all samples.

Blue shading indicated maximum concentrations in samples that include the shallow (0-2 ft) interval.

Purple shading indicates maximum concentrations in samples that include the 0-10 ft interval.

Grey shading indicates concentration is maximum concentration in all use scenarios.

<sup>1</sup> Duplicate sample taken.

CCP = Coal Combustion Product; ND = Not Detected; NA = Not Analyzed.

J = Detected above method detection limit but below laboratory reporting limit; therefore, result is an estimated concentration.

BH = Method blank greater than one-half laboratory reporting limit, but sample concentration greater than 10x the method blank.

\*Location resampled at 0-1 ft interval (HH-2 and HH-5); 0-1 ft sample considered more representative of shallow interval.



**Appendix C-1 Exposure Point Concentration Tables**  
**Exposure Unit #2**  
**Direct Contact to Soil Pathway**  
**828 Martin Luther King, Jr. Blvd.**  
**Chapel Hill, North Carolina**  
**H&H Job. No. TCH-009**

Sample ID	Sample Date	Material Sampled (Soil or CCP)	Sample Depth	arsenic	barium	beryllium	cadmium	hexavalent chromium	trivalent chromium	cobalt	copper	lead	manganese	mercury	nickel	selenium	strontium	thallium	vanadium	zinc
<b>Site-Specific BSV</b>				3.015	87.86	0.929	0.313	5.725	70.2	36.31	77.3	59.11	1,149	0.256	19.49	2.503	43.19	0.981	227	230
SS-7	02/18/16	Soil	2-12 in	3.1	84	0.60	ND	NA	NA	6.9	15	13	500	0.038	5.9	ND	31	ND	37	37
HH-8	10/27/16	Soil	0-1 ft	3.6	100	1.00	<0.30	<0.35	19	12	29	18	570	0.036	9.0	<0.60	28	<0.60	52	54
MW-6	11/02/16	Soil	0-1 ft	2.9	38	0.61	<0.26	0.21 J	9.79	9.5	23	12	570	0.082	8.2	1.0	22	0.81	31	77
SED-3A	04/05/19	Soil	0-1 ft	3.45	33.9	0.418 J	<0.582	<1.16	17.4	16.5	6.97	NA	560	<0.0054	5.82	0.237 J	9.6	NA	NA	NA
SED-5A	04/04/19	Soil	0-1 ft	1.25	13.5	0.156 J	<0.571	0.352 J	13.2	5.95	39.1	NA	243	0.0071	4.38	<0.571	10.9	NA	NA	NA
SED-8	04/05/19	Drainage Pathway Soil	2-6 in	2.41	49.1	0.313 J	0.122 J	<1.25	12.0	7.01	14.3	NA	423	0.063	4.66	1.01	15.2	NA	NA	NA
SED-9	04/05/19	Drainage Pathway Soil	2-6 in	1.16	33.8	0.199 J	<0.660	0.461 J	21.6	9.11	10.1	NA	431	0.013	6.68	<0.660	16.7	NA	NA	NA
SED-10	04/05/19	Drainage Pathway Soil	2-6 in	1.29	24.4	0.118 J	0.221 J	0.418 J	12.0	4.43	10.8	NA	195	0.037	4.03	0.273 J	8.1	NA	NA	NA
SED-12	08/27/19	Drainage Pathway Soil	0-2 in	4.73	102	0.765 J	0.214 J	<1.68	27.6	6.17	23.1	NA	341	0.042	7.69	0.961	25.4	NA	NA	NA
	04/05/19	Drainage Pathway Soil	2-6 in	3.97	122	0.499 J	0.204 J	<1.74	9.45	6.04	19.7	NA	319	0.077	4.95	1.36	32.8	NA	NA	NA
SED-13	08/27/19	Drainage Pathway Soil	0-2 in	12.4	958	1.56	0.284 J	<2.03	29.4	13.9	38.9	NA	538	0.12	19.2	3.07	125	NA	NA	NA
	04/05/19	Drainage Pathway Soil	2-6 in	14.5	724	1.1	0.171 J	<1.58	14.0	7.58	27.1	NA	563	0.075	8.73	1.69	70.5	NA	NA	NA
SED-18	04/05/19	Drainage Pathway Soil	2-6 in	4.53	137	0.534 J	<0.689	<1.38	18.7	11.1	28.2	NA	464	0.051	9	1.85	32.6	NA	NA	NA
SED-19	04/05/19	Drainage Pathway Soil	2-6 in	1.55	20	0.161 J	<0.588	0.435 J	21.7	7.98	8.38	NA	266	0.0073	4.94	0.334 J	15	NA	NA	NA
SED-20	04/05/19	Drainage Pathway Soil	2-6 in	0.792	31.4	0.152 J	<0.687	<1.37	5.76	4.5	9.1	NA	360	0.012	2.19	0.263 J	11.5	NA	NA	NA
SED-21	04/05/19	Drainage Pathway Soil	2-6 in	1.12	25.9	0.149 J	<0.591	<1.18	20.9	4.44	6.58	NA	221	0.011	2.7	0.286 J	12.8	NA	NA	NA
Excavation G-1	04/16/20	Soil	2-3 ft	3.68	58.8	<3.08	<1.23	0.478 J	20.0	5.73	14.5	NA	193	0.052	6.94	<3.08	6.2	NA	NA	NA
Excavation H-3	05/11/20	Soil	1-2 ft	2.41	71.0	<3.28	<1.31	0.410 J	40.2	14.1	43.4	NA	251	0.0485 J	12.5	1.46 J	58.1	NA	NA	NA
Excavation H-5	05/11/20	Soil	1-2 ft	1.10 J	74.5	<3.04	<1.22	0.497 J	21.1	8.25	16.9	NA	558	<0.0486	6.77	<3.04	32.2	NA	NA	NA
Excavation H-6	05/11/20	Soil	1-2 ft	1.02 J	96.0	<2.97	<1.19	<1.19	14.9	7.57	10.7	NA	557	0.0222 J	4.03	<2.97	20.5	NA	NA	NA
Excavation H-7	11/09/20	Soil	0-1 ft	1.10 J	73.7	0.767 J	<1.22	<1.22	8.04	3.68	15.0	NA	233	0.022	4.63	0.479 J	9.6	NA	NA	NA
Excavation I-1	04/08/20	Soil	1-2 ft	2.91	67.2	<2.77	<1.11	0.457 J	26.2	13.0	18.3	NA	594	0.042	8.25	<2.77	26.3	NA	NA	NA
Excavation I-2	04/08/20	Soil	1-2 ft	3.65	74.1	<2.85	<1.14	0.313 J	23.3	12.0	21.4	NA	544	0.022	8.70	<2.85	17.2	NA	NA	NA
Excavation I-3	04/08/20	Soil	1-2 ft	2.18	61.5	<2.88	<1.15	0.387 J	13.1	9.23	19.5	NA	419	0.019	6.02	<2.88	13.3	NA	NA	NA
<b>Maximum Concentrations*</b>				14.5	958	1.56	0.284	0.497	40.2	16.5	43.4	18	594	0.12	19.2	3.07	125	0.81	52	77

Notes:

Red indicates concentration is below recommended site-specific background screening value (BSV).

Orange shading indicates maximum exposure unit concentration.

CCP = Coal Combustion Product; ND = Not Detected; NA = Not Analyzed.

J = Detected above method detection limit but below laboratory reporting limit; therefore, result is an estimated concentration.

Site-Specific Background Screening Value (BSV) represents 95% upper threshold level (UTL) with 95% coverage calculated using EPA ProUCL 5.1.

\*Maximum concentration for samples collected in shallow (0-2 ft) soil interval are the same as maximum concentrations.

**Appendix C-1 Exposure Point Concentration Tables**  
**Exposure Unit #2**  
**Direct Contact to Sediment Pathway**  
**828 Martin Luther King, Jr. Blvd.**  
**Chapel Hill, North Carolina**  
**H&H Job. No. TCH-009**

Sediment Sampling Point ID	Sample Date	arsenic	barium	beryllium	hexavalent chromium	trivalent chromium	cobalt	copper	manganese	mercury	nickel	selenium	strontium
<b>Recommended Site-Specific BSV</b>		2.74	38.4	0.48	0.79	69.5	16.388	13.8	759	0.0078	9.92	0.409	16.9
<b>SED-3 (Adjacent)</b>	04/05/19	1.36	16.4	0.111 J	0.670 J	13.5	5.18	20.2	225	0.0054 J	4.81	<0.607	9.2
<b>SED-4 (Adjacent)</b>	04/05/19	2.35	20.3	0.191 J	0.456 J	63.8	7.26	8.39	293	0.0080	10.5	0.344 J	30.7
<b>SED-5 (Downstream)</b>	04/04/19	1.82	24.3	0.233 J	0.595 J	16.8	5.9	8.86	399	<0.0035	4.86	<0.617	6.2
<b>Maximum Concentrations</b>		2.35	24.3	0.233	0.670	63.8	7.26	20.2	399	0.0080	10.5	0.344	30.7

Notes:

Red indicates concentration is below recommended site-specific background screening value (BSV).

Orange shading indicates maximum exposure unit concentration.

J = Detected above method detection limit but below laboratory reporting limit; therefore, result is an estimated concentration.

**Appendix C-1 Exposure Point Concentration Tables**  
**Exposure Unit #2**  
**Direct Contact to Surface Water Pathway**  
**828 Martin Luther King, Jr. Blvd.**  
**Chapel Hill, North Carolina**  
**H&H Job. No. TCH-009**

Surface Water Sampling Point ID	Sample Date	arsenic	barium	total chromium	cobalt	copper <sup>2</sup>	manganese	nickel <sup>2</sup>	selenium	strontium
<b>Recommended Site-Specific BSV</b>		0.44	27	0.53	0.16	1.2	22.2	0.33	0.11	100
<b>SW-3 (Adjacent)</b>	11/03/16	<10	27	<5.0	<5.0	<10	34	<10	<20	100
	11/03/16 <sup>1</sup>	<10	27	<5.0	<5.0	<10	33	<10	<20	110
	04/05/19	0.45	25.7	0.62	0.26	2.8	37.4	0.50	0.11 J	88.8
<b>SW-4 (Adjacent)</b>	11/03/16	<10	27	<5.0	<5.0	<10	25	<10	<20	110
	04/05/19	0.42	23.6	<0.50	0.14	1.0	24.6	0.26 J	0.10 J	89.1
	04/05/19 <sup>1</sup>	0.41	23.7	<0.50	0.14	0.98	24.8	0.26 J	0.088 J	87.7
<b>SW-5 (Downstream)</b>	11/03/16	<10	26	<5.0	<5.0	<10	24	<10	<20	100
	04/04/19	0.40	16.9	<0.50	0.14	0.88	19.5	0.21 J	0.12 J	81.8
<b>SW-21 (Drainage Pathway)</b>	04/05/19	0.40	32.1	0.73	0.36	3.2	29.5	0.62	0.11 J	69.9
	04/05/19 <sup>2</sup>	0.15	18.3	<0.50	0.094 J	3.1	9.3	0.43 J	<0.50	43.5
<b>Maximum Concentrations</b>		0.45	32.1	0.73	0.36	3.2	37.4	0.62	0.12	110

Notes:

Red indicates concentration is below recommended site-specific background screening value (BSV).

Orange shading indicates maximum exposure unit concentration.

<sup>1</sup> Duplicate sample taken.

<sup>2</sup> Sample was field filtered.

J = Detected above method detection limit but below laboratory reporting limit; therefore, result is an estimated concentration.

**Appendix C-1 Exposure Point Concentration Tables**  
**Exposure Unit #3**  
**Direct Contact to Soil Pathway**  
**828 Martin Luther King, Jr. Blvd.**  
**Chapel Hill, North Carolina**  
**H&H Job. No. TCH-009**

Sample ID	Sample Date	Material Sampled (Soil or CCP)	Sample Depth	arsenic	barium	beryllium	cadmium	hexavalent chromium	trivalent chromium	cobalt	copper	manganese	mercury	nickel	selenium	strontium
<b>Recommended Site-Specific BSV</b>				3.015	87.86	0.929	0.313	5.725	70.2	36.31	77.3	1,149	0.256	19.49	2.503	43.19
HH-9	04/03/19	CCP	0-1 ft	3.37	131	0.398 J	0.178 J	<1.29	12.7	5.97	14.5	260	0.31	3.59	0.722	33.2
HH-10	04/03/19	CCP	0-1 ft	60.3	2,970	5.14	0.162 J	<1.60	13.8	9.84	51.3	73.3	0.22	17.1	5.04	269
HH-11	04/03/19	CCP	0-1 ft	42.5	3,260	5.9	0.220 J	0.467 J	18.7	13.4	55.3	113	0.43	23.5	9.05	234
S-7	01/31/14	CCP	0-4 ft	44	2,500	NA	ND	1.4	27.6	NA	NA	11	NA	0.44	NA	4.5
Excavation H-1	05/11/20	Soil	1-2 ft	1.16	37.2	<2.76	<1.10	<1.10	20.1	10.7	15.3	412	<0.0442	5.80	<2.76	29.3
Excavation H-2	05/11/20	Soil	1-2 ft	1.93	100	<3.25	<1.30	0.578 J	43.8	19.1	59.2	265	0.0494 J	16.2	1.58 J	56.8
Excavation H-4	05/11/20	Soil	2-3 ft	2.03	67.1	<3.04	<1.22	0.388 J	25.8	20.8	24.0	1,480	0.0237 J	7.81	<3.04	38.1
<b>Maximum Concentrations</b>				60.3	3,260	5.9	0.220	1.4	43.8	20.8	59.2	1,480	0.43	23.5	9.05	269
<b>Maximum Concentrations - Shallow Interval Only</b>				60.3	3,260	5.9	0.220	1.4	43.8	19.1	59.2	412	0.43	23.5	9.05	269

Notes:

Red indicates concentration is below recommended site-specific background screening value (BSV).

Orange shading indicates maximum exposure unit concentration.

CCP = Coal Combustion Product.

J = Detected above method detection limit but below laboratory reporting limit; therefore, result is an estimated concentration.

## North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Risk Calculator

<b>Version Date:</b>	June 2021
<b>Basis:</b>	May 2021 EPA RSL Table
<b>Site Name:</b>	828 MLK Jr. Blvd Property
<b>Site Address:</b>	828 MLK Jr Blvd, Chapel Hill, Orange County, North Carolina
<b>DEQ Section:</b>	Brownfields Program
<b>Site ID:</b>	BPN 21061-17-060
<b>Exposure Unit ID:</b>	EU #1 Resident & Non-Residential Worker
<b>Submittal Date:</b>	
<b>Prepared By:</b>	Hart & Hickman, PC 3921 Sunset Ridge Rd, Suite 301, Raleigh, North Carolina
<b>Reviewed By:</b>	

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Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table		
Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060		
Exposure Unit ID: EU #1 Resident & Non-Residential Worker		
Form No.	Description	Check box if included
<b>DATA INPUT SHEETS</b>		
<b>Input Section 1 - Exposure Pathways &amp; Parameters</b>		
Input Form 1A	Complete Exposure Pathways	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1B	Exposure Factors and Target Risks	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1C	Contaminant Migration Parameters	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1D	Sample Statistics	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Input Section 2 - Exposure Point Concentrations</b>		
Input Form 2A	Soil Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2B	Groundwater Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2C	Surface Water Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2D	Soil Gas Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2E	Indoor Air Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>DATA OUTPUT SHEETS</b>		
<b>Output Section 1 - Summary Output for All Calculators</b>		
Output Form 1A	Risk for Individual Pathways	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 1B	Sitewide Risk	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Output Section 2 - Direct Contact Soil and Groundwater Calculators</b>		
Output Form 2A	Resident Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2B	Resident Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2C	Non-Residential Worker Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2D	Non-Residential Worker Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2E	Construction Worker Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2F	Recreator/Trespasser Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2G	Recreator/Trespasser Surface Water	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Output Section 3 - Vapor Intrusion Calculators</b>		
Output Form 3A	Resident Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3B	Resident Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3C	Resident Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3D	Non-Residential Worker Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3E	Non-Residential Worker Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3F	Non-Residential Worker Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Output Section 4 - Contaminant Migration Worksheets</b>		
Output Form 4A	Soil to Groundwater - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4B	Groundwater to Groundwater - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4C	Soil to Surface Water - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4D	Groundwater to Surface Water - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4E	Soil to Groundwater - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4F	Groundwater to Groundwater - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4G	Soil to Surface Water - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4H	Groundwater to Surface Water - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>

Complete Exposure Pathways		Input Form 1A
<b>Version Date: June 2021</b>		
<b>Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table</b>		
<b>Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060</b>		
<b>Exposure Unit ID: EU #1 Resident &amp; Non-Residential Worker</b>		
<i>Note: Risk output will only be calculated for complete exposure pathways.</i>		
Receptor	Pathway	Check box if pathway complete
<b>DIRECT CONTACT SOIL AND WATER PATHWAYS</b>		
Resident	Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-Residential Worker	Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Construction Worker	Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
Recreator/Trespasser	Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Surface Water	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>VAPOR INTRUSION PATHWAYS</b>		
Resident	Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-Residential Worker	Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>CONTAMINANT MIGRATION PATHWAYS</b>		
Groundwater	Source Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Source Groundwater	<input type="checkbox"/>
Surface Water	Source Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Source Groundwater	<input type="checkbox"/>



**Exposure Factors and Target Risks**

**Input Form 1B**

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU #1 Resident & Non-Residential Worker

Exposure Parameter	Default Value	Site Specific Value	Justification
General			
Target Cancer Risk (individual)	1.0E-06	1.0E-06	
Target Cancer Risk (cumulative)	1.0E-04	1.0E-04	
Target Hazard Index (individual)	2.0E-01	2.0E-01	
Target Hazard Index (cumulative)	1.0E+00	1.0E+00	
Residential Child			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	15	15	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	6	6	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	350	350	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	24	24	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	2373	2373	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.2	0.2	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	200	200	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6365	6365	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	0.78	0.78	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.54	0.54	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Residential Adult			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	20	20	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	350	350	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	24	24	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6032	6032	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.07	0.07	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	100	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	2.5	2.5	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.71	0.71	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Non-Residential Worker			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	25	25	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	250	250	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	8	8	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	3527	3527	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.12	0.12	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IR) (mg/day)	100	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	0.83	0.83	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.67	0.67	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Construction Worker			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Working Weeks (EW) (wk/yr)	50	50	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	1	1	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	250	250	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	8	8	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	3527	3527	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.3	0.3	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IR) (mg/day)	330	330	

**Exposure Factors and Target Risks**

**Input Form 1B**

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU #1 Resident & Non-Residential Worker

Exposure Parameter	Default Value		Site Specific Value	Justification
	Recreator	Trespasser		
User Defined Child				
	Recreator	Trespasser		
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	NA	70	
Averaging Time (AT) (days/yr)	365	NA	365	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	15	NA	15	
Exposure Duration 0-2 (ED) (yr)	2	NA	2	
Exposure Duration 2-6 (ED) (yr)	4	NA	4	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	195	NA	195	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	2	NA	2	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	2373	NA	2373	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.2	NA	0.2	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	200	NA	200	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6365	NA	6365	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/hr)	0.124	NA	0.124	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	2	NA	2	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	NA	1	
User Defined Adult				
	Recreator	Trespasser		
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	45	80	
Exposure Duration 6-16 (ED) (yr)	10	10	10	
Exposure Duration 16-26 (ED) (yr)	10	0	10	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	195	90	195	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	2	2	2	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6032	6032	6032	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.07	0.2	0.07	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	100	200	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/hr)	0.0985	0.071	0.0985	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	2	2	2	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	1	

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU #1 Resident & Non-Residential Worker

Soil Exposure Point Concentration Table

Description of Exposure Point Concentration Selection:

Maximum detected constituent concentrations from shallow samples (0-2 ft) collected within the exposure unit.

**NOTE: If the chemical list is changed from a prior calculator run, remember to select "See All Chemicals" on the data output sheet or newly added chemicals will not be included in risk calculations**

Exposure Point Concentration (mg/kg)	Notes:	CAS Number	Chemical <b>For the chemicals highlighted in blue, data entry notes are provided in the PSRG Table link on the Main Menu</b>	Minimum Concentration (Qualifier)	Maximum Concentration (Qualifier)	Units	Location of Maximum Concentration	Detection Frequency	Range of Detection Limits	Concentration Used for Screening	Background Value	Screening Toxicity Value (Screening Level) (n/c)	Potential ARAR/TBC Value	Potential ARAR/TBC Source	COPC Flag (Y/N)	Rationale for Selection or Deletion
14	S-4	7440-38-2	Arsenic, Inorganic			mg/kg										
200	HH-3	7440-39-3	Barium			mg/kg										
1.3	HH-3	7440-41-7	Beryllium and compounds			mg/kg										
1.5	S-4	7440-43-9	Cadmium (Diet)			mg/kg										
44.5	HH-4	16065-83-1	Chromium(III), Insoluble Salts			mg/kg										
0.89	MW-7	18540-29-9	Chromium(VI)			mg/kg										
30	S-4	7440-48-4	Cobalt			mg/kg										
180	MW-7	7440-50-8	Copper			mg/kg										
30	HH-2	7439-92-1	~Lead and Compounds			mg/kg										
1500	S-4	7439-96-5	Manganese (Non-diet)			mg/kg										
0.085	HH-2	7439-97-6	~Mercury (elemental)			mg/kg										
43	S-4	7440-02-0	Nickel Soluble Salts			mg/kg										
2.4	HH-3	7782-49-2	Selenium			mg/kg										
42	HH-4	7440-24-6	Strontium, Stable			mg/kg										
0.6	HH-4	7440-28-0	Thallium (Soluble Salts)			mg/kg										
73	HH-4	7440-62-2	Vanadium and Compounds			mg/kg										
120	S-4	7440-66-6	Zinc and Compounds			mg/kg										

**Version Date:** June 2021

**Basis:** May 2021 EPA RSL Table

**Site ID:** BPN 21061-17-060

**Exposure Unit ID:** EU #1 Resident & Non-Residential Worker

**DIRECT CONTACT SOIL AND WATER CALCULATORS**

Receptor	Pathway	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Index	Risk exceeded?
Resident	Soil	2.4E-05	3.6E+00	YES
	Groundwater Use*	NC	NC	NC
Non-Residential Worker	Soil	4.8E-06	2.4E-01	NO
	Groundwater Use*	NC	NC	NC
Construction Worker	Soil	NC	NC	NC
Recreator/Trespasser	Soil	NC	NC	NC
	Surface Water*	NC	NC	NC

**VAPOR INTRUSION CALCULATORS**

Receptor	Pathway	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Index	Risk exceeded?
Resident	Groundwater to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
Non-Residential Worker	Groundwater to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC

**CONTAMINANT MIGRATION CALCULATORS**

Pathway	Source	Target Receptor Concentrations Exceeded?	
Groundwater	Source Soil	Exceedence of 2L at Receptor?	NC
	Source Groundwater	Exceedence of 2L at Receptor?	NC
Surface Water	Source Soil	Exceedence of 2B at Receptor?	NC
	Source Groundwater	Exceedence of 2B at Receptor?	NC

**Notes:**

1. If lead concentrations were entered in the exposure point concentration tables, see the individual calculator sheets for lead concentrations in comparison to screening levels. Note that lead is not included in cumulative risk calculations.
2. \* = If concentrations in groundwater exceed the NC 2L Standards or IMAC, or concentrations in surface water exceed the NC 2B Standards, appropriate remediation and/or institutional control measures will be necessary to be eligible for a risk-based closure.
3. NM = Not Modeled
4. NC = Pathway not calculated

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU #1 Resident & Non-Residential Worker

\* - Note that inhalation on this calculator refers to outdoor inhalation of volatiles and particulates, not indoor inhalation associated with vapor intrusion.

