

Agenda

Introduction & Objectives

Housing Challenges

Existing Affordable Housing Programs

Potential Funding Strategies

Discussion & Next Steps



INTRODUCTION

HR&A is an economic development, real estate and public policy consulting firm working at the intersection of the public and private sectors.









NCDOT S-LINE TOD STUDY

WAKE CO. HOUSING PRESERVATION FUND



MECKLENBURG LAND STRATEGY





RALEIGH MUSEUM PLAN



DOWNTOWN DURHAM PLAN



GREENSBORO HOUSING PLAN



RALEIGH PARKS PROGRAMMING



CHAR-MECK HOMELESSNESS STRATEGY



RTP PLANNING



SCOPE OF WORK

HR&A has been engaged by the Town of Chapel Hill to create an affordable housing plan and investment strategy.

TASK 1 | Project Initiation & Management

TASK 2 Existing Conditions Review

TASK 3 Strategy Development TASK 4 Plan Drafting & Approval

Scope Objectives

- Create a comprehensive affordable housing plan to synthesize existing data, programs, and strategies.
- Identify a range of new implementation tools and strategies to support the Town's near-term affordable housing goals and complement ongoing Town initiatives.
- **Establish an investment strategy** to implement the affordable housing plan and address critical shortage of affordable housing in Chapel Hill.

WORK TO DATE

Our work to date has involved conducting an existing conditions analysis on the Town's affordable housing programs and policies, as well as identifying lingering housing gaps.

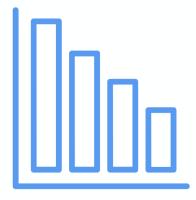
TASK 1 | Project Initiation & Management

TASK 2 Existing Conditions Review

「**ASK 3**| Strategy Developmer

TASK 4

Plan Drafting & Appr



Analysis of Town
Programs and Funding
Sources



Review of Previous Studies, Plans and Strategies



Interviews with Town Staff, Developers, and Providers

PRESENTATION OBJECTIVES

Today, we will confirm the Town's alignment with existing affordable housing conditions and preview strategies to sustain and enhance the Town's affordable housing programs.

Guiding Questions

- Does the Town plan to sustain its recent higher level of funding for affordable housing?
- If so, what funding tools should be considered?
- What existing housing tools might be expanded, and what tools might be added?



Unmet housing needs and lingering affordability gaps continue to pose challenges in Chapel Hill's housing market.

LIMITED HOUSING SUPPLY

The **prevalence of low-density development patterns**, barriers to new housing development, and the lack of diversity in types of homes contribute to a highly competitive housing market.

1%

Net increase in housing units since 2010

DECREASING HOMEOWNERSHIP OPPORTUNITIES

Home sale prices have seen a dramatic uptick since the start of COVID. As a result, it is increasingly difficult for households earning less than \$150,000 annually to access homeownership in the market. 36%

Increase in median home sales prices since 2019

INCREASING RENTAL COST BURDENS

Limited housing options has **exacerbated housing cost burdens among renter households**, especially those earning less than \$75,000 annually.

78%

Renter households earning under \$75k are cost-burdened

ONGOING DISPLACEMENT PRESSURE

Increased prices Townwide have created **displacement pressure for lower-income and Black residents**.

32%

Decrease in Black homeownership since 2010

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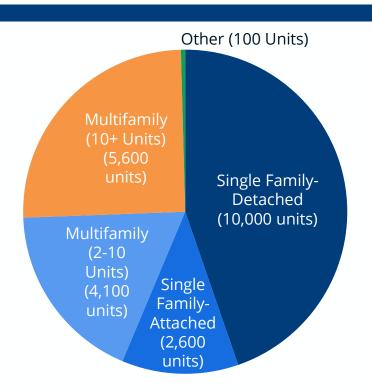
Source(s): ACS 5-Year Survey 2010 – 2021, Zillow