\*\* - Note that the EPA has no consensus on reference dose or cancer slope factor values for lead, therefore it is not possible to calculate cancer risk or hazard quotient. Lead concentrations are compared to the EPA screening level of 400 mg/kg for residential soil.

CAS #	Chemical Name:	Ingestion Concentration (mg/kg)	Dermal Concentration (mg/kg)	Inhalation Concentration (mg/kg)*	Ingestion Carcinogenic Risk	Dermal Carcinogenic Risk	Inhalation Carcinogenic Risk*	Calculated Carcinogenic Risk	Ingestion Hazard Quotient	Dermal Hazard Quotient	Inhalation Hazard Quotient*	Calculated Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient
7440-38-2	Arsenic, Inorganic	14	14	14	<b>1.8E-05</b>	<b>2.5E-06</b>	3.6E-10	2.1E-05	<b>3.6E-01</b>	4.2E-02	1.5E-05	<b>4.0E-01</b>
7440-39-3	Barium	200	200	200					1.3E-02		6.5E-06	1.3E-02
7440-41-7	Beryllium and compounds	1.3	1.3	1.3			1.9E-11	1.9E-11	8.3E-03		1.1E-06	8.3E-03
7440-43-9	Cadmium (Diet)	1.5	1.5	1.5			1.6E-11	1.6E-11	1.9E-02	1.8E-03	2.4E-06	2.1E-02
16065-83-1	Chromium(III), Insoluble Salts	44.5	44.5	44.5					3.8E-04			3.8E-04
18540-29-9	Chromium(VI)	0.89	0.89	0.89	<b>2.9E-06</b>		1.2E-09	2.9E-06	3.8E-03		1.4E-07	3.8E-03
7440-48-4	Cobalt	30	30	30			1.6E-09	1.6E-09	<b>1.3E+00</b>		8.1E-05	<b>1.3E+00</b>
7440-50-8	Copper	180	180	180					5.8E-02			5.8E-02
7439-92-1	-Lead and Compounds	30	30	30					<SL**	<SL**	<SL**	
7439-96-5	Manganese (Non-diet)	1500	1500	1500					<b>8.0E-01</b>		4.8E-04	<b>8.0E-01</b>
7439-97-6	-Mercury (elemental)	0.085	0.085	0.085							7.3E-03	7.3E-03
7440-02-0	Nickel Soluble Salts	43	43	43			6.7E-11	6.7E-11	2.7E-02		7.7E-06	2.7E-02
7782-49-2	Selenium	2.4	2.4	2.4					6.1E-03		1.9E-09	6.1E-03
7440-24-6	Strontium, Stable	42	42	42					8.9E-04			8.9E-04
7440-28-0	Thallium (Soluble Salts)	0.6	0.6	0.6					<b>7.7E-01</b>			<b>7.7E-01</b>
7440-62-2	Vanadium and Compounds	73	73	73					1.9E-01		1.2E-05	1.9E-01
7440-66-6	Zinc and Compounds	120	120	120					5.1E-03			5.1E-03

Cumulative:

2.4E-05

**3.6E+00**

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU #1 Resident & Non-Residential Worker

\* - Note that inhalation on this calculator refers to outdoor inhalation of volatiles and particulates, not indoor inhalation associated with vapor intrusion.

\*\* - Note that the EPA has no consensus on reference dose or cancer slope factor values for lead, therefore it is not possible to calculate cancer risk or hazard quotient. Lead concentrations are compared to the EPA screening level of 800 mg/kg for commercial/industrial soil.

CAS #	Chemical Name:	Ingestion Concentration (mg/kg)	Dermal Concentration (mg/kg)	Inhalation Concentration (mg/kg)*	Ingestion Carcinogenic Risk	Dermal Carcinogenic Risk	Inhalation Carcinogenic Risk	Calculated Carcinogenic Risk	Ingestion Hazard Quotient	Dermal Hazard Quotient	Inhalation Hazard Quotient	Calculated Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient
7440-38-2	Arsenic, Inorganic	14	14	14	3.9E-06	8.2E-07	8.3E-11	4.7E-06	2.4E-02	5.1E-03	3.6E-06	2.9E-02
7440-39-3	Barium	200	200	200					8.6E-04		1.5E-06	8.6E-04
7440-41-7	Beryllium and compounds	1.3	1.3	1.3			4.3E-12	4.3E-12	5.6E-04		2.5E-07	5.6E-04
7440-43-9	Cadmium (Diet)	1.5	1.5	1.5			3.7E-12	3.7E-12	1.3E-03	2.2E-04	5.8E-07	1.5E-03
16065-83-1	Chromium(III), Insoluble Salts	44.5	44.5	44.5					2.5E-05			2.5E-05
18540-29-9	Chromium(VI)	0.89	0.89	0.89	1.4E-07		1.0E-10	1.4E-07	2.5E-04		3.4E-08	2.5E-04
7440-48-4	Cobalt	30	30	30			3.7E-10	3.7E-10	8.6E-02		1.9E-05	8.6E-02
7440-50-8	Copper	180	180	180					3.9E-03			3.9E-03
7439-92-1	~Lead and Compounds	30	30	30					<SL**	<SL**	<SL**	
7439-96-5	Manganese (Non-diet)	1500	1500	1500					5.4E-02		1.2E-04	5.4E-02
7439-97-6	~Mercury (elemental)	0.085	0.085	0.085							1.7E-03	1.7E-03
7440-02-0	Nickel Soluble Salts	43	43	43			1.5E-11	1.5E-11	1.8E-03		1.8E-06	1.8E-03
7782-49-2	Selenium	2.4	2.4	2.4					4.1E-04		4.6E-10	4.1E-04
7440-24-6	Strontium, Stable	42	42	42					6.0E-05			6.0E-05
7440-28-0	Thallium (Soluble Salts)	0.6	0.6	0.6					5.1E-02			5.1E-02
7440-62-2	Vanadium and Compounds	73	73	73					1.3E-02		2.8E-06	1.3E-02
7440-66-6	Zinc and Compounds	120	120	120					3.4E-04			3.4E-04

Cumulative:

4.8E-06

2.4E-01

## North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Risk Calculator

<b>Version Date:</b>	June 2021
<b>Basis:</b>	May 2021 EPA RSL Table
<b>Site Name:</b>	828 MLK Jr. Blvd Property
<b>Site Address:</b>	828 MLK Jr Blvd, Chapel Hill, Orange County, North Carolina
<b>DEQ Section:</b>	Brownfields Program
<b>Site ID:</b>	BPN 21061-17-060
<b>Exposure Unit ID:</b>	EU #1 Construction Worker
<b>Submittal Date:</b>	
<b>Prepared By:</b>	Hart & Hickman, PC 3921 Sunset Ridge Rd, Suite 301, Raleigh, North Carolina
<b>Reviewed By:</b>	



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Form No.	Description	Check box if included
<b>DATA INPUT SHEETS</b>		
<b>Input Section 1 - Exposure Pathways &amp; Parameters</b>		
Input Form 1A	Complete Exposure Pathways	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1B	Exposure Factors and Target Risks	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1C	Contaminant Migration Parameters	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1D	Sample Statistics	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Input Section 2 - Exposure Point Concentrations</b>		
Input Form 2A	Soil Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2B	Groundwater Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2C	Surface Water Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2D	Soil Gas Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2E	Indoor Air Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>DATA OUTPUT SHEETS</b>		
<b>Output Section 1 - Summary Output for All Calculators</b>		
Output Form 1A	Risk for Individual Pathways	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 1B	Sitewide Risk	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Output Section 2 - Direct Contact Soil and Groundwater Calculators</b>		
Output Form 2A	Resident Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2B	Resident Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2C	Non-Residential Worker Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2D	Non-Residential Worker Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2E	Construction Worker Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2F	Recreator/Trespasser Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2G	Recreator/Trespasser Surface Water	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Output Section 3 - Vapor Intrusion Calculators</b>		
Output Form 3A	Resident Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3B	Resident Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3C	Resident Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3D	Non-Residential Worker Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3E	Non-Residential Worker Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3F	Non-Residential Worker Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Output Section 4 - Contaminant Migration Worksheets</b>		
Output Form 4A	Soil to Groundwater - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4B	Groundwater to Groundwater - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4C	Soil to Surface Water - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4D	Groundwater to Surface Water - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4E	Soil to Groundwater - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4F	Groundwater to Groundwater - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4G	Soil to Surface Water - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4H	Groundwater to Surface Water - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>

Complete Exposure Pathways		Input Form 1A
<b>Version Date: June 2021</b>		
<b>Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table</b>		
<b>Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060</b>		
<b>Exposure Unit ID: EU #1 Construction Worker</b>		
<i>Note: Risk output will only be calculated for complete exposure pathways.</i>		
Receptor	Pathway	Check box if pathway complete
<b>DIRECT CONTACT SOIL AND WATER PATHWAYS</b>		
Resident	Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-Residential Worker	Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Construction Worker	Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Recreator/Trespasser	Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Surface Water	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>VAPOR INTRUSION PATHWAYS</b>		
Resident	Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-Residential Worker	Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>CONTAMINANT MIGRATION PATHWAYS</b>		
Groundwater	Source Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Source Groundwater	<input type="checkbox"/>
Surface Water	Source Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Source Groundwater	<input type="checkbox"/>

**Exposure Factors and Target Risks**

**Input Form 1B**

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU #1 Construction Worker

Exposure Parameter	Default Value	Site Specific Value	Justification
General			
Target Cancer Risk (individual)	1.0E-06	1.0E-06	
Target Cancer Risk (cumulative)	1.0E-04	1.0E-04	
Target Hazard Index (individual)	2.0E-01	2.0E-01	
Target Hazard Index (cumulative)	1.0E+00	1.0E+00	
Residential Child			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	15	15	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	6	6	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	350	350	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	24	24	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	2373	2373	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.2	0.2	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	200	200	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6365	6365	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	0.78	0.78	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.54	0.54	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Residential Adult			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	20	20	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	350	350	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	24	24	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6032	6032	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.07	0.07	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	100	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	2.5	2.5	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.71	0.71	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Non-Residential Worker			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	25	25	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	250	250	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	8	8	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	3527	3527	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.12	0.12	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IR) (mg/day)	100	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	0.83	0.83	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.67	0.67	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Construction Worker			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Working Weeks (EW) (wk/yr)	50	50	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	1	1	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	250	250	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	8	8	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	3527	3527	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.3	0.3	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IR) (mg/day)	330	330	

**Exposure Factors and Target Risks**

**Input Form 1B**

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU #1 Construction Worker

Exposure Parameter	Default Value		Site Specific Value	Justification
	Recreator	Trespasser		
User Defined Child				
	Recreator	Trespasser		
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	NA	70	
Averaging Time (AT) (days/yr)	365	NA	365	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	15	NA	15	
Exposure Duration 0-2 (ED) (yr)	2	NA	2	
Exposure Duration 2-6 (ED) (yr)	4	NA	4	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	195	NA	195	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	2	NA	2	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	2373	NA	2373	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.2	NA	0.2	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	200	NA	200	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6365	NA	6365	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/hr)	0.124	NA	0.124	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	2	NA	2	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	NA	1	
User Defined Adult				
	Recreator	Trespasser		
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	45	80	
Exposure Duration 6-16 (ED) (yr)	10	10	10	
Exposure Duration 16-26 (ED) (yr)	10	0	10	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	195	90	195	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	2	2	2	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6032	6032	6032	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.07	0.2	0.07	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	100	200	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/hr)	0.0985	0.071	0.0985	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	2	2	2	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	1	

Exposure Point Concentrations

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU #1 Construction Worker

Soil Exposure Point Concentration Table

Description of Exposure Point Concentration Selection:

Maximum detected constituent concentrations from samples collected between 0 to 10 ft within the exposure unit.

**NOTE: If the chemical list is changed from a prior calculator run, remember to select "See All Chemicals" on the data output sheet or newly added chemicals will not be included in risk calculations**

Exposure Point Concentration (mg/kg)	Notes:	CAS Number	Chemical <b>For the chemicals highlighted in blue, data entry notes are provided in the PSRG Table link on the Main Menu</b>	Minimum Concentration (Qualifier)	Maximum Concentration (Qualifier)	Units	Location of Maximum Concentration	Detection Frequency	Range of Detection Limits	Concentration Used for Screening	Background Value	Screening Toxicity Value (Screening Level) (n/c)	Potential ARAR/TBC Value	Potential ARAR/TBC Source	COPC Flag (Y/N)	Rationale for Selection or Deletion
95.9	GP-5	7440-38-2	Arsenic, Inorganic			mg/kg										
3200	S-6	7440-39-3	Barium			mg/kg										
6.99	GP-5	7440-41-7	Beryllium and compounds			mg/kg										
1.5	S-4	7440-43-9	Cadmium (Diet)			mg/kg										
44.5	HH-4	16065-83-1	Chromium(III), Insoluble Salts			mg/kg										
2.7	S-6	18540-29-9	Chromium(VI)			mg/kg										
30	S-4	7440-48-4	Cobalt			mg/kg										
180	MW-7	7440-50-8	Copper			mg/kg										
30	HH-2	7439-92-1	~Lead and Compounds			mg/kg										
1500	S-4	7439-96-5	Manganese (Non-diet)			mg/kg										
11	GP-6	7439-97-6	~Mercury (elemental)			mg/kg										
43	S-4	7440-02-0	Nickel Soluble Salts			mg/kg										
13	GP-5	7782-49-2	Selenium			mg/kg										
325	GP-5	7440-24-6	Strontium, Stable			mg/kg										
0.6	HH-4	7440-28-0	Thallium (Soluble Salts)			mg/kg										
73	HH-4	7440-62-2	Vanadium and Compounds			mg/kg										
120	S-4	7440-66-6	Zinc and Compounds			mg/kg										

**Version Date:** June 2021

**Basis:** May 2021 EPA RSL Table

**Site ID:** BPN 21061-17-060

**Exposure Unit ID:** EU #1 Construction Worker

**DIRECT CONTACT SOIL AND WATER CALCULATORS**

Receptor	Pathway	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Index	Risk exceeded?
Resident	Soil	NC	NC	NC
	Groundwater Use*	NC	NC	NC
Non-Residential Worker	Soil	NC	NC	NC
	Groundwater Use*	NC	NC	NC
Construction Worker	Soil	7.0E-06	1.1E+01	YES
Recreator/Trespasser	Soil	NC	NC	NC
	Surface Water*	NC	NC	NC

**VAPOR INTRUSION CALCULATORS**

Receptor	Pathway	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Index	Risk exceeded?
Resident	Groundwater to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
Non-Residential Worker	Groundwater to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC

**CONTAMINANT MIGRATION CALCULATORS**

Pathway	Source	Target Receptor Concentrations Exceeded?	
Groundwater	Source Soil	Exceedence of 2L at Receptor?	NC
	Source Groundwater	Exceedence of 2L at Receptor?	NC
Surface Water	Source Soil	Exceedence of 2B at Receptor?	NC
	Source Groundwater	Exceedence of 2B at Receptor?	NC

**Notes:**

1. If lead concentrations were entered in the exposure point concentration tables, see the individual calculator sheets for lead concentrations in comparison to screening levels. Note that lead is not included in cumulative risk calculations.
2. \* = If concentrations in groundwater exceed the NC 2L Standards or IMAC, or concentrations in surface water exceed the NC 2B Standards, appropriate remediation and/or institutional control measures will be necessary to be eligible for a risk-based closure.
3. NM = Not Modeled
4. NC = Pathway not calculated

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU #1 Construction Worker

\* - Note that inhalation on this calculator refers to outdoor inhalation of volatiles and particulates, not indoor inhalation associated with vapor intrusion.

\*\* - Note that the EPA has no consensus on reference dose or cancer slope factor values for lead, therefore it is not possible to calculate cancer risk or hazard quotient. Lead concentrations are compared to the EPA screening level of 800 mg/kg for commercial/industrial soil.

CAS #	Chemical Name:	Ingestion Concentration (mg/kg)	Dermal Concentration (mg/kg)	Inhalation Concentration (mg/kg)*	Ingestion Carcinogenic Risk	Dermal Carcinogenic Risk	Inhalation Carcinogenic Risk	Calculated Carcinogenic Risk	Ingestion Hazard Quotient	Dermal Hazard Quotient	Inhalation Hazard Quotient	Calculated Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient
7440-38-2	Arsenic, Inorganic	95.9	95.9	95.9	3.5E-06	5.6E-07	1.3E-06	5.3E-06	5.7E-01	9.1E-02	1.4E+00	2.1E+00
7440-39-3	Barium	3200	3200	3200					4.7E-02		1.4E-01	1.9E-01
7440-41-7	Beryllium and compounds	6.99	6.99	6.99			5.2E-08	5.2E-08	4.1E-03		7.9E-02	8.3E-02
7440-43-9	Cadmium (Diet)	1.5	1.5	1.5			8.3E-09	8.3E-09	8.8E-03	1.1E-03	3.4E-02	4.4E-02
16065-83-1	Chromium(III), Insoluble Salts	44.5	44.5	44.5					8.7E-05		2.0E-03	2.1E-03
18540-29-9	Chromium(VI)	2.7	2.7	2.7	5.4E-08		7.0E-07	7.5E-07	1.6E-03		2.0E-03	3.6E-03
7440-48-4	Cobalt	30	30	30			8.3E-07	8.3E-07	2.9E-02		3.4E-01	3.7E-01
7440-50-8	Copper	180	180	180					5.3E-02			5.3E-02
7439-92-1	~Lead and Compounds	30	30	30					<SL**	<SL**	<SL**	
7439-96-5	Manganese (Non-diet)	1500	1500	1500					1.8E-01		6.7E+00	6.9E+00
7439-97-6	~Mercury (elemental)	11	11	11							1.1E+00	1.1E+00
7440-02-0	Nickel Soluble Salts	43	43	43			3.4E-08	3.4E-08	6.3E-03		4.8E-02	5.5E-02
7782-49-2	Selenium	13	13	13					7.7E-03		1.5E-04	7.8E-03
7440-24-6	Strontium, Stable	325	325	325					4.8E-04			4.8E-04
7440-28-0	Thallium (Soluble Salts)	0.6	0.6	0.6					4.4E-02			4.4E-02
7440-62-2	Vanadium and Compounds	73	73	73					2.2E-02		1.6E-01	1.9E-01
7440-66-6	Zinc and Compounds	120	120	120					1.2E-03			1.2E-03

Cumulative:

7.0E-06

1.1E+01



## North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Risk Calculator

<b>Version Date:</b>	June 2021
<b>Basis:</b>	May 2021 EPA RSL Table
<b>Site Name:</b>	828 MLK Jr. Blvd Property
<b>Site Address:</b>	828 MLK Jr Blvd, Chapel Hill, Orange County, North Carolina
<b>DEQ Section:</b>	Brownfields Program
<b>Site ID:</b>	BPN 21061-17-060
<b>Exposure Unit ID:</b>	EU #2 Lower Level Trail - Greenway User and Construction Worker
<b>Submittal Date:</b>	
<b>Prepared By:</b>	Hart & Hickman, PC 3921 Sunset Ridge Rd, Suite 301, Raleigh, North Carolina
<b>Reviewed By:</b>	

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Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table		
Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060		
Exposure Unit ID: EU #2 Lower Level Trail - Greenway User and Construction Worker		
Form No.	Description	Check box if included
<b>DATA INPUT SHEETS</b>		
<b>Input Section 1 - Exposure Pathways &amp; Parameters</b>		
Input Form 1A	Complete Exposure Pathways	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1B	Exposure Factors and Target Risks	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1C	Contaminant Migration Parameters	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1D	Sample Statistics	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Input Section 2 - Exposure Point Concentrations</b>		
Input Form 2A	Soil Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2B	Groundwater Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2C	Surface Water Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2D	Soil Gas Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2E	Indoor Air Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>DATA OUTPUT SHEETS</b>		
<b>Output Section 1 - Summary Output for All Calculators</b>		
Output Form 1A	Risk for Individual Pathways	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 1B	Sitewide Risk	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Output Section 2 - Direct Contact Soil and Groundwater Calculators</b>		
Output Form 2A	Resident Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2B	Resident Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2C	Non-Residential Worker Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2D	Non-Residential Worker Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2E	Construction Worker Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2F	Recreator/Trespasser Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2G	Recreator/Trespasser Surface Water	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Output Section 3 - Vapor Intrusion Calculators</b>		
Output Form 3A	Resident Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3B	Resident Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3C	Resident Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3D	Non-Residential Worker Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3E	Non-Residential Worker Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3F	Non-Residential Worker Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Output Section 4 - Contaminant Migration Worksheets</b>		
Output Form 4A	Soil to Groundwater - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4B	Groundwater to Groundwater - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4C	Soil to Surface Water - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4D	Groundwater to Surface Water - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4E	Soil to Groundwater - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4F	Groundwater to Groundwater - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4G	Soil to Surface Water - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4H	Groundwater to Surface Water - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>

Complete Exposure Pathways		Input Form 1A
<b>Version Date: June 2021</b>		
<b>Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table</b>		
<b>Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060</b>		
<b>Exposure Unit ID: EU #2 Lower Level Trail - Greenway User and Construction Worker</b>		
<i>Note: Risk output will only be calculated for complete exposure pathways.</i>		
Receptor	Pathway	Check box if pathway complete
<b>DIRECT CONTACT SOIL AND WATER PATHWAYS</b>		
Resident	Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-Residential Worker	Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Construction Worker	Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Recreator/Trespasser	Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Surface Water	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>VAPOR INTRUSION PATHWAYS</b>		
Resident	Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-Residential Worker	Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>CONTAMINANT MIGRATION PATHWAYS</b>		
Groundwater	Source Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Source Groundwater	<input type="checkbox"/>
Surface Water	Source Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Source Groundwater	<input type="checkbox"/>

**Exposure Factors and Target Risks**

**Input Form 1B**

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU #2 Lower Level Trail - Greenway User and Construction Worker

Exposure Parameter	Default Value	Site Specific Value	Justification
General			
Target Cancer Risk (individual)	1.0E-06	1.0E-06	
Target Cancer Risk (cumulative)	1.0E-04	1.0E-04	
Target Hazard Index (individual)	2.0E-01	2.0E-01	
Target Hazard Index (cumulative)	1.0E+00	1.0E+00	
Residential Child			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	15	15	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	6	6	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	350	350	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	24	24	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	2373	2373	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.2	0.2	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	200	200	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6365	6365	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	0.78	0.78	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.54	0.54	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Residential Adult			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	20	20	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	350	350	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	24	24	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6032	6032	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.07	0.07	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	100	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	2.5	2.5	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.71	0.71	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Non-Residential Worker			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	25	25	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	250	250	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	8	8	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	3527	3527	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.12	0.12	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IR) (mg/day)	100	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	0.83	0.83	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.67	0.67	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Construction Worker			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Working Weeks (EW) (wk/yr)	50	50	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	1	1	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	250	250	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	8	8	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	3527	3527	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.3	0.3	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IR) (mg/day)	330	330	

**Exposure Factors and Target Risks**

**Input Form 1B**

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU #2 Lower Level Trail - Greenway User and Construction Worker

Exposure Parameter	Default Value		Site Specific Value	Justification
	Recreator	Trespasser		
User Defined Child				
	Recreator	Trespasser		
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	NA	70	
Averaging Time (AT) (days/yr)	365	NA	365	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	15	NA	15	
Exposure Duration 0-2 (ED) (yr)	2	NA	2	
Exposure Duration 2-6 (ED) (yr)	4	NA	4	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	195	NA	52	98th percentile based on trail use polling data
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	2	NA	0.5	98th percentile based on trail use polling data
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	2373	NA	2373	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.2	NA	0.2	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	200	NA	200	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6365	NA	6365	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/hr)	0.124	NA	0.124	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	2	NA	0.5	98th percentile based on trail use polling data
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	NA	1	
User Defined Adult				
	Recreator	Trespasser		
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	45	80	
Exposure Duration 6-16 (ED) (yr)	10	10	10	
Exposure Duration 16-26 (ED) (yr)	10	0	10	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	195	90	364	98th percentile based on trail use polling data
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	2	2	1	98th percentile based on trail use polling data
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6032	6032	6032	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.07	0.2	0.07	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	100	200	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/hr)	0.0985	0.071	0.0985	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	2	2	1	98th percentile based on trail use polling data
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	1	

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU #2 Lower Level Trail - Greenway User and Construction Worker

Soil Exposure Point Concentration Table

Description of Exposure Point Concentration Selection:

Maximum detected constituent concentrations from all samples collected within the exposure unit. Note that all maximum concentrations were within the 0-2 ft bgs interval; therefore, both the construction worker and greenway user receptor were evaluated.

**NOTE: If the chemical list is changed from a prior calculator run, remember to select "See All Chemicals" on the data output sheet or newly added chemicals will not be included in risk calculations**

Exposure Point Concentration (mg/kg)	Notes:	CAS Number	Chemical <b>For the chemicals highlighted in blue, data entry notes are provided in the PSRG Table link on the Main Menu</b>	Minimum Concentration (Qualifier)	Maximum Concentration (Qualifier)	Units	Location of Maximum Concentration	Detection Frequency	Range of Detection Limits	Concentration Used for Screening	Background Value	Screening Toxicity Value (Screening Level) (n/c)	Potential ARAR/TBC Value	Potential ARAR/TBC Source	COPC Flag (Y/N)	Rationale for Selection or Deletion
14.5	SED-13	7440-38-2	Arsenic, Inorganic			mg/kg										
958	SED-13	7440-39-3	Barium			mg/kg										
1.56	SED-13	7440-41-7	Beryllium and compounds			mg/kg										
0.284	SED-13	7440-43-9	Cadmium (Diet)			mg/kg										
40.2	Excavation H-3	16065-83-1	Chromium(III), Insoluble Salts			mg/kg										
0.497	Excavation H-5	18540-29-9	Chromium(VI)			mg/kg										
16.5	SED-3A	7440-48-4	Cobalt			mg/kg										
43.4	Excavation H-3	7440-50-8	Copper			mg/kg										
18	HH-8	7439-92-1	~Lead and Compounds			mg/kg										
594	Excavation I-1	7439-96-5	Manganese (Non-diet)			mg/kg										
0.12	SED-13	7439-97-6	~Mercury (elemental)			mg/kg										
19.2	SED-13	7440-02-0	Nickel Soluble Salts			mg/kg										
3.07	SED-13	7782-49-2	Selenium			mg/kg										
125	SED-13	7440-24-6	Strontium, Stable			mg/kg										
0.81	MW-6	7440-28-0	Thallium (Soluble Salts)			mg/kg										
52	HH-8	7440-62-2	Vanadium and Compounds			mg/kg										
77	MW-6	7440-66-6	Zinc and Compounds			mg/kg										

**Version Date:** June 2021

**Basis:** May 2021 EPA RSL Table

**Site ID:** BPN 21061-17-060

**Exposure Unit ID:** EU #2 Lower Level Trail - Greenway User and Construction Worker

**DIRECT CONTACT SOIL AND WATER CALCULATORS**

Receptor	Pathway	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Index	Risk exceeded?
Resident	Soil	NC	NC	NC
	Groundwater Use*	NC	NC	NC
Non-Residential Worker	Soil	NC	NC	NC
	Groundwater Use*	NC	NC	NC
Construction Worker	Soil	1.4E-06	3.6E+00	YES
Recreator/Trespasser	Soil	8.4E-06	4.1E-01	NO
	Surface Water*	NC	NC	NC

**VAPOR INTRUSION CALCULATORS**

Receptor	Pathway	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Index	Risk exceeded?
Resident	Groundwater to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
Non-Residential Worker	Groundwater to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC

**CONTAMINANT MIGRATION CALCULATORS**

Pathway	Source	Target Receptor Concentrations Exceeded?	
Groundwater	Source Soil	Exceedence of 2L at Receptor?	NC
	Source Groundwater	Exceedence of 2L at Receptor?	NC
Surface Water	Source Soil	Exceedence of 2B at Receptor?	NC
	Source Groundwater	Exceedence of 2B at Receptor?	NC

**Notes:**

1. If lead concentrations were entered in the exposure point concentration tables, see the individual calculator sheets for lead concentrations in comparison to screening levels. Note that lead is not included in cumulative risk calculations.
2. \* = If concentrations in groundwater exceed the NC 2L Standards or IMAC, or concentrations in surface water exceed the NC 2B Standards, appropriate remediation and/or institutional control measures will be necessary to be eligible for a risk-based closure.
3. NM = Not Modeled
4. NC = Pathway not calculated



Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU #2 Lower Level Trail - Greenway User and Construction Worker

\* - Note that inhalation on this calculator refers to outdoor inhalation of volatiles and particulates, not indoor inhalation associated with vapor intrusion.

\*\* - Note that the EPA has no consensus on reference dose or cancer slope factor values for lead, therefore it is not possible to calculate cancer risk or hazard quotient. Lead concentrations are compared to the EPA screening level of 800 mg/kg for commercial/industrial soil.

CAS #	Chemical Name:	Ingestion Concentration (mg/kg)	Dermal Concentration (mg/kg)	Inhalation Concentration (mg/kg)*	Ingestion Carcinogenic Risk	Dermal Carcinogenic Risk	Inhalation Carcinogenic Risk	Calculated Carcinogenic Risk	Ingestion Hazard Quotient	Dermal Hazard Quotient	Inhalation Hazard Quotient	Calculated Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient
7440-38-2	Arsenic, Inorganic	14.5	14.5	14.5	5.3E-07	8.4E-08	1.9E-07	8.0E-07	8.5E-02	1.4E-02	2.2E-01	3.2E-01
7440-39-3	Barium	958	958	958					1.4E-02		4.3E-02	5.7E-02
7440-41-7	Beryllium and compounds	1.56	1.56	1.56			1.2E-08	1.2E-08	9.2E-04		1.8E-02	1.8E-02
7440-43-9	Cadmium (Diet)	0.284	0.284	0.284			1.6E-09	1.6E-09	1.7E-03	2.1E-04	6.4E-03	8.3E-03
16065-83-1	Chromium(III), Insoluble Salts	40.2	40.2	40.2					7.9E-05		1.8E-03	1.9E-03
18540-29-9	Chromium(VI)	0.497	0.497	0.497	1.0E-08		1.3E-07	1.4E-07	2.9E-04		3.7E-04	6.6E-04
7440-48-4	Cobalt	16.5	16.5	16.5			4.6E-07	4.6E-07	1.6E-02		1.9E-01	2.0E-01
7440-50-8	Copper	43.4	43.4	43.4					1.3E-02			1.3E-02
7439-92-1	~Lead and Compounds	18	18	18					<SL**	<SL**	<SL**	
7439-96-5	Manganese (Non-diet)	594	594	594					7.3E-02		2.7E+00	2.7E+00
7439-97-6	~Mercury (elemental)	0.12	0.12	0.12							1.2E-02	1.2E-02
7440-02-0	Nickel Soluble Salts	19.2	19.2	19.2			1.5E-08	1.5E-08	2.8E-03		2.2E-02	2.4E-02
7782-49-2	Selenium	3.07	3.07	3.07					1.8E-03		3.4E-05	1.8E-03
7440-24-6	Strontium, Stable	125	125	125					1.8E-04			1.8E-04
7440-28-0	Thallium (Soluble Salts)	0.81	0.81	0.81					6.0E-02			6.0E-02
7440-62-2	Vanadium and Compounds	52	52	52					1.5E-02		1.2E-01	1.3E-01
7440-66-6	Zinc and Compounds	77	77	77					7.6E-04			7.6E-04

Cumulative: 1.4E-06 3.6E+00

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU #2 Lower Level Trail - Greenway User and Construction Worker

\* - Note that inhalation on this calculator refers to outdoor inhalation of volatiles and particulates, not indoor inhalation associated with vapor intrusion.

\*\* - Note that the EPA has no consensus on reference dose or cancer slope factor values for lead, therefore it is not possible to calculate cancer risk or hazard quotient. Lead concentrations are compared to the EPA screening level of 400 mg/kg for residential soil.

Receptor Type: Greenway user

CAS #	Chemical Name:	Ingestion Concentration (mg/kg)	Dermal Concentration (mg/kg)	Inhalation Concentration (mg/kg)*	Ingestion Carcinogenic Risk	Dermal Carcinogenic Risk	Inhalation Carcinogenic Risk	Calculated Carcinogenic Risk	Ingestion Hazard Quotient	Dermal Hazard Quotient	Inhalation Hazard Quotient	Calculated Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient
7440-38-2	Arsenic, Inorganic	14.5	14.5	14.5	6.8E-06	1.2E-06	1.6E-11	8.0E-06	5.5E-02	7.6E-03	6.8E-07	6.3E-02
7440-39-3	Barium	958	958	958					9.1E-03		1.3E-06	9.1E-03
7440-41-7	Beryllium and compounds	1.56	1.56	1.56			9.7E-13	9.7E-13	1.5E-03		5.5E-08	1.5E-03
7440-43-9	Cadmium (Diet)	0.284	0.284	0.284			1.3E-13	1.3E-13	5.4E-04	6.0E-05	2.0E-08	6.0E-04
16065-83-1	Chromium(III), Insoluble Salts	40.2	40.2	40.2					5.1E-05			5.1E-05
18540-29-9	Chromium(VI)	0.497	0.497	0.497	3.9E-07		3.0E-11	3.9E-07	3.1E-04		3.5E-09	3.1E-04
7440-48-4	Cobalt	16.5	16.5	16.5			3.9E-11	3.9E-11	1.0E-01		1.9E-06	1.0E-01
7440-50-8	Copper	43.4	43.4	43.4					2.1E-03			2.1E-03
7439-92-1	-Lead and Compounds	18	18	18					<SI**	<SI**	<SI**	
7439-96-5	Manganese (Non-diet)	594	594	594					4.7E-02		8.3E-06	4.7E-02
7439-97-6	-Mercury (elemental)	0.12	0.12	0.12							4.5E-04	4.5E-04
7440-02-0	Nickel Soluble Salts	19.2	19.2	19.2			1.3E-12	1.3E-12	1.8E-03		1.5E-07	1.8E-03
7782-49-2	Selenium	3.07	3.07	3.07					1.2E-03		1.1E-10	1.2E-03
7440-24-6	Strontium, Stable	125	125	125					4.0E-04			4.0E-04
7440-28-0	Thallium (Soluble Salts)	0.81	0.81	0.81					1.5E-01			1.5E-01
7440-62-2	Vanadium and Compounds	52	52	52					2.0E-02		3.6E-07	2.0E-02
7440-66-6	Zinc and Compounds	77	77	77					4.9E-04			4.9E-04

Cumulative:

8.4E-06

4.1E-01

## North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Risk Calculator

<b>Version Date:</b>	June 2021
<b>Basis:</b>	May 2021 EPA RSL Table
<b>Site Name:</b>	828 MLK Jr. Blvd Property
<b>Site Address:</b>	828 MLK Jr Blvd, Chapel Hill, Orange County, North Carolina
<b>DEQ Section:</b>	Brownfields Program
<b>Site ID:</b>	BPN 21061-17-060
<b>Exposure Unit ID:</b>	EU #2 Lower Level Creek - Greenway User
<b>Submittal Date:</b>	
<b>Prepared By:</b>	Hart & Hickman, PC 3921 Sunset Ridge Rd, Suite 301, Raleigh, North Carolina
<b>Reviewed By:</b>	

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Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060		
Exposure Unit ID: EU #2 Lower Level Creek - Greenway User		
Form No.	Description	Check box if included
<b>DATA INPUT SHEETS</b>		
<b>Input Section 1 - Exposure Pathways &amp; Parameters</b>		
Input Form 1A	Complete Exposure Pathways	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1B	Exposure Factors and Target Risks	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1C	Contaminant Migration Parameters	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1D	Sample Statistics	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Input Section 2 - Exposure Point Concentrations</b>		
Input Form 2A	Soil Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2B	Groundwater Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2C	Surface Water Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2D	Soil Gas Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2E	Indoor Air Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>DATA OUTPUT SHEETS</b>		
<b>Output Section 1 - Summary Output for All Calculators</b>		
Output Form 1A	Risk for Individual Pathways	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 1B	Sitewide Risk	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Output Section 2 - Direct Contact Soil and Groundwater Calculators</b>		
Output Form 2A	Resident Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2B	Resident Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2C	Non-Residential Worker Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2D	Non-Residential Worker Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2E	Construction Worker Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2F	Recreator/Trespasser Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2G	Recreator/Trespasser Surface Water	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<b>Output Section 3 - Vapor Intrusion Calculators</b>		
Output Form 3A	Resident Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3B	Resident Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3C	Resident Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3D	Non-Residential Worker Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3E	Non-Residential Worker Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3F	Non-Residential Worker Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Output Section 4 - Contaminant Migration Worksheets</b>		
Output Form 4A	Soil to Groundwater - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4B	Groundwater to Groundwater - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4C	Soil to Surface Water - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4D	Groundwater to Surface Water - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4E	Soil to Groundwater - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4F	Groundwater to Groundwater - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4G	Soil to Surface Water - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4H	Groundwater to Surface Water - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>

Complete Exposure Pathways		Input Form 1A
<b>Version Date: June 2021</b>		
<b>Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table</b>		
<b>Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060</b>		
<b>Exposure Unit ID: EU #2 Lower Level Creek - Greenway User</b>		
<i>Note: Risk output will only be calculated for complete exposure pathways.</i>		
Receptor	Pathway	Check box if pathway complete
<b>DIRECT CONTACT SOIL AND WATER PATHWAYS</b>		
Resident	Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-Residential Worker	Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Construction Worker	Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
Recreator/Trespasser	Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Surface Water	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<b>VAPOR INTRUSION PATHWAYS</b>		
Resident	Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-Residential Worker	Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>CONTAMINANT MIGRATION PATHWAYS</b>		
Groundwater	Source Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Source Groundwater	<input type="checkbox"/>
Surface Water	Source Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Source Groundwater	<input type="checkbox"/>

**Exposure Factors and Target Risks**

**Input Form 1B**

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU #2 Lower Level Creek - Greenway User

Exposure Parameter	Default Value	Site Specific Value	Justification
General			
Target Cancer Risk (individual)	1.0E-06	1.0E-06	
Target Cancer Risk (cumulative)	1.0E-04	1.0E-04	
Target Hazard Index (individual)	2.0E-01	2.0E-01	
Target Hazard Index (cumulative)	1.0E+00	1.0E+00	
Residential Child			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	15	15	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	6	6	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	350	350	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	24	24	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	2373	2373	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.2	0.2	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	200	200	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6365	6365	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	0.78	0.78	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.54	0.54	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Residential Adult			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	20	20	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	350	350	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	24	24	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6032	6032	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.07	0.07	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	100	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	2.5	2.5	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.71	0.71	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Non-Residential Worker			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	25	25	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	250	250	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	8	8	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	3527	3527	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.12	0.12	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IR) (mg/day)	100	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	0.83	0.83	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.67	0.67	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Construction Worker			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Working Weeks (EW) (wk/yr)	50	50	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	1	1	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	250	250	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	8	8	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	3527	3527	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.3	0.3	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IR) (mg/day)	330	330	

Exposure Factors and Target Risks

Input Form 1B

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU #2 Lower Level Creek - Greenway User

Exposure Parameter	Default Value		Site Specific Value	Justification
	Recreator	Trespasser		
User Defined Child				
	Recreator	Trespasser		
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	NA	70	
Averaging Time (AT) (days/yr)	365	NA	365	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	15	NA	15	
Exposure Duration 0-2 (ED) (yr)	2	NA	2	
Exposure Duration 2-6 (ED) (yr)	4	NA	4	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	195	NA	52	98th percentile based on trail polling data
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	2	NA	0.5	98th percentile based on trail polling data
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	2373	NA	2373	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.2	NA	0.2	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	200	NA	200	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6365	NA	6365	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/hr)	0.124	NA	0.124	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	2	NA	0.5	98th percentile based on trail polling data
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	NA	1	
User Defined Adult				
	Recreator	Trespasser		
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	45	80	
Exposure Duration 6-16 (ED) (yr)	10	10	10	
Exposure Duration 16-26 (ED) (yr)	10	0	10	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	195	90	364	98th percentile based on trail polling data
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	2	2	1	98th percentile based on trail polling data
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6032	6032	6032	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.07	0.2	0.07	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	100	200	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/hr)	0.0985	0.071	0.0985	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	2	2	1	98th percentile based on trail polling data
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	1	



Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU #2 Lower Level Creek - Greenway User

Soil Exposure Point Concentration Table

Description of Exposure Point Concentration Selection:

Maximum detected constituent concentrations from sediment samples collected at the site during the most recent sampling event.

**NOTE: If the chemical list is changed from a prior calculator run, remember to select "See All Chemicals" on the data output sheet or newly added chemicals will not be included in risk calculations**

Exposure Point Concentration (mg/kg)	Notes:	CAS Number	Chemical <b>For the chemicals highlighted in blue, data entry notes are provided in the PSRG Table link on the Main Menu</b>	Minimum Concentration (Qualifier)	Maximum Concentration (Qualifier)	Units	Location of Maximum Concentration	Detection Frequency	Range of Detection Limits	Concentration Used for Screening	Background Value	Screening Toxicity Value (Screening Level) (n/c)	Potential ARAR/TBC Value	Potential ARAR/TBC Source	COPC Flag (Y/N)	Rationale for Selection or Deletion
2.35	SED-4	7440-38-2	Arsenic, Inorganic			mg/kg										
24.3	SED-5	7440-39-3	Barium			mg/kg										
0.233	SED-5	7440-41-7	Beryllium and compounds			mg/kg										
63.8	SED-4	16065-83-1	Chromium(III), Insoluble Salts			mg/kg										
0.67	SED-3	18540-29-9	Chromium(VI)			mg/kg										
7.26	SED-4	7440-48-4	Cobalt			mg/kg										
20.2	SED-3	7440-50-8	Copper			mg/kg										
399	SED-5	7439-96-5	Manganese (Non-diet)			mg/kg										
0.008	SED-4	7439-97-6	Mercury (elemental)			mg/kg										
10.5	SED-4	7440-02-0	Nickel Soluble Salts			mg/kg										
0.344	SED-4	7782-49-2	Selenium			mg/kg										
30.7	SED-4	7440-24-6	Strontium, Stable			mg/kg										

Exposure Point Concentrations

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU #2 Lower Level Creek - Greenway User

Surface Water Exposure Point Concentration Table

Description of Exposure Point Concentration Selection:

Maximum detected constituent concentrations detected in surface water samples over the last 5 years of sampling.