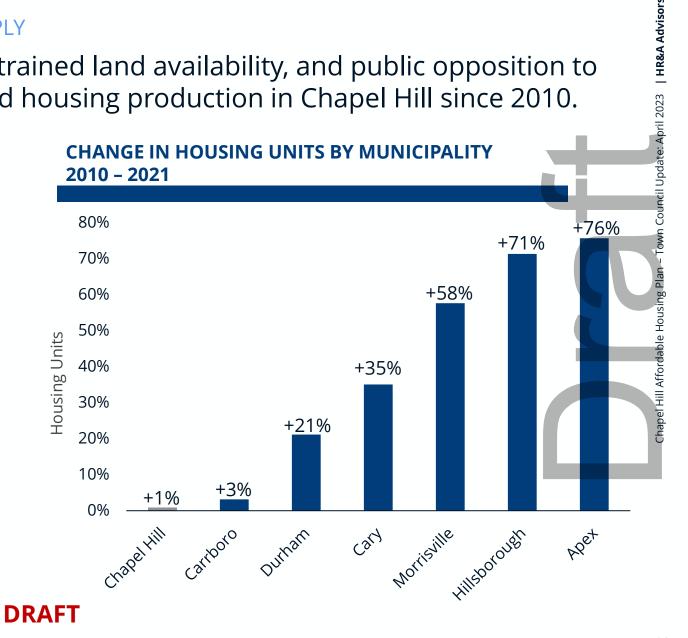
Chapel Hill Affordable Housing Plan

HOUSING CHALLENGES | LIMITED HOUSING SUPPLY

Low-density development patterns, constrained land availability, and public opposition to new development have resulted in limited housing production in Chapel Hill since 2010.

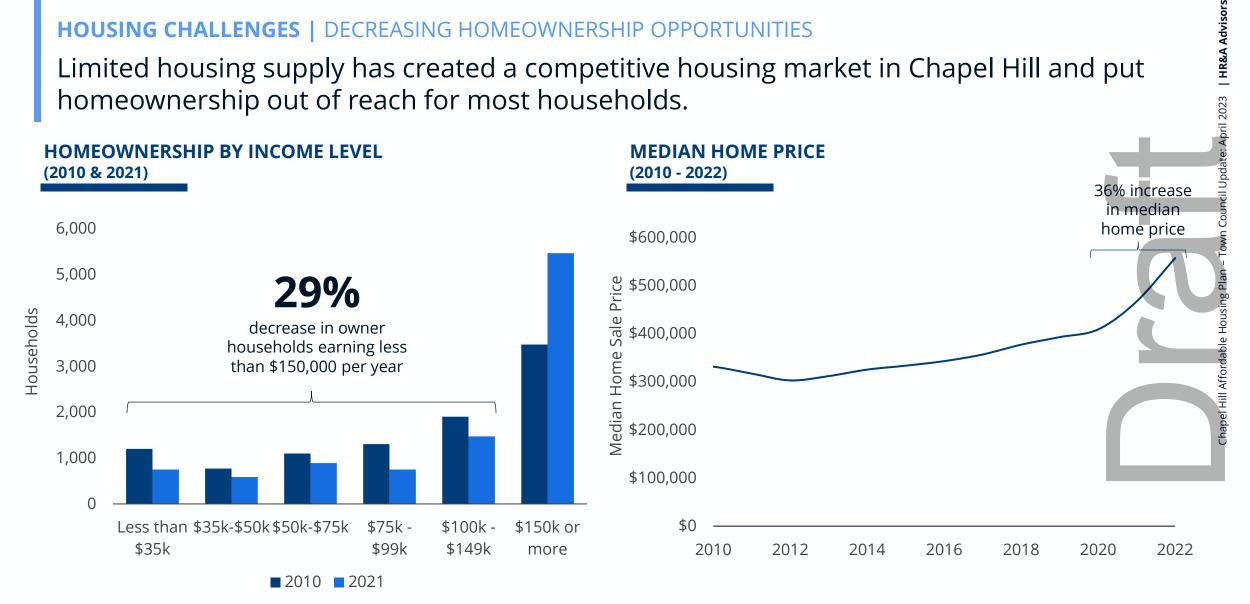
EXISTING HOUSING STOCK BY TYPE IN CHAPEL HILL 2021