**NOTE: If the chemical list is changed from a prior calculator run, remember to select "See All Chemicals" on the data output sheet or newly added chemicals will not be included in risk calculations**

Exposure Point Concentration (ug/L)	Notes:	CAS Number	Chemical	Minimum Concentration (Qualifier)	Maximum Concentration (Qualifier)	Units	Location of Maximum Concentration	Detection Frequency	Range of Detection Limits	Concentration Used for Screening	Background Value	Screening Toxicity Value (Screening Level) (n/c)	Potential ARAR/TBC Value	Potential ARAR/TBC Source	COPC Flag (Y/N)	Rationale for Selection or Deletion
0.45	SW-3	7440-38-2	Arsenic, Inorganic			ug/L										
32.1	SW-21	7440-39-3	Barium			ug/L										
0.73	SW-21	16065-83-1	Chromium(III), Insoluble Salts			ug/L										
0.36	SW-21	7440-48-4	Cobalt			ug/L										
3.2	SW-21	7440-50-8	Copper			ug/L										
37.4	SW-3	7439-96-5	Manganese (Non-diet)			ug/L										
0.62	SW-21	7440-02-0	Nickel Soluble Salts			ug/L										
0.12	SW-5	7782-49-2	Selenium			ug/L										
110	SW-3 and SW-4	7440-24-6	Strontium, Stable			ug/L										

**Version Date:** June 2021

**Basis:** May 2021 EPA RSL Table

**Site ID:** BPN 21061-17-060

**Exposure Unit ID:** EU #2 Lower Level Creek - Greenway User

**DIRECT CONTACT SOIL AND WATER CALCULATORS**

Receptor	Pathway	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Index	Risk exceeded?
Resident	Soil	NC	NC	NC
	Groundwater Use*	NC	NC	NC
Non-Residential Worker	Soil	NC	NC	NC
	Groundwater Use*	NC	NC	NC
Construction Worker	Soil	NC	NC	NC
Recreator/Trespasser	Soil	1.8E-06	9.1E-02	NO
	Surface Water*	3.2E-07	1.7E-02	NO

**VAPOR INTRUSION CALCULATORS**

Receptor	Pathway	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Index	Risk exceeded?
Resident	Groundwater to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
Non-Residential Worker	Groundwater to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC

**CONTAMINANT MIGRATION CALCULATORS**

Pathway	Source	Target Receptor Concentrations Exceeded?	
Groundwater	Source Soil	Exceedence of 2L at Receptor?	NC
	Source Groundwater	Exceedence of 2L at Receptor?	NC
Surface Water	Source Soil	Exceedence of 2B at Receptor?	NC
	Source Groundwater	Exceedence of 2B at Receptor?	NC

**Notes:**

1. If lead concentrations were entered in the exposure point concentration tables, see the individual calculator sheets for lead concentrations in comparison to screening levels. Note that lead is not included in cumulative risk calculations.
2. \* = If concentrations in groundwater exceed the NC 2L Standards or IMAC, or concentrations in surface water exceed the NC 2B Standards, appropriate remediation and/or institutional control measures will be necessary to be eligible for a risk-based closure.
3. NM = Not Modeled
4. NC = Pathway not calculated

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU #2 Lower Level Creek - Greenway User

\* - Note that inhalation on this calculator refers to outdoor inhalation of volatiles and particulates, not indoor inhalation associated with vapor intrusion.

\*\* - Note that the EPA has no consensus on reference dose or cancer slope factor values for lead, therefore it is not possible to calculate cancer risk or hazard quotient. Lead concentrations are compared to the EPA screening level of 400 mg/kg for residential soil.

Receptor Type: Greenway user

CAS #	Chemical Name:	Ingestion Concentration (mg/kg)	Dermal Concentration (mg/kg)	Inhalation Concentration (mg/kg)*	Ingestion Carcinogenic Risk	Dermal Carcinogenic Risk	Inhalation Carcinogenic Risk	Calculated Carcinogenic Risk	Ingestion Hazard Quotient	Dermal Hazard Quotient	Inhalation Hazard Quotient	Calculated Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient
7440-38-2	Arsenic, Inorganic	2.35	2.35	2.35	1.1E-06	2.0E-07	2.6E-12	1.3E-06	8.9E-03	1.2E-03	1.1E-07	1.0E-02
7440-39-3	Barium	24.3	24.3	24.3					2.3E-04		3.4E-08	2.3E-04
7440-41-7	Beryllium and compounds	0.233	0.233	0.233			1.5E-13	1.5E-13	2.2E-04		8.2E-09	2.2E-04
16065-83-1	Chromium(III), Insoluble Salts	63.8	63.8	63.8					8.1E-05			8.1E-05
18540-29-9	Chromium(VI)	0.67	0.67	0.67	5.3E-07		4.1E-11	5.3E-07	4.2E-04		4.7E-09	4.2E-04
7440-48-4	Cobalt	7.26	7.26	7.26			1.7E-11	1.7E-11	4.6E-02		8.5E-07	4.6E-02
7440-50-8	Copper	20.2	20.2	20.2					9.6E-04			9.6E-04
7439-96-5	Manganese (Non-diet)	399	399	399					3.2E-02		5.6E-06	3.2E-02
7439-97-6	-Mercury (elemental)	0.008	0.008	0.008							3.0E-05	3.0E-05
7440-02-0	Nickel Soluble Salts	10.5	10.5	10.5			7.1E-13	7.1E-13	1.0E-03		8.2E-08	1.0E-03
7782-49-2	Selenium	0.344	0.344	0.344					1.3E-04		1.2E-11	1.3E-04
7440-24-6	Strontium, Stable	30.7	30.7	30.7					9.7E-05			9.7E-05

Cumulative:

1.8E-06

9.1E-02

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU #2 Lower Level Creek - Greenway User

Receptor Type: Greenway user

CAS #	Chemical Name:	Ingestion Concentration (ug/L)	Dermal Concentration (ug/L)	Ingestion Carcinogenic Risk	Dermal Contact Carcinogenic Risk	Calculated Carcinogenic Risk	Ingestion Hazard Quotient	Dermal Contact Hazard Quotient	Calculated Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient
7440-38-2	Arsenic, Inorganic	0.45	0.45	2.7E-07	4.5E-08	3.2E-07	1.8E-03	3.7E-04	2.2E-03
7440-39-3	Barium	32.1	32.1				2.0E-04	5.6E-04	7.6E-04
16065-83-1	Chromium(III), Insoluble Salts	0.73	0.73				6.0E-07	9.2E-06	9.8E-06
7440-48-4	Cobalt	0.36	0.36				1.5E-03	1.2E-04	1.6E-03
7440-50-8	Copper	3.2	3.2				9.8E-05	2.0E-05	1.2E-04
7439-96-5	Manganese (Non-diet)	37.4	37.4				1.9E-03	9.5E-03	1.1E-02
7440-02-0	Nickel Soluble Salts	0.62	0.62				3.8E-05	3.8E-05	7.6E-05
7782-49-2	Selenium	0.12	0.12				2.9E-05	5.9E-06	3.5E-05
7440-24-6	Strontium, Stable	110	110				2.3E-04	4.5E-05	2.7E-04

Cumulative: 3.2E-07

1.7E-02

## North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Risk Calculator

<b>Version Date:</b>	June 2021
<b>Basis:</b>	May 2021 EPA RSL Table
<b>Site Name:</b>	828 MLK Jr. Blvd Property
<b>Site Address:</b>	828 MLK Jr Blvd, Chapel Hill, Orange County, North Carolina
<b>DEQ Section:</b>	Brownfields Program
<b>Site ID:</b>	BPN 21061-17-060
<b>Exposure Unit ID:</b>	EU #3 Embankment - Resident, Non-Residential Worker, and Greenway
<b>Submittal Date:</b>	
<b>Prepared By:</b>	Hart & Hickman, PC 3921 Sunset Ridge Rd, Suite 301, Raleigh, North Carolina
<b>Reviewed By:</b>	

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Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table		
Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060		
Exposure Unit ID: EU #3 Embankment - Resident, Non-Residential Worker, and Greenway User		
Form No.	Description	Check box if included
<b>DATA INPUT SHEETS</b>		
<b>Input Section 1 - Exposure Pathways &amp; Parameters</b>		
Input Form 1A	Complete Exposure Pathways	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1B	Exposure Factors and Target Risks	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1C	Contaminant Migration Parameters	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1D	Sample Statistics	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Input Section 2 - Exposure Point Concentrations</b>		
Input Form 2A	Soil Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2B	Groundwater Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2C	Surface Water Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2D	Soil Gas Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2E	Indoor Air Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>DATA OUTPUT SHEETS</b>		
<b>Output Section 1 - Summary Output for All Calculators</b>		
Output Form 1A	Risk for Individual Pathways	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 1B	Sitewide Risk	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Output Section 2 - Direct Contact Soil and Groundwater Calculators</b>		
Output Form 2A	Resident Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2B	Resident Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2C	Non-Residential Worker Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2D	Non-Residential Worker Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2E	Construction Worker Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2F	Recreator/Trespasser Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2G	Recreator/Trespasser Surface Water	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Output Section 3 - Vapor Intrusion Calculators</b>		
Output Form 3A	Resident Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3B	Resident Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3C	Resident Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3D	Non-Residential Worker Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3E	Non-Residential Worker Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3F	Non-Residential Worker Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Output Section 4 - Contaminant Migration Worksheets</b>		
Output Form 4A	Soil to Groundwater - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4B	Groundwater to Groundwater - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4C	Soil to Surface Water - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4D	Groundwater to Surface Water - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4E	Soil to Groundwater - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4F	Groundwater to Groundwater - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4G	Soil to Surface Water - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4H	Groundwater to Surface Water - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>

Complete Exposure Pathways		Input Form 1A
<b>Version Date: June 2021</b>		
<b>Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table</b>		
<b>Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060</b>		
<b>Exposure Unit ID: EU #3 Embankment - Resident, Non-Residential Worker, and Gr</b>		
<i>Note: Risk output will only be calculated for complete exposure pathways.</i>		
Receptor	Pathway	Check box if pathway complete
<b>DIRECT CONTACT SOIL AND WATER PATHWAYS</b>		
Resident	Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-Residential Worker	Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Construction Worker	Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
Recreator/Trespasser	Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Surface Water	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>VAPOR INTRUSION PATHWAYS</b>		
Resident	Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-Residential Worker	Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>CONTAMINANT MIGRATION PATHWAYS</b>		
Groundwater	Source Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Source Groundwater	<input type="checkbox"/>
Surface Water	Source Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Source Groundwater	<input type="checkbox"/>



**Exposure Factors and Target Risks**

**Input Form 1B**

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU #3 Embankment - Resident, Non-Residential Worker, and Greenway User

Exposure Parameter	Default Value	Site Specific Value	Justification
General			
Target Cancer Risk (individual)	1.0E-06	1.0E-06	
Target Cancer Risk (cumulative)	1.0E-04	1.0E-04	
Target Hazard Index (individual)	2.0E-01	2.0E-01	
Target Hazard Index (cumulative)	1.0E+00	1.0E+00	
Residential Child			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	15	15	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	6	6	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	350	350	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	24	24	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	2373	2373	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.2	0.2	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	200	200	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6365	6365	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	0.78	0.78	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.54	0.54	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Residential Adult			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	20	20	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	350	350	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	24	24	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6032	6032	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.07	0.07	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	100	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	2.5	2.5	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.71	0.71	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Non-Residential Worker			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	25	25	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	250	250	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	8	8	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	3527	3527	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.12	0.12	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IR) (mg/day)	100	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	0.83	0.83	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.67	0.67	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Construction Worker			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Working Weeks (EW) (wk/yr)	50	50	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	1	1	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	250	250	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	8	8	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	3527	3527	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.3	0.3	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IR) (mg/day)	330	330	

Exposure Factors and Target Risks

Input Form 1B

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU #3 Embankment - Resident, Non-Residential Worker, and Greenway User

Exposure Parameter	Default Value		Site Specific Value	Justification
	Recreator	Trespasser		
User Defined Child				
	Recreator	Trespasser		
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	NA	70	
Averaging Time (AT) (days/yr)	365	NA	365	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	15	NA	15	
Exposure Duration 0-2 (ED) (yr)	2	NA	2	
Exposure Duration 2-6 (ED) (yr)	4	NA	4	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	195	NA	52	Based on 98% percentile of trail users
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	2	NA	0.5	Based on 98% percentile of trail users
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	2373	NA	2373	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.2	NA	0.2	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	200	NA	200	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6365	NA	6365	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/hr)	0.124	NA	0.124	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	2	NA	2	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	NA	1	
User Defined Adult				
	Recreator	Trespasser		
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	45	80	
Exposure Duration 6-16 (ED) (yr)	10	10	10	
Exposure Duration 16-26 (ED) (yr)	10	0	10	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	195	90	364	Based on 98% percentile of trail users
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	2	2	1	Based on 98% percentile of trail users
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6032	6032	6032	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.07	0.2	0.07	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	100	200	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/hr)	0.0985	0.071	0.0985	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	2	2	2	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	1	

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU #3 Embankment - Resident, Non-Residential Worker, and Greenway User

Soil Exposure Point Concentration Table

Description of Exposure Point Concentration Selection:

Maximum detected constituent concentrations from samples collected from shallow (0-2 ft) soil within the exposure unit.

**NOTE: If the chemical list is changed from a prior calculator run, remember to select "See All Chemicals" on the data output sheet or newly added chemicals will not be included in risk calculations**

Exposure Point Concentration (mg/kg)	Notes:	CAS Number	Chemical <b>For the chemicals highlighted in blue, data entry notes are provided in the PSRG Table link on the Main Menu</b>	Minimum Concentration (Qualifier)	Maximum Concentration (Qualifier)	Units	Location of Maximum Concentration	Detection Frequency	Range of Detection Limits	Concentration Used for Screening	Background Value	Screening Toxicity Value (Screening Level) (n/c)	Potential ARAR/TBC Value	Potential ARAR/TBC Source	COPC Flag (Y/N)	Rationale for Selection or Deletion
60.3	HH-10	7440-38-2	Arsenic, Inorganic			mg/kg										
3260	HH-11	7440-39-3	Barium			mg/kg										
5.9	HH-11	7440-41-7	Beryllium and compounds			mg/kg										
0.22	HH-11	7440-43-9	Cadmium (Diet)			mg/kg										
43.8	Excavation H-2	16065-83-1	Chromium(III), Insoluble Salts			mg/kg										
1.4	S-7	18540-29-9	Chromium(VI)			mg/kg										
19.1	Excavation H-2	7440-48-4	Cobalt			mg/kg										
59.2	Excavation H-2	7440-50-8	Copper			mg/kg										
412	Excavation H-1	7439-96-5	Manganese (Non-diet)			mg/kg										
0.43	HH-11	7439-97-6	~Mercury (elemental)			mg/kg										
23.5	HH-11	7440-02-0	Nickel Soluble Salts			mg/kg										
9.05	HH-11	7782-49-2	Selenium			mg/kg										
269	HH-10	7440-24-6	Strontium, Stable			mg/kg										

**Version Date:** June 2021

**Basis:** May 2021 EPA RSL Table

**Site ID:** BPN 21061-17-060

**Exposure Unit ID:** EU #3 Embankment - Resident, Non-Residential Worker, and Greenway User

**DIRECT CONTACT SOIL AND WATER CALCULATORS**

Receptor	Pathway	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Index	Risk exceeded?
Resident	Soil	9.4E-05	3.1E+00	YES
	Groundwater Use*	NC	NC	NC
Non-Residential Worker	Soil	2.0E-05	2.2E-01	NO
	Groundwater Use*	NC	NC	NC
Construction Worker	Soil	NC	NC	NC
Recreator/Trespasser	Soil	3.4E-05	4.6E-01	NO
	Surface Water*	NC	NC	NC

**VAPOR INTRUSION CALCULATORS**

Receptor	Pathway	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Index	Risk exceeded?
Resident	Groundwater to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
Non-Residential Worker	Groundwater to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC

**CONTAMINANT MIGRATION CALCULATORS**

Pathway	Source	Target Receptor Concentrations Exceeded?	
Groundwater	Source Soil	Exceedence of 2L at Receptor?	NC
	Source Groundwater	Exceedence of 2L at Receptor?	NC
Surface Water	Source Soil	Exceedence of 2B at Receptor?	NC
	Source Groundwater	Exceedence of 2B at Receptor?	NC

**Notes:**

1. If lead concentrations were entered in the exposure point concentration tables, see the individual calculator sheets for lead concentrations in comparison to screening levels. Note that lead is not included in cumulative risk calculations.
2. \* = If concentrations in groundwater exceed the NC 2L Standards or IMAC, or concentrations in surface water exceed the NC 2B Standards, appropriate remediation and/or institutional control measures will be necessary to be eligible for a risk-based closure.
3. NM = Not Modeled
4. NC = Pathway not calculated

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU #3 Embankment - Resident, Non-Residential Worker, and Greenway User

\* - Note that inhalation on this calculator refers to outdoor inhalation of volatiles and particulates, not indoor inhalation associated with vapor intrusion.

\*\* - Note that the EPA has no consensus on reference dose or cancer slope factor values for lead, therefore it is not possible to calculate cancer risk or hazard quotient. Lead concentrations are compared to the EPA screening level of 400 mg/kg for residential soil.

CAS #	Chemical Name:	Ingestion Concentration (mg/kg)	Dermal Concentration (mg/kg)	Inhalation Concentration (mg/kg)*	Ingestion Carcinogenic Risk	Dermal Carcinogenic Risk	Inhalation Carcinogenic Risk*	Calculated Carcinogenic Risk	Ingestion Hazard Quotient	Dermal Hazard Quotient	Inhalation Hazard Quotient*	Calculated Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient
7440-38-2	Arsenic, Inorganic	60.3	60.3	60.3	<b>7.8E-05</b>	<b>1.1E-05</b>	1.6E-09	8.9E-05	<b>1.5E+00</b>	1.8E-01	6.5E-05	<b>1.7E+00</b>
7440-39-3	Barium	3260	3260	3260					<b>2.1E-01</b>		1.1E-04	<b>2.1E-01</b>
7440-41-7	Beryllium and compounds	5.9	5.9	5.9			8.5E-11	8.5E-11	3.8E-02		4.8E-06	3.8E-02
7440-43-9	Cadmium (Diet)	0.22	0.22	0.22			2.4E-12	2.4E-12	2.8E-03	2.7E-04	3.6E-07	3.1E-03
16065-83-1	Chromium(III), Insoluble Salts	43.8	43.8	43.8					3.7E-04			3.7E-04
18540-29-9	Chromium(VI)	1.4	1.4	1.4	<b>4.6E-06</b>		2.0E-09	4.6E-06	6.0E-03		2.3E-07	6.0E-03
7440-48-4	Cobalt	19.1	19.1	19.1			1.0E-09	1.0E-09	<b>8.1E-01</b>		5.1E-05	<b>8.1E-01</b>
7440-50-8	Copper	59.2	59.2	59.2					1.9E-02			1.9E-02
7439-96-5	Manganese (Non-diet)	412	412	412					<b>2.2E-01</b>		1.3E-04	<b>2.2E-01</b>
7439-97-6	-Mercury (elemental)	0.43	0.43	0.43							3.7E-02	3.7E-02
7440-02-0	Nickel Soluble Salts	23.5	23.5	23.5			3.7E-11	3.7E-11	1.5E-02		4.2E-06	1.5E-02
7782-49-2	Selenium	9.05	9.05	9.05					2.3E-02		7.3E-09	2.3E-02
7440-24-6	Strontium, Stable	269	269	269					5.7E-03			5.7E-03

Cumulative:

9.4E-05

**3.1E+00**

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU #3 Embankment - Resident, Non-Residential Worker, and Greenway User

\* - Note that inhalation on this calculator refers to outdoor inhalation of volatiles and particulates, not indoor inhalation associated with vapor intrusion.

\*\* - Note that the EPA has no consensus on reference dose or cancer slope factor values for lead, therefore it is not possible to calculate cancer risk or hazard quotient. Lead concentrations are compared to the EPA screening level of 800 mg/kg for commercial/industrial soil.

CAS #	Chemical Name:	Ingestion Concentration (mg/kg)	Dermal Concentration (mg/kg)	Inhalation Concentration (mg/kg)*	Ingestion Carcinogenic Risk	Dermal Carcinogenic Risk	Inhalation Carcinogenic Risk	Calculated Carcinogenic Risk	Ingestion Hazard Quotient	Dermal Hazard Quotient	Inhalation Hazard Quotient	Calculated Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient
7440-38-2	Arsenic, Inorganic	60.3	60.3	60.3	1.7E-05	3.5E-06	3.6E-10	2.0E-05	1.0E-01	2.2E-02	1.5E-05	1.3E-01
7440-39-3	Barium	3260	3260	3260					1.4E-02		2.5E-05	1.4E-02
7440-41-7	Beryllium and compounds	5.9	5.9	5.9			1.9E-11	1.9E-11	2.5E-03		1.1E-06	2.5E-03
7440-43-9	Cadmium (Diet)	0.22	0.22	0.22			5.4E-13	5.4E-13	1.9E-04	3.2E-05	8.5E-08	2.2E-04
16065-83-1	Chromium(III), Insoluble Salts	43.8	43.8	43.8					2.5E-05			2.5E-05
18540-29-9	Chromium(VI)	1.4	1.4	1.4	2.1E-07		1.6E-10	2.1E-07	4.0E-04		5.4E-08	4.0E-04
7440-48-4	Cobalt	19.1	19.1	19.1			2.4E-10	2.4E-10	5.5E-02		1.2E-05	5.5E-02
7440-50-8	Copper	59.2	59.2	59.2					1.3E-03			1.3E-03
7439-96-5	Manganese (Non-diet)	412	412	412					1.5E-02		3.2E-05	1.5E-02
7439-97-6	-Mercury (elemental)	0.43	0.43	0.43							8.9E-03	8.9E-03
7440-02-0	Nickel Soluble Salts	23.5	23.5	23.5			8.4E-12	8.4E-12	1.0E-03		1.0E-06	1.0E-03
7782-49-2	Selenium	9.05	9.05	9.05					1.5E-03		1.7E-09	1.5E-03
7440-24-6	Strontium, Stable	269	269	269					3.8E-04			3.8E-04

Cumulative:

2.0E-05

2.2E-01

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU #3 Embankment - Resident, Non-Residential Worker, and Greenway User

\* - Note that inhalation on this calculator refers to outdoor inhalation of volatiles and particulates, not indoor inhalation associated with vapor intrusion.

\*\* - Note that the EPA has no consensus on reference dose or cancer slope factor values for lead, therefore it is not possible to calculate cancer risk or hazard quotient. Lead concentrations are compared to the EPA screening level of 400 mg/kg for residential soil.

Receptor Type: Greenway User

CAS #	Chemical Name:	Ingestion Concentration (mg/kg)	Dermal Concentration (mg/kg)	Inhalation Concentration (mg/kg)*	Ingestion Carcinogenic Risk	Dermal Carcinogenic Risk	Inhalation Carcinogenic Risk	Calculated Carcinogenic Risk	Ingestion Hazard Quotient	Dermal Hazard Quotient	Inhalation Hazard Quotient	Calculated Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient
7440-38-2	Arsenic, Inorganic	60.3	60.3	60.3	2.8E-05	5.1E-06	6.7E-11	3.3E-05	2.3E-01	3.2E-02	2.8E-06	2.6E-01
7440-39-3	Barium	3260	3260	3260					3.1E-02		4.6E-06	3.1E-02
7440-41-7	Beryllium and compounds	5.9	5.9	5.9			3.7E-12	3.7E-12	5.6E-03		2.1E-07	5.6E-03
7440-43-9	Cadmium (Diet)	0.22	0.22	0.22			1.0E-13	1.0E-13	4.2E-04	4.6E-05	1.5E-08	4.6E-04
16065-83-1	Chromium(III), Insoluble Salts	43.8	43.8	43.8					5.5E-05			5.5E-05
18540-29-9	Chromium(VI)	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.1E-06		8.5E-11	1.1E-06	8.9E-04		9.8E-09	8.9E-04
7440-48-4	Cobalt	19.1	19.1	19.1			4.5E-11	4.5E-11	1.2E-01		2.2E-06	1.2E-01
7440-50-8	Copper	59.2	59.2	59.2					2.8E-03			2.8E-03
7439-96-5	Manganese (Non-diet)	412	412	412					3.3E-02		5.8E-06	3.3E-02
7439-97-6	~Mercury (elemental)	0.43	0.43	0.43							1.6E-03	1.6E-03
7440-02-0	Nickel Soluble Salts	23.5	23.5	23.5			1.6E-12	1.6E-12	2.2E-03		1.8E-07	2.2E-03
7782-49-2	Selenium	9.05	9.05	9.05					3.4E-03		3.2E-10	3.4E-03
7440-24-6	Strontium, Stable	269	269	269					8.5E-04			8.5E-04

Cumulative:

3.4E-05

4.6E-01

## North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Risk Calculator

<b>Version Date:</b>	June 2021
<b>Basis:</b>	May 2021 EPA RSL Table
<b>Site Name:</b>	828 MLK Jr. Blvd Property
<b>Site Address:</b>	828 MLK Jr Blvd, Chapel Hill, Orange County, North Carolina
<b>DEQ Section:</b>	Brownfields Program
<b>Site ID:</b>	BPN 21061-17-060
<b>Exposure Unit ID:</b>	EU #3 Embankment - Construction Worker
<b>Submittal Date:</b>	
<b>Prepared By:</b>	Hart & Hickman, PC 3921 Sunset Ridge Rd, Suite 301, Raleigh, North Carolina
<b>Reviewed By:</b>	



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<b>Exposure Unit ID: EU #3 Embankment - Construction Worker</b>		
Form No.	Description	Check box if included
<b>DATA INPUT SHEETS</b>		
<b>Input Section 1 - Exposure Pathways &amp; Parameters</b>		
Input Form 1A	Complete Exposure Pathways	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1B	Exposure Factors and Target Risks	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1C	Contaminant Migration Parameters	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1D	Sample Statistics	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Input Section 2 - Exposure Point Concentrations</b>		
Input Form 2A	Soil Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2B	Groundwater Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2C	Surface Water Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2D	Soil Gas Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2E	Indoor Air Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>DATA OUTPUT SHEETS</b>		
<b>Output Section 1 - Summary Output for All Calculators</b>		
Output Form 1A	Risk for Individual Pathways	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 1B	Sitewide Risk	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Output Section 2 - Direct Contact Soil and Groundwater Calculators</b>		
Output Form 2A	Resident Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2B	Resident Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2C	Non-Residential Worker Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2D	Non-Residential Worker Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2E	Construction Worker Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2F	Recreator/Trespasser Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2G	Recreator/Trespasser Surface Water	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Output Section 3 - Vapor Intrusion Calculators</b>		
Output Form 3A	Resident Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3B	Resident Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3C	Resident Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3D	Non-Residential Worker Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3E	Non-Residential Worker Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3F	Non-Residential Worker Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Output Section 4 - Contaminant Migration Worksheets</b>		
Output Form 4A	Soil to Groundwater - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4B	Groundwater to Groundwater - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4C	Soil to Surface Water - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4D	Groundwater to Surface Water - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4E	Soil to Groundwater - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4F	Groundwater to Groundwater - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4G	Soil to Surface Water - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4H	Groundwater to Surface Water - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>

Complete Exposure Pathways		Input Form 1A
<b>Version Date: June 2021</b>		
<b>Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table</b>		
<b>Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060</b>		
<b>Exposure Unit ID: EU #3 Embankment - Construction Worker</b>		
<i>Note: Risk output will only be calculated for complete exposure pathways.</i>		
Receptor	Pathway	Check box if pathway complete
<b>DIRECT CONTACT SOIL AND WATER PATHWAYS</b>		
Resident	Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-Residential Worker	Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Construction Worker	Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Recreator/Trespasser	Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Surface Water	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>VAPOR INTRUSION PATHWAYS</b>		
Resident	Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-Residential Worker	Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>CONTAMINANT MIGRATION PATHWAYS</b>		
Groundwater	Source Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Source Groundwater	<input type="checkbox"/>
Surface Water	Source Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Source Groundwater	<input type="checkbox"/>

**Exposure Factors and Target Risks**

**Input Form 1B**

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU #3 Embankment - Construction Worker

Exposure Parameter	Default Value	Site Specific Value	Justification
General			
Target Cancer Risk (individual)	1.0E-06	1.0E-06	
Target Cancer Risk (cumulative)	1.0E-04	1.0E-04	
Target Hazard Index (individual)	2.0E-01	2.0E-01	
Target Hazard Index (cumulative)	1.0E+00	1.0E+00	
Residential Child			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	15	15	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	6	6	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	350	350	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	24	24	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	2373	2373	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.2	0.2	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	200	200	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6365	6365	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	0.78	0.78	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.54	0.54	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Residential Adult			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	20	20	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	350	350	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	24	24	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6032	6032	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.07	0.07	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	100	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	2.5	2.5	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.71	0.71	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Non-Residential Worker			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	25	25	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	250	250	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	8	8	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	3527	3527	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.12	0.12	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IR) (mg/day)	100	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	0.83	0.83	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.67	0.67	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Construction Worker			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Working Weeks (EW) (wk/yr)	50	50	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	1	1	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	250	250	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	8	8	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	3527	3527	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.3	0.3	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IR) (mg/day)	330	330	

**Exposure Factors and Target Risks**

**Input Form 1B**

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU #3 Embankment - Construction Worker

Exposure Parameter	Default Value		Site Specific Value	Justification
	Recreator	Trespasser		
User Defined Child				
	Recreator	Trespasser		
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	NA	70	
Averaging Time (AT) (days/yr)	365	NA	365	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	15	NA	15	
Exposure Duration 0-2 (ED) (yr)	2	NA	2	
Exposure Duration 2-6 (ED) (yr)	4	NA	4	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	195	NA	52	Based on 98% percentile of trail users
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	2	NA	0.5	Based on 98% percentile of trail users
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	2373	NA	2373	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.2	NA	0.2	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	200	NA	200	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6365	NA	6365	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/hr)	0.124	NA	0.124	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	2	NA	2	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	NA	1	
User Defined Adult				
	Recreator	Trespasser		
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	45	80	
Exposure Duration 6-16 (ED) (yr)	10	10	10	
Exposure Duration 16-26 (ED) (yr)	10	0	10	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	195	90	364	Based on 98% percentile of trail users
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	2	2	1	Based on 98% percentile of trail users
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6032	6032	6032	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.07	0.2	0.07	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	100	200	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/hr)	0.0985	0.071	0.0985	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	2	2	2	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	1	

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU #3 Embankment - Construction Worker

Soil Exposure Point Concentration Table

Description of Exposure Point Concentration Selection:

Maximum detected constituent concentrations from all samples collected within the exposure unit.

**NOTE: If the chemical list is changed from a prior calculator run, remember to select "See All Chemicals" on the data output sheet or newly added chemicals will not be included in risk calculations**

Exposure Point Concentration (mg/kg)	Notes:	CAS Number	Chemical <b>For the chemicals highlighted in blue, data entry notes are provided in the PSRG Table link on the Main Menu</b>	Minimum Concentration (Qualifier)	Maximum Concentration (Qualifier)	Units	Location of Maximum Concentration	Detection Frequency	Range of Detection Limits	Concentration Used for Screening	Background Value	Screening Toxicity Value (Screening Level) (n/c)	Potential ARAR/TBC Value	Potential ARAR/TBC Source	COPC Flag (Y/N)	Rationale for Selection or Deletion
60.3	HH-10	7440-38-2	Arsenic, Inorganic			mg/kg										
3260	HH-11	7440-39-3	Barium			mg/kg										
5.9	HH-11	7440-41-7	Beryllium and compounds			mg/kg										
0.22	HH-11	7440-43-9	Cadmium (Diet)			mg/kg										
43.8	Excavation H-2	16065-83-1	Chromium(III), Insoluble Salts			mg/kg										
1.4	S-7	18540-29-9	Chromium(VI)			mg/kg										
20.8	Excavation H-4	7440-48-4	Cobalt			mg/kg										
59.2	Excavation H-2	7440-50-8	Copper			mg/kg										
1480	Excavation H-4	7439-96-5	Manganese (Non-diet)			mg/kg										
0.43	HH-11	7439-97-6	~Mercury (elemental)			mg/kg										
23.5	HH-11	7440-02-0	Nickel Soluble Salts			mg/kg										
9.05	HH-11	7782-49-2	Selenium			mg/kg										
269	HH-10	7440-24-6	Strontium, Stable			mg/kg										

**Version Date:** June 2021

**Basis:** May 2021 EPA RSL Table

**Site ID:** BPN 21061-17-060

**Exposure Unit ID:** EU #3 Embankment - Construction Worker

**DIRECT CONTACT SOIL AND WATER CALCULATORS**

Receptor	Pathway	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Index	Risk exceeded?
Resident	Soil	NC	NC	NC
	Groundwater Use*	NC	NC	NC
Non-Residential Worker	Soil	NC	NC	NC
	Groundwater Use*	NC	NC	NC
Construction Worker	Soil	4.4E-06	8.8E+00	YES
Recreator/Trespasser	Soil	NC	NC	NC
	Surface Water*	NC	NC	NC

**VAPOR INTRUSION CALCULATORS**

Receptor	Pathway	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Index	Risk exceeded?
Resident	Groundwater to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
Non-Residential Worker	Groundwater to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC

**CONTAMINANT MIGRATION CALCULATORS**

Pathway	Source	Target Receptor Concentrations Exceeded?	
Groundwater	Source Soil	Exceedence of 2L at Receptor?	NC
	Source Groundwater	Exceedence of 2L at Receptor?	NC
Surface Water	Source Soil	Exceedence of 2B at Receptor?	NC
	Source Groundwater	Exceedence of 2B at Receptor?	NC

**Notes:**

1. If lead concentrations were entered in the exposure point concentration tables, see the individual calculator sheets for lead concentrations in comparison to screening levels. Note that lead is not included in cumulative risk calculations.
2. \* = If concentrations in groundwater exceed the NC 2L Standards or IMAC, or concentrations in surface water exceed the NC 2B Standards, appropriate remediation and/or institutional control measures will be necessary to be eligible for a risk-based closure.
3. NM = Not Modeled
4. NC = Pathway not calculated

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU #3 Embankment - Construction Worker

\* - Note that inhalation on this calculator refers to outdoor inhalation of volatiles and particulates, not indoor inhalation associated with vapor intrusion.

\*\* - Note that the EPA has no consensus on reference dose or cancer slope factor values for lead, therefore it is not possible to calculate cancer risk or hazard quotient. Lead concentrations are compared to the EPA screening level of 800 mg/kg for commercial/industrial soil.

CAS #	Chemical Name:	Ingestion Concentration (mg/kg)	Dermal Concentration (mg/kg)	Inhalation Concentration (mg/kg)*	Ingestion Carcinogenic Risk	Dermal Carcinogenic Risk	Inhalation Carcinogenic Risk	Calculated Carcinogenic Risk	Ingestion Hazard Quotient	Dermal Hazard Quotient	Inhalation Hazard Quotient	Calculated Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient	
7440-38-2	Arsenic, Inorganic	60.3	60.3	60.3	2.2E-06	3.5E-07	8.0E-07	3.3E-06	3.6E-01	5.7E-02	9.0E-01	1.3E+00	
7440-39-3	Barium	3260	3260	3260					4.8E-02		1.5E-01	1.9E-01	
7440-41-7	Beryllium and compounds	5.9	5.9	5.9			4.4E-08	4.4E-08	3.5E-03		6.6E-02	7.0E-02	
7440-43-9	Cadmium (Diet)	0.22	0.22	0.22			1.2E-09	1.2E-09	1.3E-03	1.7E-04	4.9E-03	6.4E-03	
16065-83-1	Chromium(III), Insoluble Salts	43.8	43.8	43.8					8.6E-05		2.0E-03	2.1E-03	
18540-29-9	Chromium(VI)	1.4	1.4	1.4	2.8E-08		3.6E-07	3.9E-07	8.3E-04		1.0E-03	1.9E-03	
7440-48-4	Cobalt	20.8	20.8	20.8			5.8E-07	5.8E-07	2.0E-02		2.3E-01	2.5E-01	
7440-50-8	Copper	59.2	59.2	59.2					1.7E-02			1.7E-02	
7439-96-5	Manganese (Non-diet)	1480	1480	1480					1.8E-01		6.6E+00	6.8E+00	
7439-97-6	-Mercury (elemental)	0.43	0.43	0.43							4.4E-02	4.4E-02	
7440-02-0	Nickel Soluble Salts	23.5	23.5	23.5			1.9E-08	1.9E-08	3.5E-03		2.6E-02	3.0E-02	
7782-49-2	Selenium	9.05	9.05	9.05					5.3E-03		1.0E-04	5.4E-03	
7440-24-6	Strontium, Stable	269	269	269					4.0E-04			4.0E-04	
Cumulative:								4.4E-06					8.8E+00

## North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Risk Calculator

<b>Version Date:</b>	June 2021
<b>Basis:</b>	May 2021 EPA RSL Table
<b>Site Name:</b>	828 MLK Jr. Blvd Property
<b>Site Address:</b>	828 MLK Jr Blvd, Chapel Hill, Orange County, North Carolina
<b>DEQ Section:</b>	Brownfields Program
<b>Site ID:</b>	BPN 21061-17-060
<b>Exposure Unit ID:</b>	EU#1 - Resident & Non-Residential Worker excluding Background
<b>Submittal Date:</b>	
<b>Prepared By:</b>	Hart & Hickman, PC 3921 Sunset Ridge Rd, Suite 301, Raleigh, North Carolina
<b>Reviewed By:</b>	



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Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table		
Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060		
Exposure Unit ID: EU#1 - Resident & Non-Residential Worker excluding Background		
Form No.	Description	Check box if included
<b>DATA INPUT SHEETS</b>		
<b>Input Section 1 - Exposure Pathways &amp; Parameters</b>		
Input Form 1A	Complete Exposure Pathways	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1B	Exposure Factors and Target Risks	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1C	Contaminant Migration Parameters	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1D	Sample Statistics	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Input Section 2 - Exposure Point Concentrations</b>		
Input Form 2A	Soil Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2B	Groundwater Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2C	Surface Water Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2D	Soil Gas Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2E	Indoor Air Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>DATA OUTPUT SHEETS</b>		
<b>Output Section 1 - Summary Output for All Calculators</b>		
Output Form 1A	Risk for Individual Pathways	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 1B	Sitewide Risk	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Output Section 2 - Direct Contact Soil and Groundwater Calculators</b>		
Output Form 2A	Resident Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2B	Resident Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2C	Non-Residential Worker Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2D	Non-Residential Worker Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2E	Construction Worker Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2F	Recreator/Trespasser Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2G	Recreator/Trespasser Surface Water	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Output Section 3 - Vapor Intrusion Calculators</b>		
Output Form 3A	Resident Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3B	Resident Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3C	Resident Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3D	Non-Residential Worker Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3E	Non-Residential Worker Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3F	Non-Residential Worker Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Output Section 4 - Contaminant Migration Worksheets</b>		
Output Form 4A	Soil to Groundwater - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4B	Groundwater to Groundwater - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4C	Soil to Surface Water - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4D	Groundwater to Surface Water - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4E	Soil to Groundwater - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4F	Groundwater to Groundwater - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4G	Soil to Surface Water - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4H	Groundwater to Surface Water - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>

Complete Exposure Pathways		Input Form 1A
<b>Version Date: June 2021</b>		
<b>Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table</b>		
<b>Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060</b>		
<b>Exposure Unit ID: EU#1 - Resident &amp; Non-Residential Worker excluding Background</b>		
<i>Note: Risk output will only be calculated for complete exposure pathways.</i>		
Receptor	Pathway	Check box if pathway complete
<b>DIRECT CONTACT SOIL AND WATER PATHWAYS</b>		
Resident	Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-Residential Worker	Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Construction Worker	Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
Recreator/Trespasser	Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Surface Water	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>VAPOR INTRUSION PATHWAYS</b>		
Resident	Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-Residential Worker	Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>CONTAMINANT MIGRATION PATHWAYS</b>		
Groundwater	Source Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Source Groundwater	<input type="checkbox"/>
Surface Water	Source Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Source Groundwater	<input type="checkbox"/>

**Exposure Factors and Target Risks**

**Input Form 1B**

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU#1 - Resident & Non-Residential Worker excluding Background

Exposure Parameter	Default Value	Site Specific Value	Justification
General			
Target Cancer Risk (individual)	1.0E-06	1.0E-06	
Target Cancer Risk (cumulative)	1.0E-04	1.0E-04	
Target Hazard Index (individual)	2.0E-01	2.0E-01	
Target Hazard Index (cumulative)	1.0E+00	1.0E+00	
Residential Child			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	15	15	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	6	6	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	350	350	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	24	24	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	2373	2373	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.2	0.2	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	200	200	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6365	6365	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	0.78	0.78	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.54	0.54	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Residential Adult			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	20	20	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	350	350	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	24	24	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6032	6032	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.07	0.07	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	100	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	2.5	2.5	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.71	0.71	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Non-Residential Worker			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	25	25	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	250	250	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	8	8	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	3527	3527	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.12	0.12	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IR) (mg/day)	100	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	0.83	0.83	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.67	0.67	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Construction Worker			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Working Weeks (EW) (wk/yr)	50	50	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	1	1	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	250	250	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	8	8	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	3527	3527	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.3	0.3	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IR) (mg/day)	330	330	

**Exposure Factors and Target Risks**

**Input Form 1B**

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU#1 - Resident & Non-Residential Worker excluding Background

Exposure Parameter	Default Value		Site Specific Value	Justification
	Recreator	Trespasser		
User Defined Child				
	Recreator	Trespasser		
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	NA	70	
Averaging Time (AT) (days/yr)	365	NA	365	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	15	NA	15	
Exposure Duration 0-2 (ED) (yr)	2	NA	2	
Exposure Duration 2-6 (ED) (yr)	4	NA	4	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	195	NA	195	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	2	NA	2	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	2373	NA	2373	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.2	NA	0.2	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	200	NA	200	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6365	NA	6365	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/hr)	0.124	NA	0.124	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	2	NA	2	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	NA	1	
User Defined Adult				
	Recreator	Trespasser		
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	45	80	
Exposure Duration 6-16 (ED) (yr)	10	10	10	
Exposure Duration 16-26 (ED) (yr)	10	0	10	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	195	90	195	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	2	2	2	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6032	6032	6032	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.07	0.2	0.07	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	100	200	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/hr)	0.0985	0.071	0.0985	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	2	2	2	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	1	

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU#1 - Resident & Non-Residential Worker excluding Background

Soil Exposure Point Concentration Table

Description of Exposure Point Concentration Selection:

Maximum detected constituent concentrations from shallow samples (0-2 ft) collected within the exposure unit with background concentrations removed.

**NOTE: If the chemical list is changed from a prior calculator run, remember to select "See All Chemicals" on the data output sheet or newly added chemicals will not be included in risk calculations**

Exposure Point Concentration (mg/kg)	Notes:	CAS Number	Chemical <b>For the chemicals highlighted in blue, data entry notes are provided in the PSRG Table link on the Main Menu</b>	Minimum Concentration (Qualifier)	Maximum Concentration (Qualifier)	Units	Location of Maximum Concentration	Detection Frequency	Range of Detection Limits	Concentration Used for Screening	Background Value	Screening Toxicity Value (Screening Level) (n/c)	Potential ARAR/TBC Value	Potential ARAR/TBC Source	COPC Flag (Y/N)	Rationale for Selection or Deletion
14	S-4	7440-38-2	Arsenic, Inorganic			mg/kg										
200	HH-3	7440-39-3	Barium			mg/kg										
1.3	HH-3	7440-41-7	Beryllium and compounds			mg/kg										
1.5	S-4	7440-43-9	Cadmium (Diet)			mg/kg										
180	MW-7	7440-50-8	Copper			mg/kg										
1500	S-4	7439-96-5	Manganese (Non-diet)			mg/kg										
43	S-4	7440-02-0	Nickel Soluble Salts			mg/kg										

**Version Date:** June 2021

**Basis:** May 2021 EPA RSL Table

**Site ID:** BPN 21061-17-060

**Exposure Unit ID:** EU#1 - Resident & Non-Residential Worker excluding Background

**DIRECT CONTACT SOIL AND WATER CALCULATORS**

Receptor	Pathway	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Index	Risk exceeded?
Resident	Soil	2.1E-05	1.3E+00	YES
	Groundwater Use*	NC	NC	NC
Non-Residential Worker	Soil	4.7E-06	9.1E-02	NO
	Groundwater Use*	NC	NC	NC
Construction Worker	Soil	NC	NC	NC
Recreator/Trespasser	Soil	NC	NC	NC
	Surface Water*	NC	NC	NC

**VAPOR INTRUSION CALCULATORS**

Receptor	Pathway	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Index	Risk exceeded?
Resident	Groundwater to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
Non-Residential Worker	Groundwater to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC

**CONTAMINANT MIGRATION CALCULATORS**

Pathway	Source	Target Receptor Concentrations Exceeded?	
Groundwater	Source Soil	Exceedence of 2L at Receptor?	NC
	Source Groundwater	Exceedence of 2L at Receptor?	NC
Surface Water	Source Soil	Exceedence of 2B at Receptor?	NC
	Source Groundwater	Exceedence of 2B at Receptor?	NC

**Notes:**

1. If lead concentrations were entered in the exposure point concentration tables, see the individual calculator sheets for lead concentrations in comparison to screening levels. Note that lead is not included in cumulative risk calculations.
2. \* = If concentrations in groundwater exceed the NC 2L Standards or IMAC, or concentrations in surface water exceed the NC 2B Standards, appropriate remediation and/or institutional control measures will be necessary to be eligible for a risk-based closure.
3. NM = Not Modeled
4. NC = Pathway not calculated

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU#1 - Resident & Non-Residential Worker excluding Background

\* - Note that inhalation on this calculator refers to outdoor inhalation of volatiles and particulates, not indoor inhalation associated with vapor intrusion.  
 \*\* - Note that the EPA has no consensus on reference dose or cancer slope factor values for lead, therefore it is not possible to calculate cancer risk or hazard quotient. Lead concentrations are compared to the EPA screening level of 400 mg/kg for residential soil.