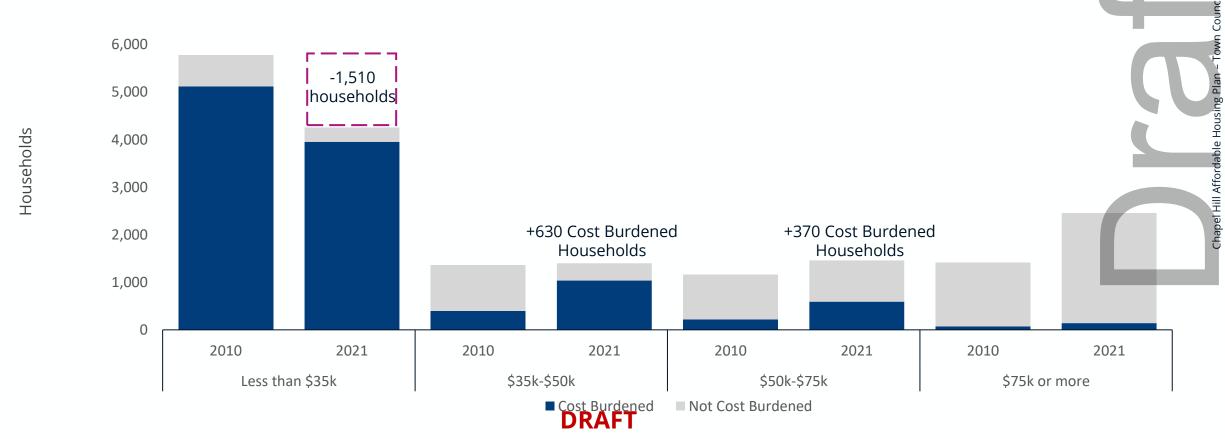
Source(s): ACS 5-Year Survey 2010 – 2021

Limited housing supply has created a competitive housing market in Chapel Hill and put homeownership out of reach for most households.



Housing cost burdens have increased among Chapel Hill renters, especially for households earning under \$75,000 who have limited housing options within the town.