CAS #	Chemical Name:	Ingestion Concentration (mg/kg)	Dermal Concentration (mg/kg)	Inhalation Concentration (mg/kg)*	Ingestion Carcinogenic Risk	Dermal Carcinogenic Risk	Inhalation Carcinogenic Risk*	Calculated Carcinogenic Risk	Ingestion Hazard Quotient	Dermal Hazard Quotient	Inhalation Hazard Quotient*	Calculated Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient
7440-38-2	Arsenic, Inorganic	14	14	14	1.8E-05	2.5E-06	3.6E-10	2.1E-05	3.6E-01	4.2E-02	1.5E-05	4.0E-01
7440-39-3	Barium	200	200	200					1.3E-02		6.5E-06	1.3E-02
7440-41-7	Beryllium and compounds	1.3	1.3	1.3			1.9E-11	1.9E-11	8.3E-03		1.1E-06	8.3E-03
7440-43-9	Cadmium (Diet)	1.5	1.5	1.5			1.6E-11	1.6E-11	1.9E-02	1.8E-03	2.4E-06	2.1E-02
7440-50-8	Copper	180	180	180					5.8E-02			5.8E-02
7439-96-5	Manganese (Non-diet)	1500	1500	1500					8.0E-01		4.8E-04	8.0E-01
7440-02-0	Nickel Soluble Salts	43	43	43			6.7E-11	6.7E-11	2.7E-02		7.7E-06	2.7E-02

Cumulative:

2.1E-05

1.3E+00

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU#1 - Resident & Non-Residential Worker excluding Background

\* - Note that inhalation on this calculator refers to outdoor inhalation of volatiles and particulates, not indoor inhalation associated with vapor intrusion.

\*\* - Note that the EPA has no consensus on reference dose or cancer slope factor values for lead, therefore it is not possible to calculate cancer risk or hazard quotient. Lead concentrations are compared to the EPA screening level of 800 mg/kg for commercial/industrial soil.

CAS #	Chemical Name:	Ingestion Concentration (mg/kg)	Dermal Concentration (mg/kg)	Inhalation Concentration (mg/kg)*	Ingestion Carcinogenic Risk	Dermal Carcinogenic Risk	Inhalation Carcinogenic Risk	Calculated Carcinogenic Risk	Ingestion Hazard Quotient	Dermal Hazard Quotient	Inhalation Hazard Quotient	Calculated Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient
7440-38-2	Arsenic, Inorganic	14	14	14	3.9E-06	8.2E-07	8.3E-11	4.7E-06	2.4E-02	5.1E-03	3.6E-06	2.9E-02
7440-39-3	Barium	200	200	200					8.6E-04		1.5E-06	8.6E-04
7440-41-7	Beryllium and compounds	1.3	1.3	1.3			4.3E-12	4.3E-12	5.6E-04		2.5E-07	5.6E-04
7440-43-9	Cadmium (Diet)	1.5	1.5	1.5			3.7E-12	3.7E-12	1.3E-03	2.2E-04	5.8E-07	1.5E-03
7440-50-8	Copper	180	180	180					3.9E-03			3.9E-03
7439-96-5	Manganese (Non-diet)	1500	1500	1500					5.4E-02		1.2E-04	5.4E-02
7440-02-0	Nickel Soluble Salts	43	43	43			1.5E-11	1.5E-11	1.8E-03		1.8E-06	1.8E-03

Cumulative:

4.7E-06

9.1E-02



## North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Risk Calculator

<b>Version Date:</b>	June 2021
<b>Basis:</b>	May 2021 EPA RSL Table
<b>Site Name:</b>	828 MLK Jr. Blvd Property
<b>Site Address:</b>	828 MLK Jr Blvd, Chapel Hill, Orange County, North Carolina
<b>DEQ Section:</b>	Brownfields Program
<b>Site ID:</b>	BPN 21061-17-060
<b>Exposure Unit ID:</b>	EU #1 - Construction Worker excluding Background
<b>Submittal Date:</b>	
<b>Prepared By:</b>	Hart & Hickman, PC 3921 Sunset Ridge Rd, Suite 301, Raleigh, North Carolina
<b>Reviewed By:</b>	

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Form No.	Description	Check box if included
<b>DATA INPUT SHEETS</b>		
<b>Input Section 1 - Exposure Pathways &amp; Parameters</b>		
Input Form 1A	Complete Exposure Pathways	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1B	Exposure Factors and Target Risks	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1C	Contaminant Migration Parameters	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1D	Sample Statistics	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Input Section 2 - Exposure Point Concentrations</b>		
Input Form 2A	Soil Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2B	Groundwater Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2C	Surface Water Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2D	Soil Gas Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2E	Indoor Air Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>DATA OUTPUT SHEETS</b>		
<b>Output Section 1 - Summary Output for All Calculators</b>		
Output Form 1A	Risk for Individual Pathways	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 1B	Sitewide Risk	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Output Section 2 - Direct Contact Soil and Groundwater Calculators</b>		
Output Form 2A	Resident Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2B	Resident Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2C	Non-Residential Worker Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2D	Non-Residential Worker Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2E	Construction Worker Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2F	Recreator/Trespasser Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2G	Recreator/Trespasser Surface Water	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Output Section 3 - Vapor Intrusion Calculators</b>		
Output Form 3A	Resident Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3B	Resident Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3C	Resident Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3D	Non-Residential Worker Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3E	Non-Residential Worker Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
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<b>Output Section 4 - Contaminant Migration Worksheets</b>		
Output Form 4A	Soil to Groundwater - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
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Output Form 4E	Soil to Groundwater - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4F	Groundwater to Groundwater - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4G	Soil to Surface Water - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4H	Groundwater to Surface Water - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>

Complete Exposure Pathways		Input Form 1A
<b>Version Date: June 2021</b>		
<b>Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table</b>		
<b>Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060</b>		
<b>Exposure Unit ID: EU #1 - Construction Worker excluding Background</b>		
<i>Note: Risk output will only be calculated for complete exposure pathways.</i>		
Receptor	Pathway	Check box if pathway complete
<b>DIRECT CONTACT SOIL AND WATER PATHWAYS</b>		
Resident	Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-Residential Worker	Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Construction Worker	Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Recreator/Trespasser	Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Surface Water	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>VAPOR INTRUSION PATHWAYS</b>		
Resident	Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-Residential Worker	Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>CONTAMINANT MIGRATION PATHWAYS</b>		
Groundwater	Source Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Source Groundwater	<input type="checkbox"/>
Surface Water	Source Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Source Groundwater	<input type="checkbox"/>

**Exposure Factors and Target Risks**

**Input Form 1B**

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU #1 - Construction Worker excluding Background

Exposure Parameter	Default Value	Site Specific Value	Justification
General			
Target Cancer Risk (individual)	1.0E-06	1.0E-06	
Target Cancer Risk (cumulative)	1.0E-04	1.0E-04	
Target Hazard Index (individual)	2.0E-01	2.0E-01	
Target Hazard Index (cumulative)	1.0E+00	1.0E+00	
Residential Child			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	15	15	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	6	6	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	350	350	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	24	24	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	2373	2373	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.2	0.2	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	200	200	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6365	6365	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	0.78	0.78	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.54	0.54	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Residential Adult			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	20	20	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	350	350	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	24	24	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6032	6032	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.07	0.07	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	100	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	2.5	2.5	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.71	0.71	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Non-Residential Worker			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	25	25	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	250	250	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	8	8	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	3527	3527	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.12	0.12	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IR) (mg/day)	100	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	0.83	0.83	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.67	0.67	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Construction Worker			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Working Weeks (EW) (wk/yr)	50	50	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	1	1	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	250	250	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	8	8	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	3527	3527	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.3	0.3	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IR) (mg/day)	330	330	

**Exposure Factors and Target Risks**

**Input Form 1B**

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU #1 - Construction Worker excluding Background

Exposure Parameter	Default Value		Site Specific Value	Justification
	Recreator	Trespasser		
User Defined Child				
	Recreator	Trespasser		
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	NA	70	
Averaging Time (AT) (days/yr)	365	NA	365	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	15	NA	15	
Exposure Duration 0-2 (ED) (yr)	2	NA	2	
Exposure Duration 2-6 (ED) (yr)	4	NA	4	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	195	NA	195	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	2	NA	2	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	2373	NA	2373	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.2	NA	0.2	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	200	NA	200	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6365	NA	6365	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/hr)	0.124	NA	0.124	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	2	NA	2	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	NA	1	
User Defined Adult				
	Recreator	Trespasser		
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	45	80	
Exposure Duration 6-16 (ED) (yr)	10	10	10	
Exposure Duration 16-26 (ED) (yr)	10	0	10	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	195	90	195	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	2	2	2	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6032	6032	6032	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.07	0.2	0.07	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	100	200	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/hr)	0.0985	0.071	0.0985	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	2	2	2	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	1	

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU #1 - Construction Worker excluding Background

Soil Exposure Point Concentration Table

Description of Exposure Point Concentration Selection:

Maximum detected constituent concentrations from samples collected between 0 to 10 ft within the exposure unit, excluding background levels.

**NOTE: If the chemical list is changed from a prior calculator run, remember to select "See All Chemicals" on the data output sheet or newly added chemicals will not be included in risk calculations**

Exposure Point Concentration (mg/kg)	Notes:	CAS Number	Chemical <b>For the chemicals highlighted in blue, data entry notes are provided in the PSRG Table link on the Main Menu</b>	Minimum Concentration (Qualifier)	Maximum Concentration (Qualifier)	Units	Location of Maximum Concentration	Detection Frequency	Range of Detection Limits	Concentration Used for Screening	Background Value	Screening Toxicity Value (Screening Level) (n/c)	Potential ARAR/TBC Value	Potential ARAR/TBC Source	COPC Flag (Y/N)	Rationale for Selection or Deletion
95.9	GP-5	7440-38-2	Arsenic, Inorganic			mg/kg										
3200	S-6	7440-39-3	Barium			mg/kg										
6.99	GP-5	7440-41-7	Beryllium and compounds			mg/kg										
1.5	S-4	7440-43-9	Cadmium (Diet)			mg/kg										
180	MW-7	7440-50-8	Copper			mg/kg										
1500	S-4	7439-96-5	Manganese (Non-diet)			mg/kg										
11	GP-6	7439-97-6	Mercury (elemental)			mg/kg										
43	S-4	7440-02-0	Nickel Soluble Salts			mg/kg										
13	GP-5	7782-49-2	Selenium			mg/kg										
325	GP-5	7440-24-6	Strontium, Stable			mg/kg										

**Version Date:** June 2021

**Basis:** May 2021 EPA RSL Table

**Site ID:** BPN 21061-17-060

**Exposure Unit ID:** EU #1 - Construction Worker excluding Background

**DIRECT CONTACT SOIL AND WATER CALCULATORS**

Receptor	Pathway	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Index	Risk exceeded?
Resident	Soil	NC	NC	NC
	Groundwater Use*	NC	NC	NC
Non-Residential Worker	Soil	NC	NC	NC
	Groundwater Use*	NC	NC	NC
Construction Worker	Soil	5.4E-06	1.1E+01	YES
Recreator/Trespasser	Soil	NC	NC	NC
	Surface Water*	NC	NC	NC

**VAPOR INTRUSION CALCULATORS**

Receptor	Pathway	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Index	Risk exceeded?
Resident	Groundwater to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
Non-Residential Worker	Groundwater to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC

**CONTAMINANT MIGRATION CALCULATORS**

Pathway	Source	Target Receptor Concentrations Exceeded?	
Groundwater	Source Soil	Exceedence of 2L at Receptor?	NC
	Source Groundwater	Exceedence of 2L at Receptor?	NC
Surface Water	Source Soil	Exceedence of 2B at Receptor?	NC
	Source Groundwater	Exceedence of 2B at Receptor?	NC

**Notes:**

1. If lead concentrations were entered in the exposure point concentration tables, see the individual calculator sheets for lead concentrations in comparison to screening levels. Note that lead is not included in cumulative risk calculations.
2. \* = If concentrations in groundwater exceed the NC 2L Standards or IMAC, or concentrations in surface water exceed the NC 2B Standards, appropriate remediation and/or institutional control measures will be necessary to be eligible for a risk-based closure.
3. NM = Not Modeled
4. NC = Pathway not calculated

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU #1 - Construction Worker excluding Background

\* - Note that inhalation on this calculator refers to outdoor inhalation of volatiles and particulates, not indoor inhalation associated with vapor intrusion.

\*\* - Note that the EPA has no consensus on reference dose or cancer slope factor values for lead, therefore it is not possible to calculate cancer risk or hazard quotient. Lead concentrations are compared to the EPA screening level of 800 mg/kg for commercial/industrial soil.

CAS #	Chemical Name:	Ingestion Concentration (mg/kg)	Dermal Concentration (mg/kg)	Inhalation Concentration (mg/kg)*	Ingestion Carcinogenic Risk	Dermal Carcinogenic Risk	Inhalation Carcinogenic Risk	Calculated Carcinogenic Risk	Ingestion Hazard Quotient	Dermal Hazard Quotient	Inhalation Hazard Quotient	Calculated Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient
7440-38-2	Arsenic, Inorganic	95.9	95.9	95.9	3.5E-06	5.6E-07	1.3E-06	5.3E-06	5.7E-01	9.1E-02	1.4E+00	2.1E+00
7440-39-3	Barium	3200	3200	3200					4.7E-02		1.4E-01	1.9E-01
7440-41-7	Beryllium and compounds	6.99	6.99	6.99			5.2E-08	5.2E-08	4.1E-03		7.9E-02	8.3E-02
7440-43-9	Cadmium (Diet)	1.5	1.5	1.5			8.3E-09	8.3E-09	8.8E-03	1.1E-03	3.4E-02	4.4E-02
7440-50-8	Copper	180	180	180					5.3E-02			5.3E-02
7439-96-5	Manganese (Non-diet)	1500	1500	1500					1.8E-01		6.7E+00	6.9E+00
7439-97-6	~Mercury (elemental)	11	11	11							1.1E+00	1.1E+00
7440-02-0	Nickel Soluble Salts	43	43	43			3.4E-08	3.4E-08	6.3E-03		4.8E-02	5.5E-02
7782-49-2	Selenium	13	13	13					7.7E-03		1.5E-04	7.8E-03
7440-24-6	Strontium, Stable	325	325	325					4.8E-04			4.8E-04

Cumulative:

5.4E-06

1.1E+01



## North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Risk Calculator

<b>Version Date:</b>	June 2021
<b>Basis:</b>	May 2021 EPA RSL Table
<b>Site Name:</b>	828 MLK Jr. Blvd Property
<b>Site Address:</b>	828 MLK Jr Blvd, Chapel Hill, Orange County, North Carolina
<b>DEQ Section:</b>	Brownfields Program
<b>Site ID:</b>	BPN 21061-17-060
<b>Exposure Unit ID:</b>	EU#2 Trail - Greenway User & Construction Worker excluding Backgro
<b>Submittal Date:</b>	
<b>Prepared By:</b>	Hart & Hickman, PC 3921 Sunset Ridge Rd, Suite 301, Raleigh, North Carolina
<b>Reviewed By:</b>	

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<b>DATA INPUT SHEETS</b>		
<b>Input Section 1 - Exposure Pathways &amp; Parameters</b>		
Input Form 1A	Complete Exposure Pathways	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1B	Exposure Factors and Target Risks	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1C	Contaminant Migration Parameters	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1D	Sample Statistics	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Input Section 2 - Exposure Point Concentrations</b>		
Input Form 2A	Soil Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2B	Groundwater Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2C	Surface Water Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2D	Soil Gas Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2E	Indoor Air Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>DATA OUTPUT SHEETS</b>		
<b>Output Section 1 - Summary Output for All Calculators</b>		
Output Form 1A	Risk for Individual Pathways	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 1B	Sitewide Risk	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Output Section 2 - Direct Contact Soil and Groundwater Calculators</b>		
Output Form 2A	Resident Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2B	Resident Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2C	Non-Residential Worker Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2D	Non-Residential Worker Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2E	Construction Worker Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2F	Recreator/Trespasser Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2G	Recreator/Trespasser Surface Water	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Output Section 3 - Vapor Intrusion Calculators</b>		
Output Form 3A	Resident Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3B	Resident Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3C	Resident Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3D	Non-Residential Worker Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3E	Non-Residential Worker Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3F	Non-Residential Worker Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Output Section 4 - Contaminant Migration Worksheets</b>		
Output Form 4A	Soil to Groundwater - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4B	Groundwater to Groundwater - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4C	Soil to Surface Water - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4D	Groundwater to Surface Water - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4E	Soil to Groundwater - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4F	Groundwater to Groundwater - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4G	Soil to Surface Water - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4H	Groundwater to Surface Water - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>

Complete Exposure Pathways		Input Form 1A
<b>Version Date: June 2021</b>		
<b>Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table</b>		
<b>Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060</b>		
<b>Exposure Unit ID: EU#2 Trail - Greenway User &amp; Construction Worker excluding E</b>		
<i>Note: Risk output will only be calculated for complete exposure pathways.</i>		
Receptor	Pathway	Check box if pathway complete
<b>DIRECT CONTACT SOIL AND WATER PATHWAYS</b>		
Resident	Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-Residential Worker	Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Construction Worker	Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Recreator/Trespasser	Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Surface Water	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>VAPOR INTRUSION PATHWAYS</b>		
Resident	Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-Residential Worker	Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>CONTAMINANT MIGRATION PATHWAYS</b>		
Groundwater	Source Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Source Groundwater	<input type="checkbox"/>
Surface Water	Source Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Source Groundwater	<input type="checkbox"/>

**Exposure Factors and Target Risks**

**Input Form 1B**

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU#2 Trail - Greenway User & Construction Worker excluding Background

Exposure Parameter	Default Value	Site Specific Value	Justification
General			
Target Cancer Risk (individual)	1.0E-06	1.0E-06	
Target Cancer Risk (cumulative)	1.0E-04	1.0E-04	
Target Hazard Index (individual)	2.0E-01	2.0E-01	
Target Hazard Index (cumulative)	1.0E+00	1.0E+00	
Residential Child			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	15	15	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	6	6	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	350	350	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	24	24	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	2373	2373	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.2	0.2	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	200	200	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6365	6365	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	0.78	0.78	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.54	0.54	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Residential Adult			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	20	20	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	350	350	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	24	24	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6032	6032	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.07	0.07	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	100	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	2.5	2.5	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.71	0.71	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Non-Residential Worker			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	25	25	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	250	250	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	8	8	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	3527	3527	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.12	0.12	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IR) (mg/day)	100	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	0.83	0.83	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.67	0.67	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Construction Worker			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Working Weeks (EW) (wk/yr)	50	50	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	1	1	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	250	250	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	8	8	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	3527	3527	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.3	0.3	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IR) (mg/day)	330	330	

**Exposure Factors and Target Risks**

**Input Form 1B**

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU#2 Trail - Greenway User & Construction Worker excluding Background

Exposure Parameter	Default Value		Site Specific Value	Justification
	Recreator	Trespasser		
User Defined Child				
	Recreator	Trespasser		
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	NA	70	
Averaging Time (AT) (days/yr)	365	NA	365	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	15	NA	15	
Exposure Duration 0-2 (ED) (yr)	2	NA	2	
Exposure Duration 2-6 (ED) (yr)	4	NA	4	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	195	NA	52	Based on 98th percentile of trail user polling data
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	2	NA	0.5	Based on 98th percentile of trail user polling data
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	2373	NA	2373	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.2	NA	0.2	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	200	NA	200	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6365	NA	6365	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/hr)	0.124	NA	0.124	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	2	NA	0.5	Based on 98th percentile of trail user polling data
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	NA	1	
User Defined Adult				
	Recreator	Trespasser		
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	45	80	
Exposure Duration 6-16 (ED) (yr)	10	10	10	
Exposure Duration 16-26 (ED) (yr)	10	0	10	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	195	90	364	Based on 98th percentile of trail user polling data
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	2	2	1	Based on 98th percentile of trail user polling data
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6032	6032	6032	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.07	0.2	0.07	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	100	200	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/hr)	0.0985	0.071	0.0985	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	2	2	1	Based on 98th percentile of trail user polling data
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	1	

Exposure Point Concentrations

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU#2 Trail - Greenway User & Construction Worker excluding Background

Soil Exposure Point Concentration Table

Description of Exposure Point Concentration Selection:

Maximum detected constituent concentrations from all soil samples collected within the exposure unit, excluding background concentrations

**NOTE: If the chemical list is changed from a prior calculator run, remember to select "See All Chemicals" on the data output sheet or newly added chemicals will not be included in risk calculations**

Exposure Point Concentration (mg/kg)	Notes:	CAS Number	Chemical <b>For the chemicals highlighted in blue, data entry notes are provided in the PSRG Table link on the Main Menu</b>	Minimum Concentration (Qualifier)	Maximum Concentration (Qualifier)	Units	Location of Maximum Concentration	Detection Frequency	Range of Detection Limits	Concentration Used for Screening	Background Value	Screening Toxicity Value (Screening Level) (n/c)	Potential ARAR/TBC Value	Potential ARAR/TBC Source	COPC Flag (Y/N)	Rationale for Selection or Deletion
14.5	SED-13	7440-38-2	Arsenic, Inorganic			mg/kg										
958	SED-13	7440-39-3	Barium			mg/kg										
1.56	SED-13	7440-41-7	Beryllium and compounds			mg/kg										
3.07	SED-13	7782-49-2	Selenium			mg/kg										
125	SED-13	7440-24-6	Strontium, Stable			mg/kg										

**Version Date:** June 2021

**Basis:** May 2021 EPA RSL Table

**Site ID:** BPN 21061-17-060

**Exposure Unit ID:** EU#2 Trail - Greenway User & Construction Worker excluding Background

**DIRECT CONTACT SOIL AND WATER CALCULATORS**

Receptor	Pathway	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Index	Risk exceeded?
Resident	Soil	NC	NC	NC
	Groundwater Use*	NC	NC	NC
Non-Residential Worker	Soil	NC	NC	NC
	Groundwater Use*	NC	NC	NC
Construction Worker	Soil	8.1E-07	3.9E-01	NO
Recreator/Trespasser	Soil	8.0E-06	7.5E-02	NO
	Surface Water*	NC	NC	NC

**VAPOR INTRUSION CALCULATORS**

Receptor	Pathway	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Index	Risk exceeded?
Resident	Groundwater to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
Non-Residential Worker	Groundwater to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC

**CONTAMINANT MIGRATION CALCULATORS**

Pathway	Source	Target Receptor Concentrations Exceeded?	
Groundwater	Source Soil	Exceedence of 2L at Receptor?	NC
	Source Groundwater	Exceedence of 2L at Receptor?	NC
Surface Water	Source Soil	Exceedence of 2B at Receptor?	NC
	Source Groundwater	Exceedence of 2B at Receptor?	NC

**Notes:**

1. If lead concentrations were entered in the exposure point concentration tables, see the individual calculator sheets for lead concentrations in comparison to screening levels. Note that lead is not included in cumulative risk calculations.
2. \* = If concentrations in groundwater exceed the NC 2L Standards or IMAC, or concentrations in surface water exceed the NC 2B Standards, appropriate remediation and/or institutional control measures will be necessary to be eligible for a risk-based closure.
3. NM = Not Modeled
4. NC = Pathway not calculated

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU#2 Trail - Greenway User & Construction Worker excluding Background

\* - Note that inhalation on this calculator refers to outdoor inhalation of volatiles and particulates, not indoor inhalation associated with vapor intrusion.

\*\* - Note that the EPA has no consensus on reference dose or cancer slope factor values for lead, therefore it is not possible to calculate cancer risk or hazard quotient. Lead concentrations are compared to the EPA screening level of 800 mg/kg for commercial/industrial soil.

CAS #	Chemical Name:	Ingestion Concentration (mg/kg)	Dermal Concentration (mg/kg)	Inhalation Concentration (mg/kg)*	Ingestion Carcinogenic Risk	Dermal Carcinogenic Risk	Inhalation Carcinogenic Risk	Calculated Carcinogenic Risk	Ingestion Hazard Quotient	Dermal Hazard Quotient	Inhalation Hazard Quotient	Calculated Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient
7440-38-2	Arsenic, Inorganic	14.5	14.5	14.5	5.3E-07	8.4E-08	1.9E-07	8.0E-07	8.5E-02	1.4E-02	2.2E-01	3.2E-01
7440-39-3	Barium	958	958	958					1.4E-02		4.3E-02	5.7E-02
7440-41-7	Beryllium and compounds	1.56	1.56	1.56			1.2E-08	1.2E-08	9.2E-04		1.8E-02	1.8E-02
7782-49-2	Selenium	3.07	3.07	3.07					1.8E-03		3.4E-05	1.8E-03
7440-24-6	Strontium, Stable	125	125	125					1.8E-04			1.8E-04

Cumulative:

8.1E-07

3.9E-01



Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU#2 Trail - Greenway User & Construction Worker excluding Background

\* - Note that inhalation on this calculator refers to outdoor inhalation of volatiles and particulates, not indoor inhalation associated with vapor intrusion.

\*\* - Note that the EPA has no consensus on reference dose or cancer slope factor values for lead, therefore it is not possible to calculate cancer risk or hazard quotient. Lead concentrations are compared to the EPA screening level of 400 mg/kg for residential soil.

Receptor Type: Greenway user

CAS #	Chemical Name:	Ingestion Concentration (mg/kg)	Dermal Concentration (mg/kg)	Inhalation Concentration (mg/kg)*	Ingestion Carcinogenic Risk	Dermal Carcinogenic Risk	Inhalation Carcinogenic Risk	Calculated Carcinogenic Risk	Ingestion Hazard Quotient	Dermal Hazard Quotient	Inhalation Hazard Quotient	Calculated Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient
7440-38-2	Arsenic, Inorganic	14.5	14.5	14.5	<b>6.8E-06</b>	<b>1.2E-06</b>	1.6E-11	<b>8.0E-06</b>	5.5E-02	7.6E-03	6.8E-07	6.3E-02
7440-39-3	Barium	958	958	958					9.1E-03		1.3E-06	9.1E-03
7440-41-7	Beryllium and compounds	1.56	1.56	1.56			9.7E-13	9.7E-13	1.5E-03		5.5E-08	1.5E-03
7782-49-2	Selenium	3.07	3.07	3.07					1.2E-03		1.1E-10	1.2E-03
7440-24-6	Strontium, Stable	125	125	125					4.0E-04			4.0E-04

Cumulative:

8.0E-06

7.5E-02

## North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Risk Calculator

<b>Version Date:</b>	June 2021
<b>Basis:</b>	May 2021 EPA RSL Table
<b>Site Name:</b>	828 MLK Jr. Blvd Property
<b>Site Address:</b>	828 MLK Jr Blvd, Chapel Hill, Orange County, North Carolina
<b>DEQ Section:</b>	Brownfields Program
<b>Site ID:</b>	BPN 21061-17-060
<b>Exposure Unit ID:</b>	EU#2 Creek - Greenway User excluding Background
<b>Submittal Date:</b>	
<b>Prepared By:</b>	Hart & Hickman, PC 3921 Sunset Ridge Rd, Suite 301, Raleigh, North Carolina
<b>Reviewed By:</b>	

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Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060		
Exposure Unit ID: EU#2 Creek - Greenway User excluding Background		
Form No.	Description	Check box if included
<b>DATA INPUT SHEETS</b>		
<b>Input Section 1 - Exposure Pathways &amp; Parameters</b>		
Input Form 1A	Complete Exposure Pathways	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1B	Exposure Factors and Target Risks	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1C	Contaminant Migration Parameters	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1D	Sample Statistics	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Input Section 2 - Exposure Point Concentrations</b>		
Input Form 2A	Soil Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2B	Groundwater Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2C	Surface Water Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2D	Soil Gas Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2E	Indoor Air Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>DATA OUTPUT SHEETS</b>		
<b>Output Section 1 - Summary Output for All Calculators</b>		
Output Form 1A	Risk for Individual Pathways	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 1B	Sitewide Risk	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Output Section 2 - Direct Contact Soil and Groundwater Calculators</b>		
Output Form 2A	Resident Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2B	Resident Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2C	Non-Residential Worker Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2D	Non-Residential Worker Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2E	Construction Worker Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2F	Recreator/Trespasser Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2G	Recreator/Trespasser Surface Water	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<b>Output Section 3 - Vapor Intrusion Calculators</b>		
Output Form 3A	Resident Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3B	Resident Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3C	Resident Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3D	Non-Residential Worker Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3E	Non-Residential Worker Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3F	Non-Residential Worker Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Output Section 4 - Contaminant Migration Worksheets</b>		
Output Form 4A	Soil to Groundwater - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4B	Groundwater to Groundwater - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4C	Soil to Surface Water - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4D	Groundwater to Surface Water - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4E	Soil to Groundwater - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4F	Groundwater to Groundwater - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4G	Soil to Surface Water - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4H	Groundwater to Surface Water - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>

Complete Exposure Pathways		Input Form 1A
<b>Version Date: June 2021</b>		
<b>Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table</b>		
<b>Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060</b>		
<b>Exposure Unit ID: EU#2 Creek - Greenway User excluding Background</b>		
<i>Note: Risk output will only be calculated for complete exposure pathways.</i>		
Receptor	Pathway	Check box if pathway complete
<b>DIRECT CONTACT SOIL AND WATER PATHWAYS</b>		
Resident	Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-Residential Worker	Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Construction Worker	Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
Recreator/Trespasser	Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Surface Water	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<b>VAPOR INTRUSION PATHWAYS</b>		
Resident	Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-Residential Worker	Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>CONTAMINANT MIGRATION PATHWAYS</b>		
Groundwater	Source Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Source Groundwater	<input type="checkbox"/>
Surface Water	Source Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Source Groundwater	<input type="checkbox"/>

**Exposure Factors and Target Risks**

**Input Form 1B**

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU#2 Creek - Greenway User excluding Background

Exposure Parameter	Default Value	Site Specific Value	Justification
General			
Target Cancer Risk (individual)	1.0E-06	1.0E-06	
Target Cancer Risk (cumulative)	1.0E-04	1.0E-04	
Target Hazard Index (individual)	2.0E-01	2.0E-01	
Target Hazard Index (cumulative)	1.0E+00	1.0E+00	
Residential Child			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	15	15	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	6	6	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	350	350	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	24	24	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	2373	2373	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.2	0.2	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	200	200	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6365	6365	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	0.78	0.78	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.54	0.54	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Residential Adult			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	20	20	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	350	350	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	24	24	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6032	6032	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.07	0.07	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	100	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	2.5	2.5	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.71	0.71	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Non-Residential Worker			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	25	25	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	250	250	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	8	8	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	3527	3527	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.12	0.12	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IR) (mg/day)	100	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	0.83	0.83	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.67	0.67	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Construction Worker			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Working Weeks (EW) (wk/yr)	50	50	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	1	1	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	250	250	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	8	8	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	3527	3527	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.3	0.3	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IR) (mg/day)	330	330	

Exposure Factors and Target Risks

Input Form 1B

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU#2 Creek - Greenway User excluding Background

Exposure Parameter	Default Value		Site Specific Value	Justification
	Recreator	Trespasser		
User Defined Child				
	Recreator	Trespasser		
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	NA	70	
Averaging Time (AT) (days/yr)	365	NA	365	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	15	NA	15	
Exposure Duration 0-2 (ED) (yr)	2	NA	2	
Exposure Duration 2-6 (ED) (yr)	4	NA	4	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	195	NA	52	Based on 98th percentile tail use polling data
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	2	NA	0.5	Based on 98th percentile tail use polling data
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	2373	NA	2373	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.2	NA	0.2	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	200	NA	200	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6365	NA	6365	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/hr)	0.124	NA	0.124	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	2	NA	0.5	Based on 98th percentile tail use polling data
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	NA	1	
User Defined Adult				
	Recreator	Trespasser		
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	45	80	
Exposure Duration 6-16 (ED) (yr)	10	10	10	
Exposure Duration 16-26 (ED) (yr)	10	0	10	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	195	90	364	Based on 98th percentile tail use polling data
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	2	2	1	Based on 98th percentile tail use polling data
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6032	6032	6032	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.07	0.2	0.07	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	100	200	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/hr)	0.0985	0.071	0.0985	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	2	2	1	Based on 98th percentile tail use polling data
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	1	

Exposure Point Concentrations

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU#2 Creek - Greenway User excluding Background

Soil Exposure Point Concentration Table

Description of Exposure Point Concentration Selection:

Maximum detected constituent concentrations from sediment samples collected at the site during the most recent sampling event, excluding background levels.

**NOTE: If the chemical list is changed from a prior calculator run, remember to select "See All Chemicals" on the data output sheet or newly added chemicals will not be included in risk calculations**

Exposure Point Concentration (mg/kg)	Notes	CAS Number	Chemical <b>For the chemicals highlighted in blue, data entry notes are provided in the PSRG Table link on the Main Menu</b>	Minimum Concentration (Qualifier)	Maximum Concentration (Qualifier)	Units	Location of Maximum Concentration	Detection Frequency	Range of Detection Limits	Concentration Used for Screening	Background Value	Screening Toxicity Value (Screening Level) (n/c)	Potential ARAR/TBC Value	Potential ARAR/TBC Source	COPC Flag (Y/N)	Rationale for Selection or Deletion
20.2	SED-3	7440-50-8	Copper			mg/kg										
0.008	SED-4	7439-97-6	~Mercury (elemental)			mg/kg										
10.5	SED-4	7440-02-0	Nickel Soluble Salts			mg/kg										
30.7	SED-4	7440-24-6	Strontium, Stable			mg/kg										

**Version Date:** June 2021

**Basis:** May 2021 EPA RSL Table

**Site ID:** BPN 21061-17-060

**Exposure Unit ID:** EU#2 Creek - Greenway User excluding Background

**DIRECT CONTACT SOIL AND WATER CALCULATORS**

Receptor	Pathway	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Index	Risk exceeded?
Resident	Soil	NC	NC	NC
	Groundwater Use*	NC	NC	NC
Non-Residential Worker	Soil	NC	NC	NC
	Groundwater Use*	NC	NC	NC
Construction Worker	Soil	NC	NC	NC
Recreator/Trespasser	Soil	7.1E-13	2.1E-03	NO
	Surface Water*	3.2E-07	1.7E-02	NO

**VAPOR INTRUSION CALCULATORS**

Receptor	Pathway	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Index	Risk exceeded?
Resident	Groundwater to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
Non-Residential Worker	Groundwater to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC

**CONTAMINANT MIGRATION CALCULATORS**

Pathway	Source	Target Receptor Concentrations Exceeded?	
Groundwater	Source Soil	Exceedence of 2L at Receptor?	NC
	Source Groundwater	Exceedence of 2L at Receptor?	NC
Surface Water	Source Soil	Exceedence of 2B at Receptor?	NC
	Source Groundwater	Exceedence of 2B at Receptor?	NC

**Notes:**

1. If lead concentrations were entered in the exposure point concentration tables, see the individual calculator sheets for lead concentrations in comparison to screening levels. Note that lead is not included in cumulative risk calculations.
2. \* = If concentrations in groundwater exceed the NC 2L Standards or IMAC, or concentrations in surface water exceed the NC 2B Standards, appropriate remediation and/or institutional control measures will be necessary to be eligible for a risk-based closure.
3. NM = Not Modeled
4. NC = Pathway not calculated



Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU#2 Creek - Greenway User excluding Background

\* - Note that inhalation on this calculator refers to outdoor inhalation of volatiles and particulates, not indoor inhalation associated with vapor intrusion.

\*\* - Note that the EPA has no consensus on reference dose or cancer slope factor values for lead, therefore it is not possible to calculate cancer risk or hazard quotient. Lead concentrations are compared to the EPA screening level of 400 mg/kg for residential soil.

Receptor Type: Greenway user

CAS #	Chemical Name:	Ingestion Concentration (mg/kg)	Dermal Concentration (mg/kg)	Inhalation Concentration (mg/kg)*	Ingestion Carcinogenic Risk	Dermal Carcinogenic Risk	Inhalation Carcinogenic Risk	Calculated Carcinogenic Risk	Ingestion Hazard Quotient	Dermal Hazard Quotient	Inhalation Hazard Quotient	Calculated Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient
7440-50-8	Copper	20.2	20.2	20.2					9.6E-04			9.6E-04
7439-97-6	~Mercury (elemental)	0.008	0.008	0.008							3.0E-05	3.0E-05
7440-02-0	Nickel Soluble Salts	10.5	10.5	10.5			7.1E-13	7.1E-13	1.0E-03		8.2E-08	1.0E-03
7440-24-6	Strontium, Stable	30.7	30.7	30.7					9.7E-05			9.7E-05

Cumulative:

7.1E-13

2.1E-03

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU#2 Creek - Greenway User excluding Background

Receptor Type: Greenway user

CAS #	Chemical Name:	Ingestion Concentration (ug/L)	Dermal Concentration (ug/L)	Ingestion Carcinogenic Risk	Dermal Contact Carcinogenic Risk	Calculated Carcinogenic Risk	Ingestion Hazard Quotient	Dermal Contact Hazard Quotient	Calculated Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient
7440-38-2	Arsenic, Inorganic	0.45	0.45	2.7E-07	4.5E-08	3.2E-07	1.8E-03	3.7E-04	2.2E-03
7440-39-3	Barium	32.1	32.1				2.0E-04	5.6E-04	7.6E-04
16065-83-1	Chromium(III), Insoluble Salts	0.73	0.73				6.0E-07	9.2E-06	9.8E-06
7440-48-4	Cobalt	0.36	0.36				1.5E-03	1.2E-04	1.6E-03
7440-50-8	Copper	3.2	3.2				9.8E-05	2.0E-05	1.2E-04
7439-96-5	Manganese (Non-diet)	37.4	37.4				1.9E-03	9.5E-03	1.1E-02
7440-02-0	Nickel Soluble Salts	0.62	0.62				3.8E-05	3.8E-05	7.6E-05
7782-49-2	Selenium	0.12	0.12				2.9E-05	5.9E-06	3.5E-05
7440-24-6	Strontium, Stable	110	110				2.3E-04	4.5E-05	2.7E-04

Cumulative: 3.2E-07

1.7E-02

## North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Risk Calculator

<b>Version Date:</b>	June 2021
<b>Basis:</b>	May 2021 EPA RSL Table
<b>Site Name:</b>	828 MLK Jr. Blvd Property
<b>Site Address:</b>	828 MLK Jr Blvd, Chapel Hill, Orange County, North Carolina
<b>DEQ Section:</b>	Brownfields Program
<b>Site ID:</b>	BPN 21061-17-060
<b>Exposure Unit ID:</b>	EU#3 - Resident, Non-Residential Worker, & Greenway User excludign
<b>Submittal Date:</b>	
<b>Prepared By:</b>	Hart & Hickman, PC 3921 Sunset Ridge Rd, Suite 301, Raleigh, North Carolina
<b>Reviewed By:</b>	

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Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table		
Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060		
Exposure Unit ID: EU#3 - Resident, Non-Residential Worker, & Greenway User excluding Background		
Form No.	Description	Check box if included
<b>DATA INPUT SHEETS</b>		
<b>Input Section 1 - Exposure Pathways &amp; Parameters</b>		
Input Form 1A	Complete Exposure Pathways	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1B	Exposure Factors and Target Risks	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1C	Contaminant Migration Parameters	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1D	Sample Statistics	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Input Section 2 - Exposure Point Concentrations</b>		
Input Form 2A	Soil Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2B	Groundwater Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2C	Surface Water Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2D	Soil Gas Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2E	Indoor Air Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>DATA OUTPUT SHEETS</b>		
<b>Output Section 1 - Summary Output for All Calculators</b>		
Output Form 1A	Risk for Individual Pathways	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 1B	Sitewide Risk	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Output Section 2 - Direct Contact Soil and Groundwater Calculators</b>		
Output Form 2A	Resident Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2B	Resident Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2C	Non-Residential Worker Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2D	Non-Residential Worker Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2E	Construction Worker Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2F	Recreator/Trespasser Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2G	Recreator/Trespasser Surface Water	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Output Section 3 - Vapor Intrusion Calculators</b>		
Output Form 3A	Resident Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3B	Resident Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3C	Resident Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3D	Non-Residential Worker Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3E	Non-Residential Worker Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3F	Non-Residential Worker Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Output Section 4 - Contaminant Migration Worksheets</b>		
Output Form 4A	Soil to Groundwater - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4B	Groundwater to Groundwater - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4C	Soil to Surface Water - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4D	Groundwater to Surface Water - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4E	Soil to Groundwater - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4F	Groundwater to Groundwater - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4G	Soil to Surface Water - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4H	Groundwater to Surface Water - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>

Complete Exposure Pathways		Input Form 1A
<b>Version Date: June 2021</b>		
<b>Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table</b>		
<b>Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060</b>		
<b>Exposure Unit ID: EU#3 - Resident, Non-Residential Worker, &amp; Greenway User exc</b>		
<i>Note: Risk output will only be calculated for complete exposure pathways.</i>		
Receptor	Pathway	Check box if pathway complete
<b>DIRECT CONTACT SOIL AND WATER PATHWAYS</b>		
Resident	Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-Residential Worker	Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Construction Worker	Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
Recreator/Trespasser	Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Surface Water	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>VAPOR INTRUSION PATHWAYS</b>		
Resident	Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-Residential Worker	Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>CONTAMINANT MIGRATION PATHWAYS</b>		
Groundwater	Source Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Source Groundwater	<input type="checkbox"/>
Surface Water	Source Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Source Groundwater	<input type="checkbox"/>

**Exposure Factors and Target Risks**

**Input Form 1B**

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU#3 - Resident, Non-Residential Worker, & Greenway User excludign Background

Exposure Parameter	Default Value	Site Specific Value	Justification
General			
Target Cancer Risk (individual)	1.0E-06	1.0E-06	
Target Cancer Risk (cumulative)	1.0E-04	1.0E-04	
Target Hazard Index (individual)	2.0E-01	2.0E-01	
Target Hazard Index (cumulative)	1.0E+00	1.0E+00	
Residential Child			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	15	15	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	6	6	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	350	350	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	24	24	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	2373	2373	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.2	0.2	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	200	200	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6365	6365	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	0.78	0.78	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.54	0.54	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Residential Adult			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	20	20	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	350	350	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	24	24	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6032	6032	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.07	0.07	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	100	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	2.5	2.5	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.71	0.71	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Non-Residential Worker			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	25	25	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	250	250	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	8	8	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	3527	3527	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.12	0.12	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IR) (mg/day)	100	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	0.83	0.83	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.67	0.67	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Construction Worker			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Working Weeks (EW) (wk/yr)	50	50	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	1	1	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	250	250	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	8	8	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	3527	3527	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.3	0.3	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IR) (mg/day)	330	330	

**Exposure Factors and Target Risks**

**Input Form 1B**

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU#3 - Resident, Non-Residential Worker, & Greenway User excludign Background

Exposure Parameter	Default Value		Site Specific Value	Justification
	Recreator	Trespasser		
User Defined Child				
	Recreator	Trespasser		
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	NA	70	
Averaging Time (AT) (days/yr)	365	NA	365	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	15	NA	15	
Exposure Duration 0-2 (ED) (yr)	2	NA	2	
Exposure Duration 2-6 (ED) (yr)	4	NA	4	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	195	NA	52	Based on 98% percentile of trail users
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	2	NA	0.5	Based on 98% percentile of trail users
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	2373	NA	2373	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.2	NA	0.2	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	200	NA	200	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6365	NA	6365	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/hr)	0.124	NA	0.124	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	2	NA	0.5	Based on 98% percentile of trail users
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	NA	1	
User Defined Adult				
	Recreator	Trespasser		
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	45	80	
Exposure Duration 6-16 (ED) (yr)	10	10	10	
Exposure Duration 16-26 (ED) (yr)	10	0	10	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	195	90	364	Based on 98% percentile of trail users
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	2	2	1	Based on 98% percentile of trail users
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6032	6032	6032	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.07	0.2	0.07	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	100	200	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/hr)	0.0985	0.071	0.0985	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	2	2	1	Based on 98% percentile of trail users
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	1	

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU#3 - Resident, Non-Residential Worker, & Greenway User excludign Background

Soil Exposure Point Concentration Table

Description of Exposure Point Concentration Selection:

Maximum detected constituent concentrations from samples collected from shallow (0-2 ft) soil within the exposure unit, excluding background levels.