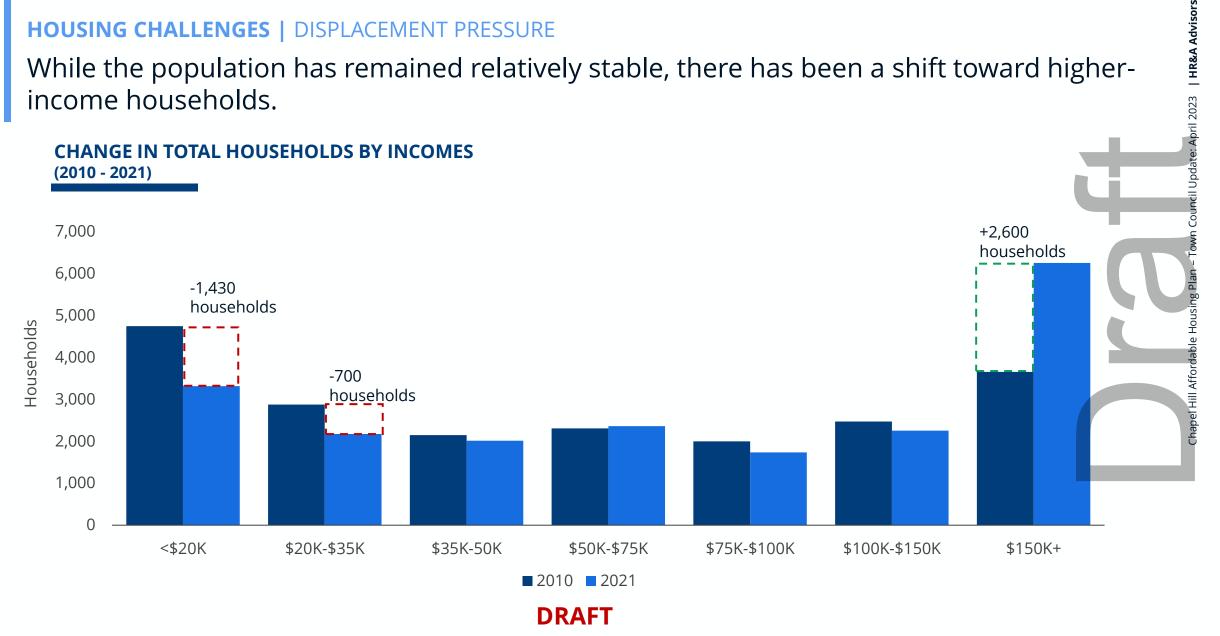




Source(s): ACS 5-Year Survey 2010 – 2021

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While the population has remained relatively stable, there has been a shift toward higherincome households.



Source(s): ACS 5-Year Survey 2010 - 2021

Chapel Hill Affordable Housing Plan

Rising housing costs and displacement pressures have disproportionately impacted Chapel Hill's Black population, particularly in historic neighborhoods like Northside and Pine Knolls.





[1] Includes American Indian & Alaskan, other, and two or more races census categories



The Town deploys a robust set of partnerships, programs and policies, and funding sources for a community of its size.

LOCAL COLLABORATIONS

- Northside Neighborhood Initiative
- IFC Social Services
- Master Leasing Pilot Program

POLICY INITIATIVES

- Inclusionary zoning
- Zoning code update allowing 'missingmiddle' homes
- Expedited permit review
- Manufactured Homes Action Plan

LOCAL FUNDING SOURCES

- Affordable Housing Fund
- Affordable Housing Development Reserve
- Affordable Housing Bond (one-time)

REGIONAL PARTNERSHIPS

- Community Home Trust
- HOME Consortium
- Orange County Partnership to End Homelessness
- Affordable Housing Local Government Collaborative
- Orange County Home Preservation Coalition

TOWN-LED PROGRAMS

- Employee Housing Program
- Transitional Housing Program
- Town-Initiated Development

FEDERAL FUNDING SOURCES

- CDBG
- HOME (County Administered)
- HOME ARP
- ARPA (one-time)
- HUD (Public Housing only)

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Chapet Hill Affordable Housing Plan

Source(s): Town of Chapel Hill

PILLARS OF AFFORDABLE HOUSING

The Town's housing programs and policies fall into four key pillars.



Fund Affordable Housing Projects



Initiate Development & Preservation

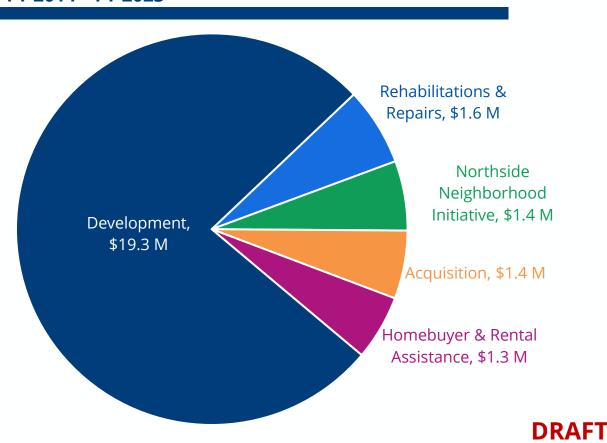


Own & Manage Housing



The Town has allocated over three-quarters of its affordable housing grant funding in the past decade towards gap financing, which subsidize development costs for housing projects.

GRANT ALLOCATIONS FOR AFFORDABLE HOUSING FY 2014 - FY 2023



\$25.1M

Funding contributed since 2014

77%

Funding allocated towards gap financing grants for development projects

vards

INITIATE DEVELOPMENT & PRESERVATION | LOW-INCOME HOUSING TAX CREDIT PROJECTS

The Town relies on a combination of public land and gap subsidy to support the creation of affordable homes, especially to deliver Low-Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) projects.

LIHTC PROJECTS DELIVERED AND ENTITLED IN CHAPEL HILL SINCE 2017

Greenfield Place



Lead Developer: DHIC

Year Built: 2017

• **Units:** 80

AMI: 0-60%

• **Subsidy/Home:** \$7,440

Town Resources: Land; AHF (\$145,000);

AHDR (\$450,000)

Greenfield Commons



• Lead Developer: DHIC

• **Year Built:** 2019

• **Units**: 69

■ **AMI:** 30-60%

• **Subsidy/Home:** \$16,667

■ Town Resources: Land; AHDR (\$1.15M)

Trinity Court



Lead Developer: CHP

Year Built: In-Progress

• **Units:** 40

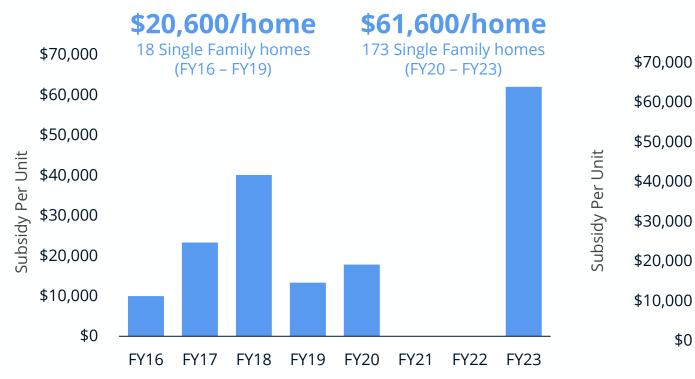
■ **AMI:** 0-30%

Local Subsidy/Home: \$29,400

 Town Resources: Land; AHDR (\$200,900), ARPA (\$500,000), Bond (\$474,800)

Higher amounts of gap subsidy will be needed going forward as development costs rise.

TOWN SUBSIDIES PER HOME ALLOCATED FOR AFFORDABLE RENTAL AND FOR-SALE UNITS FY 2016 – FY 2023







ADDITIONAL APPROACHES TO ADDRESS HOUSING NEEDS

To sustain and expand on Chapel Hill's affordable housing programs and goals, the Town will need to incorporate additional local funding sources and financing tools.

PENNY TAX

increase property taxes incrementally to provide an annual allocation of funds for affordable housing

GENERAL FUND

Increase allocation of General Fund dollars towards affordable housing.

FUNDING SOURCES

HOUSING BOND

Issue another (larger)
Housing Bond to
support capital projects
and other gap financing
needs.

LOAN FUND

Create self-replenishing funding pool to support land acquisition, construction, and preservation.

FINANCING TOOLS

IMPACTS OF INCREASING FUNDING ON HOUSING CHALLENGES

Additional local funding can enhance the Town's rental and homebuyer assistance programs while allowing the Town to provide sufficient subsidies for developing affordable housing.

LIMITED HOUSING SUPPLY



Though increasing development subsidies can help bridge funding gaps for new development projects, existing zoning patterns favoring lower-density housing and limited land availability will continue to challenge housing development.

DECREASING HOMEOWNERSHIP OPPORTUNITIES



The Town and its partners will be better equipped to provide homeownership opportunities for lower-income households with increased funding allocations towards **down payment assistance programs.**

INCREASING RENTAL COST BURDENS



The Town can **enhance its ongoing rental assistance efforts while dedicating funding for emergency rental housing assistance** with an increase in local funding.

ONGOING DISPLACEMENT PRESSURE



An increase in dedicated funding will allow the Town to **support local partners and ongoing initiatives with neighborhood preservation through land banking and property acquisitions**, among other programs.



DISCUSSION

Town Council's input tonight will inform our approach in evaluating and finalizing implementation strategies.

Guiding Questions

- Does the Town plan to sustain its recent higher level of funding for affordable housing?
- If so, what funding tools should be considered?
- What existing housing tools might be expanded, and what tools might be added?

NEXT STEPS

The next phase of our work will involve drafting the affordable housing plan and collecting feedback from key stakeholders, including the Housing Advisory Board (5/9) and the public.

TASK 1 Project Initiation & Management

TASK 3 | Strategy Development

TASK 4 Plan Drafting & Approval





Draft Affordable Housing Plan + Investment Strategy

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Collect Feedback from the Public and Key Stakeholders