**NOTE: If the chemical list is changed from a prior calculator run, remember to select "See All Chemicals" on the data output sheet or newly added chemicals will not be included in risk calculations**

Exposure Point Concentration (mg/kg)	Notes:	CAS Number	Chemical <b>For the chemicals highlighted in blue, data entry notes are provided in the PSRG Table link on the Main Menu</b>	Minimum Concentration (Qualifier)	Maximum Concentration (Qualifier)	Units	Location of Maximum Concentration	Detection Frequency	Range of Detection Limits	Concentration Used for Screening	Background Value	Screening Toxicity Value (Screening Level) (n/c)	Potential ARAR/TBC Value	Potential ARAR/TBC Source	COPC Flag (Y/N)	Rationale for Selection or Deletion
60.3	HH-10	7440-38-2	Arsenic, Inorganic			mg/kg										
3260	HH-11	7440-39-3	Barium			mg/kg										
5.9	HH-11	7440-41-7	Beryllium and compounds			mg/kg										
0.43	HH-11	7439-97-6	Mercury (elemental)			mg/kg										
23.5	HH-11	7440-02-0	Nickel Soluble Salts			mg/kg										
9.05	HH-11	7782-49-2	Selenium			mg/kg										
269	HH-10	7440-24-6	Strontium, Stable			mg/kg										



**Version Date:** June 2021

**Basis:** May 2021 EPA RSL Table

**Site ID:** BPN 21061-17-060

**Exposure Unit ID:** EU#3 - Resident, Non-Residential Worker, & Greenway User excluding Background

**DIRECT CONTACT SOIL AND WATER CALCULATORS**

Receptor	Pathway	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Index	Risk exceeded?
Resident	Soil	8.9E-05	2.1E+00	YES
	Groundwater Use*	NC	NC	NC
Non-Residential Worker	Soil	2.0E-05	1.5E-01	NO
	Groundwater Use*	NC	NC	NC
Construction Worker	Soil	NC	NC	NC
Recreator/Trespasser	Soil	3.3E-05	3.1E-01	NO
	Surface Water*	NC	NC	NC

**VAPOR INTRUSION CALCULATORS**

Receptor	Pathway	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Index	Risk exceeded?
Resident	Groundwater to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
Non-Residential Worker	Groundwater to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC

**CONTAMINANT MIGRATION CALCULATORS**

Pathway	Source	Target Receptor Concentrations Exceeded?	
Groundwater	Source Soil	Exceedence of 2L at Receptor?	NC
	Source Groundwater	Exceedence of 2L at Receptor?	NC
Surface Water	Source Soil	Exceedence of 2B at Receptor?	NC
	Source Groundwater	Exceedence of 2B at Receptor?	NC

**Notes:**

1. If lead concentrations were entered in the exposure point concentration tables, see the individual calculator sheets for lead concentrations in comparison to screening levels. Note that lead is not included in cumulative risk calculations.
2. \* = If concentrations in groundwater exceed the NC 2L Standards or IMAC, or concentrations in surface water exceed the NC 2B Standards, appropriate remediation and/or institutional control measures will be necessary to be eligible for a risk-based closure.
3. NM = Not Modeled
4. NC = Pathway not calculated

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU#3 - Resident, Non-Residential Worker, & Greenway User excludign Background

\* - Note that inhalation on this calculator refers to outdoor inhalation of volatiles and particulates, not indoor inhalation associated with vapor intrusion.  
 \*\* - Note that the EPA has no consensus on reference dose or cancer slope factor values for lead, therefore it is not possible to calculate cancer risk or hazard quotient. Lead concentrations are compared to the EPA screening level of 400 mg/kg for residential soil.

CAS #	Chemical Name:	Ingestion Concentration (mg/kg)	Dermal Concentration (mg/kg)	Inhalation Concentration (mg/kg)*	Ingestion Carcinogenic Risk	Dermal Carcinogenic Risk	Inhalation Carcinogenic Risk*	Calculated Carcinogenic Risk	Ingestion Hazard Quotient	Dermal Hazard Quotient	Inhalation Hazard Quotient*	Calculated Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient
7440-38-2	Arsenic, Inorganic	60.3	60.3	60.3	7.8E-05	1.1E-05	1.6E-09	8.9E-05	1.5E+00	1.8E-01	6.5E-05	1.7E+00
7440-39-3	Barium	3260	3260	3260					2.1E-01		1.1E-04	2.1E-01
7440-41-7	Beryllium and compounds	5.9	5.9	5.9			8.5E-11	8.5E-11	3.8E-02		4.8E-06	3.8E-02
7439-97-6	-Mercury (elemental)	0.43	0.43	0.43							3.7E-02	3.7E-02
7440-02-0	Nickel Soluble Salts	23.5	23.5	23.5			3.7E-11	3.7E-11	1.5E-02		4.2E-06	1.5E-02
7782-49-2	Selenium	9.05	9.05	9.05					2.3E-02		7.3E-09	2.3E-02
7440-24-6	Strontium, Stable	269	269	269					5.7E-03			5.7E-03

Cumulative:

8.9E-05

2.1E+00

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU#3 - Resident, Non-Residential Worker, & Greenway User excludign Background

\* - Note that inhalation on this calculator refers to outdoor inhalation of volatiles and particulates, not indoor inhalation associated with vapor intrusion.

\*\* - Note that the EPA has no consensus on reference dose or cancer slope factor values for lead, therefore it is not possible to calculate cancer risk or hazard quotient. Lead concentrations are compared to the EPA screening level of 800 mg/kg for commercial/industrial soil.

CAS #	Chemical Name:	Ingestion Concentration (mg/kg)	Dermal Concentration (mg/kg)	Inhalation Concentration (mg/kg)*	Ingestion Carcinogenic Risk	Dermal Carcinogenic Risk	Inhalation Carcinogenic Risk	Calculated Carcinogenic Risk	Ingestion Hazard Quotient	Dermal Hazard Quotient	Inhalation Hazard Quotient	Calculated Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient
7440-38-2	Arsenic, Inorganic	60.3	60.3	60.3	1.7E-05	3.5E-06	3.6E-10	2.0E-05	1.0E-01	2.2E-02	1.5E-05	1.3E-01
7440-39-3	Barium	3260	3260	3260					1.4E-02			2.5E-05
7440-41-7	Beryllium and compounds	5.9	5.9	5.9			1.9E-11	1.9E-11	2.5E-03			1.1E-06
7439-97-6	-Mercury (elemental)	0.43	0.43	0.43								8.9E-03
7440-02-0	Nickel Soluble Salts	23.5	23.5	23.5			8.4E-12	8.4E-12	1.0E-03			1.0E-06
7782-49-2	Selenium	9.05	9.05	9.05					1.5E-03			1.7E-09
7440-24-6	Strontium, Stable	269	269	269					3.8E-04			3.8E-04

Cumulative:

2.0E-05

1.5E-01

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU#3 - Resident, Non-Residential Worker, & Greenway User excludign Background

\* - Note that inhalation on this calculator refers to outdoor inhalation of volatiles and particulates, not indoor inhalation associated with vapor intrusion.

\*\* - Note that the EPA has no consensus on reference dose or cancer slope factor values for lead, therefore it is not possible to calculate cancer risk or hazard quotient. Lead concentrations are compared to the EPA screening level of 400 mg/kg for residential soil.

Receptor Type: Greenway User

CAS #	Chemical Name:	Ingestion Concentration (mg/kg)	Dermal Concentration (mg/kg)	Inhalation Concentration (mg/kg)*	Ingestion Carcinogenic Risk	Dermal Carcinogenic Risk	Inhalation Carcinogenic Risk	Calculated Carcinogenic Risk	Ingestion Hazard Quotient	Dermal Hazard Quotient	Inhalation Hazard Quotient	Calculated Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient
7440-38-2	Arsenic, Inorganic	60.3	60.3	60.3	2.8E-05	5.1E-06	6.7E-11	3.3E-05	2.3E-01	3.2E-02	2.8E-06	2.6E-01
7440-39-3	Barium	3260	3260	3260					3.1E-02		4.6E-06	3.1E-02
7440-41-7	Beryllium and compounds	5.9	5.9	5.9			3.7E-12	3.7E-12	5.6E-03		2.1E-07	5.6E-03
7439-97-6	-Mercury (elemental)	0.43	0.43	0.43							1.6E-03	1.6E-03
7440-02-0	Nickel Soluble Salts	23.5	23.5	23.5			1.6E-12	1.6E-12	2.2E-03		1.8E-07	2.2E-03
7782-49-2	Selenium	9.05	9.05	9.05					3.4E-03		3.2E-10	3.4E-03
7440-24-6	Strontium, Stable	269	269	269					8.5E-04			8.5E-04

Cumulative:

3.3E-05

3.1E-01

## North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Risk Calculator

<b>Version Date:</b>	June 2021
<b>Basis:</b>	May 2021 EPA RSL Table
<b>Site Name:</b>	828 MLK Jr. Blvd Property
<b>Site Address:</b>	828 MLK Jr Blvd, Chapel Hill, Orange County, North Carolina
<b>DEQ Section:</b>	Brownfields Program
<b>Site ID:</b>	BPN 21061-17-060
<b>Exposure Unit ID:</b>	EU#3 - Construction Worker excluding Background
<b>Submittal Date:</b>	
<b>Prepared By:</b>	Hart & Hickman, PC 3921 Sunset Ridge Rd, Suite 301, Raleigh, North Carolina
<b>Reviewed By:</b>	

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Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table		
Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060		
Exposure Unit ID: EU#3 - Construction Worker excluding Background		
Form No.	Description	Check box if included
<b>DATA INPUT SHEETS</b>		
<b>Input Section 1 - Exposure Pathways &amp; Parameters</b>		
Input Form 1A	Complete Exposure Pathways	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1B	Exposure Factors and Target Risks	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1C	Contaminant Migration Parameters	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 1D	Sample Statistics	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Input Section 2 - Exposure Point Concentrations</b>		
Input Form 2A	Soil Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2B	Groundwater Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2C	Surface Water Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2D	Soil Gas Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
Input Form 2E	Indoor Air Exposure Point Concentration Table	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>DATA OUTPUT SHEETS</b>		
<b>Output Section 1 - Summary Output for All Calculators</b>		
Output Form 1A	Risk for Individual Pathways	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 1B	Sitewide Risk	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Output Section 2 - Direct Contact Soil and Groundwater Calculators</b>		
Output Form 2A	Resident Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2B	Resident Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2C	Non-Residential Worker Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2D	Non-Residential Worker Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2E	Construction Worker Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2F	Recreator/Trespasser Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 2G	Recreator/Trespasser Surface Water	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Output Section 3 - Vapor Intrusion Calculators</b>		
Output Form 3A	Resident Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3B	Resident Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3C	Resident Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3D	Non-Residential Worker Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3E	Non-Residential Worker Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 3F	Non-Residential Worker Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Output Section 4 - Contaminant Migration Worksheets</b>		
Output Form 4A	Soil to Groundwater - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4B	Groundwater to Groundwater - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4C	Soil to Surface Water - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4D	Groundwater to Surface Water - Forward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4E	Soil to Groundwater - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4F	Groundwater to Groundwater - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4G	Soil to Surface Water - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Output Form 4H	Groundwater to Surface Water - Backward Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>

Complete Exposure Pathways		Input Form 1A
<b>Version Date: June 2021</b>		
<b>Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table</b>		
<b>Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060</b>		
<b>Exposure Unit ID: EU#3 - Construction Worker excluding Background</b>		
<i>Note: Risk output will only be calculated for complete exposure pathways.</i>		
Receptor	Pathway	Check box if pathway complete
<b>DIRECT CONTACT SOIL AND WATER PATHWAYS</b>		
Resident	Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-Residential Worker	Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Groundwater Use	<input type="checkbox"/>
Construction Worker	Soil	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Recreator/Trespasser	Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Surface Water	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>VAPOR INTRUSION PATHWAYS</b>		
Resident	Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-Residential Worker	Groundwater to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Indoor Air	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>CONTAMINANT MIGRATION PATHWAYS</b>		
Groundwater	Source Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Source Groundwater	<input type="checkbox"/>
Surface Water	Source Soil	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Source Groundwater	<input type="checkbox"/>

**Exposure Factors and Target Risks**

**Input Form 1B**

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU#3 - Construction Worker excluding Background

Exposure Parameter	Default Value	Site Specific Value	Justification
General			
Target Cancer Risk (individual)	1.0E-06	1.0E-06	
Target Cancer Risk (cumulative)	1.0E-04	1.0E-04	
Target Hazard Index (individual)	2.0E-01	2.0E-01	
Target Hazard Index (cumulative)	1.0E+00	1.0E+00	
Residential Child			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	15	15	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	6	6	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	350	350	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	24	24	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	2373	2373	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.2	0.2	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	200	200	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6365	6365	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	0.78	0.78	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.54	0.54	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Residential Adult			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	20	20	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	350	350	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	24	24	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6032	6032	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.07	0.07	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	100	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	2.5	2.5	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.71	0.71	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Non-Residential Worker			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	25	25	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	250	250	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	8	8	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	3527	3527	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.12	0.12	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IR) (mg/day)	100	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/d)	0.83	0.83	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	0.67	0.67	
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	
Construction Worker			
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	80	
Working Weeks (EW) (wk/yr)	50	50	
Exposure Duration (ED) (yr)	1	1	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	250	250	
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	8	8	
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	3527	3527	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.3	0.3	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IR) (mg/day)	330	330	



**Exposure Factors and Target Risks**

**Input Form 1B**

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU#3 - Construction Worker excluding Background

Exposure Parameter	Default Value		Site Specific Value	Justification
	Recreator	Trespasser		
User Defined Child				
	Recreator	Trespasser		
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	NA	70	
Averaging Time (AT) (days/yr)	365	NA	365	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	15	NA	15	
Exposure Duration 0-2 (ED) (yr)	2	NA	2	
Exposure Duration 2-6 (ED) (yr)	4	NA	4	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	195	NA	52	Based on 98th percentile of trail use polling data
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	2	NA	0.5	Based on 98th percentile of trail use polling data
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	2373	NA	2373	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.2	NA	0.2	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	200	NA	200	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6365	NA	6365	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/hr)	0.124	NA	0.124	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	2	NA	0.5	Based on 98th percentile of trail use polling data
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	NA	1	
User Defined Adult				
	Recreator	Trespasser		
Lifetime (LT) (years)	70	70	70	
Body Weight (BW) (kg)	80	45	80	
Exposure Duration 6-16 (ED) (yr)	10	10	10	
Exposure Duration 16-26 (ED) (yr)	10	0	10	
Exposure Frequency (EF) (d/yr)	195	90	364	Based on 98th percentile of trail use polling data
Exposure Time (ET) (hr)	2	2	1	Based on 98th percentile of trail use polling data
Skin Surface Area - Soil Exposure (SA <sub>s</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	6032	6032	6032	
Soil Adherence Factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.07	0.2	0.07	
Soil Ingestion Rate (IRS) (mg/day)	100	200	100	
Skin Surface Area - Water Exposure (SA <sub>w</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> )	19652	19652	19652	
Water Ingestion Rate (IRW) (L/hr)	0.0985	0.071	0.0985	
Water Exposure Time (ET <sub>event</sub> ) (hr/event)	2	2	1	Based on 98th percentile of trail use polling data
Water Event Frequency (EV) (events/day)	1	1	1	

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU#3 - Construction Worker excluding Background

Soil Exposure Point Concentration Table

Description of Exposure Point Concentration Selection:

Maximum detected constituent concentrations from all samples collected within the exposure unit, excluding background levels.

**NOTE: If the chemical list is changed from a prior calculator run, remember to select "See All Chemicals" on the data output sheet or newly added chemicals will not be included in risk calculations**

Exposure Point Concentration (mg/kg)	Notes:	CAS Number	Chemical <b>For the chemicals highlighted in blue, data entry notes are provided in the PSRG Table link on the Main Menu</b>	Minimum Concentration (Qualifier)	Maximum Concentration (Qualifier)	Units	Location of Maximum Concentration	Detection Frequency	Range of Detection Limits	Concentration Used for Screening	Background Value	Screening Toxicity Value (Screening Level) (n/c)	Potential ARAR/TBC Value	Potential ARAR/TBC Source	COPC Flag (Y/N)	Rationale for Selection or Deletion
60.3	HH-10	7440-38-2	Arsenic, Inorganic			mg/kg										
3260	HH-11	7440-39-3	Barium			mg/kg										
5.9	HH-11	7440-41-7	Beryllium and compounds			mg/kg										
1480	Excavation H-4	7439-96-5	Manganese (Non-diet)			mg/kg										
0.43	HH-11	7439-97-6	~Mercury (elemental)			mg/kg										
23.5	HH-11	7440-02-0	Nickel Soluble Salts			mg/kg										
9.05	HH-11	7782-49-2	Selenium			mg/kg										
269	HH-10	7440-24-6	Strontium, Stable			mg/kg										

**Version Date:** June 2021

**Basis:** May 2021 EPA RSL Table

**Site ID:** BPN 21061-17-060

**Exposure Unit ID:** EU#3 - Construction Worker excluding Background

**DIRECT CONTACT SOIL AND WATER CALCULATORS**

Receptor	Pathway	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Index	Risk exceeded?
Resident	Soil	NC	NC	NC
	Groundwater Use*	NC	NC	NC
Non-Residential Worker	Soil	NC	NC	NC
	Groundwater Use*	NC	NC	NC
Construction Worker	Soil	3.4E-06	8.5E+00	YES
Recreator/Trespasser	Soil	NC	NC	NC
	Surface Water*	NC	NC	NC

**VAPOR INTRUSION CALCULATORS**

Receptor	Pathway	Carcinogenic Risk	Hazard Index	Risk exceeded?
Resident	Groundwater to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
Non-Residential Worker	Groundwater to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Soil Gas to Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC
	Indoor Air	NC	NC	NC

**CONTAMINANT MIGRATION CALCULATORS**

Pathway	Source	Target Receptor Concentrations Exceeded?	
Groundwater	Source Soil	Exceedence of 2L at Receptor?	NC
	Source Groundwater	Exceedence of 2L at Receptor?	NC
Surface Water	Source Soil	Exceedence of 2B at Receptor?	NC
	Source Groundwater	Exceedence of 2B at Receptor?	NC

**Notes:**

1. If lead concentrations were entered in the exposure point concentration tables, see the individual calculator sheets for lead concentrations in comparison to screening levels. Note that lead is not included in cumulative risk calculations.
2. \* = If concentrations in groundwater exceed the NC 2L Standards or IMAC, or concentrations in surface water exceed the NC 2B Standards, appropriate remediation and/or institutional control measures will be necessary to be eligible for a risk-based closure.
3. NM = Not Modeled
4. NC = Pathway not calculated

Version Date: June 2021

Basis: May 2021 EPA RSL Table

Site ID: BPN 21061-17-060

Exposure Unit ID: EU#3 - Construction Worker excluding Background

\* - Note that inhalation on this calculator refers to outdoor inhalation of volatiles and particulates, not indoor inhalation associated with vapor intrusion.

\*\* - Note that the EPA has no consensus on reference dose or cancer slope factor values for lead, therefore it is not possible to calculate cancer risk or hazard quotient. Lead concentrations are compared to the EPA screening level of 800 mg/kg for commercial/industrial soil.

CAS #	Chemical Name:	Ingestion Concentration (mg/kg)	Dermal Concentration (mg/kg)	Inhalation Concentration (mg/kg)*	Ingestion Carcinogenic Risk	Dermal Carcinogenic Risk	Inhalation Carcinogenic Risk	Calculated Carcinogenic Risk	Ingestion Hazard Quotient	Dermal Hazard Quotient	Inhalation Hazard Quotient	Calculated Non-Carcinogenic Hazard Quotient
7440-38-2	Arsenic, Inorganic	60.3	60.3	60.3	2.2E-06	3.5E-07	8.0E-07	3.3E-06	3.6E-01	5.7E-02	9.0E-01	1.3E+00
7440-39-3	Barium	3260	3260	3260					4.8E-02		1.5E-01	1.9E-01
7440-41-7	Beryllium and compounds	5.9	5.9	5.9			4.4E-08	4.4E-08	3.5E-03		6.6E-02	7.0E-02
7439-96-5	Manganese (Non-diet)	1480	1480	1480					1.8E-01		6.6E+00	6.8E+00
7439-97-6	-Mercury (elemental)	0.43	0.43	0.43							4.4E-02	4.4E-02
7440-02-0	Nickel Soluble Salts	23.5	23.5	23.5			1.9E-08	1.9E-08	3.5E-03		2.6E-02	3.0E-02
7782-49-2	Selenium	9.05	9.05	9.05					5.3E-03		1.0E-04	5.4E-03
7440-24-6	Strontium, Stable	269	269	269					4.0E-04			4.0E-04

Cumulative:

3.4E-06

8.5E+00